▲ WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier

Table of Contents

Dimensions					4
Parts Arrangement					5
Shipping and Packing List					
General					6
Requirements					
Unit Support					
Duct Connection					
Rigging Unit for Lifting					
Horizontal Air Discharge					
Condensate Drains				. '	10
Connect Gas Piping (Gas Units)					11
Pressure Test Gas Piping (Gas Units)					
High Altitude Derate					
Electrical Connections - Power Supply					
Electrical Connections - Control Wiring					
Mobile Service App					
Blower Operation and Adjustments					
Refrigerant Leak Detection System					
Cooling Start-Up					
Diagnostic Sensors					
RDS Sensors					
Cooling Operation					
Gas Heat Start-Up (Gas Units)					

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

LGX/LCX024 (2 TON)
LGX/LCX036 (3 TON)
LGX/LCX048 (4 TON)
LGX/LCX060 (5 TON)
LGX/LCX072 (6 TON)

GAS AND COOLING PACKAGED UNITS

508511-01 06/2025 Supersedes 05/2024

R-454B

A WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

Heating Operation and Adjustments
Electric Heat Start-Up (LCX Units)
Hot Gas Reheat Start-Up and Operation 5
Preventative Maintenance / Repair
Factory Unit Controller Settings 6
Decommissioning

RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

Attention!

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the Unit Controller. Refer to the "Mobile Service App" section in this manual. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.



▲ CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal in jury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

WARNING

Only manufacturer approved auxiliary devices are permitted to be installed in this unit.

WARNING

If this appliance is conditioning a space with an area smaller than TAmin or stored in a space with an area smaller than Amin as defined by this instruction, then that space must be without continuously operating open flames (e.g. an operating gas appliance) or other potential ignition sources (e.g. an operating electric heater or similar hot surface). A flame-producing device may be installed in the same space if the device is provided with an effective flame arrest system.

WARNING

- •Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- •The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance, or an operating electric heater).
- •Do not pierce or burn.
- •Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.

A CAUTION

Auxiliary devices which may be a potential ignition source shall not be installed in the duct work. Examples of such potential ignition sources are hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching devices.

▲ CAUTION

Any personnel installing, decommissioning, or performaing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants.

A CAUTION

Leak Detection System installed. Unit must be powered except for service.

▲ CAUTION

Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

WARNING

- •This appliance must be installed in accordance with local and national wiring regulations.
- •If the appliance is not fitted with an option for full disconnection from power, a means of disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with national and local wiring regulations.

WARNING

Ducts connected to an appliance shall not contain a potential ignition source.

A CAUTION

The appliance is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction

▲ CAUTION

Children should be supervised not to play with the appliance.

▲ IMPORTANT

Pipe work, including piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as ASHRAE 15, ASHRAE 15.2, IAPMO Uniform Mechanical Code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA B52. All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed.

▲ IMPORTANT

Refrigerant sensors for refrigerant detection systems shall only be replaced with sensors specified by the appliance manufacture.

A CAUTION

This unit is equipped with electrically powered safety measures. To be effective, the unit must be electrically powered at all times after installation, other than when servicing.

A2L Refrigerant Considerations

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects, taking into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

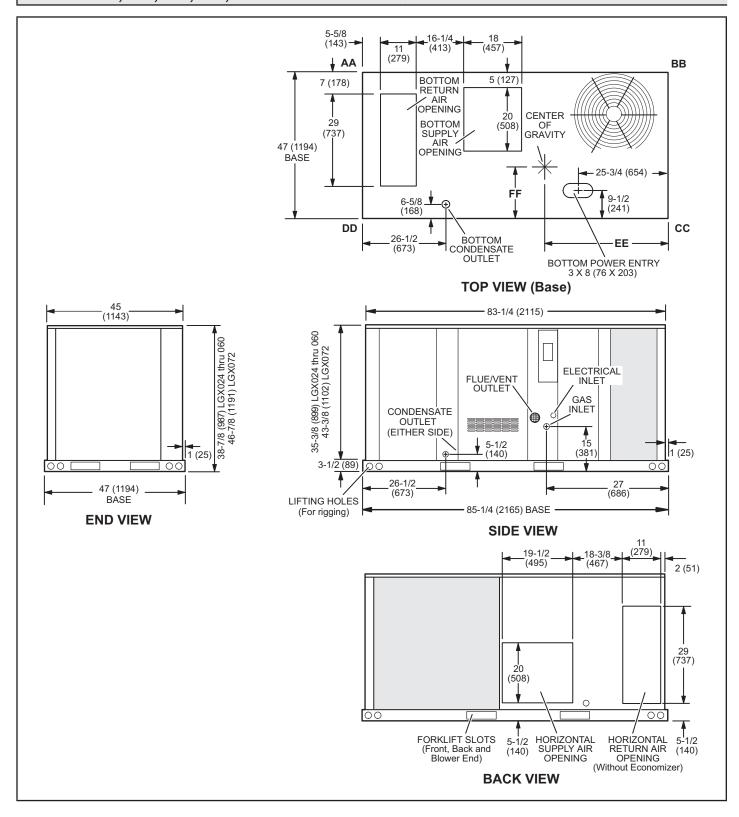
Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used when searching for or detecting refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration.

(Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerantfree area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

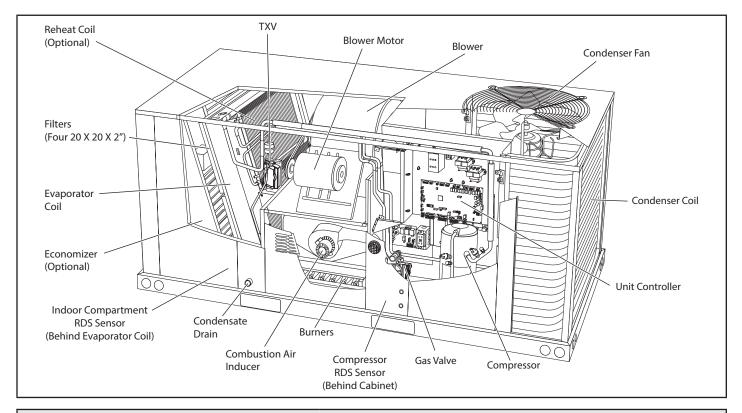
When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practices be followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- -Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations.
- -Evacuate the circuit.
- Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- -Evacuate.
- -Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- -Open the circuit

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygenfree nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

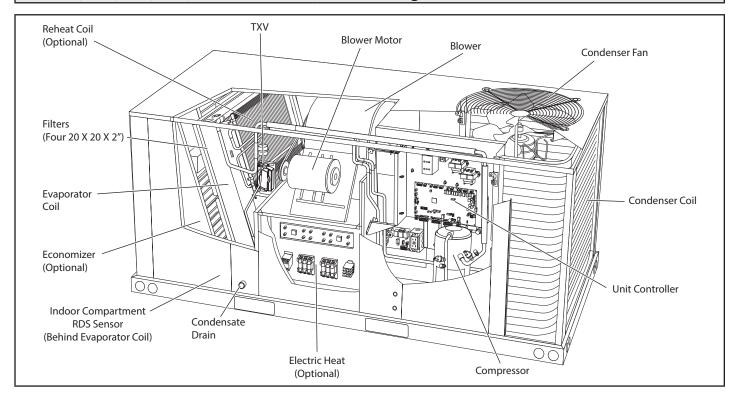


Parts Arrangement



LCX024, 036, 048, 060, 072

Parts Arrangement



Shipping and Packing List

Package 1 of 1 contains:

1 - Assembled unit

Check unit for shipping damage. Receiving party should contact last carrier immediately if shipping damage is found.

General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

The LGX units are available in several heating inputs. The LCX cooling packaged rooftop unit is the same basic design as the LGX unit except for the heating section. Optional electric heat is available for LCX units. LGX and LCX units have identical refrigerant circuits with respective 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton cooling capacities.

Units are equipped with all-aluminum condenser coils. Units are equipped with two-speed compressors.

In addition to standard heating and cooling, hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. Refer to Reheat Operation section.

Availability of units and options varies by brand.

- •Auxiliary devices which may be a potential ignition source shall not be installed in the duct work. Examples of such potential ignition sources are hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching devices.
- •False ceilings or drop ceiling may be used as a return air plenum only if the unit being installed has a Refrigerant Detection System installed.

Requirements

See FIGURE 1 for unit clearances.

▲ IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

A WARNING



Electric shock hazard and danger of explosion. Can cause injury, death or product or property damage. Turn off gas and electrical power to unit before performing any maintenance or servicing operations on the unit. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit when putting unit back into operation and after service or maintenance.

A NOTICE

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil, causing the rubber to swell. Bubbles in the rubber roofing material can cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

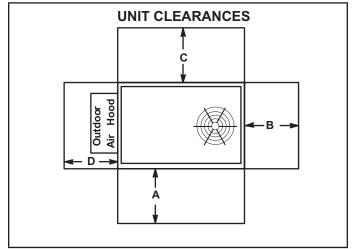


FIGURE 1

¹ Unit	A	B	C	D	Top
Clearance	in.(mm)	in.(mm)	in.(mm)	in.(mm)	Clearance
Service	48	36	36	36	Unob-
Clearance	(1219)	(914)	(914)	(914)	structed
Clearance to	36	1	1	1	Unob-
Combustibles	(914)	(25)	(25)	(25)	structed
Minimum Operation Clearance	36	36	36	36	Unob-
	(914)	(914)	(914)	(914)	structed

NOTE - Entire perimeter of unit base requires support when elevated above mounting surface.

¹ Service Clearance - Required for removal of serviceable parts. Clearance to Combustibles - Required clearance to combustible material (gas units). On LCT units, see clearance to combustible materials as outlined on heater rating plate.

Minimum Operation Clearance - Required clearance for proper unit operation.

Minimum R454B Space and CFM Requirements

Minimum Airflow¹						
Unit	Q _{min} (CFM)	Q _{min} (m³h)				
LCX/LGX024	103	174				
LCX/LGX036	98	166				
LCX/LGX048	93	157				
LCX/LGX060	99	168				
LCX/LGX072	137	233				
LCX/LGX024 W/ Humidtrol	113	191				
LCX/LGX036 W/ Humidtrol	123	208				
LCX/LGX048 W/ Humidtrol	112	190				
LCX/LGX060 W/ Humidtrol	126	214				
LCX/LGX072 W/ Humidtrol	119	202				

¹ NOTE - The minimum airflow is the lowest CFM allowed during	venting
operation (leak mitigation).	

Minimum Room Area of Conditioned Space ²						
Unit	TA _{min} (ft²)	TA _{min} (m²)				
LCX/LGX024	57	5.3				
LCX/LGX036	55	5.0				
LCX/LGX048	52	4.8				
LCX/LGX060	55	5.1				
LCX/LGX072	77	7.1				
LCX/LGX024 W/ Humidtrol	63	5.8				
LCX/LGX036 W/ Humidtrol	68	6.3				
LCX/LGX048 W/ Humidtrol	63	5.8				
LCX/LGX060 W/ Humidtrol	70	6.5				
LCX/LGX072 W/ Humidtrol	66	6.1				

² NOTE - The minimum room area of conditioned space is the smallest area the unit can service.

Refrigerant Charge R-454B						
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)				
LCX/LGX024	3.88	1.76				
LCX/LGX036	3.69	1.67				
LCX/LGX048	3.50	1.59				
LCX/LGX060	3.75	1.70				
LCX/LGX072	5.19	2.35				
LCX/LGX024 W/ Humidtrol	4.26	1.93				
LCX/LGX036 W/ Humidtrol	4.64	2.10				
LCX/LGX048 W/ Humidtrol	4.24	1.92				
LCX/LGX060 W/ Humidtrol	4.76	2.16				
LCX/LGX072 W/ Humidtrol	4.50	2.04				

	Altitude Adjustment Factor³								
Halt	0	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600
AF	1	1	1	1	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.1	1.12
Halt	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800	3000	3200
AF	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.40

³ **NOTE** - Use the Altitude Adjustment Factor to adjust the values in the tables above to different altitudes. Find the relevant altitude above sea level in the two "Halt" rows and then multiply the value needed from the tables above by the altitude factor number. Example: For the minimum airflow in CFM for an LCX/LGX024 at 1000 ft. above see level, multiply 103 by 1.05 to get 108.15 CFM as the new Q_{min}.

Use of this unit as a construction heater or air conditioner is not recommended during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

If this unit has been used for heating or cooling of buildings or structures under construction, the following conditions must be met or the warranty will be void:

- A room thermostat must control the unit. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating or cooling is not allowed.
- A pre-filter must be installed at the entry to the return air duct.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the unit.
- Return air temperature range between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be replaced and pre-filters must be removed upon construction completion.
- The input rate and temperature rise must be set per the unit rating plate.
- The heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coil must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- The unit operating conditions (including airflow, cooling operation, ignition, input rate, temperature rise and venting) must be verified according to these installation instructions.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.

Unit Support

In downflow discharge installations, install the unit on a non-combustible surface only. Unit may be installed on combustible surfaces when used in horizontal discharge applications or in downflow discharge applications when installed on an T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB roof mounting frame.

NOTE - Securely fasten roof frame to roof per local codes

A CAUTION

To reduce the likelihood of supply / return air bypass and promote a proper seal with the RTU, duct work / duct drops / diffuser assemblies must be supported independently to the building structure.

A-Downflow Discharge Application

Roof Mounting with T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB

- 1 The roof mounting frame must be installed, flashed and sealed in accordance with the instructions provided with the frame.
- 2 The roof mounting frame should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3 Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit; supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.

Installer's Roof Mounting Frame

Many types of roof frames can be used to install the unit depending upon different roof structures. Items to keep in mind when using the building frame or supports are:

- 1 The base is fully enclosed and insulated, so an enclosed frame is not required.
- 2 The frames or supports must be constructed with non-combustible materials and should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3 Frame or supports must be high enough to prevent any form of moisture from entering unit. Recommended minimum frame height is 14" (356mm).
- 4 Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit. Supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.
- 5 Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

NOTE - When installing a unit on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, a T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB roof mounting frame is required.

B-Horizontal Discharge Applications

- 1 Units which are equipped with an optional economizer and installed in horizontal airflow applications must use a horizontal conversion kit.
- 2 Specified installation clearances must be maintained when installing units. Refer to FIGURE 1.
- 3 Top of support slab should be approximately 4" (102mm) above the finished grade and located so no run-off water from higher ground can collect around the unit.
- 4 Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

Duct Connection

All exterior ducts, joints and openings in roof or building walls must be insulated and weather-proofed with flashing and sealing compounds in accordance with applicable codes. Any duct passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated.

▲ CAUTION

In downflow applications, do not drill or punch holes in base of unit. Leaking in roof may occur if unit base is punctured.

Rigging Unit for Lifting

Rig unit for lifting by attaching four cables to holes in unit base rail. See FIGURE 2.

- 1 Detach wooden base protection before rigging.
- 2 Remove all six base protection brackets before setting unit.
- 3 Connect rigging to the unit base using both holes in each corner.
- 4 All panels must be in place for rigging.
- 5 Place field-provided H-style pick in place just above top edge of unit. Frame must be of adequate strength and length. (H-style pick prevents damage to unit.)

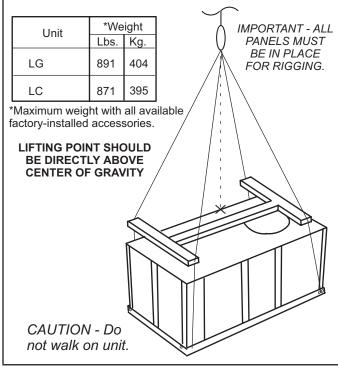


FIGURE 2

Horizontal Air Discharge

Unit is shipped with panels covering the horizontal supply and return air openings. Remove horizontal covers and place over downflow openings for horizontal air discharge. See FIGURE 3. Secure in place with sheet metal screws.

Units Equipped With An Optional Economizer

- Remove the horizontal supply air cover and position over the downflow supply air opening. Secure with sheet metal screws.
- 2 Leave the horizontal return air cover in place.
- 3 Locate the separately ordered horizontal air discharge kit. Place the kit panel over the downflow return air opening.
- 4 Remove and retain the barometric relief dampers and lower hood.

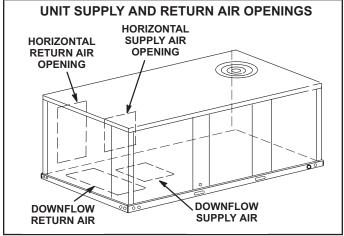


FIGURE 3

5 - Install return air duct beneath outdoor air intake. See FIGURE 4. Install barometric relief damper in lower hood and install in ductwork as shown in FIGURE 4.

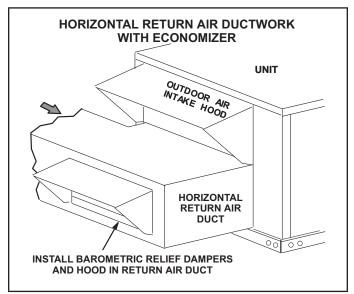


FIGURE 4

Condensate Drains

Make drain connection to the drain coupling provided on unit. Older model units have a 3/4" N.P.T. coupling and newer model units have a 1" N.P.T. coupling.

NOTE - The drain pan is made with a glass reinforced engineered plastic capable of withstanding typical joint torque but can be damaged with excessive force. Tighten pipe nipple hand tight and turn an additional quarter turn.

A trap must be installed between drain connection and an open vent for proper condensate removal. See FIGURE 5 or FIGURE 6. It is sometimes acceptable to drain condensate onto the roof or grade; however, a tee should be fitted to the trap to direct condensate downward. The condensate line must be vented. Check local codes concerning condensate disposal. Refer to page 3 and page 4 for condensate drain location.

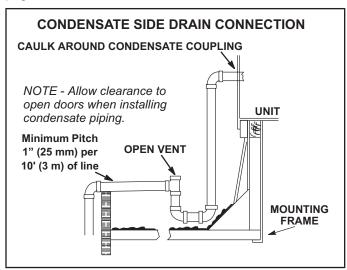


FIGURE 5

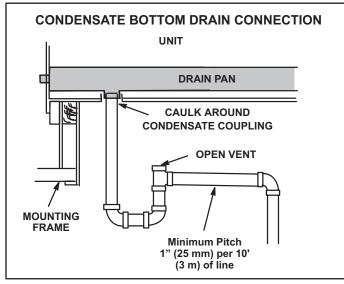


FIGURE 6

Units are shipped with the drain coupling facing the front of the unit. Condensate can be drained from the back or bottom of the unit with the following modifications. The unit can be installed in either downflow or horizontal air discharge regardless of condensate drain location.

Rear Drain Connection

 Remove the condensate drain mullion. See FIGURE 7. Remove the two panels on each side of the mullion.

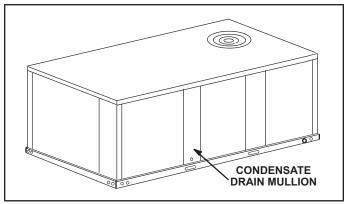


FIGURE 7

Two hinge screws must be removed in addition to the mullion screws. See FIGURE 8.

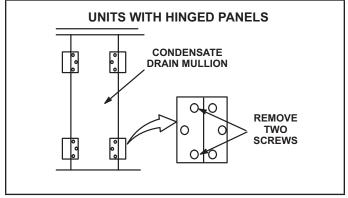


FIGURE 8

2 - Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See FIGURE 9.

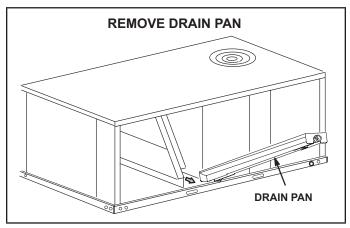


FIGURE 9

- 3 Make sure the cap over the unit bottom drain hole is secure.
- 4 Rotate the drain pan until the downward slope is toward the back of the unit. Slide the drain pan back into the unit. Be careful not to dislodge the cap over the bottom drain hole.
- 5 From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 6 Replace the condensate drain mullion.

Bottom Drain Connection

- 1 Remove the condensate drain mullion. See FIGURE 7.
- 2 Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See FIGURE 9.
- 3 Turn the drain pan upside down and drill a pilot hole through the bottom of the drain pan in the center of the coupling. See FIGURE 10.

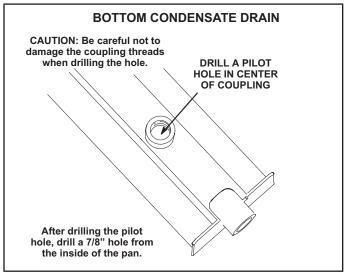


FIGURE 10

- 4 From the inside of the pan, use a Vari-Bit® bit to enlarge the hole to 7/8". Do not damage coupling threads.
- 5 Remove the cap over the unit bottom drain hole.
- 6 Slide the drain pan back into the unit.
- 7 From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 8 From the front side of the unit, move the drain pan until the bottom coupling settles into the unit bottom drain opening. Once in place, check to make sure the coupling is still positioned through the rear condensate drain hole.
- 9 Use a field-provided 3/4" plug to seal side drain connection.
- 10 Replace the condensate drain mullion.

Connect Gas Piping (Gas Units)

Before connecting field-provided piping, check with gas company or authorities having jurisdiction for local code requirements. When installing gas supply piping, length of run from gas meter must be considered in determining pipe size for 0.5" w.c. (.12kPa) maximum pressure drop. Do not use supply pipe smaller than unit gas connection. Operating pressures at the unit gas connection must be as shown in TABLE 1.

TABLE 1
OPERATING PRESSURE AT GAS CONNECTON

"w.c.

	Natural Gas		LP/Prop	ane Gas
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
036-072	4.5	10.5	11	13

When making piping connections a drip leg should be installed on vertical pipe runs to serve as a trap for sediment or condensate. A 1/8" N.P.T. plugged tap is located on gas valve for test gauge connection. Refer to Heating Start-Up section for tap location. Install a ground joint union between the gas control manifold and the main manual shut-off valve. See FIGURE 11 for gas supply piping entering outside the unit. FIGURE 12 shows complete bottom gas entry piping.

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping shall be resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum gases.

Do not use Teflon® tape to seal gas piping. Use a moderate amount of pipe compound on the gas pipe only. Make sure the two end threads are bare.

A CAUTION

If a flexible gas connector is required or allowed by the authority that has jurisdiction, black iron pipe shall be installed at the gas valve and extend outside the furnace cabinet.

WARNING

Do not exceed 600 in-lbs (50 ft.-lbs) torque when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.

▲ IMPORTANT

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping must be resistant to the actions of liquefied petroleum gases.

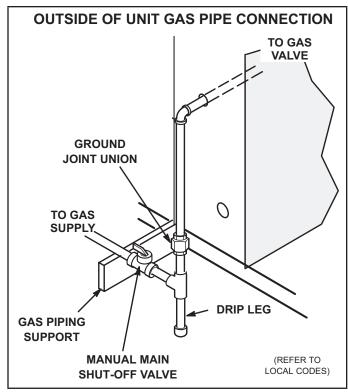


FIGURE 11

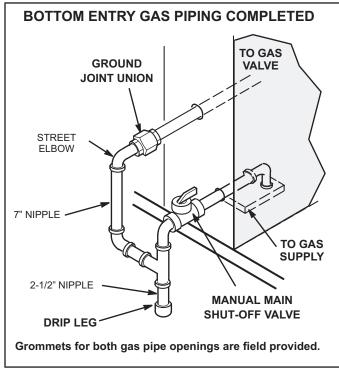


FIGURE 12

Pressure Test Gas Piping (Gas Units)

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig (3.48kPa). See FIGURE 13.

NOTE - Codes may require that manual main shut-off valve and union (furnished by installer) be installed in gas line external to unit. Union must be of the ground joint type.

After all connections have been made, check all piping connections for gas leaks. Also check existing unit gas connections up to the gas valve; loosening may occur during installation. Use a leak detection solution or other preferred means. Do not use matches, candles, or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

▲ CAUTION

Some soaps used for leak detection are corrosive to certain metals. Carefully rinse piping thoroughly after leak test has been completed. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

A WARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for leaks.

NOTE - In case emergency shut down is required, turn off the main manual shut-off valve and disconnect main power to unit. These devices should be properly labeled by the installer.

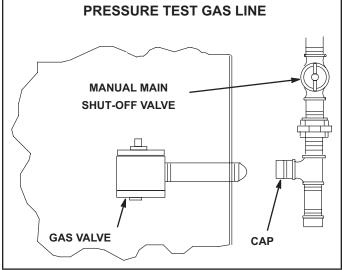


FIGURE 13

High Altitude Derate

Locate the high altitude conversion sticker in the unit literature bag. Fill out the conversion sticker and affix next to the unit nameplate. High altitude kits are available for field-installation.

Refer to TABLE 2 for high altitude adjustments.

TABLE 2 HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE

Altitude Ft.*	Gas manifold Pressure
2000-4500	See Unit Nameplate
4500 and Above	Derate 2% / 1000 Ft. above Sea Level

^{*}Units installed at 0-2000 feet do not need to be modified.

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

Electrical Connections - Power Supply

Do not apply power or close disconnect switch until installation is complete. Refer to start-up directions. Refer closely to unit wiring diagram.

Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

1 - Units are factory-wired for 230 / 460 / 575 volt supply. For 208V supply, remove the insulated terminal cover from the 208V terminal on the control transformer. Move the wire from the transformer 240V terminal to the 208V terminal. Place the insulated terminal cover on the unused 240V terminal.

Route power through the bottom power entry area and connect to L1, L2, and L3 on the top of K1 in control area above compressor. Secure power wiring with factory-installed wire ties provided in control box. Route power to TB2 on units equipped with electric heat. Route power to S48 or CB10 If unit is equipped with the optional disconnect switch or circuit breaker. See unit wiring diagram.

Electrical Connections - Control Wiring

Connect either a thermostat, room/zone sensor, or direct digital controller; one of the three are required for unit function. Refer to the literature provided with each device and the following information.

NOTE - Optional wireless sensors are available for use with this unit. Refer to the instructions provided with each sensor.

A CAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during unit installation and service to protect the electronic controls. Precautions will help to avoid control exposure to electrostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic potential. Neutralize electrostatic charge by touching hands and all tools on an unpainted unit surface, such as the gas valve or blower deck, before performing any service procedure.

A-Thermostat Location

Room thermostat mounts vertically on a standard 2" X 4" handy box or on any non-conductive flat surface.

Locate thermostat approximately 5 feet (1524mm) above the floor in an area with good air circulation at average temperature. Avoid locating the room thermostat where it might be affected by:

- · drafts or dead spots behind doors and in corners
- hot or cold air from ducts
- radiant heat from sun or appliances
- · concealed pipes and chimneys

B-Control Wiring

The Unit Controller will operate the unit from a thermostat or zone sensor based on the System Mode. The default System Mode is the thermostat mode. Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to change the System Mode. Use the mobile service app menu and select Settings > Install.

Thermostat Mode

1 - Route thermostat cable or wires from subbase to control area above compressor (refer to unit dimensions to locate bottom and side power entry).

IMPORTANT - Unless field thermostat wires are rated for maximum unit voltage, they must be routed away from line voltage wiring. Use wire ties located near the lower left corner of the controls mounting panel to secure thermostat cable. Use 18 AWG wire for all applications using remotely installed electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.

2 - Install thermostat assembly in accordance with instructions provided with thermostat.

- 3 Connect thermostat wiring to Unit Controller on the lower side of the controls hat section.
- 4 Wire as shown in FIGURE 14 for electromechanical and electronic thermostats. If using other temperature control devices or energy management systems see instructions and wiring diagram provided by manufacturer.

IMPORTANT - Terminal connections at the wall plate or subbase must be made securely. Loose control wire connections may allow unit to operate but not with proper response to room demand.

Zone Sensor Mode

The Unit Controller will operate heating and cooling based on the Unit Controller internal setpoints and the temperature from the A2 zone sensor. An optional Network Control Panel (NCP) can also be used to provide setpoints. A thermostat or return air sensor can be used as a back-up mode. Make zone sensor wiring connections as shown in FIGURE 15.

C-Hot Gas Reheat

1 - Install humidity sensor in accordance with instructions provided with sensor. A DDC input may be used to initiate dehumidification instead of a sensor. 2 - Make wiring connections as shown in FIGURE 14 for Thermostat Mode or FIGURE 15 for Zone Sensor Mode. In addition, connect either a humidity sensor or a dehumidification input. See FIGURE 16 or FIGURE 18 for humidity sensor wiring or FIGURE 18 for dehumidification input wiring.

Humidity Sensor Cable Applications

Wire runs of 50 feet (mm) or less

Use two separate shielded cables containing 20AWG minimum, twisted pair conductors with overall shield. Belden type 8762 or 88760 (plenum) or equivalent. Connect both cable shield drain wires to the Unit Controller as shown in FIGURE 16.

Wire runs of 150 feet (mm) or less

Use two separate shielded cables containing 18AWG minimum, twisted pair conductors with overall shield. Belden type 8760 or 88760 (plenum) or equivalent. Connect both cable shield drain wires to the Unit Controller as shown in FIGURE 16.

Wire runs over 150 feet (mm)

Use a local, isolated 24VAC transformer such as Lennox cat #18M13 (20VA minimum) to supply power to RH sensor as shown in FIGURE 18. Use two shielded cables containing 20AWG minimum, twisted pair conductors with overall shield. Belden type 8762 or 88760 (plenum) or equivalent.

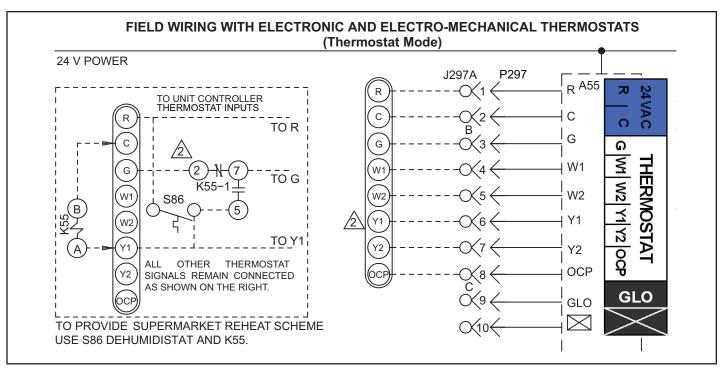


FIGURE 14

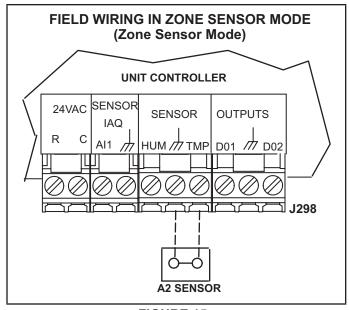


FIGURE 15

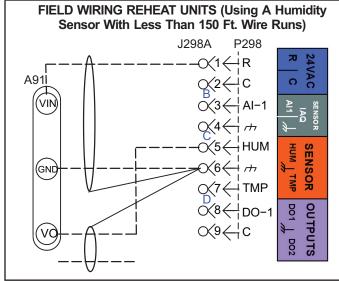


FIGURE 16

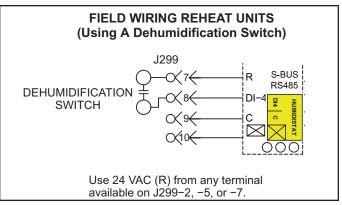


FIGURE 17

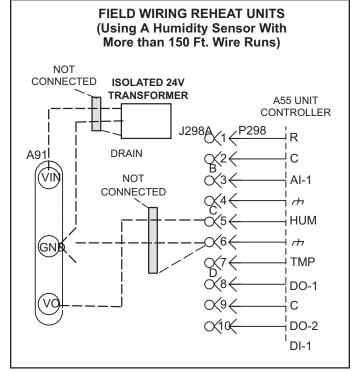


FIGURE 18

Mobile Service App

Setup and configure each rooftop unit using the mobile service app (Android or iOS devices supported).

A-Mobile Device Requirements

- Bluetooth connection.
- Android hardware requires 2GB RAM and a 2Ghz core processor. Tablets are supported.
- The app is available for both iOS 11.0 or higher (App Store) and Android 9.0 or higher (Google Play).

B-Download the App

Use your mobile device to scan the QR code from the cover page and download the mobile service app to your mobile device.

C-Pair the App to the Unit Controller

- 1 Apply power to the unit and wait until the Unit Controller has booted-up (approximately two minutes).
- 2 Press and hold the pair button for five seconds.
- 3 The unit (or list of units) will appear; select the appropriate unit. When the app code matches the four-character code on the Unit Controller display, the unit is paired (within 10 seconds). Note the following:
 - The app will list the units by signal strength; the RTU name will be displayed.
 - Once paired, the RTU name, model number, serial number and firmware version will be displayed.

Please refer to the manufacturer's website for additional technical information and self-help support.

D-App Menus

See FIGURE 19 for the menu overview. Follow the app prompts in the Install, Network Integration, and Test and Balance menus. Verify the app is setup properly for the unit application (including the date and time). Refer to FIGURE 20, FIGURE 21, and FIGURE 22.

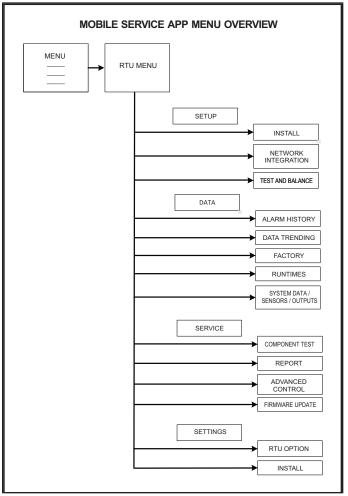


FIGURE 19

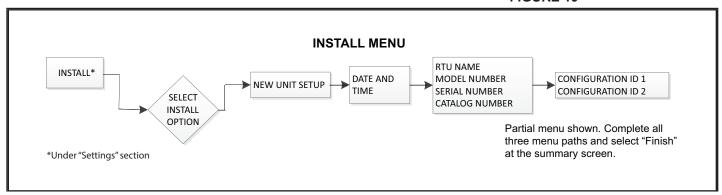
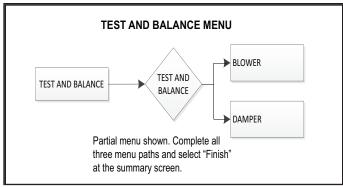


FIGURE 20



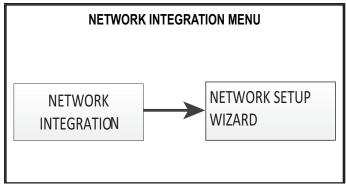


FIGURE 21 FIGURE 22

E-Unit Controller Components

See FIGURE 23 for Unit Controller components. See FIGURE 24 and TABLE 3 for pushbutton and LED functions.

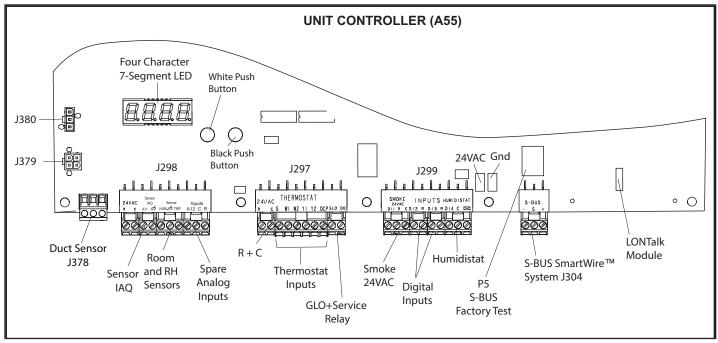


FIGURE 23

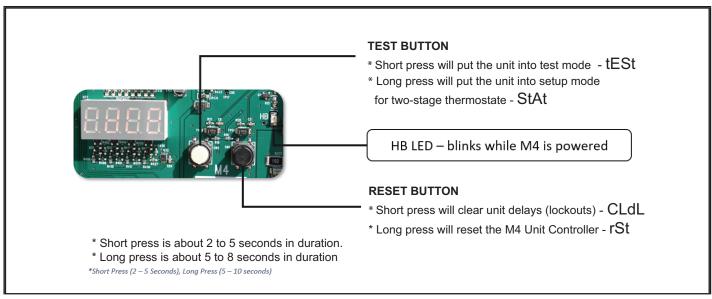


FIGURE 24

TABLE 3
UNIT CONTROLLER PUSHBUTTON CODES

Code	Cause	Action
CLdL	Black Button: Short Press	Clear Delays
rSt	Black Button: Long Press	Reset
tESt	White Button: Short Press	TSTAT Test
StAt	White Button: Long Press (In Pre-Install state)	TSTAT Override
tESt	White Button: Long Press (NOT in Pre-Install State)	TSTAT Test

Short Press : 2 to 5 seconds. Long Press : 5 to 8 seconds.

Blower Operation and Adjustments

Units are available with a variety of blower options. See TABLE 4.

TABLE 4
BLOWER OPTIONS

LC 024, 030	Single-Stage, Direct Drive
Single Phase LG 024, 030, 036, 048, 060	Multi-Stage, Direct Drive
Three Phase LG/LC 036, 048, 060	Single-Stage, Direct Drive OR Belt Drive
LGX/LCX 072 S4T	Two-Speed Belt Drive

LGX/LCX072S4T units are equipped with two-stage blowers. The blower will operate at high speed with a Y2 thermostat demand and low speed with a Y1 thermostat demand. Low speed operation delivers approximately 2/3 of the air volume of high speed. Two-speed blower operation results in lower energy consumption. On LGX/LCX072S4T units equipped with hot gas reheat, the blower and compressor will operate on high speed during reheat operation.

▲ IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

A-Blower Operation

Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

1 - Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat sub-base fan switch. With fan switch in **ON** position, blowers will operate continuously. 2 - With fan switch in AUTO position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in OFF position.

B-Determining Unit CFM - Single-Speed, Direct Drive Blowers

- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Add any additional air resistance for options and accessories shown in accessory air resistance tables. Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in FIGURE 26.

NOTE - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

3 - Use FIGURE 25 to determine the factory set blower speed.

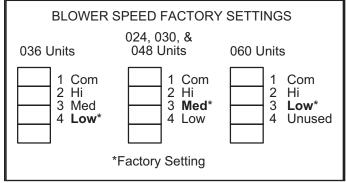


FIGURE 25

Use direct drive blower tables, the measured static pressure and the factory-set blower speed to determine CFM. If CFM is lower or higher than the design specified CFM, move the leads as shown in FIGURE 27 for 208/230 volt units and FIGURE 28 for 460/575 volt units.

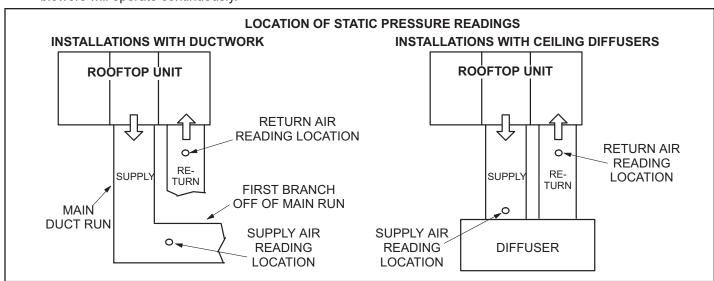


FIGURE 26

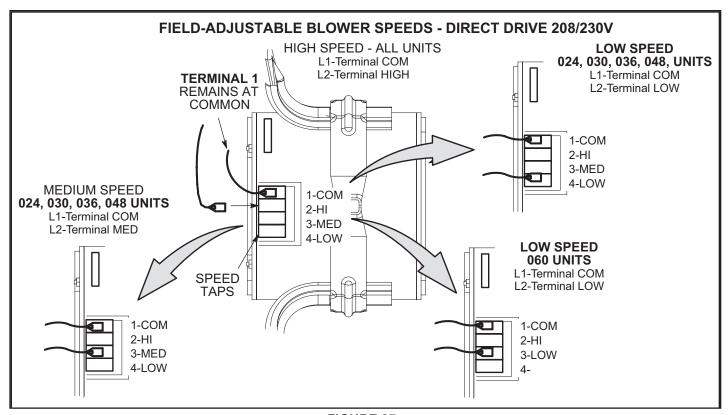


FIGURE 27

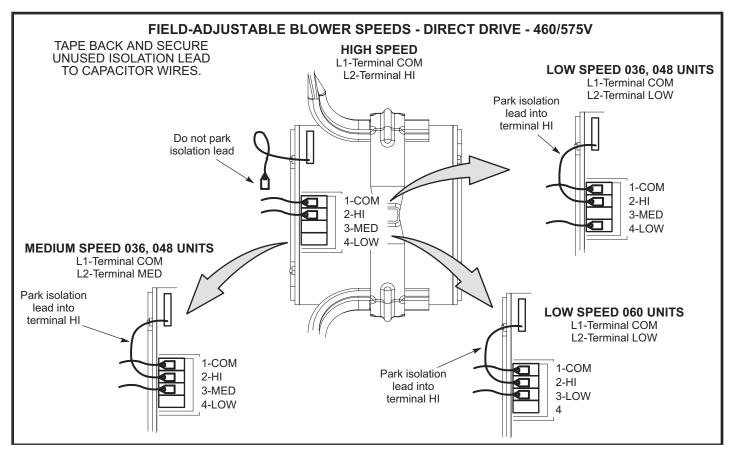


FIGURE 28

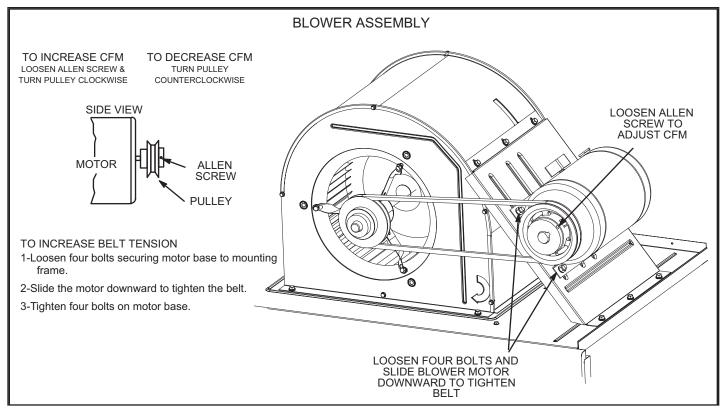


FIGURE 29

C-Blower Belt Adjustment

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulley are aligned as shown in FIGURE 30.

- 1 Loosen four bolts securing motor base to mounting frame. See FIGURE 29.
- 2 To increase belt tension Slide blower motor downward to tighten the belt. This increases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.
- 3 *To loosen belt tension* Slide blower motor upward to loosen the belt. This decreases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.
- 4 Tighten four bolts securing motor base to the mounting frame.

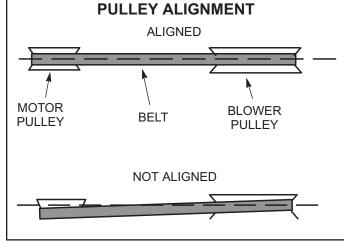


FIGURE 30

D-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to TABLE 5 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional single or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2 or 3-stage controller (2 or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

TABLE 5
BLOWER PERFORMANCE SETTINGS - 581102-01

Parameter	Field Setting	Description								
NOTE - Any changes to Smoke CFM sett	ing must be adjus	ted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OP TIONS > EDIT PARAME-								
TERS = 12 for EBM, 6 for ECM										
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed.								
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER	र									
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.								
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).								
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.								
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.								
BLOWR VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.								
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPER	₹									
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS % Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.										
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.								
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.								
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS = 216									
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND %	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.								
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS = 10 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)								
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	sec	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.								

Installer - Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

LGX024S5E | LGX036S5E

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35.2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

	20% 30	Watts RPM Cfm Watt	50 415 994 82	47 494 906 81	49 570 827 85	54 644 758 92	62 715 696 10										
	30%	itts RPM	2 473	1 547	5 618	2 687	102 753			::							
	4	Cfm W	1177	1095	1023	096	903	851	804	759	716	671	625	929	521		:
	40%	Watts RPM	114 531	115 599	121 665	130 729	142 791	155 851	170 909	184 964	199 1017	211 1067	222 1114	230 1158	234 1199		
		M Cfm	1319	9 1243	5 1176	9 1118	1065	1017	9 973	1 930	7 889	7 845	4 800	8 751	6 695		
	%09	Watts	154	158	165	176	189	204	220	235	251	264	275	283	288		
Percen		RPM	629	642	704	764	822	879	933	982	1036	1083	1128	1170	1210		
tage of		Cfm V	1461	1391	1329	1275	1227	1183	1141	1101	1061	1019	974	925	698	908	734
Percentage of Total Motor Torque	%09	Watts RI	194 6	200 6	209 7.	222	236 8	253 9	269 9	286 10	302 10	316 10	327 11	336 11	341 12	340 12	335 12
otor To		RPM Cfm	626 1564	685 1500	742 1442	799 1392	853 1347	906 1306	957 1267	1006 1228	1054 1189	1099 1148	1142 1102	1182 1052	1220 995	1255 930	1288 856
rdne	%02	n Watts	4 236	0 243	2 254	2 268	7 284	301	318	336	9 352	998 8	2 378	2 387	391	390	384
		RPM	663	718	772	825	877	927	926	1023	1069	1112	1154	1193	1230	1265	1297
		Cfm	1667	1608	1555	1509	1467	1429	1392	1355	1317	1276	1230	1179	1121	1054	977
	%08	Watts	278	286	299	314	331	349	367	385	402	416	428	437	441	440	433
		RPM	700	751	802	851	006	948	994	1039	1083	1125	1165	1203	1240	1274	1306
	6	Cfm Watts	1804	1753 36′	1708 37	36	1632 47	1597 43	562 4	1527 467	1489 48	1447 49	1400 5	1345 5′	1283 521	1210 5	1126 5
	%06	tts	349	_	375	392	410	430	449	_	484	499	510	518	_	519	510

RPM

Cfm

RPM

100% Watts

<u>+</u>									_				2	3	2	3	5	2	5	2	-	2	-	220	2	4	Ē
HORIZONTAL	'AL																										
External												Percen	tage c	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Motor	. Torqu	е										
Static		20%			30%			40%			20%			%09	П		%02	П		%08	H		%06			100%	
Press. In. w.g	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM (Cfm v	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm w	Watts	RPM (Cfm V	Watts	RPM
0	794	45	388	920	92	454	1146	107	519	1281	149	575	1416	191	630	1522	110	829	1627	293 7	726 1	1715	351	. 89/	1802	408	810
0.1	602	44	460	895	78	519	1080	111	222	1223	155	627	1366	199	677	1477	251	721	1588	303 7	764 1	1681	362	804	1773	420	843
0.2	089	46	531	855	82	583	1019	117	634	1169	163	629	1318	208	723	1435	262	. 292	1552	315 8	803 1	1648	375	841	1743	434	878
0.3	556	51	602	759	88	646	961	125	069	1117	172	730	1273	219	692	1395	274	908	1516	328	841 1	1615	388	. 228	1714	448	912
0.4	486	28	671	969	97	500	906	135	746	1068	184	781	1230	232	815	1356	288	848	1481	343 8	880 1	1582	403	914	1683	463	948
0.5	420	99	740	637	107	771	854	147	802	1021	196	831	1188	245	860	1317	301	068	1446	322 8	919 1	949	418	951	1652	478	983
9.0							804	159	928	946	209	881	1147	259	902	1279	316	932	1410	372 8	958 1	1514	432	. 686	1618	492	1019
0.7	:						756	172	910	932	223	930	1107	273	949	1241	330	. 626	1374	386	966	1478	446	1026	1582	909	1055
0.8							502	185	362	888	236	978	1066	287	993	1201	344	1014	1336	400	1034 1.	1440	460	1063	1544	519	1091
6.0	:						663	197	1013	844	249	1025	1025	300	1036	1161	357	1054	1296	413 1	1072	1399	472	1100	1502	530	1127
1.0	-:-												982	313	1078	1118	369	1094	1254	424 1	1109 1	1355	482	1136	1456	540	1163
1.1	:					-:-							938	323	1119	1073	379	1133	1208	434 1	1146 1	1307	491	1172	1406	548	1198
1.2	;			:		:			:	:			892	332	1158	1026	387	1170	1159	441 1	1182 1.	1255	497	1208	1351	553	1233
1.3	:								:	:			843	340	1197	975	393	1207	1106	446 1	1216 1	1198	501	1242	1290	555	1268
1.4	:	-:-		::		:						:	790	344	1234	920	396	1242	1049	448 1	1250 1	1137	501	1276	1224	553	1302

DIRECT DRIVE - 2 TON | 3 TON [0.5 HP ECM]

BLOWER DATA

LGX024S5E | LGX036S5E

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35.2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

DOWNFLOW	>																										
Evtornal												Percer	ntage α	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Moto	r Torqu	e										
Static		20%			30%			40%			20%			%09			%02	П	~	%08	П		%06			100%	
Press. in. w.g	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm N	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1067	112	488	1325	196	573	1583	279	657	1759	381	726	1934	482	794	2046	629	845	2157	929	896	2285	816	926	2358	925	686
0.1	984	26	537	1249	184	616	1513	270	969	1697	376	092	1881	481	825	2002	584	873	2123	989	921	2273	838	878	2352	947	1008
0.2	912	91	282	1183	180	661	1453	268	735	1644	377	962	1835	486	856	1964	593	905	2093	200	947	2264	863	1001	2349	973	1030
0.3	851	95	929	1126	183	902	1400	273	775	1597	385	832	1794	497	889	1931	209	932	2067	717	974	2256	891	1026	2348	1001	1053
0.4	797	100	289	1075	192	751	1353	283	815	1555	397	869	1757	511	922	1901	625	362	2044	738	1002	2248	919	1051	2347	1031	1077
0.5	752	114	737	1032	206	962	1312	298	855	1518	413	902	1724	528	922	1873	644	993	2021	, 09/	1030	2239	948	1078	2345	1061	1102
9.0	712	132	287	994	224	842	1275	316	968	1484	432	942	1692	548	886	1845	999	1024	1998	783	1059 2	2228	226	1104			
0.7	829	155	836	096	246	988	1242	336	936	1452	452	626	1662	268	1021	1818	687	1055	1974	. 908	1088	2214	1004	1131		:	
0.8	648	180	988	929	269	931	1210	358	926	1421	474	1016	1632	589	1055	1790	602	1086	1948	828	1117 2	2195 1	1028	1158		:	1
6.0	621	207	933	006	294	974	1179	381	1015	1390	495	1051	1600	609	1087	1760	728	1117	1919	. 447	1146	2170 1	1049	1185		:	
1.0	969	235	981	872	319	1017	1148	403	1053	1357	516	1086	1566	628	1119	1725	746	1147	1884	864	1174 2	2139 1	1066	1212		:	1
1.1	:					:	1115	424	1090	1322	534	1120	1528	643	1150	1686	760	1176	1844	. 928	1201 2	2100 1	1078	1238			
1.2	÷			:		:	1080	443	1126	1283	549	1153	1485	655	1180	1641	770	1204	1797	884	1228	2052 1	1083	1264	-		
1.3	:		:	:		:	1040	458	1161	1238	561	1185	1436	663	1209	1589	775	1231	1742	. 988	1253	1993	1081	1288	:	:	
4.1	÷		::	:		:	966	469	1194	1189	292	1215	1381	999	1236	1530	773	1257	1678	881	1277	1923	1071	1311	-	:	:
HORIZONTAL	AL																										

External												Percen	tage o	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Motor	Torqu	0										
Static		20%			30%			40%			20%			%09			%02		"	%08			%06			100%	
Press. In. w.g	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm w	Watts	RPM
0	1087	111	493	1304	184	579	1520	257	999	1689	368	738	1857	478	810	1972	588	864	2087	869	918 2	2196	844	975 2	2283	925	1000
0.1	1021	104	537	1246	180	618	1470	255	669	1646	368	892	1821	480	837	1941	265	888	. 2061	704 8	938 2	2179 8	852	992 2	2255	926	1017
0.2	961	102	285	1193	181	829	1425	259	734	1607	373	662	1789	487	864	1914	601	912	. 6803	714 8	960 2	2163	864 1	1012 2	2231	932	1034
0.3	906	106	628	1145	186	669	1384	266	692	1572	382	831	1759	498	892	1889	613	828	2018	728	984 2	2149 8	879 1	1033 2	2209	941	1053
0.4	855	113	674	1101	196	740	1347	278	908	1540	396	864	1732	513	921	1866	629	962	1999	744 1	1008 2	2134 8	896 1	1054			
0.5	808	125	720	1060	209	781	1312	293	842	1509	412	968	1706	530	950	1843	949	365	1980	762	1033 2	2119	915 1	. 2201			
9.0	764	139	992	1022	225	823	1279	310	879	1481	430	930	1682	549	980	1821	999	1019	1960	782 1	1058 2	2102	935 1	1101			
0.7	722	155	812	984.5	242	864	1247	328	916	1452	449	964	1657	569	1011	1799	989	1048	1940	803 1	1084 2	2084	955 1	1125			
0.8	682	172	828	949	260	906	1216	348	953	1424	469	266	1632	589	1041	1776	902	1076	1919	823	1111 2	2063	974 1	1150			
6.0	643	191	903	914	279	946	1185	367	686	1396	489	1030	1606	610	1071	1751	727	1104	1895	843 1	1137 2	2039	992 1	1175 .			
1.0			-:-				1153	386	1024	1366	508	1062	1579	629	1100	1724	745	1132	1869	861 1	1163 2	2011	1008	1201			
1.1							1120	404	1059	1334	525	1095	1548	646	1130	1694	761	1160	1839	876 1	1189 1	1979	1021	1226			
1.2			-:-				1085	420	1093	1300	541	1126	1515	661	1158	1660	775	1186	1805	889 1	1214 1	1941	1031 1	1250			
1.3							1047	433	1126	1263	553	1156	1478	672	1186	1622	785	1213	1766	898 1	1239 1	1897	1037 1	1275			
1.4		:	:		:		1005	442	1158	1221	561	1185	1436	089	1212	1579	792	1238	1721	903 1	1263 1	1847	1037	1298	-	:	:

LGX024S5E | LGX036S5E

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35.2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

DOWNFLOW

		RPM	686	1008	1030	1053	1077	1102		:			:	:	1		:				RPM	1000	1017	1034	1053	1	1	:							:	
	100%	Watts	925	947	973	1001	1031	1061		:				:	1					100%	Watts	925	926	932	941	;	;	:							:	
		Cfm	2358	2352	2349	2348	2347	2345	:	:		:-	:	:	1	:	:				Cfm	2283	2255	2231	2209	-	1	-	:		:	:	:		-	
		RPM	926	978	1001	1026	1051	1078	1104	1131	1158	1185	1212	1238	1264	1288	1311				RPM	975	992	1012	1033	1054	1077	1101	1125	1150	1175	1201	1226	1250	1275	1298
	%06	Watts	816	838	863	891	919	948	977	1004	1028	1049	1066	1078	1083	1081	1071			%06	Watts	844	852	864	879	968	915	935	955	974	992	1008	1021	1031	1037	1037
		Cfm	2285	2273	2264	2256	2248	2239	2228	2214	2195	2170	2139	2100	2052	1993	1923				Cfm	2196	2179	2163	2149	2134	2119	2102	2084	2063	2039	2011	1979	1941	1897	1847
		RPM	968	921	947	974	1002	1030	1059	1088	1117	1146	1174	1201	1228	1253	1277				RPM	918	938	096	984	1008	1033	1058	1084	1111	1137	1163	1189	1214	1239	1263
	%08	Watts	929	989	700	717	738	260	783	908	828	847	864	876	884	988	881			%08	Watts	869	704	714	728	744	762	782	803	823	843	861	876	889	868	903
		Cfm	2157	2123	2093	2067	2044	2021	1998	1974	1948	1919	1884	1844	1797	1742	1678				Cfm	2087	2061	2039	2018	1999	1980	1960	1940	1919	1895	1869	1839	1805	1766	1721
		RPM	845	873	905	932	362	993	1024	1055	1086	1117	1147	1176	1204	1231	1257				RPM	864	888	912	938	965	366	1019	1048	1076	1104	1132	1160	1186	1213	1238
	%02	Watts	629	584	593	209	625	644	999	289	602	728	746	760	770	775	773			%02	Watts	588	265	601	613	629	646	999	989	902	727	745	761	775	785	792
Torque			2046	2002	1964	1931	1901	1873	1845	1818	1790	1760	1725	1686	1641	1589	1530		Torque		Cfm 1	1972	1941	1914	1889	1866	1843	1821	1799	1776	1751	1724	1694	1660	1622	1579
Notor -	Н	RPM	794 2	825 2	856 1	889	922	955 1	988	1021	1055 1	1087 1	1119 1	1150 1	1180	1209	1236		Notor		RPM (810 1	837 1	864 1	892	921	950 1	980	1011 1	1041	1071 1	1100 1	1130	1158 1	1186	1212
Total I	%09	Watts	482	481	486	497	211	228	548	568	289	609	. 829	643	655	663	999		of Total Motor Torque	%09	Watts F	478	480	487	498	\dashv	230	549	269	289	610 1	629	646	661	672	089
age of		Cfm N	1934	1881	1835	1794	1757	1724	1692	1662	1632	1600	1566	1528	1485	1436	1381		age of		Cfm W	1857	1821	1789	1759	1732	1706	1682	1657	1632	1606	1579	1548	1515	1478	1436
Percentage of Total Motor Torque		RPM	726 1	760	796	832 1	869	905	942	979	1016	1051	1086 1	1120	1153 1	1185 1	1215 1		Percentage		RPM 0	738 1	768	799	831	864	896	930	964 1	997 1	1030	1062	1095 1	1126 1	1156 1	1185
۵	20%	Watts	381	376	377	385	397	413	432	452	474	495	516	534	549	561	295		۵	20%	Watts	368	368	373	382	396	412	430	449	469	489	208	225	541	553	561
	4)	Cfm N	1759	1697	1644	1597	1555	1518	1484	1452	1421	1390	1357	1322	1283	1238	1189			4,	Cfm N	1689	1646	1607	1572	1540	1509	1481	1452	1424	1396	1366	1334	1300	1263	1221
	-	RPM C	657 17	695 16	735 16	775 16	815 15	855 1	896 14	936 14	976 1	1015 13	1053 13	1090	1126 12	1161 12	1194 11			H	RPM C	665 16	699 16	734 16	769 1	806 1	842 16	879 1	916 14	953 14	989 13	1024 13	1059 13	1093 13	1126 13	1158 12
	40%	Watts RI	279 6	270 6	268 7	273 7	283 8	298 8	316 8	336 9	358	381 10	403 10	424 10	443 11	458 11	469 11			40%	Watts RI	257 6	255 6	\dashv	266 7	\dashv	293 8	310 8	328 9	348 9	367 9	386 10	404	420 10	433 11	442 11
	4	Cfm w	1583	1513 2	1453	1400	1353 2	1312	1275	1242	1210	1179	1148 4	1115 4	1080	1040	7 966			4	Cfm W	1520	1470	1425 2	1384	1347	1312	1279	1247	1216	1185	1153	1120	1085	1047	1005
		RPM C	573 1	616 1	661 1	706 1	751 1:	796 1:	842 1:	886 13	931 13	974 1	1017 1		-	1	ŝ 				RPM C	579 1	618 1	658 1	1:	\neg	781 1:	823 1:	864 1:	906 1:	946		1	1		-
	30%	Watts F	196	184	180	183	192	. 902	224	246	569	294	319 1	:		-	-			30%	Watts F	184	180	181	186	\dashv	509	225	242	260	279		-			
	3	Cfm W	1325	1249	1183	1126	1075	1032	994	096	929	900	872	:	:	:	:			က	Cfm W	1304	1246	1193	1145	\dashv	1060	1022	984.5	949	914 2			· 	:	
		RPM C	1: 488	537 13	587 1	636 1	11 11	737 1	787	836 8	885 8	933 6	981 8	:	· -	:	:				RPM C	493 1:	537 1:	582 1	628 1	\dashv	720 1	766 1	812 98	828 8	903 8		:	-	:	-
	20%	Watts R	112 4	97 6	91 6	95 6	100	114 7	132 7	155 8	180 8	207 9	235 9	:		· :	<u> </u>			20%	Watts R	111 4	104	102	106	\dashv	125 7	139 7	155 8	172 8	191 6	-	· ···	.	:	-
	2	Cfm W	1067	984	912	851	. 262	752	712	. 829	. 849	621	296	:		-	-			7	Cfm W	1087	1021	961	906	\dashv	808	764	722	. 289	. 643	-	-		:	
Extornal	Static	-i	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	9.0	0.7	0.8	6.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	HORIZONTAL	External	Static	Press. In. w.g	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	9.0	0.7	8.0	6.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	4.1

DIRECT DRIVE - 3 TON | 4 TON [PSC]

LGX036S5D | LGX048S5D

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35.
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

			А	ir Volume (c	fm) at Variou	s Blower Spe	eeds		
External Static Pressure (in. w.g.)		208 VOLTS			230 VOLTS		460)/575 VOLTS	
	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
3 and 4 Ton Standard	Efficiency (D	Downflow)						LGX036S an	d LGX048S
0.0	1873	1561	1123	2094	1783	1321	2064	1727	1216
0.1	1993	1601	1148	2168	1797	1338	2105	1744	1229
0.2	1913	1601	1137	2098	1803	1308	2050	1694	1198
0.3	1858	1527	1078	2036	1725	1261	1987	1638	1167
0.4	1801	1496	1046	1973	1679	1219	1905	1598	1148
0.5	1763	1467	987	1910	1647	1177	1862	1559	1108
0.6	1709	1414	897	1830	1560	1080	1781	1509	1057
0.7	1617	1368	806	1727	1519	986	1698	1449	982
0.8	1472	1269	730	1604	1419	918	1614	1389	920
0.9	1359	1162	487	1478	1363	706	1488	1346	792
1.0	961	922	370	1093	1083	590	1167	1099	703
3 and 4 Ton Standard	Efficiency (F	lorizontal)						LGX036S an	d LGX048S
0.0	1799	1530	1073	2012	1747	1263	2015	1756	1251
0.1	1868	1544	1088	2032	1733	1268	2071	1760	1279
0.2	1802	1494	1068	1976	1682	1228	2014	1700	1226
0.3	1735	1432	1014	1900	1618	1185	1937	1634	1187
0.4	1666	1397	980	1825	1568	1142	1878	1597	1174
0.5	1615	1350	904	1750	1516	1078	1801	1558	1124
0.6	1564	1305	842	1675	1440	1014	1743	1479	1060
0.7	1462	1228	758	1562	1364	928	1664	1415	982
0.8	1330	1151	670	1449	1287	842	1512	1335	865
0.9	1194	1011	464	1298	1185	671	1393	1297	733
1.0	878	878	355	998	1032	565	1060	1063	618

LGX060S5B

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35. 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

See page 35 for blower motors and drives.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

DOWNFLOW	MC.																														
lov ii V														Ü	External	Static - in. w.	in. w.g.														
-ion and	01.10	-	0.20		0:30		0.40		0.50		09.0		0.70		0.80		06:0		1.00	_	1.10	_	1.20	1.30	90	1.40		1.50	_	1.60	
ctm	RPM	HB HB	RPM	HB	RPM	ВНР	RPM B	HB 	RPM B	BHP	RPM B	BHP RF	RPM B	BHP RPM	M BHP	P RPM	M BHP	RPM	HB H	RPM	HB H	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM		RPM —	ВНР
1600	720	0.28	692	0.33	819	0.37	871 0	0.41	926 0	0.44	975 0.4	0.47 10	1016 0.51	1054	0.55	5 1093	09:0	1133	3 0.63	1173	0.67	1214	0.70	1253	0.73	1288	0.77	1318	0.81	1351	0.85
1700	6//	0:30	822	0.35	864	0.39	0 806	0.44	953 0	0.48	995 0.	25	1034 0.5	0.57 1072	72 0.61	1111	1 0.65	1150	69.0	1190	0.72	1230	0.76	1268	0.79	1301	0.83	1331	. 28.0	1363	0.92
1800	828	0.34	864	0.39	901	0.43	938 0	0.48	977 0	0.53 10	1015 0.5	0.58 10	1053 0.6	0.63 1091	1 0.67	7 1130	0.71	1169	9 0.75	1208	0.78	1247	0.82	1285	0.86	1317	06.0	1345	0.94	1377	0.98
1900	828	0.41	892	0.45	927	0.50	962 0	0.55	0 666	0.60	1036 0.6	0.65 10	1074 0.6	0.69 1112	2 0.73	3 1150	0.77	1188	3 0.81	1227	0.85	1267	0.88	1303	0.92	1333	76.0	1361	1.02	1392	1.06
2000	879	0.47	913	0.52	948	0.56	984 0	1 19:0	1020 0	0.67	1058 0.7	0.72 10	1096 0.7	0.76 1134	0.80	0 1172	2 0.84	1210	0.88	1248	0.92	1286	96.0	1321	1.00	1350	1.05	1377	1.10	1409	1.14
2100	006	0.53	935	0.58	970	0.63	1007 0	0.69	1044 0	0.74	1081 0.7	0.79	1119 0.8	0.84 1157	98.0 79	8 1195	16:0 91	1233	3 0.95	1269	1.00	1306	1.04	1339	1.09	1367	1.14	1395	1.19	1426	1.23
2200	922	09:0	928	0.65	994	0.71	1031 0	0.76	1068 0	0.82	1106 0.8	0.87	1143 0.91	91 1180	30 0.95	5 1218	8 0.99	1255	5 1.03	1290	1.09	1324	1.14	1356	1.19	1385	1.24	1413	1.28	1444	1.32
2300	947	29.0	983	0.73	1020	62.0	1057 0	0.85	1094 0	0.90	1131 0.9	0.95	1168 1.0	1.00 1205	1.03	3 1242	1.07	1277	1.13	1310	1.20	1343	1.26	1374	1.30	1403	1.34	1432	1.38	1464	1.42
2400	974	92.0	1010	0.82	1047	0.88	1084 0	1 10.94	1120 0	0.99	1157 1.0	1.04	1193 1.0	1.08 1230	30 1.12	2 1267	1.16	1300	1.23	1332	1.31	1364	1.37	1394	1.41	1423	1.45	1453	1.48	1484	1.53
HORIZONTAL	TAL																														
Air														ш	External	Static - in.	in. w.g.														
Volume	0.10	0	0.20	0	0:30		0.40		0.50		09.0	_	0.70	_	0.80		06.0		1.00	_	1.10	1	1.20	1.3	30	1.40	0	1.50	0	1.60	
E	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM B	BHP R	RPM E	BHP R	RPM BH	BHP R	RPM BH	HP RPM	M BHP	P RPM	M BHP	RPM	I BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР
1600	654	0.28	712	0.32	692	98.0	825 0	0.39	879 0	0.43	933 0.4	0.47 98	982 0.5	0.50 1024	24 0.54	4 1063	3 0.58	1101	0.61	1141	0.64	1181	0.67	1222	0.70	1261	0.73	1298	. 22.0	1333	0.81
1700	203	0.31	756	0.35	807	0.39	828 0	0.43	0 906	0.47	955 0.4	0.51 99	989 0.5	0.55 1039	99 0.59	9 1078	8 0.63	1117	99:0	1156	69.0	1196	0.72	1235	0.75	1273	0.79	1309	0.83	1344	0.87
1800	752	0.34	798	0.38	844	0.43	0 688	0.48	933 0	0.52	977 0.	. 29	1017 0.61	61 1056	56 0.65	5 1094	4 0.68	1133	3 0.72	1172	0.75	1211	0.78	1250	0.81	1287	0.85	1322	06:0	1355	0.94
1900	962	0.38	837	0.43	878	0.48	918 0	0.53	928 0	0.58	997 0.6	0.62 10	1036 0.6	0.67 1074	74 0.71	1 1112	2 0.74	1151	0.77	1190	0.81	1228	0.84	1265	0.88	1301	0.92	1335	. 26.0	1367	1.01
2000	833	0.43	870	0.48	206	0.54	943 0	0.59	0 086	0.64 10	1018 0.6	0.69 10	1055 0.7	0.73 1093	33 0.77	7 1131	1 0.80	1170	0.83	1208	0.87	1245	0.91	1281	96.0	1316	1.00	1349	1.04	1380	1.09
2100	864	09:0	897	0.55	931	09:0	0 996	0.65	1002 0	0.71	1038 0.7	0.76 10	1075 0.8	0.80 1113	3 0.83	3 1151	1 0.87	1189	06:0	1227	0.94	1263	0.99	1298	1.04	1331	1.08	1363	1.13	1394	1.17
2200	887	0.57	920	0.62	953	0.67	0 886	0.73	1024 0	0.78	1060 0.8	0.83 10	1097 0.8	0.87 1135	35 0.90	0 1173	3 0.94	1210	0.98	1246	1.02	1281	1.07	1315	1.12	1347	1.17	1379	1.22	1409	1.26
2300	606	0.64	942	0.70	926	0.75	1011 0	0.81	1046 0	0.86	1083 0.9	0.91	1120 0.9	0.95 1157	57 0.98	8 1195	5 1.02	1231	1.06	1266	1.11	1300	1.16	1333	1.22	1364	1.27	1395	1.32	1424	1.36
2400	931	0.72	965	82.0	666	0.83	1035 0	0.89	1071 0	0.94	1108 0.9	0.99	1144 1.0	1.03 1181	1.07	7 1217	7 1.10	1252	1.15	1286	1.20	1319	1.26	1351	1.32	1382	1.38	1411	1.43	1440	1.48

LGX072S5T

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35. 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

See page 35 for blower motors and drives.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

	I												
	1.60	H	1.06	1.14	1.23	1.32	1.42	1.53	1.64	1.76	1.88	2.01	2.14
	+	RPM	1392	1409	1426	1444	1464	1484	1506	1529	1553	1578	1603
	0.0	ВНР	1.02	1.10	1.19	1.28	1.38	1.48	1.59	1.71	1.84	1.97	2.10
	1.50	RPM	1360	1377	1395	1413	1432	1453	1475	1498	1523	1548	1573
	0	ВНР	76.0	1.05	1.14	1.24	1.34	1.45	1.56	1.68	1.80	1.93	2.06
	1.40	RPM	1333	1350	1367	1385	1403	1423	1445	1469	1493	1519	1544
	0	BHP	0.92	1.00	1.09	1.19	1.30	1.41	1.52	1.64	1.77	1.90	2.03
	1.30	RPM	1303	1321	1339	1356	1374	1394	1417	1440	1465	1490	1516
	0	BHP	0.88	96.0	1.04	1.14	1.26	1.37	1.48	1.60	1.73	1.86	2.00
	1.20	RPM	1267	1286	1306	1324	1343	1364	1387	1411	1436	1462	1489
	0	ВНР	0.85	0.92	1.00	1.09	1.20	1.31	1.42	1.55	1.68	1.82	1.96
	1.10	RPM	1227	1248	1269	1290	1310	1332	1355	1380	1406	1433	1460
	0	BHP	0.81	0.88	0.95	1.03	1.13	1.23	1.34	1.46	1.60	1.74	1.89
	1.00	RPM	1188	1210	1233	1255	1277	1300	1324	1350	1376	1403	1430
w.g.	0	BHP	0.77	0.84	0.91	66:0	1.07	1.16	1.26	1.38	1.51	1.65	1.80
tic - in.	0.90	RPM	1150	1172	1195	1218	1242	1267	1292	1318	1345	1372	1399
External Static - in. w.g.	0	ВНР	0.73	08.0	0.88	0.95	1.03	1.12	1.21	1.31	1.43	1.56	1.7.1
Exter	0.80	RPM	1112	1134	1157	1180	1205	1230	1257	1284	1312	1339	1367
	0.	BHP	69.0	92.0	0.84	0.91	1.00	1.08	1.17	1.26	1.37	1.49	1.64
	0.70	RPM	1074	1096	1119	1143	1168	1193	1220	1248	1277	1305	1334
	09	ВНР	0.65	0.72	0.79	0.87	0.95	1.04	1.13	1.22	1.32	1.43	1.56
	9.0	RPM	1036	1058	1081	1106	1131	1157	1184	1213	1242	1271	1300
	.50	ВНР	09:0	29:0	0.74	0.82	06:0	66.0	1.08	1.17	1.27	1.38	1.50
	9.0	RPM	666	1020	1044	1068	1094	1120	1148	1177	1207	1237	1267
	01	BHP	0.55	0.61	69.0	0.76	0.85	0.94	1.03	1.13	1.22	1.32	1.44
	0.40	RPM	362	984	1007	1031	1057	1084	1112	1141	1172	1202	1233
	0	BHP	09:0	0.56	0.63	0.71	0.79	0.88	0.97	1.07	1.17	1.27	1.38
	0.30	RPM	927	948	970	994	1020	1047	1075	1105	1136	1167	1198
	0	ВНР	0.45	0.52	0.58	0.65	0.73	0.82	0.91	1.01	1.11	1.22	1.32
	0.20	RPM	892	913	935	928	983	1010	1039	1068	1099	1131	1163
	0.	H	0.41	0.47	0.53	09:0	0.67	0.76	0.85	0.95	1.05	1.16	1.26
	0.10	RPM	857	879	006	922	947	974	1002	1032	1062	1094	1127
	nme	ᄩ	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2500	2600	2700	2800	2900

LGX072S5T

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 35. 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 35.

See page 35 for blower motors and drives.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

		ВНР	1.01	60:1	1.17	1.26	1.36	1.48	1.59	1.72	1.84	76.1	2.09
	1.60	RPM	. 2981	. 0881	394	409	454	. 440	. 457	. 475	. 493	. 213	1533
		HH H	0.97	1.04	1.13	1.22	1.32	1.43	1.55	1.67	1.79	1.92	2.05
	1.50	RPM	1335 (1349	1363	1379	1395	. 1411	1428	1446	1465	1485	1505
		BHP	0.92	1.00	1.08	1.17	1.27	1.38	1.49	1.61	1.74	1.87	2.00
	1.40	RPM	30.1	1316	. 331		364	. 385	. 400	1418	. 437	. 457	1478
		H	0.88	0.96	1.04	1.12	1.22	1.32	1.43	1.55	1.68	1.8	1.94
	1.30	RPM	1265	1281	1298	1315	1333	1351	1370	1389	1409	1430	1451
	_	BHP	0.84	0.91	66:0	1.07	1.16	1.26	1.37	1.49	1.61	1.74	1.87
	1.20	RPM	1228	1245	1263	1281	1300	1319	1339	1360	1380	1402	1424
	_	ВНР	0.81	0.87	0.94	1.02	1.11	1.20	1.31	1.42	1.54	1.66	1.79
	1.10	RPM	1190	1208	1227	1246	1266	1286	1307	1329	1350	1373	1395
	•	BHP	0.77	0.83	06:0	96.0	1.06	1.15	1.25	1.35	1.47	1.59	1.72
	1.00	RPM	1151	1170	1189	1210	1231	1252	1274	1297	1319	1342	1366
w.g.	0	BHP	0.74	08.0	0.87	0.94	1.02	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.52	1.65
External Static - in. w.g.	0.90	RPM	1112	1131	1151	1173	1195	1217	1240	1264	1287	1311	1335
rnal Sta	.80	ВНР	0.71	0.77	0.83	06.0	96.0	1.07	1.15	1.25	1.35	1.46	1.58
Exte	0.8	RPM	1074	1093	1113	1135	1157	1181	1205	1230	1254	1279	1304
	0.70	BHP	0.67	0.73	08.0	0.87	0.95	1.03	1.11	1.20	1.30	1.40	1.52
	0.	RPM	1036	1055	1075	1097	1120	1144	1170	1195	1221	1247	1273
	09.0	BHP	0.62	69:0	0.76	0.83	0.91	0.99	1.08	1.16	1.26	1.36	1.47
	0	RPM	266	1018	1038	1060	1083	1108	1133	1160	1187	1214	1240
	0.50	ВНР	0.58	0.64	0.71	0.78	0.86	0.94	1.03	1.12	1.21	1.31	1.41
	0	RPM	928	086	1002	1024	1046	1071	1097	1124	1152	1180	1208
	.40	BH	0.53	0.59	0.65	0.73	0.81	0.89	0.98	1.07	1.16	1.26	1.36
	0.	RPM	918	943	996	886	1011	1035	1061	1088	1116	1145	1174
	0:30	BHP	0.48	0.54	09:0	0.67	0.75	0.83	0.92	1.01	1.11	1.21	1.31
	_	RPM	878	907	931	953	926	666	1024	1052	1080	1109	1139
	0.20	BHP	0.43	0.48	0.55	0.62	0.70	0.78	0.86	96'0	1.05	1.16	1.26
	_	RPM	837	870	897	920	942	965	686	1016	1044	1073	1104
	0.10	표	0.38	0.43	0.50	0.57	0.64	0.72	0.80	06:0	0.99	1.10	1.20
		RPM	296	833	864	887	606	931	955	981	1009	1038	1068
lov vi V	nme	СТТ	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2500	2600	2700	2800	2900

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Ind	oor Coil	Reheat	(Gas Heating	J		Electric		Filters	
Volume cfm	036, 048	060, 072	Coil	Standard Heat	Medium Heat	High Heat	Economizer	Heat	MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01			0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.03	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.05	0.07	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.15	0.04	0.07	0.09
2000	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200		0.11	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400		0.13	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.20	0.05	0.08	0.12

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm
0.00	2000
0.05	1990
0.10	1924
0.15	1810
0.20	1664
0.25	1507
0.30	1350
0.35	1210

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

Air Volume - cfm	F	FD11-95S		
	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser
1800	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09
2000	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10
2200	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12
2400	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Volume - cfm	1 Effective Throw - ft.						
Air volume - cim	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S					
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24					
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28					
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29					

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

Refrigerant Leak Detection System

A-System Test

1 - Initiate Refrigerant Leak Detection System Test by using the following mobile service app menu path:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > LEAK DETECTION > START TEST

2 - Ensure that indoor blower, outdoor fan, and combustion air blower (LGT only) are energized.

Cooling Start-Up

A-Operation

 1 - Initiate full load cooling operation using the following mobile service app menu path:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

NOTE - Refer to Cooling Operation section for high efficiency unit operation in zone sensor mode.

- 2 Units contain one refrigerant circuit or stage.
- 3 Unit is charged with R-454B refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4 Refer to Cooling Operation and Adjustment section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

B-Refrigerant Charge and Check - All-Aluminum Coil WARNING - Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

Refrigerant Charge R-454B								
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)						
LGX/LCX024	3.88	1.76						
LGX/LCX036	3.69	1.67						
LGX/LCX048	3.50	1.59						
LGX/LCX060	3.75	1.70						
LGX/LCX072	5.19	2.35						
LGX/LCX024 W/ Humidtrol	4.26	1.93						
LGX/LCX036 W/ Humidtrol	4.64	2.10						
LGX/LCX048 W/ Humidtrol	4.24	1.92						
LGX/LCX060 W/ Humidtrol	4.76	2.16						
LGX/LCX072 W/ Humidtrol	4.5	2.04						

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
 Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the unit is earth grounded prior to charging the system with refrigerant.

- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the unit.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressuretested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i. e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1 Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2 Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3 Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

NOTE - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4 Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
 - If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.
 - If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.

- 5 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7 Example: For the 024 model, at 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 89°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

TABLE 6
024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581228-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature												
65	65°F 75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F				
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)		
108	210	110	247	112	288	113	334	115	385	117	441		
117	211	119	248	121	289	122	336	124	387	126	443		
136	216	138	252	140	294	142	340	144	392	146	448		
157	223	159	260	162	301	164	348	167	399	169	455		

024 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581228-01

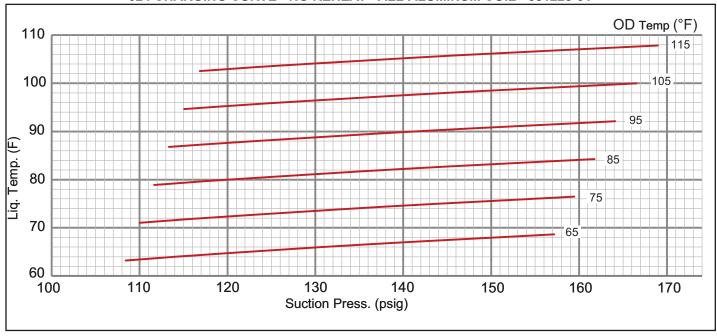


TABLE 7
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581230-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature												
65	65°F 75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F				
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)		
108	227	110	264	111	306	113	352	114	403	116	457		
115	228	117	266	119	308	121	354	122	404	124	459		
134	234	136	272	138	314	139	360	141	411	143	466		
156	243	158	282	160	324	162	371	164	422	166	478		

036 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581230-01

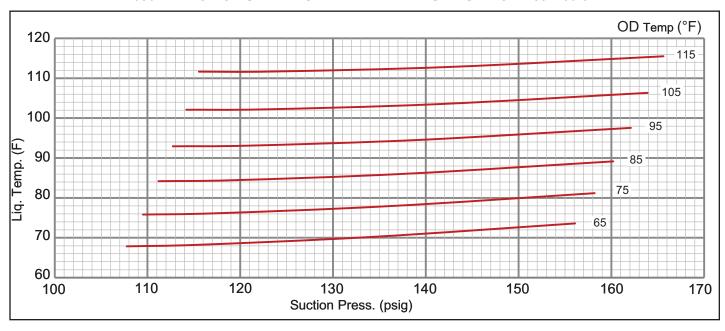


TABLE 8
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581232-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature												
65	65°F 75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F				
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)		
108	210	110	247	112	288	113	334	115	385	117	441		
117	211	119	248	121	289	122	336	124	387	126	443		
136	216	138	252	140	294	142	340	144	392	146	448		
157	223	159	260	162	301	164	348	167	399	169	455		

048 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581232-01

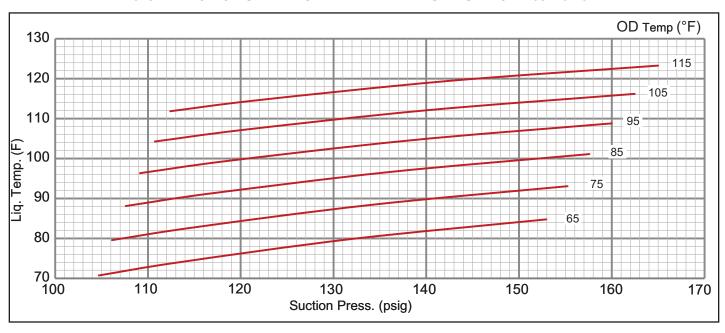


TABLE 9
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581234-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature												
65	65°F 75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F				
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)		
106	267	108	299	109	338	111	383	112	436	113	495		
114	263	116	296	118	336	119	382	121	435	122	496		
131	263	134	297	136	339	139	387	141	442	142	504		
151	271	154	308	157	351	160	401	162	458	164	522		

060 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581234-01

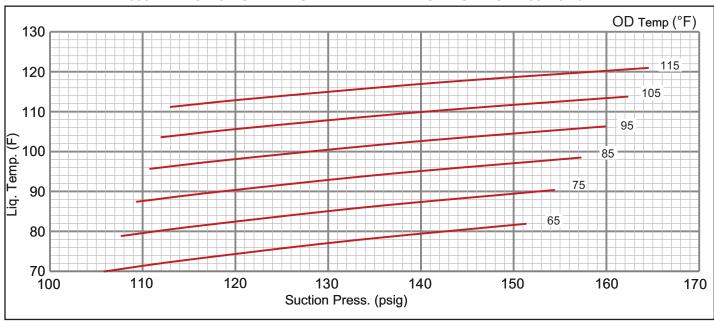


TABLE 10 072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581236-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
65	°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	118	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
105	239	107	276	109	318	110	365	111	417	112	473
112	243	115	280	117	323	119	370	121	422	122	479
128	251	132	289	135	332	138	380	141	433	143	491
145	260	150	299	154	342	157	391	161	445	164	503

072 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581236-01

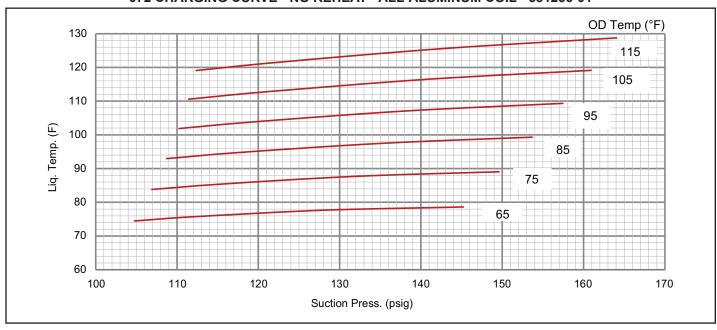


TABLE 11
024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581229-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
65	°F	75	° F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	119	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
112	212	112	245	112	283	114	326	117	375	120	429
121	215	121	247	122	286	125	329	128	378	132	432
139	220	141	253	143	291	147	335	151	384	156	438
159	224	162	257	165	296	170	340	175	389	182	444

024 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581229-01

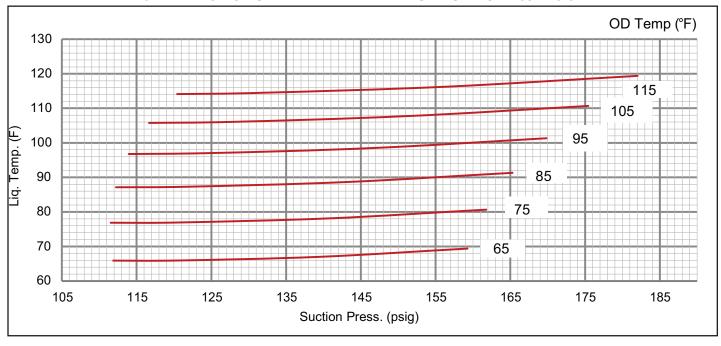


TABLE 12 036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581231-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
65	°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	119	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
108	230	110	265	112	305	113	351	115	401	116	456
117	233	119	268	121	308	122	353	124	404	126	459
135	239	138	275	140	315	142	360	144	411	146	466
156	248	158	283	161	324	163	369	166	420	168	475

036 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581231-01

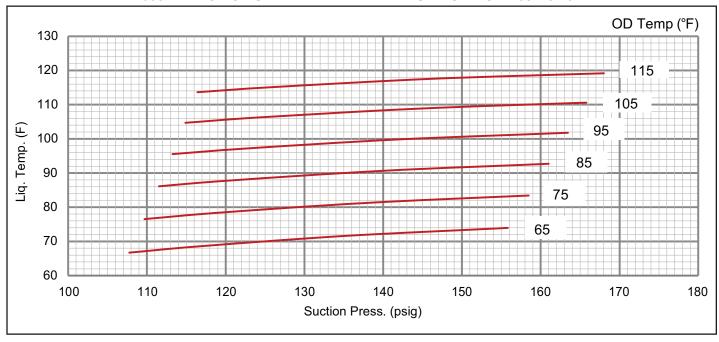


TABLE 13
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581233-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
65	°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	119	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
107	249	109	288	111	331	113	379	115	431	116	487
115	252	117	291	120	334	122	383	125	435	126	492
131	257	135	297	138	341	142	390	145	443	147	501
149	262	153	303	158	348	162	398	166	452	169	510

048 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581233-01

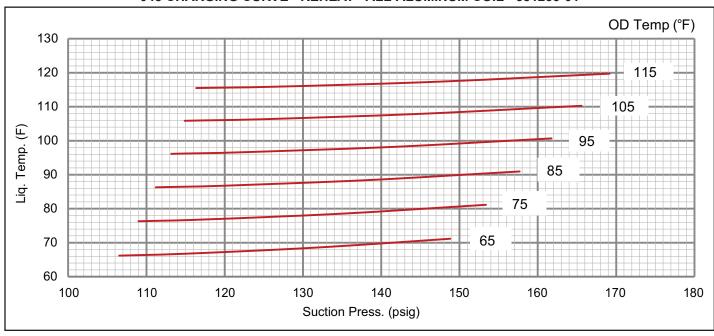


TABLE 14
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581235-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
65	°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	119	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
105	253	108	291	110	335	112	383	113	437	114	496
114	258	117	297	119	340	121	389	123	443	124	502
132	269	135	308	138	351	141	400	143	455	144	514
151	281	155	320	158	364	161	413	164	467	166	527

060 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581235-01

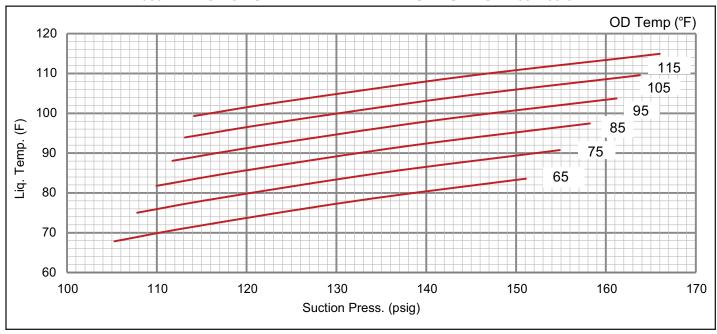
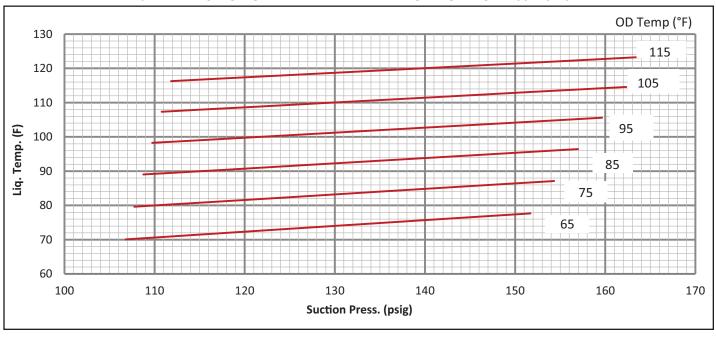


TABLE 15 072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581237-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
65	°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	118	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
107	257	108	294	109	336	110	384	111	436	112	494
115	263	117	300	118	343	119	390	121	443	122	501
133	274	135	312	137	355	139	403	141	456	143	514
152	284	154	323	157	366	160	415	162	468	165	527

072 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581237-01



C-Compressor Controls

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit. Optional controls are identified on wiring diagrams by arrows at junction points.

1 - High Pressure Switch (S4)

The compressor circuit is protected by a high pressure switch which opens at 640 psig + 10 psig (4413 kPa \pm 70 kPa) and automatically resets at 475 psig \pm 20 psig (3275kPa \pm 138 kPa).

2 - Low Pressure Switch (S87)

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch. Switch opens at 40 psig \pm 5 psig (276 \pm 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig \pm 5 psig (621 kPa \pm 34 kPa).

3 - Diagnostics Sensors (RT46)

One thermistor is located on the refrigeration circuit. The thermistor provides constant temperature feedback to the Unit Controller to protect the compressor. The thermistor takes the place of the freezestat and low ambient pressure switch.

4 - Compressor Crankcase Heater (HR1)

Crankcase heater must be energized at all times to prevent compressor damage due to refrigerant migration. Energize crankcase heater 24 hours before unit start-up by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand (to prevent compressor from cycling) and apply power to unit.

Diagnostic Sensors

Units are equipped with one factory-installed thermistor (RT46) located on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistor provides the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of one specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

The thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See TABLE 16 for proper locations.

TABLE 16
THERMISTOR LOCATION

Unit	Sensor Yellow	Figure	
LGX/LCX024, 036, 048, 060, 072	RT46	FIGURE 31	

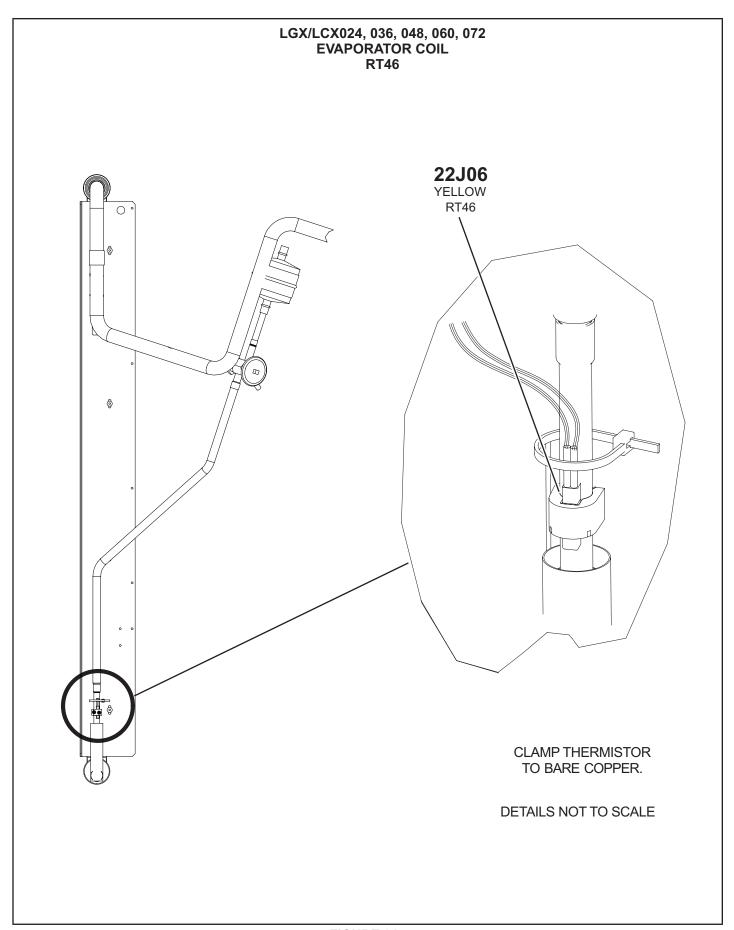


FIGURE 31

RDS Sensors

Units are equipped with factory-installed RDS Sensors located on different points on the unit. The RDS sensors provide the Unit Controller with continuous readings for leaked refrigerant concentration levels and sensor health status (Good or Fault). These readings are used to modify unit operation to disperse the leaked refrigerant and to remove possible ignition sources. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these readings to initiate alarms to alert the operator of a refrigerant leak or faulty sensor(s).

Each sensor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. To identify sensor locations see TABLE 17.

TABLE 17
RDS Sensor Figures

Model	Qty.	Туре	Figure
LGX024-074		INDOOR SENSOR	FIGURE 32
	2 sensors	COMPRESSOR SENSOR	FIGURE 33
LCX024-074	1 sensor	INDOOR SENSOR	FIGURE 32

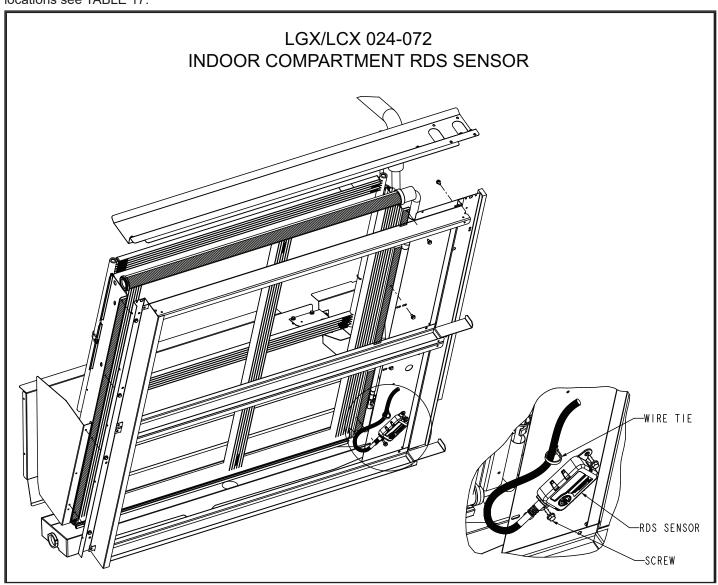


FIGURE 32

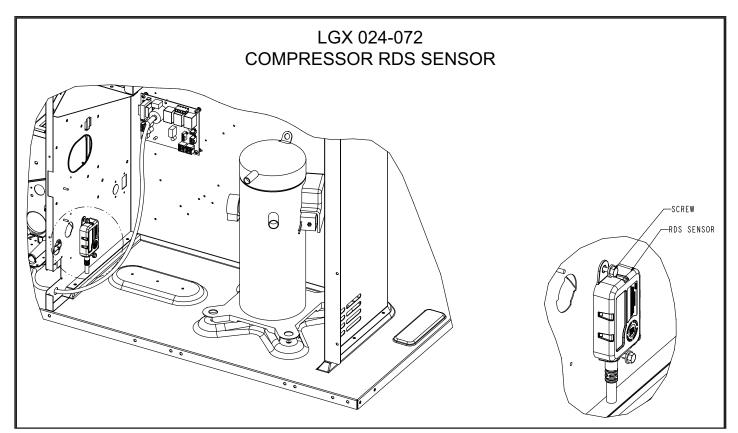


FIGURE 33

Cooling Operation

A-Two-Stage Thermostat

1 - Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

Y2 Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

NOTE - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

2 - No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower Low

Dampers Minimum Position

Y2 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

B-Three-Stage Thermostat OR Room Sensor

1 - Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressors Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

Y2 Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

NOTE - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Y3 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

2 - No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower Low

Dampers Minimum Position

Y2 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

Y3 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

High Speed Compressor Cooling Operation:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

Low Speed Compressor Operation

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 1

Gas Heat Start-Up (Gas Units)

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Do not use this unit if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the unit and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

▲ WARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. If over heating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.

WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

WARNING

SMOKE POTENTIAL

The heat exchanger in this unit could be a source of smoke on initial firing. Take precautions with respect to building occupants and property. Vent initial supply air outside when possible.

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

The gas valve may be equipped with either a gas control lever or gas control knob. Use only your hand to push the lever or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the the lever will not move or the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it. Call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

A WARNING

Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attemptr to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

This unit is equipped with an automatic spark ignition system. There is no pilot. In case of a safety shutdown, move thermostat switch to **OFF** and return the thermostat switch to **HEAT** to reset ignition control.

A-Placing Unit In Operation

A WARNING



Danger of explosion and fire. Can cause injury or product or property damage. You must follow these instructions exactly.

Gas Valve Operation (FIGURE 34 and 24)

- 1 Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2 Turn off all electrical power to appliance.
- 3 This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- 4 Open or remove the control access panel.
- 5 Move gas valve switch to **OFF.** See FIGURE 34 or FIGURE 35.

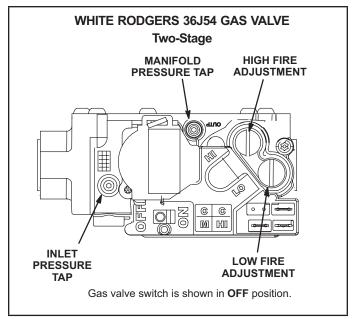


FIGURE 34

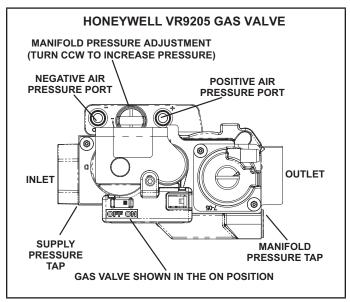


FIGURE 35

Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, **STOP!** Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.

- 6 Move gas valve switch to **ON**. See FIGURE 34 or FIGURE 35.
- 7 Close or replace the control access panel.
- 8 Turn on all electrical power to appliance.
- 9 Set thermostat to desired setting.

NOTE - When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 9 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

- 10 The ignition sequence will start.
- 11 If the furnace does not light the first time (gas line not fully purged), it will attempt up to two more ignitions before locking out.
- 12 If lockout occurs, repeat steps 1 through 10.
- 13 If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- If using an electromechanical thermostat, set to the lowest setting.
- 2 Before performing any service, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 3 Open or remove the control access panel.
- 4 Move gas valve switch to OFF.
- 5 Close or replace the control access panel.

A WARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

Heating Operation and Adjustments

(Gas Units)

A-Heating Sequence of Operation

Two-Stage

- On a heating demand the combustion air inducer starts immediately.
- 2 Combustion air pressure switch proves inducer operation. After a 30-second pre-purge, power is allowed to ignition control. Switch is factory set and requires no adjustment.
- Spark ignitor energizes and gas valve solenoid opens.
- 4 Spark ignites gas, ignition sensor proves the flame and combustion continues.
- 5 If flame is not detected after 8 seconds, the ignition control will repeat steps 3 and 4 two more times. The ignition control will wait 5 minutes before the ignition attempt recycles.

B-Ignition Control Diagnostic LEDs

TABLE 18 IGNITION CONTROL HEARTBEAT LED STATUS

LED Flashes	Indicates
Steady Off	No power or control hardware fault.
Steady Off	Power applied. Control OK.
3 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many trials.
4 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many flame losses within single call for heat.
5 Flashes	Control hardware fault detected.

C-Limit Controls

Limit controls are factory-set and are not adjustable. The primary limit is located to the right of the combustion air inducer. See FIGURE 42.

D-Heating Adjustment

Non ULNOx Units

Main burners are factory-set and do not require adjustment.

The following manifold pressures are listed on the gas valve.

Natural Gas Units - Low Fire - 2.0" w.c.

Natural Gas Units - High Fire - 3.5" w.c.

LP Gas Units - Low Fire - 5.9" w.c.

LP Gas Units - High Fire - 10.5" w.c.

Manifold Pressure - ULNOx Units

Use the following steps to correctly measure manifold pressure:

- 1 Remove the threaded plug from the outlet side of the gas valve and install a field-provided barbed fitting. Connect measuring device "+" connection to barbed fitting to measure manifold pressure. Start unit and allow 15 minutes for unit to reach steady state.
- 2 After allowing unit to stabilize for 15 minutes, record manifold pressure and compare to value given in TABLE 19. Normally manifold adjustment is not necessary; adjust manifold only if needed.
- 3 Shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained.

TABLE 19						
ULNOX Manifold Pressure (in.w.c.)						
High Fire	3.2-3.6					
Low Fire	1.7-2.1					

Proper Combustion - ULNOx Units

Restart unit and check for any gas leaks. Seal any leaks if found. Furnace should operate minimum 15 minutes with correct manifold pressure and gas flow rate before checking combustion. TABLE 20 shows acceptable combustion. The maximum carbon monoxide reading should not exceed 100 ppm.

TABLE 20						
CO ₂ Rates (ppm)						
High Fire	6.0-7.5					
Low Fire	6.0-7.5 (CO ₂ tracks)					

E-ULNOx Operation

ULNOx units are not equipped with gas orifices that supply each burner. Instead, a single gas orifice supplies gas to the air/gas elbow. An intake air orifice supplies combustion air to the air/gas elbow. The combustion air blower draws the air/gas mixture from the air/gas elbow into the air/gas plenum box. When the spark ignites the gas, the ignition sensor proves the flame and combustion occurs in the burner premix plate. The burner box liner directs the flames into the burner tube sleeves. Refer to FIGURE 42.

Electric Heat Start-Up (LCX Units)

Optional electric heat will stage on and cycle with thermostat demand. See electric heat wiring diagram on unit for sequence of operation.

Hot Gas Reheat Start-Up and Operation

Hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valve, L14, routes hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See FIGURE 36 for reheat refrigerant routing and FIGURE 37 for standard cooling refrigerant routing.

L14 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valve

When Unit Controller input (Unit Controller J298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions require dehumidification, L14 reheat valve is energized (Unit Controller P269-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

Reheat Setpoint

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing mobile service app Settings

- Control menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output. The reheat setpoint can also be adjusted using an optional Network Control Panel (NCP).

Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at Settings - Control menu.

Check-Out

Test reheat operation using the following procedure.

- Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2 Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3 Use mobile service app menu path to select:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > DEHUMIDIFICATION

The blower, compressor, and reheat valve should be energized. Pressure can be checked on the reheat line pressure tap. Pressure on the reheat line should match discharge pressure closely in reheat mode.

Default Reheat Operation

During reheat mode free cooling is locked out.

No Y1 demand but a call for dehumidification:

Compressor is operating, blower is on, and the reheat valve is energized.

Y1 demand:

Compressor is operating, blower is on, and the reheat valve is de-energized.

Y2 demand:

Compressor is operating, blower is on, and the reheat valve is de-energized.

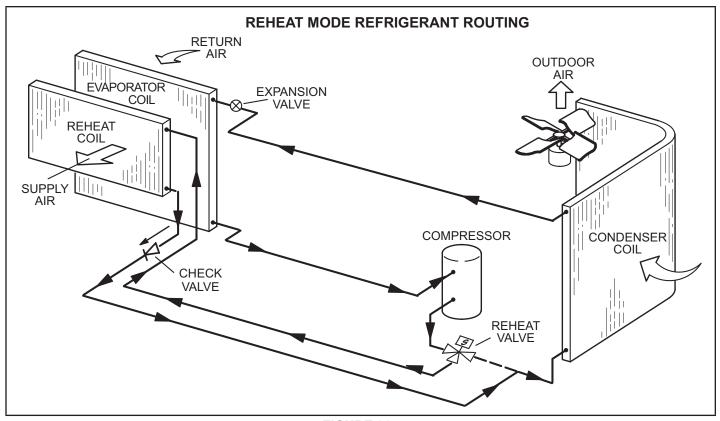


FIGURE 36

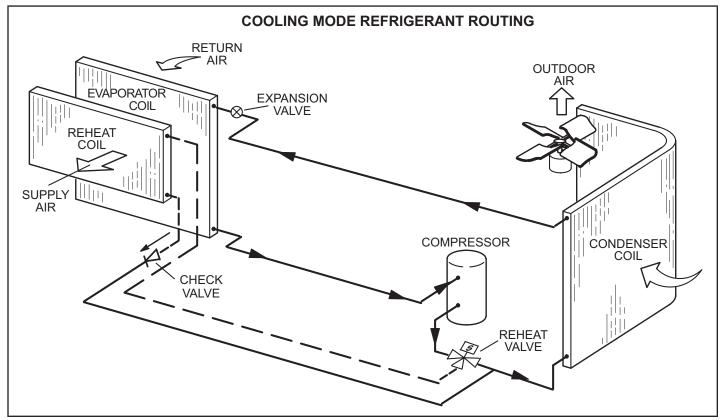


FIGURE 37

Preventative Maintenance / Repair

IMPORTANT MAINTENANCE / REPAIR SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Prior to beginning work on systems containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times, the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system
- that there is continuity of earth bonding

The following checks shall be applied to installations using FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS:

- the actual REFRIGERANT CHARGE is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant
- containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected:
- refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

During repairs to sealed electrical components, the components shall be replaced. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

During repairs to intrinsically safe components, the components must be replaced. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. See TABLE 21 for correct filter size. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

TABLE 21

Unit	Qty.	Filter Size - in. (mm)
LC/LGX 024, 036, 048, 060	4	16 x 20 x 2 (406 x 508 x 51)
LC/LGX 072	4	20 x 20 x 2 (508 x 508 x 51)

A WARNING

Units are shipped from the factory with temporary filters. Replace filters before building is occupied. Damage to unit could result if filters are not replaced with approved filters. Refer to appropriate codes.

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See FIGURE 38.

NOTE - Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

C-Burners

Note - ULNOx units use a burner premix plate and a burner box liner with three burner tube sleeves instead of burners. No examination or cleaning are required. See figure 31.

Periodically examine burner flames for proper appearance during the heating season. Before each heating season examine the burners for any deposits or blockage which may have occurred.

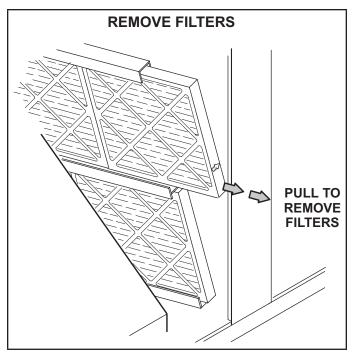


FIGURE 38

Clean burners as follows:

- 1 Turn off both electrical power and gas supply to unit.
- 2 Remove blower access panel.
- 3 Remove top burner box panel.
- 4 Remove screws securing burners to burner support and lift the individual burners or the entire burner assembly from the orifices. See FIGURE 39. Clean as necessary.
- 5 Locate the ignitor under the right burner. Check ignitor spark gap with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. See FIGURE 40.
- 6 Replace burners and screws securing burner. See FIGURE 39.





Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not overtighten main burner mounting screws. Snug tighten only.

- 7 Replace access panel.
- 8 Restore electrical power and gas supply. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit and use inspection port in access panel to check flame.

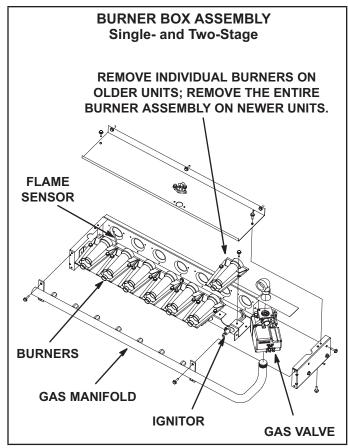


FIGURE 39

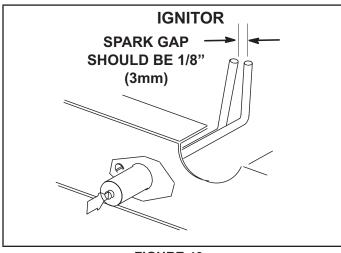


FIGURE 40

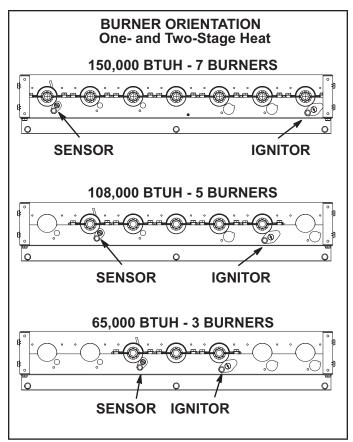


FIGURE 41

D-Combustion Air Inducer (Gas Units)

A combustion air proving switch checks combustion air inducer operation before allowing power to the gas controller. Gas controller will not operate if inducer is obstructed.

Under normal operating conditions, the combustion air inducer wheel should be checked and cleaned prior to the heating season. However, it should be examined periodically during the heating season to establish an ideal cleaning schedule.

Clean combustion air inducer as follows:

- 1 Shut off power supply and gas to unit.
- 2 Remove the mullion on the right side of the heat section.
- 3 Disconnect pressure switch air tubing from combustion air inducer port.
- 4 Remove and retain screws securing combustion air inducer to flue box. Remove vent connector. See FIGURE 37.
- 5 Clean inducer wheel blades with a small brush and wipe off any dust from housing. Take care not to damage exposed fan blades. Clean accumulated dust from front of flue box cover.
- 6 Return combustion air inducer motor and vent connector to original location and secure with retained screws. It is recommended that gaskets be replaced during reassembly.

- 7 Replace mullion.
- 8 Clean combustion air inlet louvers on blower access panel using a small brush.

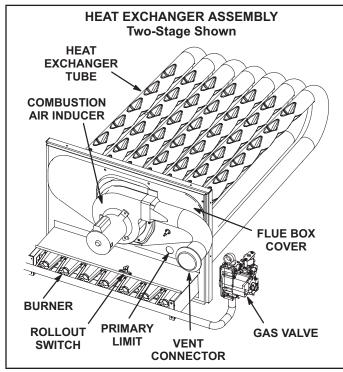


FIGURE 42

E-Flue Box (Gas Units)

Remove flue box cover only when necessary for equipment repair. Clean inside of flue box cover and heat exchanger tubes with a wire brush when flue box cover has to be removed. Install a new flue box cover gasket and replace cover. Make sure edges around flue box cover are tightly sealed.

F-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage. Flush condensate drain with water, taking care not to get insulation, filters, and return air ducts wet through entire cleaning process.

G-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between the fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage.

H-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

J-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See FIGURE 44.

- 1 On the back side of the unit, remove the screw securing the back of the ionizer bracket. See FIGURE 43. Retain the screw to secure the back side of the ionizer bracket.
- 2 Remove two screws securing the front side of the ionizer bracket and pull out of unit and clean brushes.

Replace ionizer in the reverse order it was removed.

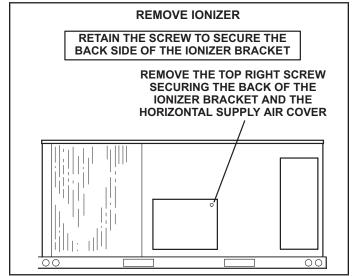


FIGURE 43

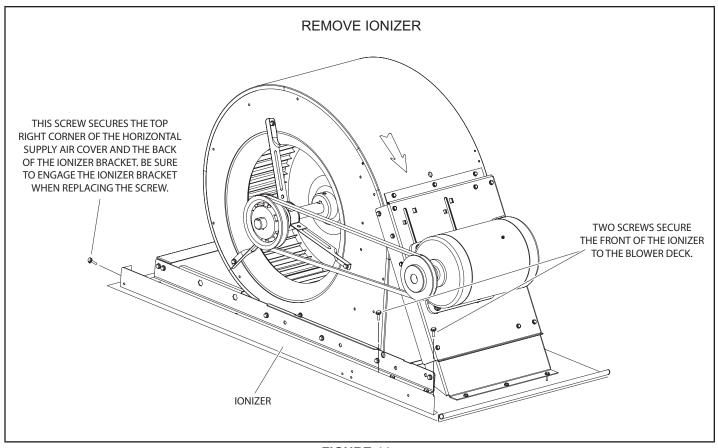


FIGURE 44

K-UVC Light (Optional)

When field-installed, use only UVC Light Kit assembly 106881-01 (21A92) with this appliance.

Factory-Installed UVC Light

When the UVC light is factory installed, the lamp is shipped attached to the filter rack. Remove the lamp and install into the UVC light assembly as shown in steps 2 through 11.

1 - Cut wire ties and remove the UVC lamp attached to the filter rack. See FIGURE 45.

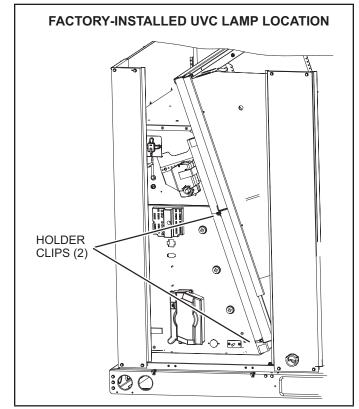


FIGURE 45

Annual Lamp Replacement

A WARNING

Personal Burn Hazard.

Personal injury may result from hot lamps. During replacement, allow lamp to cool for 10 minutes before removing lamp from fixture.

The lamp should be replaced every 12 months, as UVC energy production diminishes over time.

- 1 Obtain replacement lamp 102337-01 for your germicidal light model.
- 2 Disconnect power to the rooftop unit before servicing the UVC kit.
- 3 Open the blower access door.
- 4 Remove the screw in wire tie from the UVC assembly and disconnect the 4-pin connector from the lamp end.
- 5 Remove the (2) mounting screws of the UVC assembly. Carefully slide the complete UVC assembly out through the blower access door.
- 6 Allow 10 minutes before touching the lamps. Then, carefully remove the old lamp from the lamp holder clips.
- 7 Wear cotton gloves or use a cotton cloth when handling the new lamp. Place the new lamp in the holder clips of the UVC assembly. Verify that the lamp flange at the connector end is sandwiched between the lamp holder clip and the sheet-metal end stop (see FIGURE 46).
- 8 Carefully place the UVC assembly on the blower deck. Line up the mounting holes on the UVC assembly with the mounting holes on the blower deck. See FIGURE 47. Use the #10 screws provided to attach the UVC assembly in place.
- 9 Make sure to reapply the black convoluted tubing used to shield electrical wiring in the rooftop unit. Convoluted tubing is provided when the ionizer is factory- or field-installed. However, if there is any concern, aluminum foil tape (not provided) can also be used to cover any exposed component.
- 10 Close the blower access door.
- 11 Reconnect power to the rooftop unit.
- 12 Open the filter access door and look through the view port in the triangular sheet-metal panel to verify that the UVC light is on.

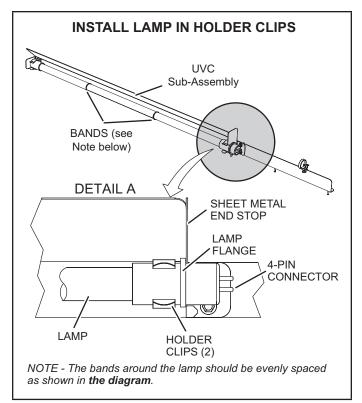


FIGURE 46

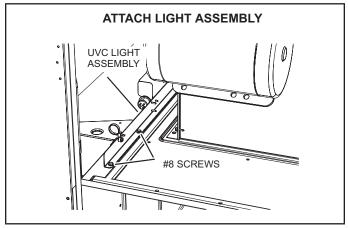


FIGURE 47

Lamp Disposal

Hg-LAMP Contains Mercury - Manage in accordance with local, state, and federal disposal laws. Refer to www. lamprecycle.org or call 800-953-6669.

Proper Clean-up Technique in Case of Lamp Breakage

Wear protective gloves, eye wear and mask.

Sweep the broken glass and debris into a plastic bag, seal the bag, and dispose of properly. Contact your local waste management office for proper disposal.

Do not use a vacuum cleaner. Do not incinerate.

Maintenance

- For all maintenance, contact a qualified HVAC technician.
- Read the maintenance instructions before opening unit panels.
- Unintended use of the unit or damage to the unit housing may result in the escape of dangerous UVC radiation. UVC radiation may, even in small doses, cause harm to the eyes and skin.
- · Do not operate units that are obviously damaged.
- Do not discard the triangular UVC light shield or any barriers with an ultraviolet radiation symbol.
- Do not override the door interlock switch that interrupts power to the UVC light.

Do not operate the UVC light outside of the unit.M-

Replacement Fuses

See the following tables for the proper replacement fuse sizes.

	ELECTRIC HEAT REPLA	ACEMENT	FUSES	1
	Electric Heat	051	Rati	ng
	Electric neat	Qty.	Amp	Volt
1	E1EH0050N-1P	2	30	250
2	T1/E1EH0075AN1Y	3	25	250
3	E1EH0100N-1P	4	30	250
4	T1/E1EH0150AN1Y	3	50	250
5	T1/E1EH0225AN1Y	6	45	250
6	T1/E1EH0300N-1Y	6	60	250
7	E2EH0300N-1Y	6	60	250
8	K1EH0050A-1P	2	30	250
9	T1/E1EH0075AN1P	2	40	250
10	T1EH0100A-1P	4	30	250
11	T1/E1EH0150AN1P	4	40	250
12	T1/E1EH0225AN1P	6	40	250
13	T1/E1EH0075AN1J	3	15	600
14	T1/E1EH0150AN1J	3	20	600
15	T1/E1EH0225AN1J	3	30	600
16	T1/E1EH0300N-1J	3	40	600
17	T1/E1EH0075AN1G	3	15	600
18	T1/E1EH0150AN1G	3	25	600
19	T1/E1EH0225AN1G	3	35	600
20	T1/E1EH0300N-1G	3	50	600

UNIT REPLACEMENT FUSES

	LGX036												
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph			
Powe	er Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.			
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				Am	ıps						
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10			

	LGX048												
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph			
Powe	er Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.			
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				Am	ıps						
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10			

	LGX060													
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph				
Powe	er Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.				
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				Am	nps							
F57	CC	1.0	10 10 10 10											

			LCX02	4				
	Electric Heat Size		5 H	KW	7.5	KW	10	KW
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 1 Ph
Po	ower Exhaust Option		W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP			An	nps		
F4	RK or K	0.25	25	25	25	25	25	25

	LCX036																	
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	Unit Voltage 208/230' 1 Ph					30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph		30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.														
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP																
F4	RK or K	0.5	35	35	25	25	15	15	15	15	35	35	25	25	15	15	15	15
F4	RK or K	1.0	40	40	30	25	15	15	15	15	40	40	30	25	15	15	15	15
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

	LCX048																	
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	nit Voltage			30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph		30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power Exhaust Option W/ W/ W/ W/ W/ W/ W/ W									W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.			
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP		Amps														
F4	RK or K	0.5	50	45	30	30	15	15	15	15	50	45	30	30	15	15	15	15
F4	RK or K	1.0	50	50	35	35	20	15	15	15	50	50	35	35	20	15	15	15
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

								LCX0	60									
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	Unit Voltage			30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph	208/2 1	30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.														
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP		Amps														
F4	RK or K	1.0	60	60	45	45	20	20	15	15	60	60	45	45	20	20	15	15
F4	RK or K	2.0	-	-	45	45	20	20	15	15	-	-	45	45	20	20	15	15
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

	LCX060 (continued)											
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				22.5	KW					
U	nit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph		
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.		
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP		Amps								
F4	RK or K	1.0	60	60	45	45	20	20	15	15		
F4	RK or K	2.0	-	-	45	45	20	20	15	15		
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10		

	LCX072													
Ele	ctric Heat Siz	е			7.5	KW					15	KW		
	Unit Voltage			0V - 3 Ph	460\	/ - 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph	208/230	0V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Powe	r Exhaust Op	tion	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Class Blower HP A								Am	nps					
F4	RK or K	2.0	50	50 50 25 25 15 15 50 50 25 25 15 15						15				

	LCX072 (continued)													
Ele	ctric Heat Siz	е			22.5	KW					30	KW		
	Unit Voltage		208/23 P	30V - 3 h	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph		30V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Powe	r Exhaust Op	tion	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP						Am	nps					
F4	RK or K	2.0	50	50 50 25 25 15 15 50 50 25 25 15 15						15				

Factory Unit Controller Settings

Use the mobile service app to adjust parameters; menu paths are shown in each table. Refer to the Unit Controller manual provided with each unit.

TABLE 22 through TABLE 24 show factory settings (in degrees, % of fan CFM, etc.). Record adjusted settings on the label located inside the compressor access panel.

When field installing optional kits and accessories, the Unit Controller must be configured to identify the option before it will function. Refer to FIGURE 48 and FIGURE 49 to determine whether the Unit Controller configuration I.D. must change. To configure the option, use MAIN MENU > SETUP > INSTALL menu path. Press SAVE until CONFIGURATION ID 1 or 2 appears depending on the option installed. Change the appropriate character in the configuration I.D. For example, when an economizer is installed using a single enthalpy sensor, change configuration I.D. 1, the second character, to "S".

TABLE 22 581038

Units With BACnet Settings

RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > BACnet MS/TP > See BACnet MAC Address

BACNET MAC ADDRESS:

Units With Room Sensor, CPC/LSE Gateway Settings

RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > SBUS > Set SBUS Address

LCONN ADDRESS:

TABLE 23 581037-01

Units With LonTalk Settings

Use menu RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > Set "LONTALK"

TABLE 24 581101

	Units With Hot Gas Reheat												
Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS													
Parameter	Factory Setting												
105	6		Hot Gas Reheat Option 6: Reheat is only possible if blower is energized during occupied periods. Controlled by RH sensor (A91) connected to input A55_P298_5 and set point set at parameter 106 (default 60%).										
414	10 sec (All-Aluminum Coils Only)		HI CL REHEAT TMOUT: Number of seconds Reheat Valve remains energized upon thermostat call for high stage cooling (default 0 sec onds).										

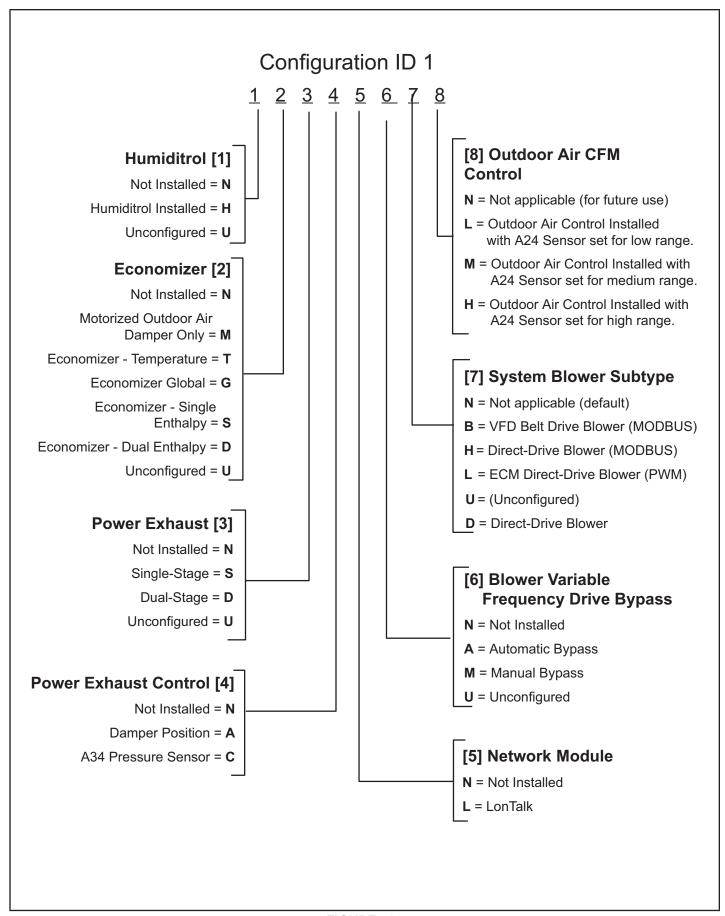


FIGURE 48

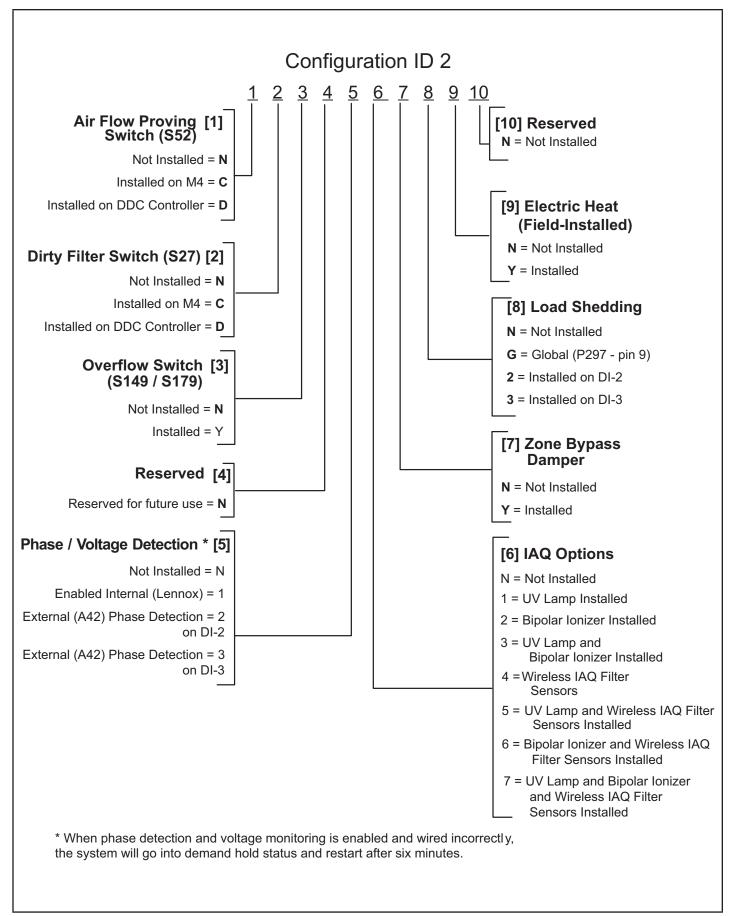


FIGURE 49

Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.

Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before starting decommissioning.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.

- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80% volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another REFRIGERATING SYSTEM unless it has been cleaned and checked.

A IMPORTANT

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be signed and dated. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment that state the flammability of the refrigerant used.

START-UP REPORT

Job Name:							È			lucauca		and Ch	l		
Job Name:Start-Up Date:							Dor	2222			ections			D 🗆	
Address:	-		_			s No									
City:	-	If yes, reported to:													
Start-Up Con		Verify factory and field-installed accessories.													
Technician:		Check electrical connections. Tighten if necessary.													
Model No.:	-	Supply voltage: L1-L2L1-L3L2-L3													
Serial No.:		If unit contains a 208-230/240 volt transformer: Check primary transformer tap \square													
RTU No.:						siormer dary volt									
110 110	· · · · · ·	Oatalog				ing Ch									
0	D-4-4:										2	\: T			
Compressor Rotation Ambient Temp. Re Compressor Amps Compressor Volts															Amne
L1 L2 L3			L1-L2 L1-L3 L2-L3			Disch			L1 L2			L3		CC Heater Amp	
1					-										
2															
3															
4															
Blower Checks										Heatir	ng Ched	cks - El	ectric		
Pulley/Belt A Set Screws	-		Blower R Belt Tens								S	upply A	ir Tem	ıp.:	
Nameplate A	Amps:		Volts:				LIM	its Op	erau	e:		Amno			
Motor Amps Volts								L	1	L2	L3	Amps	L1	L2	L3
	_1-L2		1	+-				10							
L2 L1-L3 L3 L2-L3							2					11			
	1	3					12								
	1	4					13								
Fuel type: Nat. LP Inlet Pressure: in. w.c.							5					14			
Return Air Temp.: Supply Air Temp.:							6					15			
Altitude: Primary Limits Operate:							7					16			
CO ₂ %:							8					17			
Gas Valv	e _	Manifold Pressure					9					18			
		Low Fire High Fire								Δα	cessor	y Chec	ke		
GV1 GV2											wer Exh				
GVZ]	1				2		-	None [
													•		
		Control	туре			-				Eco	nomize	r Opera	tion		