UNIT INFORMATION

LHX 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 ton

100155 02/2025

Service Literature

LHX024-060 with R454B

The LHX commercial heat pump is available in 2, 3, 4, and 5 ton capacities. The LHX024-060 refrigerant systems utilize one compressor, one reversing valve and other parts common to a heat pump. Optional auxiliary electric heat is field installed in LHX units. Electric heat operates in single stage. 5kW through 22.5kW heat sections are available for the LHX heat pump.

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.

False ceilings or drop ceiling may be used as a return air plenum only if the unit being installed has a Refrigerant Detection System

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out with work in confined spaces being avoided.

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

A WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.



A WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

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A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier.

WARNING

Only manufacturer approved auxiliary devices are permitted to be installed in this unit.

WARNING

If this appliance is conditioning a space with an area smaller than TAmin or stored in a space with an area smaller than Amin as defined by this instruction, then that space must be without continuously operating open flames (e.g. an operating gas appliance) or other potential ignition sources (e.g. an operating electric heater or similar hot surface). A flame-producing device may be installed in the same space if the device is provided with an effective flame arrest system.

WARNING

- •Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- •The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance, or an operating electric heater).
- •Do not pierce or burn.
- •Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.

▲ CAUTION

Auxiliary devices which may be a potential ignition source shall not be installed in the duct work. Examples of such potential ignition sources are hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching devices.

A CAUTION

Any personnel installing, decommissioning, or performaing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants.

▲ CAUTION

Leak Detection System installed. Unit must be powered except for service.

A CAUTION

Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

WARNING

- •This appliance must be installed in accordance with local and national wiring regulations.
- •If the appliance is not fitted with an option for full disconnection from power, a means of disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with national and local wiring regulations.

A WARNING

Ducts connected to an appliance shall not contain a potential ignition source.

▲ CAUTION

The appliance is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction

A CAUTION

Children should be supervised not to play with the appliance.

A IMPORTANT

Pipe work, including piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as ASHRAE 15, ASHRAE 15.2, IAPMO Uniform Mechanical Code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA B52. All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed.

A IMPORTANT

Refrigerant sensors for refrigerant detection systems shall only be replaced with sensors specified by the appliance manufacture.

▲ CAUTION

This unit is equipped with electrically powered safety measures. To be effective, the unit must be electrically powered at all times after installation, other than when servicing.

A2L Refrigerant Considerations

Ensure that the work area is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects, taking into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used when searching for or detecting refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/ extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practices be followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- -Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations.
- -Evacuate the circuit.
- -Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- -Evacuate.
- -Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- -Open the circuit

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygenfree nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

| OPTIONS / ACCESSO | DRIES | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Item | | Order | | Si | ze | |
| | | Number | 024 | 036 | 048 | 060 |
| COOLING SYSTEM | | | | | | |
| Condensate Drain Trap | PVC | 22H54 | Х | Χ | Χ | Х |
| | Copper | 76W27 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| Drain Pan Overflow Switch | | 21Z07 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR | | | | | | |
| Motors | Direct Drive (PSC) - 0.25 HP (208/230V-1ph) | Factory | 0 | | | |
| | Direct Drive (PSC) - 0.50 HP (All Voltages) | Factory | | 0 | 0 | |
| | Direct Drive (ECM) - 1 HP (All Voltages) | Factory | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Single-Speed Belt Drive - 2 HP (208/230V, 460V, 575V-3ph) | Factory | | | | 0 |
| Drive Kit | Kit A07 - 1212-1548 rpm | Factory | | | | 0 |
| CABINET | | | | | | |
| Combination Coil/Hail Guards | | 13R98 | OX | OX | | |
| | | 13T03 | | | ОХ | ОХ |
| Hinged Access Panels | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CONTROLS | | | | | | |
| BACnet® Module | | 38B35 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Dirty Filter Switch | | 53W66 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Smoke Detector - Supply or R | eturn (Power board and one sensor) | 21Z11 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Smoke Detector - Supply and | Return (Power board and two sensors) | 21Z12 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |

NOTE - The order and model numbers that appear here are for ordering field installed accessories only.

OX - Field Installed or Configure to Order (factory installed)

O - Configure to Order (Factory Installed)

X - Field Installed

| 14 | | Order | | Si | ze | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Item | | Number | 024 | 036 | 048 | 060 |
| ECONOMIZER | | | | | | |
| High Performance Economizer With Combination Outdoor Air H (Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMCA Cla | | | | | | |
| Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood | | 20H48 | OX | OX | OX | ОХ |
| Economizer Accessories | | | | | | |
| Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit | | 17W45 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Economizer Controls | | | | | | |
| Single Enthalpy Control | | 21Z09 | ОХ | ОХ | OX | ОХ |
| Differential Enthalpy Control (order 2) (Not for Title 24) | | 21Z09 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| POWER EXHAUST FAN | | | | | | |
| Standard Static | 208/230V-1 or 3ph | 21Z13 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| NOTE - Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit" for field installation. See | 460V-3ph | 21 Z 14 | | Х | Х | Х |
| below. | 575V-3ph | 21Z15 | | Х | Х | Х |
| BAROMETRIC RELIEF | | | | | | |
| ¹ Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit | | 21 Z 21 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| ² Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hood | | 19F01 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| OUTDOOR AIR | | | | | | |
| Outdoor Air Dampers - Includes Outdoor Air Hood | | | | | | |
| Motorized | | 15D17 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Manual | | 15D18 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 1 Required when Economizer is factory installed with field installed Power Exhaust Fan | ontion | | | | | |

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Required when Economizer is factory installed with field installed Power Exhaust Fan option.

NOTE - The order and model numbers that appear here are for ordering field installed accessories only.

² Required when Economizer is configured for horizontal airflow.

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X - Field Installed

| | | Order | | Si | ze | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Item | | Number | 024 | 036 | 048 | 060 |
| ELECTRICAL | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | See Electrical/Electric Heat Tables for | selection | ОХ | OX | OX | ОХ |
| Voltage | 208/230V | - 1 phase | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 60 Hz | 208/230V | - 3 phase | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 460V | - 3 phase | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 575V | - 3 phase | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GFI Service | 15 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V only) | 74M70 | ОХ | ОХ | ОХ | ОХ |
| Outlets | ³ 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V, 575V) | 67E01 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| | ¹ 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (575V) | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weatherproof Cover for GFI | | 10C89 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | | | |
| 5 kW | 208/240V- 1ph | 31B27 | Х | | | |
| 7.5 kW | 208/240V-1ph | 24U10 | Х | Х | X | Х |
| | 208/240V-3ph | 24U11 | | Х | Χ | Х |
| | 460V-3ph | 24U12 | | X | Х | Х |
| | 575V-3ph | 24U13 | | Х | Х | Х |
| 10 kW | 208/240V-1ph | 24U14 | Х | | | |
| 15 kW | 208/230V-1ph | 24U15 | | Χ | X | Х |
| | 208/240V-3ph | 24U16 | | Х | Х | Х |
| | 460V-3ph | 24U17 | | Х | Х | Х |
| | 575V-3ph | 24U18 | | Х | Х | Х |
| 22.5 kW | 208/240V-1ph | 24U19 | | | | Х |
| | 208/240V-3ph | 24U20 | | | | Х |
| | 460V-3ph | 24U21 | | | | Х |
| | 575V-3ph | 24U22 | | | | Х |

¹ Canada requires a minimum 20 amp circuit. Select 20 amp, non-powered, field wired GFI.

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| Item | | Order | | Si | ze | |
|---|------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| item | | Number | 024 | 036 | 048 | 060 |
| INDOOR AIR QUALITY | | | | | | |
| Air Filters | | | | | | |
| | 8 (16 x 20 x 2) | 54W20 | Х | Х | | |
| | 13 (16 x 20 x 2) | 52W37 | Х | Χ | | |
| Order 4 per unit MERV | 16 (16 x 20 x 2) | 22H13 | Х | Χ | | |
| MERV | 8 (20 x 20 x 2) | 54W21 | | | Χ | Х |
| MERV ? | 13 (20 x 20 x 2) | 52W39 | | | Χ | Х |
| MERV 1 | 16 (20 x 20 x 2) | 21U40 | | | Χ | Х |
| Replaceable Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame (includes non-pleated filter media) (Order 4 per unit) | (20 x 20 x 2) | 44N60 | | | Х | Х |
| Indoor Air Quality (CO ₂) Sensors | | | | | | |
| Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with LCD display | | 77N39 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover, no display | | 23V86 | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ |
| Sensor - Black plastic case, LCD display, rated for plenum mounting | | 87N52 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| Sensor - Black plastic case, no display, rated for plenum mounting | | 23V87 | Х | Χ | Χ | Х |
| CO₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflow applications | | 23Y47 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-plenum rated CO ₂ sensor (77N39) | | 90N43 | Х | Х | Χ | Χ |
| Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI) | | | | | | |
| Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization Kit | | 22U14 | Х | Х | Χ | Χ |
| UVC Germicidal Lamps | | | | | | |
| ¹ Healthy Climate [®] UVC Light Kit (110/230V-1ph) | | 21A92 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| Step-Down Transformers 460V primary, 2 | 230V secondary | 10H20 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| 575V primary, 2 | 230V secondary | 10H21 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| ROOF CURBS | | | | | - | |
| Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow | | | | | | |
| 8 in. height | | 11F50 | Х | Х | Χ | Х |
| 14 in. height | | 11F51 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 18 in. height | | 11F52 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 24 in. height | | 11F53 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Adjustable Pitch Curb, Downflow | | | | | | |
| 14 in. height | | 43W27 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| CEILING DIFFUSERS | | | | | | |
| Step-Down - Order one | RTD9-65S | 13K60 | Х | Х | Х | |
| • | RTD11-95S | 13K61 | | | | Х |
| Flush - Order one | FD9-65S | 13K55 | Х | Х | Х | |
| | FD11-95S | 13K56 | | - | | Х |
| Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order one | T1TRAN10AN1 | 17W53 | Х | Х | Х | |
| (11) / - ·· -··- | T1TRAN20N-1 | 17W54 | | | | Х |

¹ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V and 575V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s).

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| Madal | | 1117004050 | LUVAGGED | LUVACAGE |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Model | | LHX024S5D | LHX036S5D | LHX036S5E |
| Nominal Tonnage |) | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Efficiency Type | | Standard | Standard | Standard |
| Blower Type | | Multi-Tap Direct Drive | Multi-Tap Direct Drive | Variable-Speed Direct Drive |
| Cooling | Gross Cooling Capacity (Btuh) | 24,600 | 36,300 | 36,300 |
| Performance | ¹ Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh) | 22,600 | 34,600 | 34,600 |
| | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm) | 900 | 1200 | 1200 |
| | ¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt) | 13.4 | 13.4 | 13.4 |
| | ¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt) | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 2.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Heating | ¹ Total High Heating Capacity (Btuh) | 23,000 | 35,000 | 35,000 |
| Performance | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm) | 900 | 1200 | 1200 |
| | ¹ HSPF2 (Region IV) | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| | ¹ HSPF2 (Region V) | 5.70 | 5.90 | 5.90 |
| | ¹ COP | 3.50 | 3.64 | 3.64 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| - | ¹ Total Low Heating Capacity (Btuh) | 13,000 | 20,400 | 20,400 |
| | ¹ COP | 2.28 | 2.32 | 2.32 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 1.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Sound Rating Nu | mber dBA | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Refrigerant | Refrigerant Type | R-454B | R-454B | R-454B |
| Charge | · · · | 12 lbs. 8 oz. | 12 lbs. 0 oz. | 12 lbs. 0 oz. |
| Electric Heat Avai | ilable | | See page 20 | J |
| Compressor Type | (Number) | Scroll (1) | Scroll (1) | Scroll (1) |
| Outdoor Coil | Net face area - ft. ² | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 |
| | Rows | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | Fins - in. | 23 (20) | 23 (20) | 23 (20) |
| Outdoor Coil | Motor HP (number and type) | 1/4 (1 PSC) | 1/4 (1 PSC) | 1/4 (1 PSC) |
| Fan | Rpm | 825 | 825 | 825 |
| | Watts | 325 | 325 | 325 |
| | Diameter (Number) - in. | (1) 24 | (1) 24 | (1) 24 |
| | Blades | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Total air volume - cfm | 3300 | 3300 | 3300 |
| ndoor | Net face area - ft. ² | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.8 |
| Coil | Rows | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Fins - in. | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| | Condensate drain size (NPT) - in. | (1) 1 | (1) 1 | (1) 1 |
| | Expansion device type | | Port Thermostatic Expa | |
| | Blower Type | PSC | PSC PSC | ECM |
| Indoor | Nominal Motor HP | 0.25 | 0.5 | 1 |
| Blower | Wheel (Number) diameter x width - in. | (1) 10 x 10 | (1) 10 x 10 | (1) 11 x 10 |
| Filters | Type | (., 10 % 10 | Disposable | (1) 11 × 10 |
| | Number and size - in. | | (4) 16 x 20 x 2 | |
| Line voltage data | | 208/230V-1-60 | 208/23 208/23 460- | 0V-1-60 30-3-60 -3-60 |

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240:

Cooling Ratings - 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering indoor coil air.

High Temperature Heating Ratings - 47°F db/43°F wb outdoor air temperature and 70°F entering indoor coil air.

Low Temperature Heating Ratings - 17°F db/15°F wb outdoor air temperature and 70°F entering indoor coil air.

| SPECIFICATIO | NS - DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER | | _ | 4 TON 5 TO |
|--|---|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Model | | LHX048S5D | LHX048S5E | LHX060S5E |
| Nominal Tonnage | | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Efficiency Type | | Standard | Standard | Standard |
| Blower Type | | Multi-Tap Direct Drive | Variable-Speed Direct Drive | Variable-Speed Direct Drive |
| Cooling | Gross Cooling Capacity (Btuh) | 48,700 | 48,700 | 60,600 |
| Performance | ¹ Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh) | 46,000 | 46,000 | 57,000 |
| | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm) | 1620 | 1620 | 1800 |
| | ¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt) | 13.4 | 13.4 | 13.4 |
| | ¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt) | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 4.4 | 4.4 | 5.4 |
| leating | ¹ Total High Heating Capacity (Btuh) | 47,500 | 47,500 | 58,000 |
| erformance | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm) | 1620 | 1620 | 1800 |
| | ¹ HSPF2 (Region IV) | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| | ¹ HSPF2 (Region V) | 6.2 | 6.20 | 6.36 |
| | ¹ COP | 3.72 | 3.72 | 3.7 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.5 |
| _ | ¹ Total Low Heating Capacity (Btuh) | 27,400 | 27,400 | 33,000 |
| | 1 COP | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.2 |
| ound Rating Number | | 75 | 75 | 80 |
| efrigerant | Refrigerant Type | R-454B | R-454B | R-454B |
| harge | Tromgorant Type | 16 lbs. 12 oz. | 16 lbs. 12 oz. | 15 lbs. 10 oz. |
| lectric Heat Available | <u> </u> | 10 150. 12 02. | See page 20 | 10 100. 10 02. |
| compressor Type (Nu | | Scroll (1) | Scroll (1) | Scroll (1) |
| Outdoor Coil | Net face area - ft. ² | 17.8 | 17.8 | 17.8 |
| didoor oon | Rows | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Fins - in. | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Outdoor Coil | Motor HP (number and type) | 1/3 (1 PSC) | 1/3 (1 PSC) | 1/3 (1 PSC) |
| an | Rpm | 1075 | 1075 | 1075 |
| | Watts | 325 | 325 | 325 |
| | Diameter (Number) - in. | (1) 24 | (1) 24 | (1) 24 |
| | ` ' | | _ | |
| | Blades | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| ndoor | Total air volume - cfm Net face area - ft.² | 3900 9.7 | 3900 | 3900 9.7 |
| oil | _ | | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| | Rows | 4 | | |
| | Fins - in. | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| | Condensate drain size (NPT) - in. | (1) 1 | (1) 1 | (1) 1 |
| | Expansion device type | | ed Port Thermostatic Expans | |
| | Blower Type | PSC | ECM | ECM |
| ndoor Blower | Nominal Motor HP | 0.5 | 1 (1) 11 12 | 1 (1) 11 12 |
| | Wheel (Number) diameter x width - in. | (1) 10 x 10 | (1) 11 x 10 | (1) 11 x 10 |
| ilters | Туре | | Disposable | |
| | Number and size - in. | | (4) 16 x 20 x 2 | |
| ine voltage data (Voltــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | :s-Phase-Hz) | | 208/230V-1-60 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60 | |

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240:

Cooling Ratings - 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering indoor coil air.

High Temperature Heating Ratings - 47°F db/43°F wb outdoor air temperature and 70°F entering indoor coil air.

Low Temperature Heating Ratings - 17°F db/15°F wb outdoor air temperature and 70°F entering indoor coil air.

| SPECIFICATI | IONS - BELT DRIVE BLOWER | 5 TON |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Model | | LHX060S5B |
| Nominal Tonnage | | 5 |
| Efficiency Type | | Standard |
| Blower Type | | Single Speed Belt Drive |
| Cooling | Gross Cooling Capacity (Btuh) | 60,600 |
| Performance | ¹ Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh) | 57,000 |
| | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm) | 1800 |
| | ¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt) | 13.4 |
| | ¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt) | 10.6 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 5.4 |
| Heating | ¹ Total High Heating Capacity (Btuh) | 58,000 |
| Performance | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow (cfm) | 1800 |
| | ¹ HSPF2 (Region IV) | 6.7 |
| | ¹ COP | 3.7 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 4.5 |
| _ | ¹ Total Low Heating Capacity (Btuh) | 33,000 |
| | ¹ COP | 2.4 |
| | Total Unit Power (kW) | 4.2 |
| Sound Rating Nur | mber dBA | 80 |
| Refrigerant | Refrigerant Type | R-454B |
| Charge | | 15 lbs. 0 oz. |
| Electric Heat Avai | lable | See page 20 |
| Compressor Type | (Number) | Scroll (1) |
| Outdoor Coil | Net face area - sq. ft. | 17.8 |
| | Rows | 3 |
| | Fins - in. | 20 |
| Outdoor Coil | Motor HP (number and type) | 1/3 (1 PSC) |
| Fan | Rpm | 1075 |
| | Watts | 375 |
| | Diameter (Number) - in. | (1) 24 |
| | Blades | 4 |
| | Total air volume - cfm | 3900 |
| Indoor | Net face area - sq. ft. | 9.7 |
| Coil | Rows | 4 |
| | Fins - in. | 14 |
| | Condensate drain size (NPT) - in. | (1) 1 |
| | Expansion device type | Balanced Port Thermostatic Expansion Valve |
| ³ Indoor | Nominal Motor HP | 2 |
| Blower & Drive | Maximum Usable Motor HP (US) | 2.3 |
| Selection | Available Drive Kits | A07 |
| | \A/la a al (Alicerata en dispracta en considitation in | 1212 - 1548 rpm |
| | Wheel (Number) diameter x width - in. | (1) 10 x 10 |
| Filters | Type | Disposable (4) 20 × 20 × 2 |
| Line velterer det | Number and size - in. | (4) 20 x 20 x 2 |
| Line voltage data | (VOITS-PNASE-HZ) | 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 |
| | | 575-3-60 |

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240:

Cooling Ratings - 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering indoor coil air.

High Temperature Heating Ratings - 47°F db/43°F wb outdoor air temperature and 70°F entering indoor coil air.

Low Temperature Heating Ratings - 17°F db/15°F wb outdoor air temperature and 70°F entering indoor coil air.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor HP required. Maximum usable HP of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor HP is also maximum usable motor HP. If motors of comparable HP are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE. FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.) See page 18.
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.) See page 18.

| External Static | | Air | Volume (cfm) at V | arious Blower Sp | eeds | |
|-----------------|------|-----------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Pressure (in. | | 208 VOLTS | | | 230 VOLTS | |
| w.g.) | High | Medium | Low | High | Medium | Low |
| DOWNFLOW | | | | | | LHX024S5D |
| 0.0 | 1199 | 928 | 838 | 1379 | 1085 | 877 |
| 0.1 | 1229 | 926 | 813 | 1409 | 1086 | 872 |
| 0.2 | 1206 | 928 | 782 | 1367 | 1094 | 850 |
| 0.3 | 1183 | 881 | 742 | 1350 | 1047 | 820 |
| 0.4 | 1159 | 843 | 686 | 1321 | 1009 | 783 |
| 0.5 | 1136 | 812 | 643 | 1282 | 981 | 762 |
| 0.6 | 1103 | 766 | 569 | 1242 | 921 | 705 |
| 0.7 | 1046 | 728 | 496 | 1195 | 888 | 625 |
| 0.8 | 953 | 648 | 432 | 1134 | 792 | 583 |
| 0.9 | 909 | 584 | 335 | 1037 | 738 | 492 |
| 1.0 | 783 | 465 | 247 | 926 | 592 | 411 |
| HORIZONTAL | | | | | | LHX024S5D |
| 0.0 | 1152 | 909 | 801 | 1325 | 1063 | 838 |
| 0.1 | 1152 | 893 | 770 | 1321 | 1048 | 826 |
| 0.2 | 1136 | 866 | 734 | 1288 | 1021 | 798 |
| 0.3 | 1104 | 826 | 697 | 1260 | 982 | 771 |
| 0.4 | 1072 | 787 | 643 | 1222 | 942 | 734 |
| 0.5 | 1041 | 747 | 589 | 1175 | 903 | 698 |
| 0.6 | 1009 | 707 | 534 | 1137 | 850 | 662 |
| 0.7 | 946 | 654 | 467 | 1081 | 797 | 588 |
| 0.8 | 861 | 588 | 396 | 1024 | 718 | 535 |
| 0.9 | 798 | 508 | 319 | 911 | 642 | 468 |
| 1.0 | 715 | 443 | 237 | 846 | 564 | 394 |

LHX036S5D | LHX048S5D

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 18 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 18 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

| External Static | | | Air | Volume (cfn | n) at Various | Blower Spe | eds | | |
|-----------------|------|-----------|------|-------------|---------------|------------|------|-------------|----------|
| Pressure (in. | | 208 VOLTS | | | 230 VOLTS | | 4 | 60/575 VOLT | S |
| w.g.) | High | Medium | Low | High | Medium | Low | High | Medium | Low |
| DOWNFLOW | | | | | | | | L | HX036S5D |
| 0.0 | 1938 | 1552 | 1119 | 2167 | 1772 | 1317 | 2136 | 1716 | 1212 |
| 0.1 | 1992 | 1586 | 1128 | 2167 | 1780 | 1315 | 2104 | 1728 | 1208 |
| 0.2 | 1915 | 1592 | 1137 | 2100 | 1792 | 1307 | 2052 | 1684 | 1197 |
| 0.3 | 1865 | 1536 | 1083 | 2043 | 1735 | 1266 | 1994 | 1647 | 1172 |
| 0.4 | 1813 | 1495 | 1033 | 1986 | 1678 | 1204 | 1918 | 1597 | 1134 |
| 0.5 | 1762 | 1444 | 976 | 1909 | 1621 | 1164 | 1861 | 1534 | 1096 |
| 0.6 | 1694 | 1391 | 899 | 1814 | 1535 | 1082 | 1765 | 1485 | 1059 |
| 0.7 | 1609 | 1331 | 817 | 1718 | 1478 | 1000 | 1689 | 1410 | 996 |
| 0.8 | 1471 | 1220 | 730 | 1603 | 1364 | 918 | 1613 | 1335 | 920 |
| 0.9 | 1368 | 1066 | 522 | 1488 | 1250 | 755 | 1498 | 1235 | 848 |
| 1.0 | 1108 | 869 | 402 | 1259 | 1021 | 640 | 1345 | 1036 | 763 |
| HORIZONTAL | | | | | | | | L | HX036S5D |
| 0.0 | 1862 | 1520 | 1070 | 2082 | 1736 | 1259 | 2085 | 1745 | 1247 |
| 0.1 | 1867 | 1530 | 1069 | 2031 | 1717 | 1246 | 2070 | 1744 | 1257 |
| 0.2 | 1804 | 1485 | 1067 | 1978 | 1672 | 1227 | 2016 | 1690 | 1225 |
| 0.3 | 1741 | 1440 | 1018 | 1907 | 1627 | 1190 | 1944 | 1643 | 1192 |
| 0.4 | 1677 | 1396 | 968 | 1837 | 1567 | 1128 | 1890 | 1596 | 1160 |
| 0.5 | 1614 | 1329 | 894 | 1749 | 1492 | 1066 | 1800 | 1533 | 1111 |
| 0.6 | 1550 | 1284 | 844 | 1660 | 1417 | 1016 | 1727 | 1455 | 1062 |
| 0.7 | 1455 | 1195 | 769 | 1554 | 1327 | 941 | 1655 | 1377 | 996 |
| 0.8 | 1329 | 1106 | 670 | 1448 | 1237 | 842 | 1511 | 1283 | 865 |
| 0.9 | 1202 | 927 | 496 | 1307 | 1087 | 718 | 1403 | 1190 | 784 |
| 1.0 | 1012 | 828 | 385 | 1150 | 973 | 613 | 1222 | 1002 | 670 |

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.)

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

See page 18 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 18 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

| DOWNFLOW | MO | | | | | | | | | | | | F | M lot | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------|-------|---------------|------------|------|------|-----------|------|-----------|-------|------|
| Static | | %02 | | 30 | 30% | H | 4 | 40% | | 50 | 20% | r ei ceillage | %01 101 %09 | 60% | | %02 | | | 80% | | | %06 | | | 100% | |
| Press. | Cfm | - 40 | RPM Cf | Cfm Watts | | RPM | Cfm Watts | | RPM Cfm | | Watts RPM | M Cfm | | tts RPM | | Cfm Watts | s RPM | | Cfm Watts | RPM | | Cfm Watts | RPM | Cfm Watts | | RPM |
| 0 | 1101 | 120 | 494 13 | 1328 19 | 196 5 | 578 15 | 1555 2 | 272 60 | 662 1728 | | 374 731 | 1901 | 01 475 | 75 800 |) 2023 | 3 580 | 852 | 2145 | 684 | 903 | 2292 | 854 | 970 | 2348 | 942 | 866 |
| 0.1 | 1002 | 66 | 541 12 | 1241 18 | 180 6 | 620 14 | 1479 2 | 260 69 | 698 1662 | \vdash | 366 76 | 763 1845 | 45 471 | 71 827 | 1976 | 6 279 | 876 | 2106 | 189 | 924 | 2268 | 865 | 286 | 2334 | 928 | 1013 |
| 0.2 | 918 | 88 | 589 11 | 1167 17 | 173 6 | 663 14 | 1416 2 | 257 73 | 736 1608 | | 366 79 | 796 1800 | 00 475 | 75 856 | 3 1938 | 8 586 | 902 | 2076 | 269 | 947 | 2249 | 880 | 1006 | 2324 | 978 | 1031 |
| 0.3 | 848 | 98 | 638 11 | 1106 17 | 174 7 | 706 13 | 1364 2 | 261 7 | 774 1564 | | 373 83 | 830 1763 | 63 485 | 35 886 | 3 1907 | 2 599 | 929 | 2051 | 712 | 972 | 2234 | 899 | 1028 | 2316 | 1000 | 1052 |
| 0.4 | 790 | 92 | 688 10 | 1056 183 | - | 751 13 | 1321 2 | 273 8 | 814 1527 | | 387 86 | 866 1733 | 33 501 | 11 918 | 3 1882 | 2 617 | 928 | 2031 | 732 | 866 | 2221 | 921 | 1051 | 2307 | 1024 | 1074 |
| 0.5 | 742 | 105 | 738 10 | 1015 197 | | 796 12 | 1287 2 | 289 8 | 854 1498 | | 405 90 | 902 1709 | | 520 950 | 1862 | 2 637 | 988 | 2014 | 754 | 1025 | 2208 | 944 | 1076 | 2296 | 1048 | 1099 |
| 9.0 | 703 | 124 | 788 981 | 31 217 | | 841 12 | 1258 3 | 310 89 | 894 1473 | 73 427 | | 939 1688 | 88 543 | 13 984 | 1843 | 3 660 | 1019 | 1998 | 777 | 1053 | 2194 | 896 | 1101 | 2281 | 1071 | 1124 |
| 0.7 | 029 | 146 | 838 9 | 952 240 | | 887 12 | 1233 3 | 334 93 | 935 1451 | _ | 451 97 | 976 1669 | 99 268 | 38 1017 | 7 1826 | 6 685 | 1050 | 1982 | 801 | 1082 | 2177 | 991 | 1128 | 2260 | 1092 | 1151 |
| 0.8 | 642 | 172 | 888 927 | 27 266 | | 932 12 | 1211 | 360 | 975 1431 | 31 477 | | 1013 1650 | 50 593 | 33 1051 | 1 1807 | 7 709 | 1081 | 1963 | 825 | 1111 | 2155 | 1012 | 1155 | 2233 | 1109 | 1178 |
| 6: O Pa | 618 | 200 | 937 90 | 904 294 | \vdash | 976 11 | 1190 | 387 10 | 1015 1410 | _ | 502 1050 | 50 1629 | 29 617 | 1084 | 4 1785 | 5 732 | 1112 | 1940 | 846 | 1140 | 2127 | 1029 | 1182 | 1 | : | ; |
| 1.0 | 269 | 229 | 985 88 | 882 321 | | 1020 11 | 1168 4 | 413 10 | 1054 1387 | - | 526 1086 | 86 1605 | 05 639 | 39 1117 | 7 1758 | 8 752 | 1143 | 1911 | 864 | 1169 | 2090 | 1042 | 1209 | 1 1 | : | 1 1 |
| 13 | 1 1 | : | : | ' | 1 | 1 | 1144 4 | 437 10 | 1092 1360 | | 548 1120 | 20 1576 | 76 659 | 59 1148 | 8 1725 | 5 769 | 1173 | 1874 | 878 | 1197 | 2043 | 1049 | 1236 | 1 | : | ; |
| 1.2 | 1 1 | ! | : | : | : | | 1115 4 | 458 11 | 1129 1328 | | 566 1154 | 54 1540 | 40 674 | 74 1179 | 9 1685 | 5 780 | 1202 | 1829 | 988 | 1225 | 1985 | 1049 | 1262 | 1 1 | : | 1 1 |
| 1.3 | 1 | : | : | : | 1 | 10 | 1080 4 | 475 11 | 1163 1288 | | 579 118 | 1186 1496 | 96 683 | 33 1208 | 8 1634 | 4 785 | 1230 | 1772 | 887 | 1251 | 1913 | 1042 | 1288 | 1 | : | ! |
| 1.4 | 1 1 | : | : | : | : | 10 | 1037 4 | 487 11 | 1196 1239 | | 587 12 | 1216 1441 | 41 686 | 36 1236 | 6 1572 | 2 783 | 1256 | 1703 | 880 | 1275 | 1826 | 1024 | 1312 | 1 1 | : | 1 1 |
| HORIZONTA | ITAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| External | | | | | | | | | | | Perc | Percentage | of To | of Total Motor Torque | or Torc | ank | | | | | | | | | | |
| Static | | 20% | | 30 | 30% | | 4 | 40% | | 20 | 20% | | %09 | % | | %02 | | | %08 | | | %06 | | , | 100% | |
| Press. in. w.g. | Cfm | Cfm Watts | RPM Cf | Cfm Watts | | RPM C | Cfm Watts | atts RI | RPM Cfm | _ | Watts RP | RPM Cfm | | Watts RPM | M Cfm | ר Watts | s RPM | Cfm | Watts | RPM | Cfm | Watts | RPM | Cfm \ | Watts | RPM |
| 0 | 1077 | 113 | 502 12 | 1282 17 | 175 5 | 585 14 | 1486 2 | 237 60 | 668 1670 | | 363 74 | 746 1854 | 54 489 | 39 823 | 3 1993 | 3 623 | 884 | 2131 | 757 | 944 | 2216 | 882 | 995 | 2268 | 926 | 1009 |
| 0.1 | 1016 | 109 | | 1227 17 | 172 6 | 624 14 | 1437 2 | 234 70 | 701 1626 | \vdash | \vdash | 775 1814 | 14 488 | \vdash | \vdash | 6 623 | 906 | 2098 | 757 | 964 | 2194 | 887 | 1011 | 2242 | 928 | 1026 |
| 0.2 | 962 | 111 | 591 11 | 1177 174 | - | 663 13 | 1392 2 | 236 7: | 735 1585 | | 364 80 | 805 1777 | 77 492 | 92 874 | 1 1923 | 3 627 | 930 | 2069 | 762 | 985 | 2175 | 895 | 1029 | 2218 | 935 | 1044 |
| 0.3 | 913 | 118 | 636 11 | 1133 181 | \dashv | 703 13 | 1352 2 | 244 7 | 770 1548 | \rightarrow | 372 83 | 836 1744 | 44 500 | 00 902 | 1893 | 3 636 | 955 | 2042 | 772 | 1007 | 2157 | 206 | 1048 | 2196 | 945 | 1063 |
| 0.4 | 868 | 130 | 682 10 | 1092 193 | \dashv | 744 13 | - | 256 80 | 806 1515 | | 384 86 | 868 1714 | 14 512 | 12 930 | \rightarrow | 6 648 | 980 | 2018 | 784 | 1030 | 2139 | 922 | 1069 | | : | : |
| 0.5 | 827 | 146 | 728 10 | 1054 209 | | 785 12 | 1281 2 | 271 8 | 842 1484 | | 399 901 |)1 1687 | 87 526 | 56 959 | 9 1841 | 1 663 | 1007 | 1995 | 199 | 1054 | 2121 | 938 | 1090 | | | |
| 9.0 | 789 | 165 | 775 10 | 1019 227 | | 827 12 | 1249 2 | 288 8 | 879 1455 | | 416 93 | 934 1660 | 50 543 | 13 988 | 3 1816 | 6 6 6 7 9 | 1034 | 1972 | 815 | 1079 | 2102 | 922 | 1113 | 1 1 | - | : |
| 0.7 | 752 | 185 | 821 98 | 986 247 | _ | 869 12 | 1219 3 | 308 6 | 916 1427 | | 435 967 | 37 1634 | 34 562 | 32 1018 | 8 1792 | 2 698 | 1061 | 1949 | 833 | 1104 | 2081 | 972 | 1136 | | | |
| 0.8 | 718 | 208 | 867 954 | _ | 268 9 | 910 11 | 1189 3 | _ | 953 1399 | | 455 100 | 1000 1608 | 08 581 | 31 1047 | 7 1767 | 7 716 | 1088 | 1925 | 851 | 1129 | 2058 | 686 | 1160 | | | |
| 0.9 | 684 | 231 | 913 92 | 922 26 | 290 98 | 951 11 | _ | - | 989 1371 | _ | 475 10; | 1033 1581 | 81 600 | 1077 | 7 1741 | 1 734 | 1116 | 1900 | 898 | 1154 | 2031 | 1004 | 1185 | | : | |
| 1.0 | 1 1 1 | ! | : | 1 | : | 1 | 1129 3 | | 1025 1341 | | 494 100 | 1066 1553 | 53 618 | 1106 | 6 1713 | 3 751 | 1143 | $\overline{}$ | 884 | 1179 | 2001 | 1017 | 1209 | 1 1 | ! | 1 1 |
| 1.1 | 1 | ! | | : | 1 | 10 | 1097 | | 1060 1310 | 10 511 | | 1098 1522 | 22 634 | 34 1135 | 5 1682 | 2 766 | 1170 | 1841 | 868 | 1204 | 1966 | 1028 | 1233 | 1 | : | !! |
| 1.2 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 1 | : | : | 10 | | $\overline{}$ | 1095 1276 | _ | \rightarrow | 1129 1488 | 88 648 | | 3 1647 | 7 779 | | _ | | 1228 | | 1034 | 1257 | 1 1 | : | 1 1 |
| 1.3 | : | ! | : | ' | : | - | 1026 4 | 420 11 | 1128 1239 | _ | 540 11 | 1159 1451 | _ | 659 1190 | 0 1609 | 9 788 | 1221 | 1767 | 917 | 1252 | 1879 | 1036 | 1281 | 1 | : | : |

985

4.

DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON | 5 TON [ECM]

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 18 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 18 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

| DOWNFLOW | MO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----------|-------|-----------|-----|------|-----------|-----|------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-----------------------|----------|-------|---------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------|-----------|---------|------|
| External | | | | | | | | | | | Pe | Percentage | ge of | of Total Motor Torque | lotor 1 | orque | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Static | | 20% | | | 30% | | | 40% | | | 20% | | | %09 | | | %02 | | ω | %08 | | ၈ | %06 | | 10 | 100% | |
| in. w.g. | Cfm | Cfm Watts | RPM (| Cfm Watts | | RPM | Cfm Watts | | RPM | Cfm V | Watts | RPM | Cfm V | Watts | RPM | Cfm V | Watts R | RPM | Cfm W | Watts R | RPM C | Cfm W | Watts R | RPM | Cfm Watts | l | RPM |
| 0 | 1067 | 112 | 488 | 1325 | 196 | 573 | 1583 | 279 | 657 | 1759 | 381 | 726 | 1934 | 482 | 794 2 | 2046 | 8 629 | 845 2 | 2157 (| 8 929 | 896 2: | 2285 8 | 816 | 956 2 | 2358 92 | 925 9 | 686 |
| 0.1 | 984 | 97 | 537 1 | 1249 | 184 | 919 | 1513 | 270 | 695 | 1697 | 376 | , 092 | 1881 | 481 | 825 2 | 2002 | 584 8 | 873 2 | 2123 (| 6 989 | 921 23 | 2273 8 | 838 | 978 2 | 2352 94 | 947 10 | 800 |
| 0.2 | 912 | 91 | 587 | 1183 | 180 | 199 | 1453 | 268 | 735 | 1644 | 377 | 796 | 1835 | 486 | 856 1 | 964 | 593 | 902 2 | 2093 7 | 6 002 | 947 2: | 2264 8 | 863 1 | 1001 | 2349 97 | 973 10 | 030 |
| 0.3 | 851 | 92 | 636 | 1126 | 183 | 902 | 1400 | 273 | 775 | 1597 | 385 | 832 | 1794 | 497 | 889 | 931 | 6 209 | 932 2 | 2067 7 | 717 9 | 974 23 | 2256 8 | 891 1 | 1026 2 | 2348 10 | 1001 | 053 |
| 0.4 | 797 | 100 | 1 1 | 1075 | 192 | 751 | 1353 | 283 | 815 | 1555 | 397 | 869 | 1757 | 511 | 922 1 | 901 | 625 | 962 2 | 2044 7 | 738 10 | 1002 23 | 2248 9 | 919 1 | 1051 2 | 2347 10 | 1031 10 | 1077 |
| 5.0 Pa | 752 | 114 | 737 1 | 1032 | 206 | 962 | 1312 | 298 | 855 | 1518 | 413 | 905 | 1724 | 528 | 955 1 | 873 | 644 | 993 2 | 2021 7 | 760 10 | 1030 23 | 2239 9 | 948 1 | 1078 2 | 2345 10 | 1061 11 | 1102 |
| 9.0 | 712 | 132 | 787 | 994 | 224 | 842 | 1275 | 316 | 968 | 1484 | 432 | 942 | 1692 | 548 | 988 | 845 | 999 | 1024 1 | 1998 7 | 783 10 | 1059 2: | 2228 9 | 977 1 | 1104 - | : | ; | ! |
| 2.04 | 678 | 155 | 836 | 096 | 246 | 988 | 1242 | 336 | 936 | 1452 | 452 | 979 | 1662 | 568 1 | 1021 | 818 | 687 1 | 1055 1 | 974 8 | 806 10 | 1088 23 | 2214 10 | 1004 1 | 1131 - | : | : | ; |
| 0.8 | 648 | 180 | 885 | 926 | 269 | 931 | 1210 | 358 | 926 | 1421 | 474 | 1016 | 1632 | 589 1 | 1055 1 | 1790 | 709 1 | 1086 1 | 1948 8 | 828 1 | 1117 2 | 2195 10 | 1028 1 | 1158 - | - | | ; |
| 6.0 | 621 | 207 | 933 | 006 | 294 | 974 | 1179 | 381 | 1015 | 1390 | 495 | 1051 | 1600 | 609 1 | 1087 1 | 1760 | 728 1 | 1117 1 | 1919 8 | 847 1 | 1146 2 | 2170 10 | 1049 1 | 1185 - | | | : |
| 1.0 | 969 | 235 | 981 | 872 | 319 | 1017 | 1148 | 403 | 1053 | 1357 | 516 | 1086 | 1566 | 628 1 | 1119 1 | 1725 | 746 1 | 1147 1 | 1884 8 | 864 17 | 1174 2 | 2139 10 | 1066 | 1212 | | | - |
| 1.1 | | | | | | | 1115 | 424 | 1090 | 1322 | 534 | 1120 | 1528 | 643 1 | 1150 1 | 989 | 760 1 | 1176 1 | 844 8 | 876 12 | 1201 2 | 2100 10 | 078 1 | 1238 - | - | - | : |
| 1.2 | | | | | | | 1080 | 443 | 1126 | 1283 | 549 | 1153 | 1485 | 655 1 | 1180 1 | 1641 | 770 1 | 1204 1 | 1797 | 884 12 | 1228 2 | 2052 10 | 1083 1 | 1264 - | - | | - |
| 1.3 | | | | | | | 1040 | 458 | 1161 | 1238 | 561 | 1185 | 1436 | 663 1 | 1209 1 | 289 | 775 1 | 1231 1 | 1742 8 | 886 12 | 1253 19 | 993 10 | 1081 | 1288 - | - | - | ; |
| 1.4 | | | | | | | 966 | 469 | 1194 | 1189 | . 299 | 1215 | 1381 | 665 1 | 1236 1 | 230 | 773 1 | 1257 1 | 1678 8 | 881 12 | 1277 19 | 923 10 | 1071 1 | 311 - | - | | ; |
| 1.5 | | | | | | | 946 | 475 | 1225 | 1132 | 268 | 1244 | 1317 | 661 1 | 1262 1 | 1460 | 765 1 | 1281 1 | 8 809 | 868 12 | 1299 18 | 841 10 | 1051 1 | 1333 - | - | | : |
| 1.6 | : | : | | - | 1 | : | 889 | 476 | 1254 | 1066 | 563 | 1270 | 1243 | 649 1 | 1285 1 | 1380 | 748 1 | 1303 1 | 1517 8 | 846 13 | 1320 1 | 1745 10 | 1022 1 | 1354 - | 1 | - | ; |

DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON | 5 TON [ECM]

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 18 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 18 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

HORIZONTAL

| Charmage of Total Mostis RPM Cfm Cfm Mostis R | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-----|--------|----|-------|-----|----------|-------|------|------|-----|-------|--------|-------|---------------|--------|-----|------|---------|-----|------|------|-----|------|-----|-------|------|
| Prop. Anya Prop. Anya < | | | | | | | | | | | Pe | rcent | age of | Total | Motor . | Torque | 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| RPM GFM Watts RPM GFM SPM GFM GFM SPM GFM GFM <t< th=""><th>7</th><th> °</th><th>%</th><th></th><th>30%</th><th></th><th></th><th>40%</th><th></th><th></th><th>20%</th><th></th><th></th><th>%09</th><th></th><th></th><th>%02</th><th></th><th></th><th>30%</th><th></th><th></th><th>%06</th><th></th><th>7</th><th>100%</th><th></th></t<> | 7 | ° | % | | 30% | | | 40% | | | 20% | | | %09 | | | %02 | | | 30% | | | %06 | | 7 | 100% | |
| 496 1786 1786 1786 1881 8171 818 818 818 181 818 820 82 | 3 | aţ | ts RPM | | Watts | | | Watts | | | | | Cfm / | | _ | Cfm / | | | | | | | | - | | Watts | RPM |
| 539 173 675 1849 284 1875 682 1972 625 986 2114 765 984 2204 883 1972 625 980 2114 765 982 1972 625 980 2114 765 982 1972 625 982 1982 1982 982 1982 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1886 982 1887 1882 | | 17 | | | | | 1501 | 238 | 629 | 1686 | 365 | | 1871 | 491 | က | 2010 | | | | | | | 879 | | | 925 | 1000 |
| 654 1186 173 655 1403 235 726 1756 497 864 1937 655 920 2083 706 975 1786 497 864 1937 655 920 2083 705 2165 705 1786 497 862 1905 705 705 1786 970 1876 668 970 1876 678 1970 2030 779 1020 2149 970 1020 2149 970 1020 2149 970 1020 205 770 1020 779 1020 2149 970 200 970 770 1020 770 1070 | (0 | 10, | - | | | | 1449 | | 692 | 1639 | 361 | _ | 1829 | 488 | 838 | 1972 | - | _ | | | | | | | | 926 | 1017 |
| 630 140 180 696 181 182 1756 97 1906 633 945 2055 768 970 2070 779 1020 174 97 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 174 1020 1020 174 1020 | | 1 | | | | | - | | 726 | 1597 | 363 | _ | | 490 | 864 | 1937 | | - | | | | | | | | 932 | 1034 |
| 6.0 10.0 | | = | | | | | 1361 | 242 | 762 | 1559 | 370 | | | 497 | 892 | 1906 | - | _ | | | | 29 | _ | | | 941 | 1053 |
| 7.2 1059 20.5 7.2 1059 65.8 9.9 1852 65.8 9.9 1852 65.8 9.9 1852 65.8 9.9 1852 65.8 9.9 1852 65.8 9.9 10.2 9.9 1852 65.8 9.9 1852 65.8 10.2 10.2 10.8 11.3 9.9 11.3 9.9 11.3 9.9 11.3 9.9 11.3 9.9 11.3 9.9 11.4 10.2 9.0 10.2 | | 128 | | | | 737 | 1323 | | 798 | 1524 | 381 | | 1725 | 208 | 920 | 1878 | | | | | | | | 1059 | 1 | : | 1 |
| 770 1024 223 821 1256 284 871 1463 411 925 1670 538 978 1827 674 1023 1983 810 1058 1126 103 2093 966 1126 1135 324 470 1025 156 1008 1802 692 1051 1909 962 1051 1909 962 1061 1909 1773 110 1079 1975 1079 1079 1975 1079 | | 14. | _ | | | | 1288 | | | 1493 | 395 | 892 | 1697 | 522 | 949 | 1852 | _ | | | | | | | 1080 | | - | : |
| 863 265 904 1125 303 908 1434 430 958 1643 556 1008 1802 692 1051 1960 827 1093 2093 966 113 575 1038 1777 710 1079 1937 845 1119 2071 983 1150 909 926 287 946 1066 470 1026 154 172 710 1079 1937 845 1150 177 110 909 1115 324 470 1026 154 1068 177 72 110 194 893 1174 1079 110 110 1079 110< | | 16 | | | | | 1256 | | | 1463 | 411 | | 1670 | 538 | | 1827 | | | | | | | | 1103 | ! | : | : |
| 205 863 265 946 1496 340 450 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 470 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1225</td> <td></td> <td>806</td> <td>1434</td> <td>430</td> <td></td> <td>1643</td> <td>_</td> <td>1008</td> <td>1802</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>\perp</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>1126</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> | | | | | | | 1225 | | 806 | 1434 | 430 | | 1643 | _ | 1008 | 1802 | _ | | \perp | | _ | | _ | 1126 | : | : | : |
| 909 926 287 946 1178 117 | | | | | | | 1195 | | 945 | 1406 | 450 | 992 | 1617 | | | 1777 | | | | | | | | 1150 | | | : |
| -1135 365 1018 139 489 1723 745 1133 1884 878 1169 1723 745 1133 1884 878 1169 1013 1189 1013 1189 1059 1562 612 1120 1659 775 1187 1869 175 1182 1461 659 1183 1621 775 1187 1820 905 1219 1944 1032 1247 1069 403 1284 524 1152 1461 655 1183 1621 784 1213 1781 1883 1781 1883 1783 1889 1036 1871 1883 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889 1889< | | 22 | | | | | 1165 | | 982 | 1378 | - | 1025 | 1590 | | | 1751 | | 1106 | | _ | - | | - | 1174 | ١. | : | : |
| 1103 385 1054 1317 507 1090 1531 629 1126 1693 761 1160 1854 893 1194 1983 1024 1223 1069 403 1089 1284 524 1122 1498 644 1155 1659 775 1187 1820 905 1219 1944 1032 1247 992 430 1155 1206 547 1182 1419 663 1209 1578 1731 918 1208 173 918 1208 173 1899 1036 1271 947 437 1187 1160 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 947 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 | | ; | : | ; | | - | 1135 | | 1018 | 1349 | - | 1058 | 1562 | | _ | 1723 | _ | | | | _ | 2017 | 8 | 1198 | | : | : |
| 1069 403 1284 524 1122 1498 644 1155 1659 775 1187 1820 905 1219 1944 1032 1247 1032 418 1123 1247 537 1153 1461 655 1183 1621 784 1213 1781 913 1243 1899 1036 1271 992 430 1155 1206 547 1182 1419 663 1209 1578 791 1238 1737 918 1266 1847 1035 1295 947 437 1187 1160 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 997 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 997 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 | | ; | ; | - | | | 1103 | | 1054 | 1317 | | 1090 | 1531 | | 1126 | 1693 | | 1160 | | | 1194 | 1983 | | 1223 | - 1 | - | : |
| 992 438 1123 1247 537 1153 1461 655 1183 1621 784 1213 1781 913 1243 1899 1036 1271 | | - | - ; | - | - 1 | | 1069 | | | 1284 | | | 1498 | | $\overline{}$ | 1659 | | | | | 1219 | | - | 1247 | - 1 | : | : |
| 992 430 1155 1206 547 1182 1419 663 1209 1578 791 128 1737 918 1737 918 1737 918 1737 918 1737 918 1737 918 1737 918 1738 917 1209 1 947 437 1109 552 1213 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 | | - 1 | ; | ; | - 1 | : | 1032 | | | 1247 | | | 1461 | | | 1621 | | | | | 1243 | | | 1271 | - | | |
| 897 440 1217 1109 552 1218 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 | | | ; | ; | | - 1 | 992 | 430 | | 1206 | | | 1419 | | 1209 | 1578 | | | | ∞ | 1266 | | | 1295 | | : | : |
| 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 897 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 897 440 1217 1109 552 1238 1320 664 1259 1476 788 1284 1631 911 1309 | | - 1 | - | - | - 1 | - 1 | 947 | 437 | 1187 | 1160 | | 1211 | 1373 | | 1235 | 1531 | | | | | 1288 | | - 1 | - 1 | | | |
| | | -: | -: | -: | - 1 | 1 | 897 | 440 | | 1109 | | | 1320 | | | 1476 | | | | | 1309 | - 1 | - | - | | | |

BLOWER DATA BELT DRIVE - 5 TON

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.).
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 18 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 18 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

| DOWNFL | .OW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | LHX0 | 60S5B |
|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Air | | | | | | | Exte | rnal Sta | atic - in. | w.g. | | | | | | |
| Volume | 0. | 10 | 0. | 20 | 0. | 30 | 0. | 40 | 0. | 50 | 0. | 60 | 0. | 70 | 0. | 80 |
| cfm | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР |
| 1500 | 615 | 0.29 | 671 | 0.33 | 726 | 0.36 | 782 | 0.41 | 850 | 0.41 | 917 | 0.42 | 970 | 0.44 | 1009 | 0.47 |
| 1600 | 665 | 0.30 | 716 | 0.34 | 768 | 0.38 | 819 | 0.44 | 879 | 0.44 | 937 | 0.46 | 985 | 0.49 | 1022 | 0.52 |
| 1700 | 723 | 0.31 | 768 | 0.35 | 814 | 0.39 | 860 | 0.47 | 910 | 0.47 | 959 | 0.50 | 1001 | 0.54 | 1037 | 0.58 |
| 1800 | 779 | 0.32 | 818 | 0.37 | 857 | 0.41 | 897 | 0.50 | 939 | 0.50 | 980 | 0.55 | 1018 | 0.59 | 1054 | 0.64 |
| 1900 | 826 | 0.36 | 859 | 0.41 | 894 | 0.45 | 928 | 0.56 | 964 | 0.56 | 1000 | 0.61 | 1036 | 0.66 | 1072 | 0.70 |
| 2000 | 857 | 0.42 | 889 | 0.47 | 920 | 0.52 | 952 | 0.62 | 986 | 0.62 | 1020 | 0.68 | 1055 | 0.73 | 1091 | 0.77 |
| 2100 | 878 | 0.49 | 909 | 0.54 | 940 | 0.59 | 973 | 0.70 | 1006 | 0.70 | 1041 | 0.75 | 1076 | 0.80 | 1112 | 0.85 |
| 2200 | 897 | 0.55 | 929 | 0.61 | 961 | 0.66 | 994 | 0.78 | 1028 | 0.78 | 1063 | 0.83 | 1099 | 0.89 | 1134 | 0.93 |
| 2300 | 918 | 0.62 | 950 | 0.68 | 983 | 0.74 | 1017 | 0.86 | 1052 | 0.86 | 1087 | 0.92 | 1122 | 0.97 | 1157 | 1.02 |
| 2400 | 941 | 0.70 | 974 | 0.77 | 1008 | 0.83 | 1042 | 0.96 | 1077 | 0.96 | 1111 | 1.01 | 1146 | 1.06 | 1181 | 1.11 |
| Air | | | | | | | Exte | rnal Sta | atic - in. | w.g. | | | | | | |
| Volume | 0. | 90 | 1. | 00 | 1. | 10 | 1. | 20 | 1. | 30 | 1. | 40 | 1. | 50 | 1. | 60 |
| cfm | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР |
| 1500 | 1045 | 0.52 | 1085 | 0.56 | 1125 | 0.60 | 1165 | 0.63 | 1208 | 0.66 | 1248 | 0.69 | 1281 | 0.73 | 1311 | 0.77 |
| 1600 | 1059 | 0.57 | 1098 | 0.61 | 1138 | 0.65 | 1177 | 0.68 | 1218 | 0.71 | 1257 | 0.75 | 1290 | 0.79 | 1319 | 0.83 |
| 1700 | 1074 | 0.62 | 1113 | 0.66 | 1152 | 0.70 | 1190 | 0.74 | 1231 | 0.77 | 1268 | 0.80 | 1299 | 0.84 | 1328 | 0.89 |
| 1800 | 1091 | 0.68 | 1129 | 0.72 | 1167 | 0.76 | 1205 | 0.80 | 1244 | 0.83 | 1280 | 0.87 | 1310 | 0.91 | 1338 | 0.95 |
| 1900 | 1109 | 0.75 | 1146 | 0.79 | 1183 | 0.82 | 1221 | 0.86 | 1260 | 0.90 | 1294 | 0.94 | 1323 | 0.98 | 1349 | 1.02 |
| 2000 | 1128 | 0.82 | 1164 | 0.86 | 1201 | 0.89 | 1239 | 0.93 | 1276 | 0.97 | 1310 | 1.01 | 1336 | 1.06 | 1362 | 1.10 |
| 2100 | 1148 | 0.89 | 1185 | 0.93 | 1221 | 0.97 | 1258 | 1.01 | 1294 | 1.05 | 1325 | 1.09 | 1351 | 1.14 | 1376 | 1.19 |
| 2200 | 1170 | 0.97 | 1206 | 1.01 | 1242 | 1.05 | 1277 | 1.09 | 1311 | 1.14 | 1341 | 1.18 | 1365 | 1.23 | 1390 | 1.28 |
| 2300 | 1193 | 1.06 | 1228 | 1.09 | 1262 | 1.14 | 1295 | 1.19 | 1327 | 1.24 | 1355 | 1.29 | 1380 | 1.33 | 1406 | 1.37 |
| 2400 | 1216 | 1.15 | 1250 | 1.19 | 1282 | 1.24 | 1313 | 1.30 | 1343 | 1.36 | 1371 | 1.40 | 1396 | 1.44 | 1423 | 1.48 |

BLOWER DATA BELT DRIVE - 5 TON

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.).
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 18 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 18 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

| HORIZON | NTAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | LHX0 | 60S5B |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Air | | | | | | | Exte | rnal Sta | atic - in. | w.g. | | | | | | |
| Volume | 0. | 10 | 0. | 20 | 0. | 30 | 0. | 40 | 0. | 50 | 0. | 60 | 0. | 70 | 0. | 80 |
| cfm | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР | RPM | ВНР |
| 1500 | 656 | 0.26 | 706 | 0.30 | 760 | 0.33 | 814 | 0.36 | 874 | 0.39 | 931 | 0.41 | 979 | 0.45 | 1019 | 0.48 |
| 1600 | 712 | 0.29 | 758 | 0.32 | 807 | 0.36 | 855 | 0.39 | 906 | 0.43 | 955 | 0.46 | 997 | 0.50 | 1035 | 0.54 |
| 1700 | 766 | 0.32 | 808 | 0.36 | 850 | 0.40 | 892 | 0.44 | 936 | 0.47 | 978 | 0.51 | 1016 | 0.56 | 1052 | 0.60 |
| 1800 | 814 | 0.36 | 851 | 0.40 | 888 | 0.44 | 925 | 0.49 | 963 | 0.53 | 1000 | 0.57 | 1035 | 0.62 | 1071 | 0.66 |
| 1900 | 853 | 0.41 | 886 | 0.46 | 919 | 0.50 | 952 | 0.55 | 986 | 0.60 | 1021 | 0.64 | 1056 | 0.69 | 1091 | 0.73 |
| 2000 | 883 | 0.48 | 913 | 0.53 | 944 | 0.57 | 976 | 0.62 | 1009 | 0.67 | 1043 | 0.71 | 1078 | 0.76 | 1112 | 0.80 |
| 2100 | 906 | 0.56 | 936 | 0.60 | 967 | 0.65 | 999 | 0.70 | 1033 | 0.75 | 1067 | 0.79 | 1101 | 0.84 | 1135 | 0.88 |
| 2200 | 930 | 0.64 | 960 | 0.68 | 991 | 0.73 | 1024 | 0.78 | 1058 | 0.83 | 1092 | 0.88 | 1126 | 0.92 | 1160 | 0.96 |
| 2300 | 954 | 0.72 | 985 | 0.77 | 1017 | 0.82 | 1051 | 0.87 | 1085 | 0.92 | 1119 | 0.96 | 1152 | 1.00 | 1186 | 1.04 |
| 2400 | 981 | 0.81 | 1013 | 0.86 | 1046 | 0.91 | 1079 | 0.96 | 1113 | 1.00 | 1180 | 1.05 | 1180 | 1.09 | 1213 | 1.13 |
| Air | | | | | | | Exte | rnal Sta | atic - in. | w.g. | | | | | | |
| Volume | 0.9 | 90 | 1. | 00 | 1. | 10 | 1.: | 20 | 1.3 | 30 | 1.4 | 40 | 1. | 50 | 1.0 | 60 |
| cfm | RPM | BHP | RPM | ВНР | RPM | BHP | RPM | ВНР | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | ВНР |
| 1500 | 1056 | 0.53 | 1094 | 0.57 | 1133 | 0.60 | 1172 | 0.63 | 1212 | 0.67 | 250 | 0.70 | 1288 | 0.74 | 1324 | 0.77 |
| 1600 | 1071 | 0.58 | 1109 | 0.62 | 1147 | 0.66 | 1186 | 0.69 | 1225 | 0.72 | 1263 | 0.76 | 1299 | 0.80 | 1334 | 0.83 |
| 1700 | 1088 | 0.64 | 1126 | 0.68 | 1164 | 0.72 | 1202 | 0.75 | 1240 | 0.78 | 1276 | 0.82 | 1311 | 0.86 | 1345 | 0.90 |
| 1800 | 1107 | 0.70 | 1143 | 0.74 | 1181 | 0.78 | 1219 | 0.81 | 1256 | 0.85 | 1290 | 0.89 | 1324 | 0.93 | 1357 | 0.97 |
| 1900 | 1126 | 0.77 | 1163 | 0.81 | 1200 | 0.85 | 1237 | 0.88 | 1273 | 0.92 | 1306 | 0.96 | 1339 | 1.00 | 1371 | 1.04 |
| 2000 | 1148 | 0.84 | 1183 | 0.88 | 1220 | 0.92 | 1257 | 0.96 | 1291 | 1.00 | 1323 | 1.04 | 1354 | 1.08 | 1385 | 1.12 |
| 2100 | 1170 | 0.92 | 1206 | 0.96 | 1242 | 1.00 | 1277 | 1.04 | 1310 | 1.08 | 1340 | 1.13 | 1370 | 1.17 | 1401 | 1.21 |
| 2200 | 1195 | 1.00 | 1230 | 1.04 | 1265 | 1.08 | 1299 | 1.13 | 1330 | 1.18 | 1359 | 1.23 | 1388 | 1.27 | 1418 | 1.31 |
| 2300 | 1220 | 1.08 | 1254 | 1.13 | 1288 | 1.17 | 1320 | 1.23 | 1350 | 1.28 | 1378 | 1.34 | 1406 | 1.38 | 1435 | 1.42 |
| 2400 | 1245 | 1.18 | 1278 | 1.22 | 1311 | 1.28 | 1341 | 1.33 | 1370 | 1.40 | 1397 | 1.45 | 1425 | 1.50 | 1454 | 1.54 |

BELT DRIVE KIT SPECIFICATIONS

| Size | Moto | or HP | Speeds | Drive Kits and RPM Range |
|------|---------|---------|--------|--------------------------|
| Size | Nominal | Maximum | Speeds | A07 |
| 060 | 2 | 2.3 | 1 | 1212-1548 |

NOTE - Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor HP required. Maximum usable HP of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor HP is also maximum usable motor HP. If motors of comparable HP are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

| Air Volume | Wet Indo | or Coil | Faanamiras | Electric | | Filters | |
|------------|---------------|---------|------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|
| cfm | 024, 036, 048 | 060 | Economizer | Heat | MERV 8 | MERV 13 | MERV 16 |
| 800 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 1000 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 1200 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 1400 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.06 |
| 1600 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 |
| 1800 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.09 |
| 2000 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.10 |
| 2200 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 2400 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.22 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.12 |

MINIMUM AIR VOLUME REQUIRED FOR ELECTRIC HEAT

| | 1-14/ | ı | Minimum CF | M |
|---------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Size | kW Size | Direct Drive | Belt Drive Downflow | Belt Drive Horizontal |
| | 5 | 600 | N/A | N/A |
| A 11 | 7.5 | 600 | 1,050 | 1200 |
| All Models | 10 | 600 | N/A | N/A |
| Modolo | 15 | 1100 | 1250 | 1350 |
| | 22.5 | 1600 | 1750 | 1800 |

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

| Air Volume | RTD | 9-65S Step-Dow | n Diffuser | FD9-65S | RTD1 | 1-95S Step-Dow | n Diffuser | FD11-95S |
|------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| cfm | 2 Ends Open | 1 Side & 2 Ends Open | All Ends & Sides Open | Flush Diffuser | 2 Ends Open | 1 Side & 2 Ends Open | All Ends & Sides Open | Flush Diffuser |
| 800 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.11 | | | | |
| 1000 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.14 | 0.14 | | | | |
| 1200 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.17 | | | | |
| 1400 | 0.33 | 0.26 | 0.20 | 0.20 | | | | |
| 1600 | 0.43 | 0.32 | 0.20 | 0.24 | | | | |
| 1800 | 0.56 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.09 |
| 2000 | 0.73 | 0.50 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.10 |
| 2200 | 0.95 | 0.63 | 0.44 | 0.44 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| 2400 | | | | | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 0.14 |

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

| Air Volume - cfm | 1 Effective | Throw - ft. |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Size | RTD9-65S | FD9-65S |
| 800 | 10 - 17 | 14 - 18 |
| 1000 | 10 - 17 | 15 - 20 |
| 1200 | 11 - 18 | 16 - 22 |
| 1400 | 12 - 19 | 17 - 24 |
| 1600 | 12 - 20 | 18 - 25 |
| 1800 | 13 - 21 | 20 - 28 |
| 2000 | 14 - 23 | 21 - 29 |
| 2200 | 16 - 25 | 22 - 30 |
| | | |

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

| Return Air System Static Pressure - in. w.g. | Air Volume Exhausted cfm |
|---|--------------------------|
| 0.00 | 2000 |
| 0.05 | 1990 |
| 0.10 | 1924 |
| 0.15 | 1810 |
| 0.20 | 1664 |
| 0.25 | 1507 |
| 0.30 | 1350 |
| 0.35 | 1210 |

| ELECTRICAL/ELECTRIC HE | AT DATA | | DIRECT DI | RIVE - 2 TON [PSC] |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| Model | | | LHX |)24S5D |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/23 | 0V - 1 Ph |
| Compressor | Rated | Load Amps | 1 | 0.3 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked | Rotor Amps | 6 | 0.2 |
| Outdoor Fan Motors (1) | Full Load Amps (1 | Non-ECM) | | 1.7 |
| Service Outlet 115V GFI (amps) | | | | 15 |
| Indoor Blower | | HP | 0 | .25 |
| Motor | | Туре | D | irect |
| | Full | Load Amps | | 1.7 |
| ² Maximum Overcurrent | | Unit Only | | 25 |
| Protection (MOCP) | | (1) 0.33 HP ver Exhaust | | 25 |
| ³ Minimum Circuit | | Unit Only | | 17 |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | (1) 0.33 HP ver Exhaust | | 19 |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DATA | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 5 kW | 40 | 45 |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 7.5 kW | 60 | 60 |
| Protection (MOCP) | | 10 kW | 70 | 70 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 5 kW | 39 | 43 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat | 7.5 kW | 51 | 56 |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | 10 kW | 62 | 69 |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 5 kW | 45 | 45 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 7.5 kW | 60 | 60 |
| 1 Totaction (INOCP) | FOWEI EXIIAUST | 10 kW | 70 | 80 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 5 kW | 42 | 45 |
| Circuit | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 7.5 kW | 53 | 58 |
| Ampacity (MCA) | Power Exhaust | 10 kW | 64 | 71 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 0-10 kW | 20W21 | 20W21 |

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

| ELECTRICAL/EL | ECTRIC HEAT | | | | D | IRECT D | RIVE - 3 T | ON [PSC] |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Model | | | | | LHX | (036S5D | | |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/230 |)V - 1 Ph | 208/230 | V - 3 Ph | 460V - 3 Ph | 575V - 3 Ph |
| Compressor | Rated Lo | ad Amps | 14 | 4.4 | ! | 9 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked Ro | tor Amps | 3 | 36 | 7 | 0 | 39 | 29 |
| Outdoor Fan Motors (1) | Full Load Amps (1 No | on-ECM) | 1 | .7 | 1 | .7 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full Load Am | ps (total) | 2 | 2.4 | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Service Outlet 115V GF | | | 1 | 15 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 |
| Indoor Blower | | HP | 0 |).5 | 0 | .5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Motor | | Туре | Di | rect | Dii | ect | Direct | Direct |
| | Full Lo | ad Amps | 3 | 3.1 | 3 | .1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| ² Maximum | l | Jnit Only | 3 | 35 | 2 | 25 | 15 | 15 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | | 0.33 HP Exhaust | 3 | 35 | 2 | 25 | 15 | 15 |
| ³ Minimum | l | Jnit Only | 2 | 23 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 7 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | | 0.33 HP Exhaust | 2 | 26 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 8 |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DAT | A | · | | | | | • | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 60 | 70 | 40 | 40 | 20 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 100 | 110 | 60 | 70 | 35 | 25 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 57 | 62 | 36 | 39 | 20 | 16 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 91 | 101 | 56 | 62 | 31 | 25 |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 60 | 70 | 40 | 45 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 100 | 110 | 60 | 70 | 35 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 60 | 65 | 38 | 42 | 21 | 17 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 93 | 104 | 58 | 64 | 32 | 26 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCES | SORIES | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 0-7.5 kW | 20\ | W21 | 20\ | N21 | 20W21 | 20W21 |
| | | 15 kW | 20\ | N22 | 20\ | N21 | 20W21 | 20W21 |

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A **20W22** - 150A

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

| ELECTRICAL/EL | ECTRIC HEAT D | ATA | | | D | IRECT D | RIVE - 4 1 | TON [PSC] |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Model | | | | | LHX | (048S5D | | |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/230 |)V - 1 Ph | 208/230 | V - 3 Ph | 460V - 3 Ph | 575V - 3 Ph |
| Compressor | Rated Lo | ad Amps | 19 | 9.4 | 1 | 12 | 6.3 | 4.4 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked Rot | or Amps | 1 | 02 | 1 | 23 | 60 | 41 |
| Outdoor Fan Motors (1) | Full Load Amps (1 No | on-ECM) | 1 | .7 | 1 | .7 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full Load Am | os (total) | 2 | .4 | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Service Outlet 115V GF | l (amps) | | 1 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 15 | 20 |
| Indoor Blower | | HP | C | .5 | 0 | .5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Motor | | Туре | Di | rect | Dii | rect | Direct | Direct |
| | Full Lo | ad Amps | 3 | .1 | 3 | .1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| ² Maximum | l | Jnit Only | | ļ5 | 3 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | ` ' | 0.33 HP Exhaust | Ę | 50 | 3 | 30 | 15 | 15 |
| ³ Minimum | l | Jnit Only | 3 | 30 | 2 | 21 | 11 | 8 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | | 0.33 HP Exhaust | 3 | 33 | 2 | 23 | 12 | 9 |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DAT | Ά | | | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 70 | 80 | 45 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 100 | 110 | 60 | 70 | 35 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 64 | 69 | 41 | 44 | 22 | 18 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 98 | 108 | 60 | 66 | 34 | 27 |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 70 | 80 | 50 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 100 | 125 | 70 | 70 | 35 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 67 | 72 | 43 | 46 | 24 | 19 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 100 | 111 | 62 | 69 | 35 | 28 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCESS | SORIES | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | (|)-7.5 kW | 22 | A23 | 22 | A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 |
| | | 15 kW | 22 | A24 | 22 | A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 |

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

| ELECTRICAL/ELE | ECTRIC HEAT D | TRIC HEAT DATA DIRECT DRIVE - 3 TON [| | | | | | ON [ECM] |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| Model | | | | | LHX | 36S5E | | |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/230V - 1 Ph | | 208/230V - 3 Ph | | 460V - 3 Ph | 575V - 3 Ph |
| Compressor 1 | Rated Load Amps | | 14 | 14.4 | | 9 | | 3.3 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked Ro | otor Amps | 8 | 36 | 7 | '0 | 39 | 29 |
| Outdoor Fan Motor | Full Load Amps (1 N | lon-ECM) | 1 | .7 | 1 | .7 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full Lo | oad Amps | 2 | .4 | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Service Outlet 115V GFI | (amps) | | 1 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 |
| Indoor Blower | | HP | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Motor | | Туре | Dii | ect | Dir | ect | Direct | Direct |
| | Full Lo | oad Amps | 7 | .4 | 7.4 | | 3.7 | 3 |
| ² Maximum | Unit Only with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | | 4 | 0 | 2 | 25 | 15 | 15 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | | | 4 | .0 | 30 | | 15 | 15 |
| ³ Minimum | | Unit Only | | 28 | | 21 | | 8 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | |) 0.33 HP r Exhaust | 3 | 80 | 23 | | 12 | 9 |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DATA | | | | | | | | , |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 70 | 70 | 40 | 45 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 100 | 110 | 60 | 70 | 35 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 61 | 67 | 40 | 43 | 22 | 17 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 95 | 106 | 60 | 66 | 33 | 26 |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 70 | 70 | 45 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 100 | 110 | 70 | 70 | 35 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 64 | 69 | 43 | 46 | 23 | 18 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 98 | 108 | 62 | 68 | 34 | 27 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCESS | ORIES | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 0-7.5 kW | 20W21 | 20W21 | 20W21 | 20W21 | 20W21 | 20W21 |
| | | 15 kW | 20W22 | 20W22 | 20W21 | 20W21 | 20W21 | 20W21 |

Disconnects - 20W21 - 80A **20W22** - 150A

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

| ELECTRICAL/ELE | CTRIC HEAT D | ATA | TA DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON | | | | | ON [ECM] |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------------------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------------------------|----------|
| Model | | | LHX048S5E | | | | | |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/230V - 1 Ph | | 208/230V - 3 Ph | | 460V - 3 Ph 575V - 3 Ph | |
| Compressor 1 | Rated Load Amps | | 19 | 19.4 | | 12 | | 4.4 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked Ro | otor Amps | 10 | 02 | 1: | 23 | 60 | 41 |
| Outdoor Fan Motor | Full Load Amps (1 N | Ion-ECM) | 1 | .7 | 1 | .7 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full Lo | oad Amps | 2 | .4 | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Service Outlet 115V GFI (| (amps) | | 1 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 |
| Indoor Blower | | HP | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Motor | | Туре | Dir | ect | Direct | | Direct | Direct |
| | Full Lo | oad Amps | 7 | .4 | 7 | .4 | 3.7 | 3 |
| ² Maximum | Unit Only with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | | 5 | 0 | 35 | | 15 | 15 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | | | 5 | 0 | 35 | | 20 | 15 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit Only with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | | 35 2 | | 25 | 13 | 10 | |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | | | 3 | 37 2 | | 28 | 15 | 11 |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DATA | | | | | | | • | , |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 80 | 80 | 50 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 110 | 125 | 70 | 70 | 40 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 68 | 74 | 45 | 48 | 25 | 19 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 102 | 113 | 64 | 70 | 36 | 28 |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 80 | 80 | 50 | 50 | 30 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 110 | 125 | 70 | 80 | 40 | 30 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 71 | 76 | 47 | 50 | 26 | 20 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | Electric Heat + Power Exhaust | 15 kW | 105 | 115 | 67 | 73 | 37 | 29 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCESSO | RIES | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 0-7.5 kW | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 |
| | | 15 kW | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 |

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}$ - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

| ELECTRICAL/EL | LCTRIC HEAT D | DIRECT DRIVE - 5 TON [ECM] | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|--|---------|----------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Model | | | LHX060S5E | | | | | | |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/230 | V - 1 Ph | 208/230 | V - 3 Ph | 460V - 3 Ph | 575V - 3 Ph | |
| Compressor 1 | Rated Lo | oad Amps | 23 | 3.7 | 1 | 6 | 7.1 | 6.4 | |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked Ro | otor Amps | 1: | 57 | 15 | 6.4 | 69 | 47.8 | |
| Outdoor Fan Motor | Full Load Amps (1 N | Non-ECM) | 2 | .4 | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 | |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full Lo | oad Amps | 2 | .4 | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 | |
| Service Outlet 115V GF | l (amps) | | 1 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 | |
| Indoor Blower | | HP | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Motor | | Туре | Dir | ect | Dir | rect | Direct | Direct | |
| | Full Lo | Full Load Amps | | .4 | 7 | .4 | 3.7 | 3 | |
| ² Maximum | | Unit Only | 6 | 60 | 4 | ļ5 | 20 | 15 | |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | | 6 | 0 | 45 | | 20 | 15 | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit Only with (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | | 4 | 0 | 30 | | 14 | 12 | |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | | | 4 | -2 | 33 | | 16 | 13 | |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DATA | A | | | | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V | |
| ² Maximum | Unit + Electric Heat | 7.5 kW | 90 | 90 | 60 | 60 | 30 | 25 | |
| Overcurrent | | 15 kW | 110 | 125 | 70 | 80 | 40 | 35 | |
| Protection (MOCP) | | 22.5 kW | 150 | 175 | 90 | 100 | 50 | 40 | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + Electric Heat | 7.5 kW | 74 | 79 | 50 | 53 | 26 | 22 | |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | | 15 kW | 108 | 118 | 69 | 75 | 37 | 31 | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | 22.5 kW | 141 | 157 | 89 | 98 | 48 | 40 | |
| ² Maximum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 90 | 90 | 60 | 60 | 30 | 25 | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat + | 15 kW | 110 | 125 | 80 | 80 | 40 | 35 | |
| Protection (MOCP) | Power Exhaust | 22.5 kW | 150 | 175 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 45 | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + | 7.5 kW | 76 | 81 | 52 | 55 | 27 | 23 | |
| Circuit | Electric Heat + | 15 kW | 110 | 120 | 72 | 78 | 38 | 32 | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | Power Exhaust | 22.5 kW | 144 | 160 | 91 | 100 | 50 | 41 | |
| ELECTRICAL ACCESS | SORIES | · | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 0 kW | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | |
| | | 7.5 kW | 22A23 | ⁴ 22A23 ⁵ 22A24 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | |
| | | 15 kW | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | |
| | | 22.5 kW | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A23 | 22A23 | |

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Without Power Exhaust.

⁵ With Power Exhaust.

| ELECTRICAL/E | LECTRIC HEAT DATA | | | BELT D | RIVE - 5 TON | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| Model | | | LHX | 060S5B | } | | |
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | 208/23 | 30V - 3 Ph | 460V - 3 Ph | 575V - 3 Ph | | |
| Compressor | Rated Load Amp | 3 | 16 | 7.1 | 6.4 | | |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked Rotor Amp | s 1 | 56.4 | 69 | 47.8 | | |
| Outdoor Fan Motors (1) | Full Load Amps (1 Non-ECM |) | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1 | | |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full Load Amps (total |) | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1 | | |
| Service Outlet 115V G | FI (amps) | | 15 | 15 | 20 | | |
| Indoor Blower | HF | | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Motor | Тур | e | Belt | Belt | Belt | | |
| | Full Load Amp | S | 7.5 | 3.4 | 2.7 | | |
| ² Maximum | Unit Onl | / | 45 | 20 | 15 | | |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | with (1) 0.33 HF Power Exhaus | | 45 | | 15 | | |
| ³ Minimum | imum Unit Only | | 30 | 14 | 12 | | |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | with (1) 0.33 HF Power Exhaus | | 33 | | 13 | | |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DA | ГА | · | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V | | |
| ² Maximum | Unit + 7.5 kV | 60 | 60 | 25 | 25 | | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat 15 kV | 70 | 80 | 40 | 30 | | |
| Protection (MOCP) | 22.5 kV | 90 | 100 | 50 | 40 | | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + 7.5 kV | 50 | 53 | 25 | 21 | | |
| Circuit | Electric Heat 15 kV | 69 | 76 | 37 | 30 | | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | 22.5 kV | 89 | 98 | 48 | 39 | | |
| ² Maximum | Unit + 7.5 kV | 60 | 60 | 30 | 25 | | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat + 15 kV Power Exhaust | 80 | 80 | 40 | 35 | | |
| Protection (MOCP) | 22.5 kV | 100 | 100 | 50 | 40 | | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit + 7.5 kV | 52 | 55 | 27 | 22 | | |
| Circuit | Electric Heat + 15 kV Power Exhaust | 72 | 78 | 38 | 31 | | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | 22.5 kV | 91 | 100 | 49 | 40 | | |
| ELECTRICAL ACCES | SORIES | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | 0-7.5 kV | / 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | | |
| | 15 kV | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | 22A23 | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}$ - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

22.5 kW

22A24

22A24

22A23

22A23

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

| ELECTRIC | ELECTRIC HEAT CAPACITIES | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| lament | | 5 kW | | | 7.5 kW | | | 10 kW | | |
| Input Voltage | No of Stages | kW input | Btuh Output | No of Stages | kW input | Btuh Output | No of Stages | kW input | Btuh Output | |
| 208 | 1 | 3.8 | 12,800 | 1 | 5.6 | 19,200 | 1 | 7.5 | 25,600 | |
| 220 | 1 | 4.2 | 14,300 | 1 | 6.3 | 21,500 | 1 | 8.4 | 28,700 | |
| 230 | 1 | 4.6 | 15,700 | 1 | 6.9 | 23,500 | 1 | 9.2 | 31,400 | |
| 240 | 1 | 5.0 | 17,100 | 1 | 7.5 | 25,600 | 1 | 10.0 | 34,200 | |
| 440 | | | | 1 | 6.3 | 21,500 | | | | |
| 460 | | | | 1 | 6.9 | 23,500 | | | | |
| 480 | | | | 1 | 7.5 | 25,600 | | | | |
| 550 | | | | 1 | 6.3 | 21,500 | | | | |
| 575 | | | | 1 | 6.9 | 23,500 | | | | |
| 600 | | | | 1 | 7.5 | 25,600 | | | | |
| lanut | | 15 kW | | | 22.5 kW | | | | | |
| Input Voltage | No of Stages | kW input | Btuh Output | No of Stages | kW input | Btuh Output | | | | |
| 208 | 1 | 11.2 | 38,400 | 1 | 16.9 | 57,700 | | | | |
| 220 | 1 | 12.6 | 43,000 | 1 | 18.9 | 64,500 | | | | |
| 230 | 1 | 13.8 | 47,000 | 1 | 20.7 | 70,700 | | | | |
| 240 | 1 | 15.0 | 51,200 | 1 | 22.5 | 76,800 | | | | |
| 440 | 1 | 12.6 | 43,000 | 1 | 18.9 | 64,500 | - | | | |

20.7

22.5

18.9

20.7

22.5

70,700

76,800

64,500

70,700 76,800

FIELD WIRING NOTES

13.8

15.0

12.6

13.8

15.0

460

480

550

575

600

1

1

1

1

1

• For use with copper wiring only

47,000

51,200

43,000

47,000

51,200

- Field wiring not furnished
- All wiring must conform to NEC or CEC and local electrical codes

1

1

1

1

1

• For specific wiring information, please refer to the installation instructions

Minimum R454B Space and CFM Requirements

| Minimum Airflow¹ | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit | Q _{min} (CFM) | Q _{min} (m³h) | | | | | |
| LHX024 | 371 | 629 | | | | | |
| LHX036 | 344 | 584 | | | | | |
| LHX048 | 444 | 753 | | | | | |
| LHX060 | 414 | 703 | | | | | |

| ¹ NOTE - The minimum airflow is the | e lowest CFM allov | ved during venting |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| operation (leak mitigation). | | |

| Minimum Room Area of Conditioned Space ² | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit | TA _{min} (ft²) | TA _{min} (m²) | | | | | | |
| LHX024 | 206.0 | 19.1 | | | | | | |
| LHX036 | 191.0 | 17.7 | | | | | | |
| LHX048 | 246.0 | 22.8 | | | | | | |
| LHX060 | 230.0 | 21.3 | | | | | | |

² NOTE - The minimum room area of conditioned space is the smallest area the unit can service.

| Refrigerant Charge R-454B | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit | M _c (lbs) | M _c (kg) | | | | | | |
| LHX024 | 14.00 | 6.35 | | | | | | |
| LHX036 | 13.00 | 5.90 | | | | | | |
| LHX048 | 16.75 | 7.60 | | | | | | |
| LHX060 | 15.65 | 7.10 | | | | | | |

| Altitude Adjustment Factor³ | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Halt | 0 | 200 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1400 | 1600 |
| AF | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.02 | 1.05 | 1.07 | 1.1 | 1.12 |
| Halt | 1600 | 1800 | 2000 | 2200 | 2400 | 2600 | 2800 | 3000 | 3200 |
| AF | 1.12 | 1.15 | 1.18 | 1.21 | 1.25 | 1.28 | 1.32 | 1.36 | 1.40 |

 $^{^3}$ **NOTE** - Use the Altitude Adjustment Factor to adjust the values in the tables above to different altitudes. Find the relevant altitude above sea level in the two "Halt" rows and then multiply the value needed from the tables above by the altitude factor number. Example: For the minimum airflow in CFM for an LHX024 at 1000 ft. above see level, multiply 371 by 1.05 to get 389.55 CFM as the new Q_{\min} .

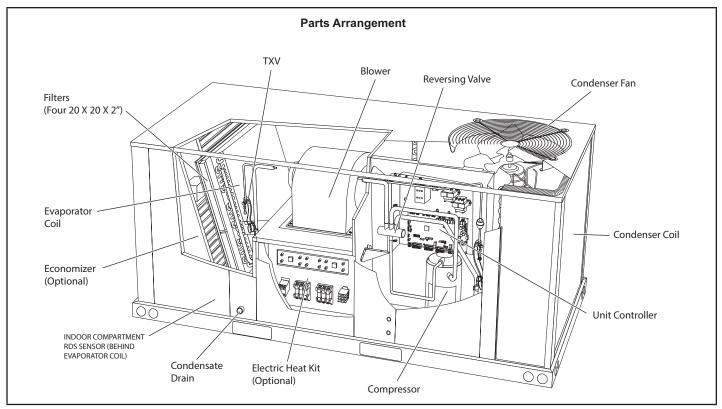


FIGURE 1

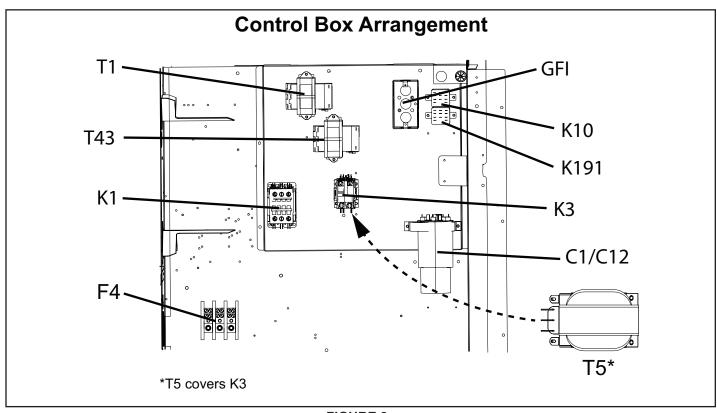


FIGURE 2

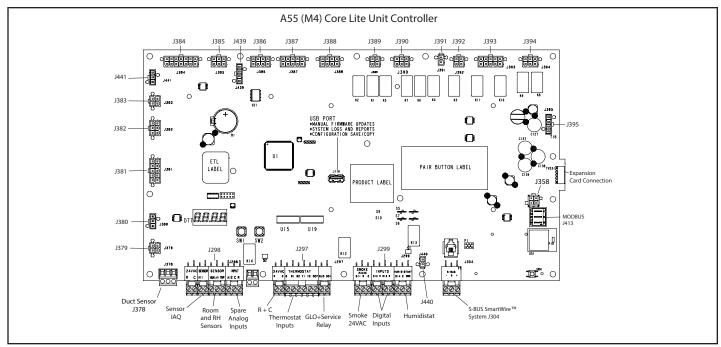


FIGURE 3

I-UNIT COMPONENTS

The LHX unit parts arrangement are shown in FIGURE 1. All L1, L2 and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow and L3 is blue. See wiring diagrams in the back of this manual for complete call out of components.

A-Control Box Components

LHX control box components are shown in FIGURE 2. The control box is located in the upper portion of the compressor compartment.

1-Transformers T1 & T43

All LHX units use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted on the hinged control panel. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit (CB8). The 208/230 voltage transformers use two primary voltage taps as shown in FIGURE 4, while the 460 (G) voltage transformer use a single primary voltage tap. T43 is used for units with hot gas reheat for additional 24VAC.

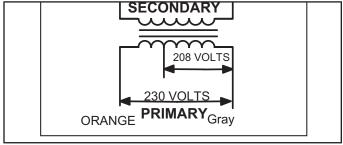


FIGURE 4

2-Transformer T5 (G and J voltage)

All units use transformer T5 mounted in the back panel in the compressor section. T5 is a line voltage to 230V transformer to power the indoor blower motor.. It is connected to line voltage and is powered at all times.

3-Outdoor Fan Capacitor C1 (Y, G, J & M)

Fan capacitors C1 (standard efficiency units only) is used to assist in the start up of condenser fan motor B4. Capacitor ratings will be on outdoor fan motor nameplate.

4-Dual Capacitor C12 & Run Capacitor C5

Single Phase Units Only Dual capacitor C12 is used on standard efficiency units and used for both the outdoor fan and compressor. The fan side and the compressor side have different MFD ratings. See side of capacitor for ratings. Run capacitor C5 is used for compressor start-up on single phase high efficiency units.

5-Compressor Contactor K1

K1 is a 24V line voltage contactor used to energize the compressor and in some cases (P and Y voltage on standard efficiency units) condenser fan in response to thermostat demand. Single phase units use single-pole double break contactors and three phase units use three-pole double break contactors.

6-Unit Controller A55 (FIGURE 3)

The Unit Controller provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters, and USB verification and profile sharing. The unit controller can only be interfaced with via the CORE Service mobile app. Refer to the Unit controller instructions provided for additional details on pairing and app functions.

7-Low Ambient Kit Relay K58 Standard Efficiency Units (option used with S11 low ambient switch)

Low ambient relay K58 is a N.C. DPDT relay with a 24V coil wired in parallel with reversing valve L1. When L1 is energized in the cooling cycle, K58 is also energized opening K58-1. Therefore, K58-1 is always closed during heating demand bypassing S11. This allows the fan to operate during the heating demand and cycle during the cooling demand.

8-Blower Contactor K3

Blower contactor K3 is used in all standard efficiency units and belt drive high efficiency units. K3 has a 24V coil used to energize the indoor blower motor in response to blower demand. In single phase units K3 is a single-pole contactor and in three phase units K3 is a two-pole contactor.9-Transformer T4 - All J Volt Direct Drive Units and G & J Volt High Efficiency Units

Standard Efficiency Direct Drive Unit - All J (575) voltage units use transformer T4 mounted in the control box. T4 is line voltage to 460V to power the indoor blower.

High Efficiency G, J volt Units - All (G) 460 and (J) 575 voltage units use transformer T4 mounted in the control box. T4 is line voltage to 230V to power the indoor blower and outdoor fan motors on direct drive units and the outdoor fan motor only on belt drive units. T4 transformer is energized at all times.

9-Outdoor Fan Relay K10

Outdoor fan relay K10 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K10 energizes condenser fan B4. K10 is used on all units.

Series 100135

After 34 minutes of heating mode operation, if the difference between the ambient temperature (RT13) and the coil temperature (RT21) is higher than the maximum difference allowed by the control, the defrost control will initiate defrost.

The defrost control will also initiate defrost after 6 hours of heating mode operation when coil temperatures remain below 35°F (2°C). The defrost cycle ends when the coil temperature is higher than the termination temperature (50°F default) or after 14 minutes of operation. If the defrost is terminated by the 14-minute timer, another defrost cycle will be initiated after 34 minutes of run time.

Note - The defrost termination temperature can be adjusted to 50, 70, 90 or 100°F. The jumper termination pin is factory- set at 50°F (10°C). If the temperature jumper is not installed, the default termination temperature is 90°F (32°C).

Ambient and Coil Temperature Sensors (RT13, RT21) Both sensors provide input to the defrost control which cycles defrost. The ambient sensor is located on the inside of the corner mullion on the back of the outdoor coil section. The coil sensor is located on a return bend on the front of the outdoor coil.

Defrost Control

The defrost control ensures that the heat pump outdoor coil does not ice excessively during the heating mode. The defrost control uses input from the coil and ambient sensor to demand defrost cycles from the M4 board. If system fails to do calibration or obtain readings for demand defrost, it will run timed defrost at customer setting. If electric heat is installed, it is energized during defrost cycle.

High Pressure Switch

The high pressure switch (S4) is an auto reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise. The switch is located in the compressor discharge line and is wired to "HI PS" on the CMC1 board. When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 10 psig (4413 ± 69 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the CMC1 board de-energizes the compressor (the economizer can continue to operate). S4 will close when pressure drops back to 475 psig (3275 kPA).

B-Cooling Components

If Interlink compressor replacement is necessary, call 1-800-453-6669.

▲ IMPORTANT

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system rises above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

LHX units use one cooling circuit consisting of a compressor, all-aluminum condenser coil and evaporator coil. Units are equipped with one draw-through type condenser fan. All units are equipped with indoor blowers which draw air across the indoor coil during unit operation. LHX units have three condensate drain locations: front, back and bottom of unit. See unit installation instructions for more detail.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory or field-installed economizer. The indoor coil is slab type. The indoor coil uses a thermostatic check/expansion valve as the primary expansion device. In all units the compressor is protected by a freezestat (S49) (on the indoor coil) and a high pressure switch (S4). A low ambient switch (S11) is available as an option for additional compressor protection.

1-Compressor B1

All LHX024-060 units use scroll compressor. See "SPECI-FICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications.

▲ WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

The compressor is energized by a corresponding compressor contactor.

NOTE-Refer to the wiring diagram section for specific unit operation.

2-High Pressure Switch S4

The high pressure switch is an auto reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise. The switch is located in the compressor discharge line and is wired to "HI PS" on the CMC1 board.

When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 10 psig (4413 ± 69 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the CMC1 board de-energizes the compressor (the economizer can continue to operate). S4 will close when pressure drops back to 475 psig (3275 kPA).

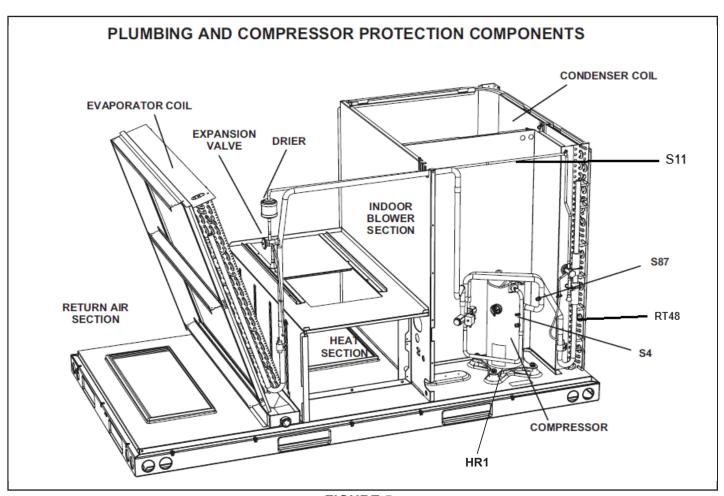


FIGURE 5

3-Low Ambient Switch S11

The low ambient switch is an auto-reset SPST N.O. pressure switch which allows for mechanical cooling operation at low outdoor temperatures. In all models a switch is located in the liquid line prior to the indoor coil section.

When liquid pressure rises to 450 ± 10 psig $(3102 \pm 69 \text{ kPa})$, the switch closes and the condenser fan is energized. When discharge pressure in drops to 240 ± 10 psig $(1655 \pm 69 \text{ kPa})$, the switch opens and the condenser fan in that refrigerant circuit is de-energized. This intermittent fan operation results in higher evaporating temperature allowing the system to operate without icing the indoor coil and losing capacity.

4-Reversing Valve L1

A refrigerant reversing valve with a 24 volt solenoid coil is used to reverse refrigerant flow during unit operation in all LHX units. The reversing valve is connected in the vapor line of the refrigerant circuit. The reversing valve coil is energized during cooling demand and during defrost.

Reversing valve L1 is controlled by the CMC1 board and transfer relay K8 in response to cooling demand or by defrost.

5-Condenser Fan Motor B4

K10 energizes B4. All motors are ball bearing type single-phase motors. The fans may be removed for servicing and cleaning by removing the fan grilles.

7-Filter Drier (all units)

LHX units have a filter drier located in the liquid line of the refrigerant circuit at the exit of the condenser coil. The drier removes contaminants and moisture from the system. Replacement must be suitable for R-410A refrigerant.

8-Crankcase Heater HR1

All units have a crankcase heater. HR1 prevents migration of liquid refrigeration into the compressor and ensures proper compressor lubrication.

9-Crankcase Heater Relay K191

Relay K191 keeps the crankcase heater de-energized during and immediately following compressor shut down. They ensure the crankcase heater is off while compressor is energized.

10-Temperature Sensors

Units are equipped with two factory-installed thermistors (RT46 and RT48) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of two specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See TABLE 1 for proper locations.

TABLE 1
THERMISTOR LOCATION

| Unit | Sensor Yellow | Figure |
|--------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| 024, 036, 048, 060 Indoor Coil | RT46 | FIGURE 6 |
| 024, 036 Outdoor Coil | RT48 | FIGURE 7 |
| 048, 060 Outdoor Coil | RT48 | FIGURE 8 |

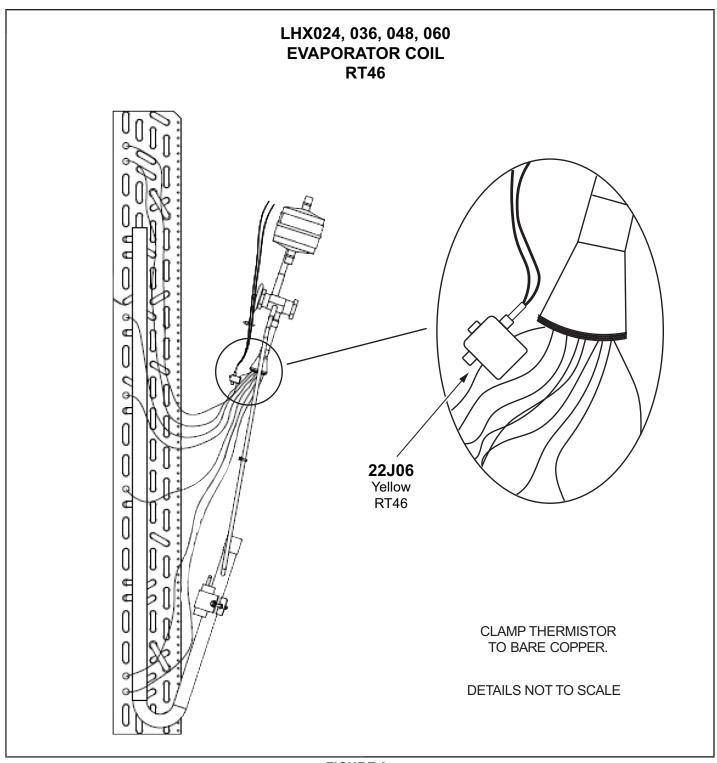


FIGURE 6

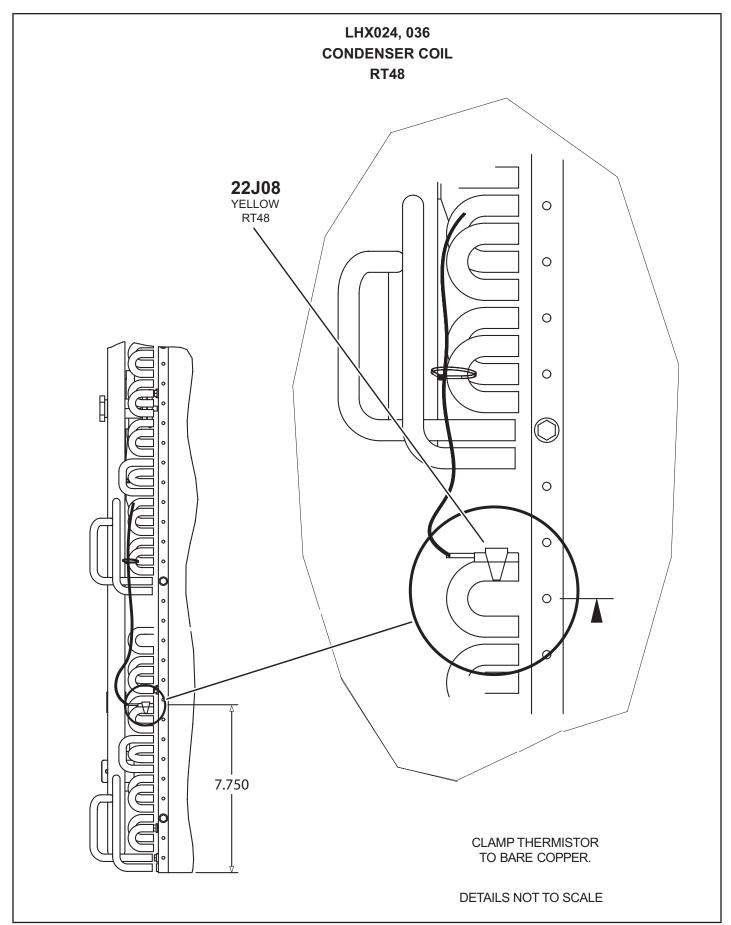


FIGURE 7

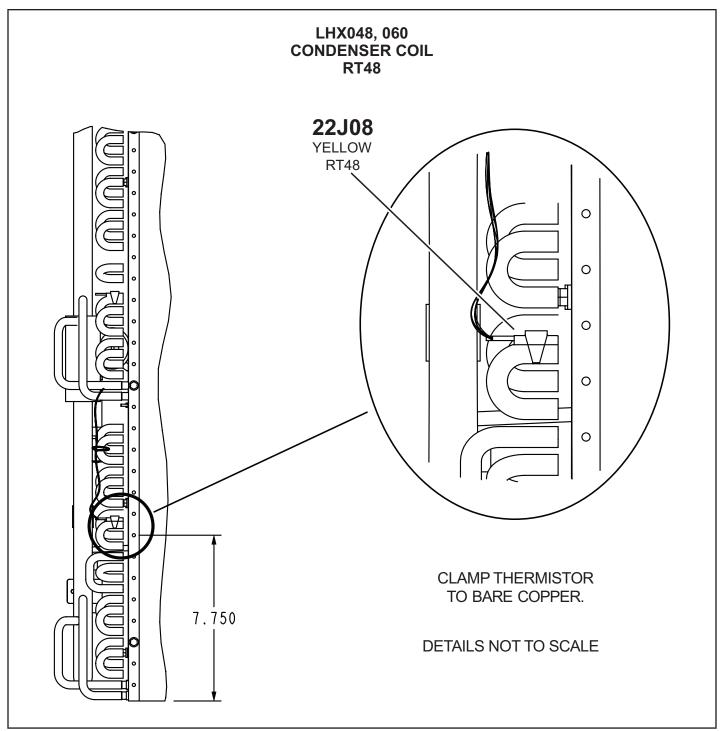


FIGURE 8

12-RDS Sensors

Units are equipped with factory-installed RDS Sensors located on different points on the unit. The RDS sensors provide the Unit Controller with continuous readings for leaked refrigerant concentration levels and sensor health status (Good or Fault). These readings are used to modify unit operation to disperse the leaked refrigerant and to remove possible ignition sources. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these readings to initiate alarms to alert the operator of a refrigerant leak or faulty sensor(s).

Each sensor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. To identify sensor locations see TABLE 2. See TABLE 3 for sensor alarms.

TABLE 2 RDS Sensor Figures

Model Qty. Type Figure LHX024-060 1 sensor INDOOR SENSOR FIGURE 9

TABLE 3

| Alarm | Alarm description | RDS Sensor Location |
|-------|---|---|
| 257 | Refrigerant leak sensor fault in the Indoor section (sensor #1) | Indoor compartment |
| 258 | Refrigerant leak sensor fault in the control panel/compressor section (sensor #2) | "Control/Compressor or Compressor compartment" |

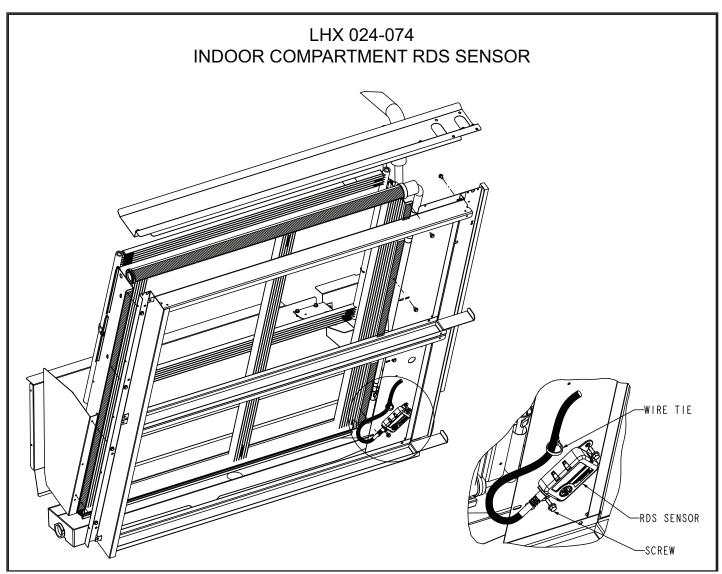


FIGURE 9

C-Blower Compartment

Units are equipped with either direct drive or belt drive blowers. See units 'Specifications' and or unit nameplate for blower type. The blower compartment in all units is located between the evaporator coil and the compressor compartment.

1-Blower Wheels

See unit "Specifications" for blower wheel dimensions per model.

2-Indoor Blower Motor Capacitor C4

All single phase standard efficiency unit blower motors are PSC and requires a run capacitor. Ratings may vary from each motor. See motor nameplate for capacitor ratings.

3-Indoor Blower Motor B3

All high efficiency units use direct drive ECM or two speed belt drive motor. All standard efficiency direct drive units use single single phase PSC motors. Belt drive units use single or three phase motors (same as supply voltage). CFM adjustments on belt drive units are made by adjusting the motor pulley (sheave). CFM adjustments on direct drive units are made by changing speed taps. Belt drive motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings. Direct drive motors are equipped with sleeve bearings. Units may be equipped with motors manufactured by various manufacturers, therefore electrical FLA and LRA specifications will vary. See unit rating plate for information specific to your unit.

OPERATION / ADJUSTMENT

A IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

A-Blower Operation

Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in ON position, blowers will operate continuously.

1 - With fan switch in AUTO position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in OFF position.

B-Determining Unit CFM - Direct Drive Blowers

- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place and no cooling demand.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Add any additional air resistance for options and accessories shown in air resistance table.
- Use FIGURE 10 to determine the factory set blower speed.

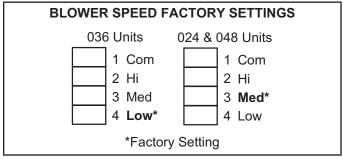


FIGURE 10

4 - Use the blower tables (see table of contents), measured static pressure and the factory-set blower speed to determine CFM. If CFM is lower than the design specified CFM, move the lead from speed tap 3 or 4 to speed tap 2. FIGURE 10.

Note - Speed tap 3 can be used on 036 units if speed tap 2 delivers more CFM than required by design specification. For 460/575V units, remove the isolation lead from speed tap 2 before moving the wire to speed tap 2. Tape the exposed end of the isolation lead and secure away from other components. See FIGURE 11.

C-Determining Unit CFM - Belt Drive Blowers

IMPORTANT - LHX072 blower (G thermostat) **CFM MUST BE ADJUSTED IN HIGH SPEED.** Disconnect factory-installed J350 low speed connector from P350. Connectors are located near the bottom of the control box. Connect J351 high speed connector to P350. Once blower CFM is set, J350 can be reconnected to operate the blower on low during ventilation only demands. See TABLE 4.

TABLE 4
TWO-SPEED BLOWER OPERATION
LHX072 UNITS

| Thermostat | Blower Speed | |
|------------|--------------|--|
| G | Low | |
| W1 | High | |
| W2 | High | |
| Y1 | Low | |
| Y2 | High | |

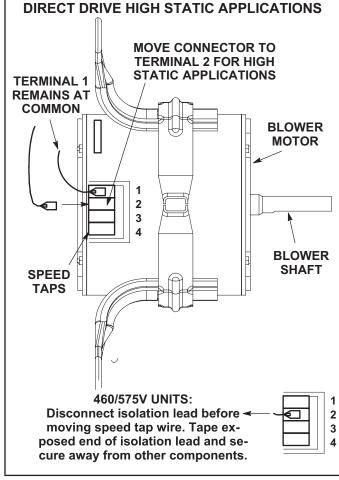


FIGURE 11

- *Factory-installed jack/plug connection.
 - 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place and no cooling demand.
 - 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return).
 - 3 Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
 - 4 Referring to the blower tables use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use air resistance table on when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed.
 - 5 The blower RPM can be adjusted at the motor pulley. Loosen Allen screw and turn adjustable pulley clockwise to increase CFM. Turn counterclockwise to decrease CFM. See FIGURE 15. Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in TABLE 5.
 - 6 **LHX072 Unit Only** If low speed during ventilation is desired, replace J351 connector with J350.

TABLE 5
MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

| | MINIMONI AND MAXIMONI I GEEET ADOOG IMENT | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Belt | Min Turns Open | Max Turns Open | | |
| Γ | A-Section | No Minimum | 5 | | |

B-Determining Unit CFM - Direct Drive Blowers

High Efficiency Unis

- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Add any additional air resistance for options and accessories shown in accessory air resistance tables. Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in FIGURE 16.

Note - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

3 - Use FIGURE 12 to determine the factory-set blower speed.

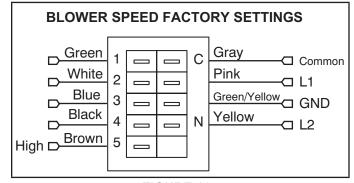


FIGURE 12

4 - Use direct drive blower tables, the measured static pressure and the factory-set blower speed to determine CFM. If CFM is lower or higher than the design specified CFM, move the leads as shown in FIGURE 12.

D-Blower Belt Adjustment

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulley are aligned as shown in FIGURE 13.

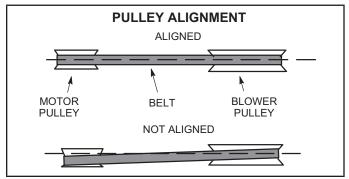


FIGURE 13

- Loosen four bolts securing motor base to mounting frame. See FIGURE 15.
- 2 To increase belt tension -

Slide blower motor downward to tighten the belt. This increases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.

3 - To loosen belt tension -

Slide blower motor upward to loosen the belt. This decreases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.

4 - Tighten four bolts securing motor base to the mounting frame.

E-Check Belt Tension

Overtensioning belts shortens belt and bearing life. Check belt tension as follows:

- 1 Measure span length X. See FIGURE 14.
- 2 Apply perpendicular force to center of span (X) with enough pressure to deflect belt 1/64" for every inch of span length or 1.5mm per 100mm of span length.

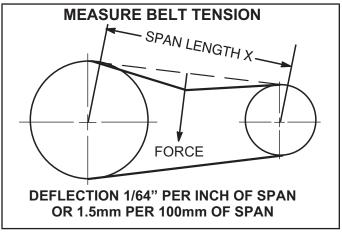


FIGURE 14

Example: Deflection distance of a 40" span would be 40/64" or 5/8".

Example: Deflection distance of a 400mm span would be 6mm.

- 3 Measure belt deflection force. For a used belt, the deflection force should be 5 lbs. (35kPa). A new belt deflection force should be 7 lbs. (48kPa).
 - A force below these values indicates an undertensioned belt. A force above these values indicates an overtensioned belt.

F-Field-Furnished Blower Drives

See blower data tables for field-furnished blower drives to determine BHP and RPM required. See drive kit table on to determine the drive kit number.

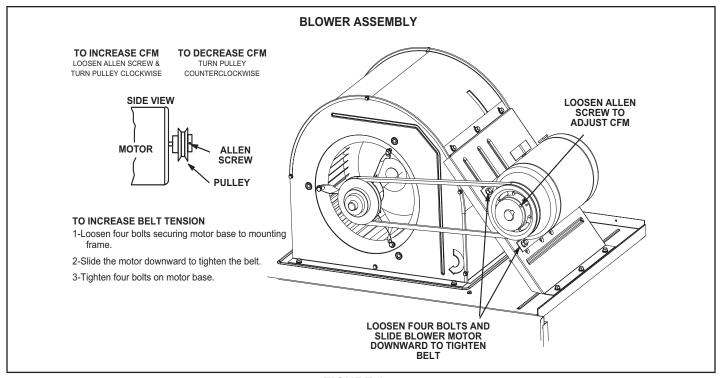


FIGURE 15

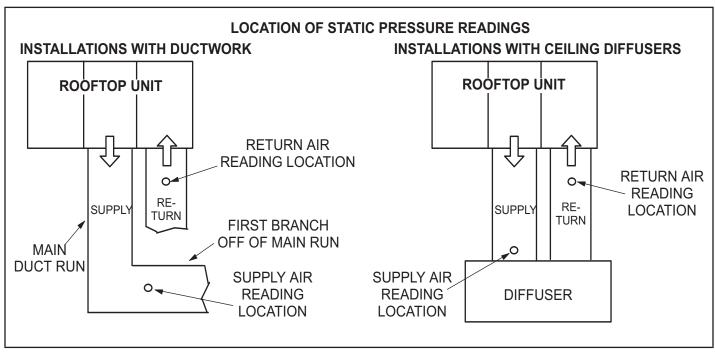


FIGURE 16

D-ELECTRIC HEAT COMPONENTS

Electric heat match-ups are found in the ELECTRICAL DATA tables. See table of contents.

All electric heat sections consist of electric heating elements exposed directly to the air stream. See FIGURE 17. See FIGURE 18 for vestibule parts arrangement.

1-Contactors K15, K16

All contactors are double break and either single, double or three pole (see diagram) and equipped with a 24VAC coil. The coils in the K15 and K16 contactors are energized by the indoor thermostat. In all units K15 energizes the heating elements, while in the 22.5 kW units, K15 and K16 energize the heating elements simultaneously.

2-High Temperature Limits S15 (Primary)

S15 is a SPST N.C. auto-reset thermostat located on the back panel of the electric heat section above the heating elements. S15 is the high temperature limit for the electric heat section. When S15 opens, indicating a problem in the system, contactor K15 is de-energized (including K16 in 22.5 kW units). When K15 is de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. See TABLE 6 for S15 set points. Set points are factory set and not adjustable.

TABLE 6

| Unit kW (Voltage) | S15 Opens ° F | S15 Closes ° F |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 7.5 (Y, G, J, P) | 160 | 120 |
| 10 (P) | 170 | 130 |
| 15 (Y) | 170 | 130 |
| 15 (G, J, P) | 160 | 120 |
| 22.5 (Y, G, J) | 160 | 120 |
| 22.5 (P) | 150 | 110 |
| 30 (Y, G, J) | 150 | 110 |

3-High Temperature Limit S20 and S157 (Secondary)

S20 and S157 are SPST N.C. manual-0reset thermostat s. S20 and S157 are wired in series with the heating elements. See T1EH wiring diagrams. When either limit opens K15 and K16 are de-energized. When the contactors are de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. The thermostat is factory set to open at 220F \pm 6°F (104°C \pm 3.3°C) on a temperature rise and can be manually reset when temperature falls below 160°F (71°.0C). See FIGURE 18 for location.

4-Terminal Strip TB2

Terminal strip TB2 is used for single point power installations only. TB2 distributes power to TB3. Units with multipoint power connections will not use TB2.

5-Terminal Strip TB3

P and Y voltage units are equipped with terminal strip TB3. Electric heat line voltage connections are made to TB3, which distributes power to the electric heat components and is located on the vestibule. See FIGURE 18.

6-Heating Elements HE1 through HE6

Heating elements are composed of helix wound bare nichrome wire exposed directly to the air stream. Three elements are connected in a three-phase arrangement. The elements in 208/230V units are connected in a "Delta" arrangement. Elements in 460 and 575V units are connected in "Wye" arrangement. Each stage is energized independently by the corresponding contactors located on the electric heat vestibule panel. Once energized, heat transfer is instantaneous. High temperature protection is provided by primary and redundant high temperature limits and overcurrent protection is provided by fuses.

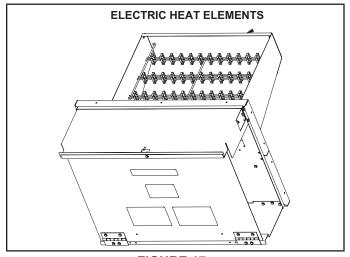


FIGURE 17

7-Fuse F3 and F42

Fuse F3 and F42 are housed in a fuse block which holds two or three fuses. Each F3 fuse is connected in series with each leg of electric heat. FIGURE 18 and TABLE 7 show the fuses used with each electric heat section.

8-Unit Fuse Block & Fuse F4

Three line voltage fuses F4 provide short circuit and ground fault protection to all cooling components in the LHX units with electric heat. The fuses are rated in accordance with the amperage of the cooling components. The F 4 fuse block is located inside a sheet metal enclosure.

9-Electric Heat Relay K9

K9 is a N.O. SPDT pilot relay intended to electrically isolate the unit's 24V circuit from the electric heat 24V circuit. K9 is energized by the indoor thermostat. K9-1 closes, energizing contactor K15.

TABLE 7

| Unit | Voltage- | FUSE | | Qty | Qty |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|------|-------|
| Offit | Phase | F3 | F42 | each | total |
| | 208/230V-1P | 40 A-250V | | 2 | 2 |
| T1EH0075 | 208/230V-3P | 25 A-250V | | 3 | 3 |
| TTEHOU75 | 460V-3P | 15 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| | 575V-3P | 15 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| T1EH0010 | 208/230V-1P | 30 A-250V | 30A-250V | 2 | 2 |
| | 208/230V-1P | 40 A-250V | 40A-250V | 2 | 4 |
| T1EH0015 | 208/230V-3P | 50 A-250V | | 3 | 3 |
| 1150015 | 460V | 25 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| | 575V | 20 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| | 208/230V-1P | 40 A-250V | 40A-250V | 3 | 6 |
| T1EH00225 | 208/230V-3P | 45 A-250V | 45A-250V | 3 | 6 |
| 11EH00225 | 460V-3P | 35 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| | 575V-3P | 30 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| | 208/230V-3P | 60 A-250V | 60A-250V | 3 | 6 |
| T1EH0300 | 460V-3P | 50 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |
| | 575V-3P | 40 A-600V | | 3 | 3 |

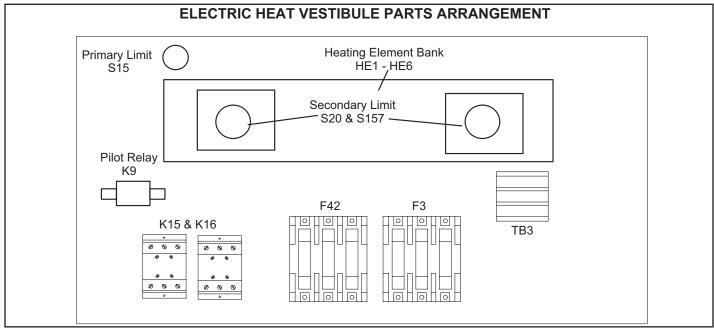


FIGURE 18

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame (T1CURB).

III-START UP - OPERATION

Refer to startup directions and refer closely to the unit wiring diagram when servicing. See unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1 Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2 Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit control box cover.
- 3 Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 4 Check voltage at the disconnect switch. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 5 Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.
- 6 Inspect and adjust blower belt (see section on Blower Compartment Blower Belt Adjustment).

B-Heating Start Up

1 - Set thermostat or temperature control device to initiate a first-stage heating demand.

A first-stage heating demand (W1) will energize compressor 1 and the outdoor fan.

Note - L1 reversing valve is de-energized in the heating mode.

Units With Optional Electric Heat -

An increased heating demand (W2) will energize electric heat. Electric heat is also energized during the defrost cycle to maintain discharge air temperature.

C-Cooling Start Up

A IMPORTANT

If unit is equipped with a crankcase heater. Make sure heater is energized 24 hours before unit startup to prevent compressor damage as a result of slugging.

 1 - Initiate first and second stage cooling demands according to instructions provided with thermostat.
 See TABLE 8 for operation.

TABLE 8 COOLING OPERATION

| T'Stat Demand | Energized | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| 024-060 | 024-060 No Economizer or Outdoor Air Unsuitable | | | | |
| Y1 | Compressor | Condeser Fan | | | |
| Y2 | Compressor Condenser Fan | | | | |
| 024-0 | 024-060 Unit Equipped With An Economizer | | | | |
| Y1 | Economizer | na | | | |
| Y2 | Economizer + Compressor | Condenser Fan | | | |

Note - The reversing valve is energized at the same time as the compressor.

- 2 Units contain one refrigerant circuit or stage.
- 3 Unit is charged with R-454B refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4 Refer to Refrigerant Charge and Check section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

- 1 Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- 2 Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise and blower rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 3 Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4 Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of K1 contactor. Do not reverse wires at blower contactor.

Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

IV- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

A-Refrigerant Charge and Check

A IMPORTANT

Units equipped with a Hot Gas Reheat system MUST be charged in standard cooling mode.

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed and, since flammability is a consideration, the following procedure shall be adhered to:

- Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
- Evacuate the circuit,
- Purge the circuit with inert gas,
- Evacuate,
- Purge with inert gas,
- · Open the circuit

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the refrigerating unit is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.

- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating unit.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i. e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure- relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants includ-ing, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manu-facturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressuretested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site. **NOTE -** System charging is not recommended below 60F (15C). In temperatures below 60F (15C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

IMPORTANT - Charge unit in normal cooling mode.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1 Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.
- 2 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 3 Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 4 Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 5 Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

Note - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 6 Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section). If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.
- If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.

- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i. e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt. The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.
- 7 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.

Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.

| TABLE 9 581329-01 024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|--|--|
| Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction ± 10 psig 5 psig | | | | |
| 65°F | 222 | 140 | | |
| 75°F | 259 | 68 | | |
| 85°F | 301 | 140 | | |
| 95°F | 349 | 141 | | |
| 100°F | 402 | 143 | | |
| 115°F | 464 | 145 | | |

| TABLE 10 581330-01 036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|--|--|
| Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction ± 10 psig 5 psig | | | | |
| 65°F | 242 | 137 | | |
| 75°F | 281 | 138 | | |
| 85°F | 325 | 140 | | |
| 95°F | 374 | 141 | | |
| 100°F | 428 | 143 | | |
| 115°F | 489 | 145 | | |

| TABLE 11 581331-01 048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|--|--|
| Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction ± 10 psig 5 psig | | | | |
| 65°F | 232 | 133 | | |
| 75°F | 269 | 135 | | |
| 85°F | 310 | 136 | | |
| 95°F | 354 | 138 | | |
| 100°F | 404 | 140 | | |
| 115°F | 457 | 142 | | |

| TABLE 12 581332-01 060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|--|--|
| Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction ± 10 psig 5 psig | | | | |
| 65°F | 247 | 132 | | |
| 75°F | 284 | 133 | | |
| 85°F | 324 | 134 | | |
| 95°F | 371 | 135 | | |
| 100°F | 422 | 137 | | |
| 115°F | 476 | 139 | | |

| TABLE 13 APPROACH TEMPERATURES | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| Unit Liquid Temperature (At Condenser Outlet) Minus Ambient Temperature | | | |
| 024 | 5°F +/- 1 (2.8°C +/- 0.5) | | |
| 036 | 9°F +/- 1 (5.0°C +/- 0.5) | | |
| 048 | 6°F +/- 1 (3.3°C +/- 0.5) | | |
| 060 | 8°F +/- 1 (4.4°C +/- 0.5) | | |

| Refrigerant Charge R-454B | | | | |
|---|-------|------|--|--|
| Unit M _c (lbs) M _c (kg) | | | | |
| LHX024 | 12.5 | 5.67 | | |
| LHX036 | 12 | 5.44 | | |
| LHX048 | 16.75 | 7.60 | | |
| LHX060 | 15.63 | 7.09 | | |

C-Compressor Controls

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit. Optional controls are identified on wiring diagrams by arrows at junction points.

1 - High Pressure Switch (S4)

The compressor circuit is protected by a high pressure switch which opens at 640 psig \pm 10 psig (4413 kPa \pm 70 kPa) and automatically resets at 475 psig \pm 20 psig (3275kPa \pm 138 kPa).

2 - Low Pressure Switch (S87)

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch. Switch opens at 25 psig \pm 5 psig (172 \pm 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 40 psig \pm 5 psig (246 kPa \pm 34 kPa).

3 - Diagnostics Sensors (RT46, RT48)

Two thermistors are located on specific points in the refrigeration circuit. The thermistors provide constant temperature feedback to the Unit Controller to protect the compressor. Thermistors take the place of the freezestat and low ambient pressure switch.

4 - Defrost Controls (RT48, RT17)

Both sensors provide input to the defrost control which cycles defrost. The ambient sensor is located on the inside of the corner mullion on the back of the outdoor coil section. The coil sensor is located on a return bend on the front of the outdoor coil.

5 - Compressor Crankcase Heater (HR1)

Crankcase heater must be energized at all times to prevent compressor damage due to refrigerant migration. Energize crankcase heater 24 hours before unit start-up by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand (to prevent compressor from cycling) and apply power to unit.

V-MAINTENANCE

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

A WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

A IMPORTANT

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A WARNING

Any service personnel installing, decommissioning, or performing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants Prior to beginning work on systems containing refigerant to ensure the risk of ignition is minimized:

- All work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.
- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i. e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, the appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.

A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

- Where electrical components are being changed, service technicians shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance. The following checks shall be applied to installations using flameable refrigerants as applicable:
- 1 The actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- 2 The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- 3 If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant.

- 4 Markings on the equipment should be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- 5 Refrigerating pipes or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.
- For systems containing refigerant all repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures such as that capacitors are discharged in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking, that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering, or purging the system, and that there is continuity of earth bonding. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used that is reported to the owner of the equipment, so all parties are advised.

NOTE - Sealed electrical components shall be replaced, not repaired.

NOTE - Intrinsically safe components must be replaced, not repaired. Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:
 - a. Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
 - b. Evacuate the circuit,
 - c. Purge the circuit with inert gas,
 - d. Evacuate,
 - e. Purge with inert gas,
 - f. Open the circuit.
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

A-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

B-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which need to be replaced before the building is occupied. See TABLE 14 for correct filter size. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdictio for approved filters.

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See FIGURE 19.

A WARNING

Units are shipped from the factory with temporary filters. Replace filters before building is occupied. Damage to unit could result if filters are not replaced with approved filters. Refer to appropriate codes.

TABLE 14

| Unit | Filter Size - inches (mm) | Quantity |
|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| 024, 036 | 16 X 20 X 2 (406 X 508 X 51) | 4 |
| 048, 060 | 20 X 20 X 2 (508 X 508 X 51) | 4 |

NOTE - Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

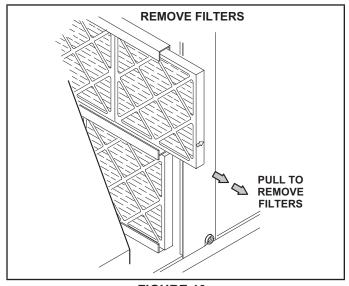


FIGURE 19

C-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

D-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling and heating season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleanser. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.

E-Outdoor Coil

Clean outdoor coil annually with detergent or commercial coil cleaner and inspect monthly during the cooling season. Outdoor coils are made of single and two formed slabs. On units with two slabs, dirt and debris may become trapped between the slabs. To clean between slabs, carefully separate coil slabs and wash them thoroughly. See FIGURE 20. Flush coils with water following cleaning. Note - Remove all screws and gaskets prior to cleaning procedure and replace upon completion.

F-Filter Drier

The unit is equipped with a biflow filter drier. if replacement is necessary, order another of like design.

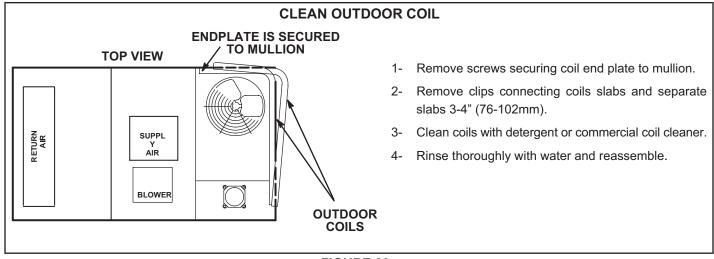


FIGURE 20

VI-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory or field installed to the LHX units.

A-C1CURB

When installing the LHX units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the C1CURB 8 inch, 14-inch, 18 inch or 24-inch height roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

The assembled mounting frame is shown in FIGURE 21. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in FIGURE 22. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

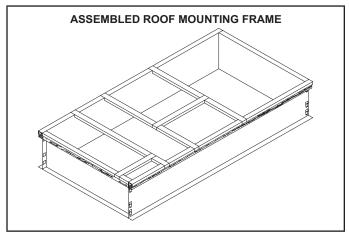


FIGURE 21

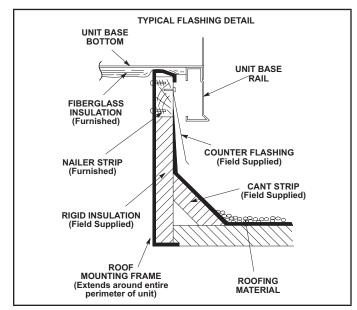


FIGURE 22

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitions are available for use with the LHX 2, 3, 4 and 5 ton units (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). Transition must be installed in the C1/T1CURB mounting frame before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

C-Outdoor Air Dampers

See Optional Accessories at the front of this manual (Table of Contents) for sizes per LHX units. Outdoor air dampers may be manually or motor (M) operated to allow up to 25 percent outside air into the system at all times. See FIG-URE 20. The washable filters supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to reinstallation. Filter Handicoater is R.P. Products coating no. 418 and is available as Part No. P-8-5069.

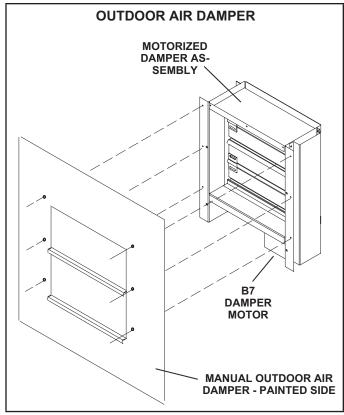


FIGURE 23

D-Supply and Return Diffusers (all units)

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD9-65 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD9-65 available for use with all LHX units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

E-Economizer (Field- or Factory-Installed Option)

The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when temperature is suitable. See FIGURE 25.

When outdoor air is suitable, the Unit Controller will modulate the economizer dampers to maintain 55°F discharge air (RT6). Refer to unit controller manual for menu paths to adjust economizer setpoints.

Sensors

Units are equipped with the following factory-installed, CEC Title 24 approved sensors:

RT17 - Outside Air Temperature

RT16 - Return Air Temperature

RT6 - Discharge Air Temperature

See FIGURE 26 for sensor location.

Optional field-provided sensors may be used instead of unit sensors to determine whether outdoor air is suitable for free cooling. Refer to TABLE 15. TEMP OFFSET is the default mode.

NOTE - Network OAS signal and California Title 24 Compliance options use either TEMPERATURE OFFSET or TEMPERATURE SETPT mode.

Minimum Position

The Unit Controller will move the dampers to minimum position during the following:

Ventilation mode (G demand only)

Outdoor air is NOT suitable for free cooling

The damper position will vary linearly with blower speed based on the damper position settings for high and low CFM. Damper calibration must be initiated in the mobile service app to set high and low damper positions.

GED (Gravity Exhaust / Barometric Relief Dampers) (Field-Installed Option)

The GED is located in the economizer except in downflow applications or when a PEF (power exhaust fan) is NOT installed. In horizontal airflow applications or when a PEF is installed, the GED is located in the exhaust air hood.

Horizontal Air Discharge Economizers

The economizer is located in the unit in the same position as downflow applications but note the position of the return air duct. The duct attaches to a duct transition and duct inlet on the end of the unit. An optional GED is located in the duct transition. See FIGURE 24.

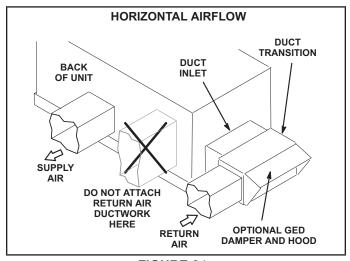


FIGURE 24

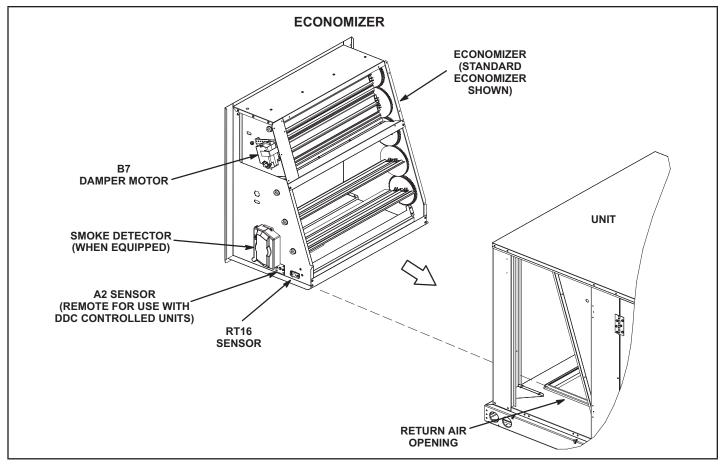


FIGURE 25

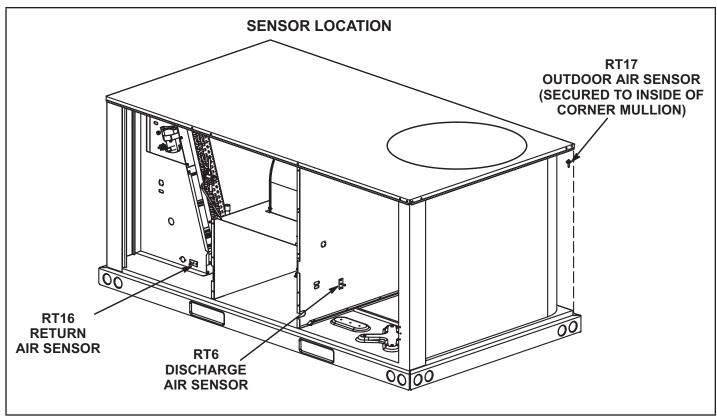


FIGURE 26

TABLE 15
ECONOMIZER MODES AND SETPOINT

| Free Cooling Mode | Free Cooling Setpoint | Field- Provide Sensors Dampers will modulate to 55°F discharge air (RT6) when outdoor air is suitable: | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|---------|---------|--|
| TEMP | OFFSET | None Needed | Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the OFFSET value. | 0-40°F | | |
| TEMP | OAT STPT | None Needed | Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the OAT STPT value. | 41-75°F | | |
| Remote | Remote Energy Remote Management System** | | Either of the TEMP modes can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode. | NA | | |
| ENTH | DIFF OFFSET (Two) C7400 | | Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFFSET value. | 0mA-4mA | | |
| ENTH | ODE STPT C7400 | | ODE STPT C7400 Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than free cooling setpoint. | | 12-19mA | |
| GLOBAL | GLOBAL GLOBAL 24VAC Input Signal | | Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.) | NA | | |

Outdoor Air Damper and Economizer Operation

Modulating Outdoor Air Damper:

Damper minimum positions #1 and 2 are adjusted during unit setup to provide minimum fresh air requirements at the indicated supply fan speeds per ASHRAE 62.1.

- -Supply fan is off and the outdoor air damper is closed
- -Supply fan is on low speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 1
- -Supply fan is on high speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 2

¹Outdoor Air is Suitable

Note: When outdoor air is not suitable during the occupied time period, damper modulates to minimum position. When outdoor air is not suitable during the unoccupied time period, damper modulates closed.

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Low Cooling Demand -

Compressor Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

High Cooling Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

Note - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Note - Free cooling is locked out when a dehumidification demand is received. The unit operates in dehumidification mode as if the outdoor air is not suitable.

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Low Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower Low

Damper Minimum Position

High Cooling Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Damper Minimum Position

F-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (power exhaust units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LHX units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the Unit Controller after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable). When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

G-Power Exhaust Fans

C1PWRE10A's are available for all units, and provide exhaust air pressure relief and also run when return air dampers are closed and supply air blowers are operating. See installation instructions for more details.

H-Dirty Filter Switch S27

The dirty filter switch senses static pressure increase indicating a dirty filter condition. The switch is N.O. and closes at 1" W.C. (248.6 Pa) The switch is mounted in the filter section on the left unit mullion.

I-Indoor Air Quality (CO2) Sensor A63

The indoor air quality sensor monitors CO2 levels and reports the levels to the Unit Controller. The Unit Controller adjusts the economizer dampers according to the CO2 levels. The sensor is mounted next to the indoor thermostat or in the return air duct. Refer to the indoor air quality sensor installation instructions for proper adjustment.

J-Overflow Switches (S149 - Optional)

The N.C. overflow switch or switches are connected to the M4 unit controller (A55) in series (when applicable) through a dedicated input at J387-5. When the switch opens, the unit controller de-energizes the compressor. After a five-minute time-out, the unit controller verifies the overflow switch position and restarts the compressor(s) as long as a cooling demand is present (if the switch has closed).

VII-Decomissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available befor the task is commenced.

Steps to ensure this are:

- Become familiar with the equipment and its operation,
- Isolate the system electrically,
- Ensure that before attempting the procedure that mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders, and that all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly while the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person and that the recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

Additionally, pump down refrigerant system, if possible, and if a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system. Make sure that cylinders are situated on the scales before recovery takes place. Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions. Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge). Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily. When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off. Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Equipment shall be labeled stating that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

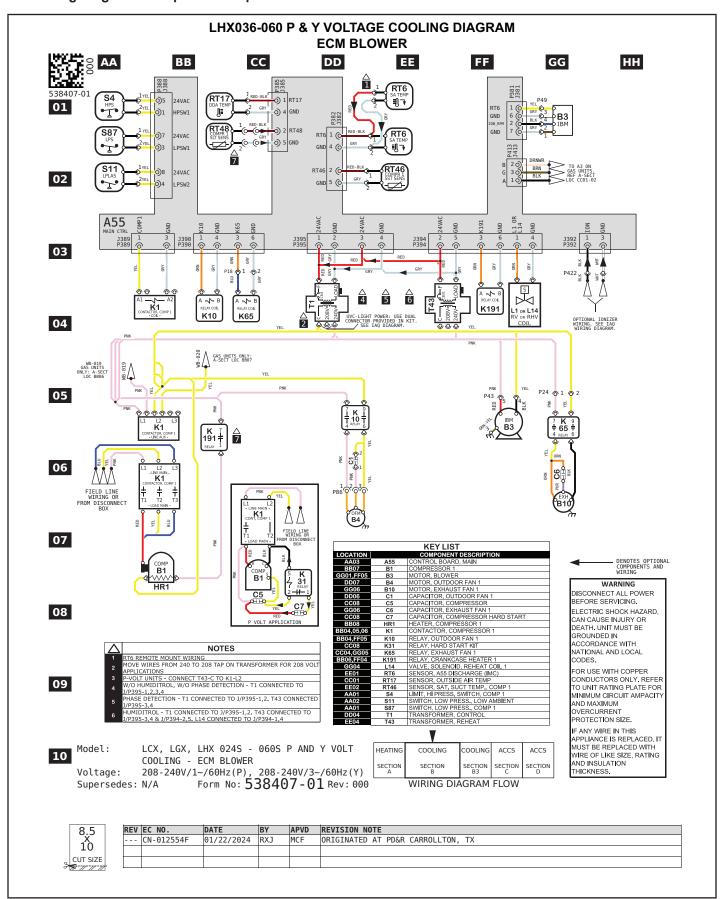
Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

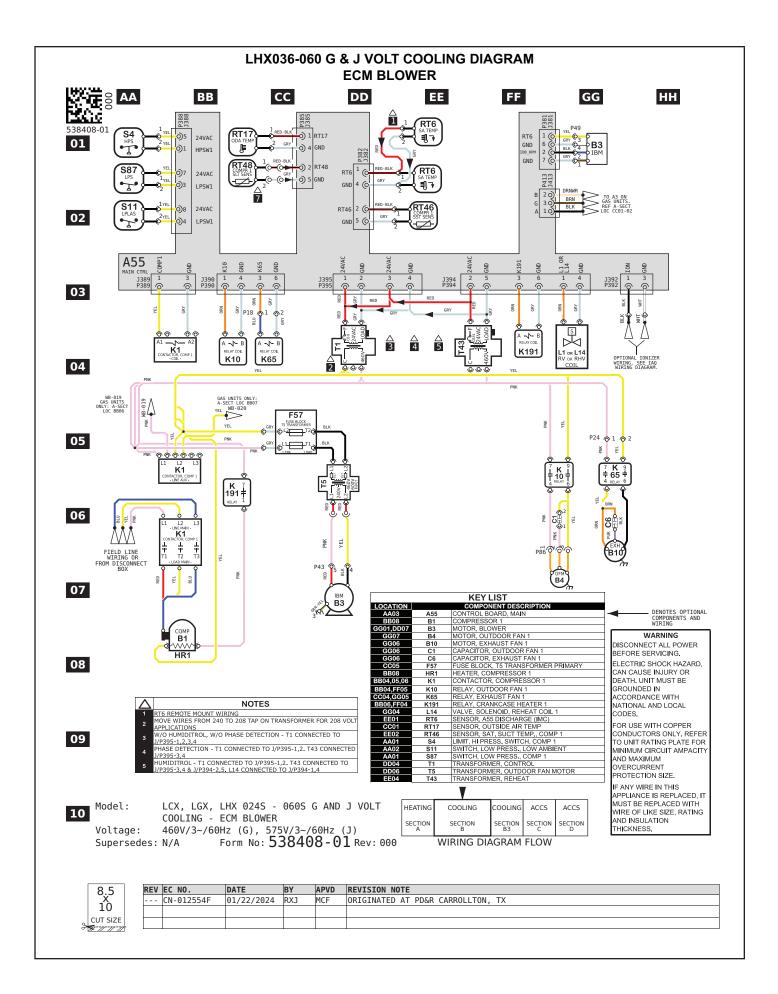
Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

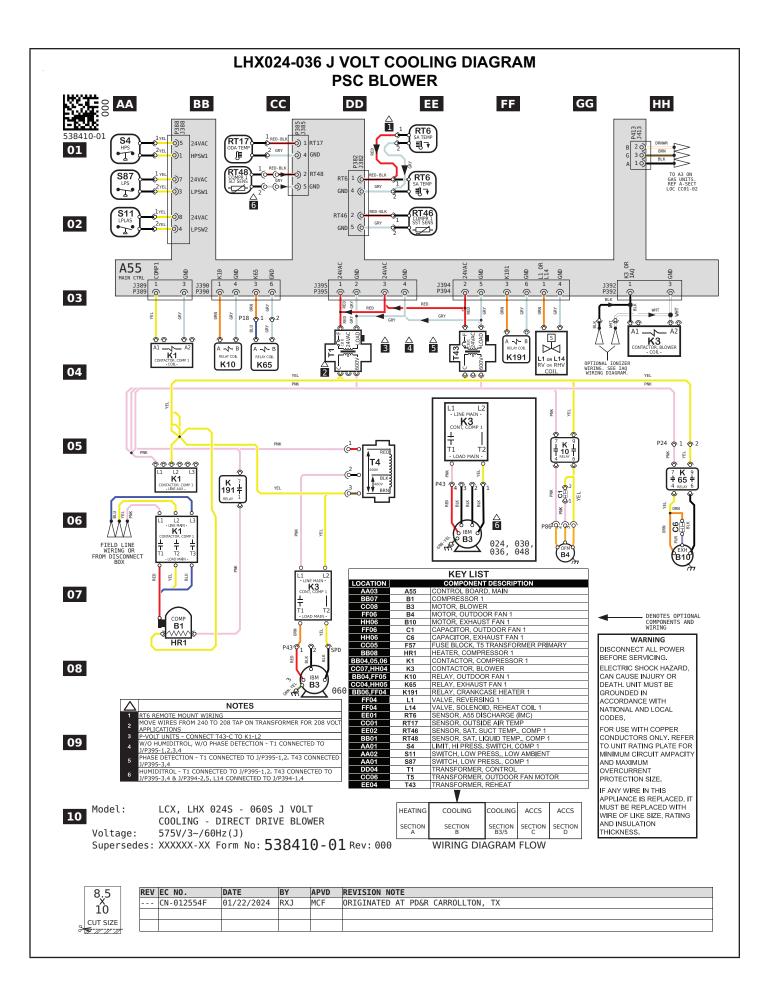
When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

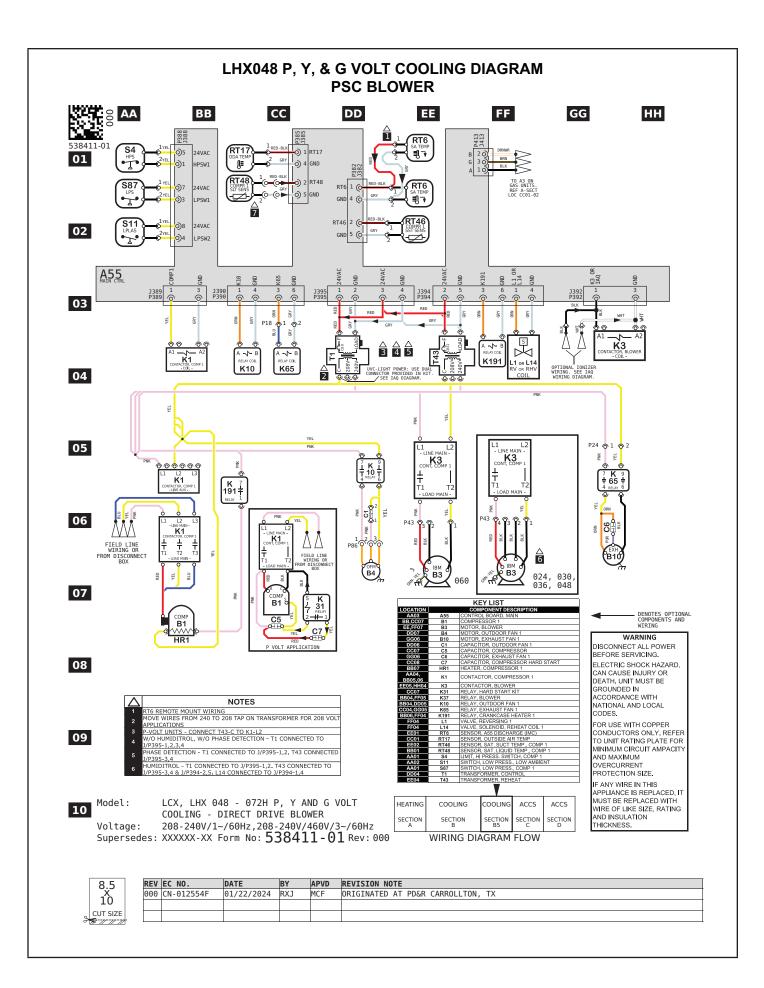
- Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
- Evacuate the circuit,
- · Purge the circuit with inert gas,
- Evacuate,
- Purge with inert gas,
- · Open the circuit.

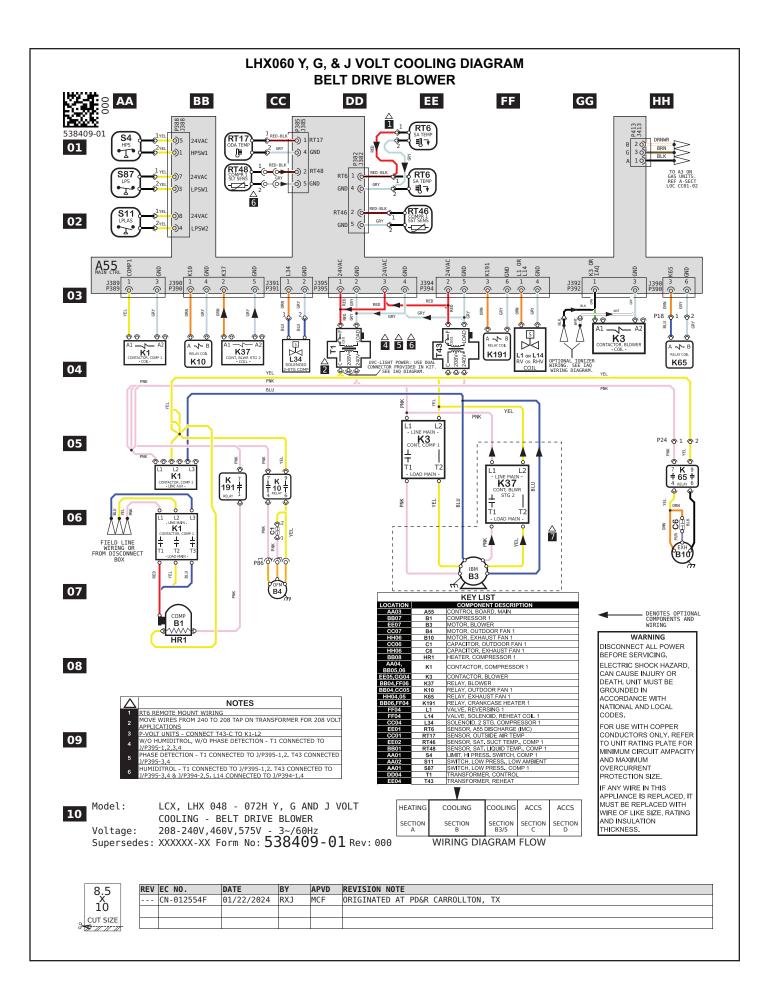
The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygenfree nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.











LHX024-060 P, Y, G, & J Voltage Sequence of Operation

Power:

- 1 Line voltage energizes transformer T1. T1 provides 24VAC power to the A55 Unit Controller. A55 provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.
- 2 Line voltage provides voltage to compressor crankcase heater relay K191-1 N.C. contacts, compressor contactor K1, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4 (on G volt units line voltage is supplied to two fuses F27, transformer T4, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4).

Blower Operation:

3 - The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand from thermostat terminal G. A55 energizes blower motor B3 via programmed motor settings. Motor settings are field-adjustable. Units equipped with PSC or Belt-Drive motors are energized via the K3 Blower contactor.

First Stage Cooling

- 4 A55 Unit Controller receives Y1 and G cooling demand.
- 5 After A55 proves n.c. low pressure switch S87, n.o. low ambient switch S11, n.c. SST, and n.c. high pressure switch S4, reversing valve (L1), compressor contactor K1 and blower B3 are energized.
- 6 N.O contacts K1-1 close, energizing the compressor B1.
- 7 SLT proves below 62°F. A55 energizes outdoor fan motor B4 to modulate. If above 65°F, outdoor fan motor B4 will be set to low speed.

Second Stage Cooling

- 8 A55 receives a Y2 and G cooling demand and energizes blower B3 on high speed.
- 9 A55 energizes compressor solenoid L34, switching compressor to high speed.

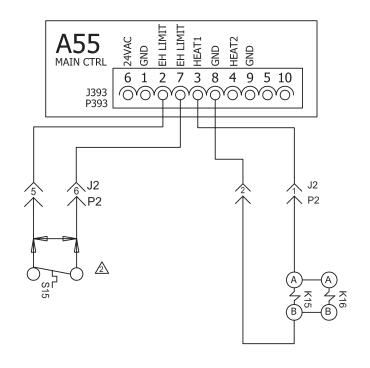
Economizer Operation:

- 10 -The economizer control module receives a demand and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 11 N.O. K65-1 and N.O. K65-2 both close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.

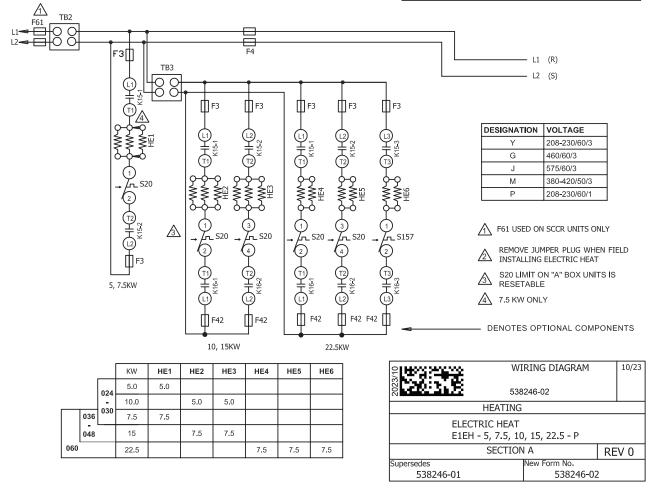
LCX-072 Two-Stage Units

- 12 -First-stage cooling demand Y1 and G is energized by the thermostat. G energizes blower.
- 13 -Following from step 7 K1 energizes compressor, condenser fan and blower B1 on low speed.
- 14 -Second-stage cooling demand Y2 energizes compressor B1, condenser fan and blower B1 on high speed.

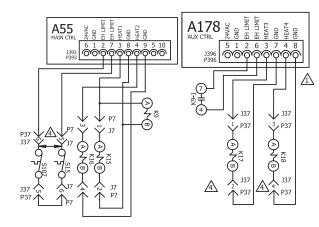
ELECTRIC HEAT E1EH - 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 22.5, P VOLT UNIT DIAGRAM



| DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| KEY | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | |
| A55 | PANEL, MAIN | | | | | | | |
| F3 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | | | | |
| F4 | FUSE, UNIT | | | | | | | |
| F61 | FUSE, UNIT - SCCR | | | | | | | |
| HE -1 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | | | | | | |
| HE -2 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 2 | | | | | | | |
| HE -3 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 3 | | | | | | | |
| HE -4 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 4 | | | | | | | |
| HE -5 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 5 | | | | | | | |
| HE -6 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 6 | | | | | | | |
| J2 | JACK, ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | | | | |
| J265C | JACK, CONTACTOR RELAY | | | | | | | |
| J266A | JACK, HEATING CONTROL STG 1 | | | | | | | |
| J271A,B | JACK, HEATING SENSORS STG 1 | | | | | | | |
| K15,-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | | | | | | |
| K16,-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 2 | | | | | | | |
| P2 | PLUG, ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | | | | |
| P7 | PLUG, ELECTRIC HEAT SUB-BASE KIT | | | | | | | |
| P265 | PLUG, CONTACTOR RELAY | | | | | | | |
| P266 | PLUG, HEATING CONTROL | | | | | | | |
| P271 | PLUG, HEATING SENSORS STG 1 | | | | | | | |
| S15 | SWITCH, LIMIT PRIMARY ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | | | | |
| S20 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | | | | | | |
| S157 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 2 | | | | | | | |
| TB2 | TERMINAL STRIP, UNIT | | | | | | | |



EHA 15/120 - G & J VOLTAGE



| KEY | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| A55 | CONTROL, BOARD LENNOX | | | | |
| A178 | BOARD,COMPRESSORS 3 & 4 | | | | |
| F3 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | |
| F4 | FUSE, UNIT | | | | |
| F42 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 A, 2A | | | | |
| F43 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 3, 4 | | | | |
| F44 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 5, 6 | | | | |
| F45 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 7, 8 | | | | |
| HE1 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | | | |
| HE3 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 3 | | | | |
| HE4 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 4 | | | | |
| HE5 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 5 | | | | |
| HE7 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 7 | | | | |
| HE8 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 8 | | | | |
| K9,-1 | RELAY, HEAT | | | | |
| K15,-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 1,2 | | | | |
| K16,-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 1A,2A | | | | |
| K17,-1 CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 3,4 | | | | | |
| K18,-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 5,6 | | | | |

| S15 | SWITCH, LIMIT PRIMARY ELECTRIC HEAT |
|------|---|
| S20 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 1,2 |
| S107 | SWITCH, PRIMARY ELECTRIC HEAT |
| S157 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 1A |
| S158 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 2A |
| S159 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 3,4 |
| S160 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELECTRIC HEAT 5,6 |
| TB2 | TERMINAL STRIP, UNIT |
| TB3 | TERMINAL STRIP, ELECTRIC HEAT |

| J/P | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------------|
| 7 | ELECTRIC HEAT CONTROL |
| 37 | ELECTRIC HEAT CONTROL |

DESIGNATION VOLTAGE 460/60/3 575/3

⚠ TB3 IS USED IN SOME UNITS

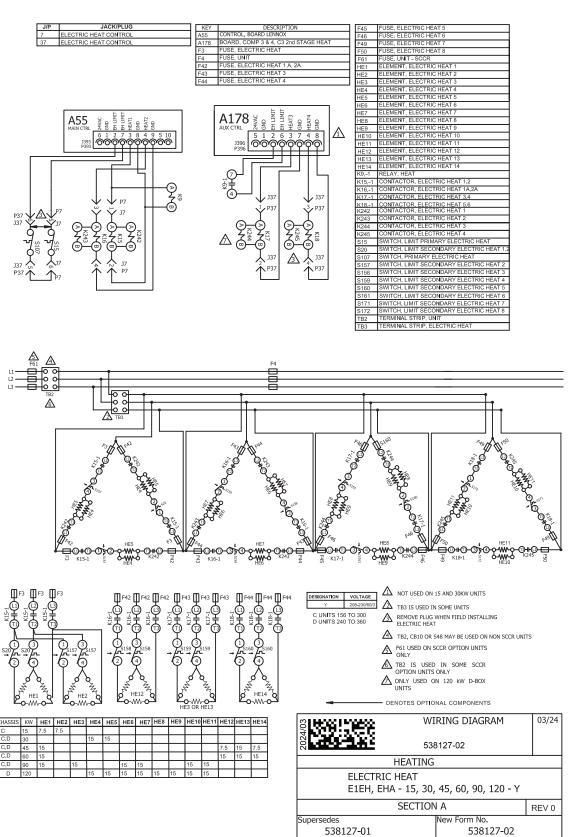
TB2 IS USED IN SOME SCCR OPTION UNITS ONLY

⚠ TB2, S48 OR CB10 MAY BE USED TB3 TB2 Ճ <u></u> ٩₩٩ HE6 DENOTES OPTIONAL COMPONENTS

| CHASSIS | KW | HE1 | HE1A | HE2 | HE2A | HE3 | HE4 | HE5 | HE6 | HE7 | HE8 |
|---------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| С | 15 | | 7.5 | | 7.5 | | | | | | |
| D | 20 | | 10 | | 10 | | | | | | |
| CD | 30 | | 15 | | 15 | | | | | | |
| D | 40 | 10 | | | | 10 | | 10 | | 10 | |
| CD | 45 | 15 | | | | 7.5 | | 15 | | 7.5 | |
| CD | 60 | 15 | | | | 15 | | 15 | | 15 | |
| D | 80 | 20 | | | 20 | | | 20 | 20 | | |
| CD | 90 | 15 | | | | 15 | 15 | 15 | | 15 | 15 |
| D | 120 | 15 | | 15 | | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |

WIRING DIAGRAM 01/25 538126-03 HEATING ELECTRIC HEAT LCT/LHT/LCX/LHX/SCH E1EH,EHA-15, 20, 30, 40, 45,60, 80, 90, 120 - G, J SECTION A REV.0 Supersedes New Form No. 538126-02 538126-03

EHA 15/120 - Y VOLTAGE



Heat Sequence of Operation

Blower Operation:

1- The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand from thermostat terminal G. A55 energizes blower motor B3 via programmed motor settings. Motor settings are field-adjustable.

First Stage Heat:

- 2- A55 Unit Controller receives W1 and G heating demand.
- 3- After A55 proves n.c. low pressure switch S87, n.c. high pressure switch S4,compressor contactor K1, Blower, and Fan is energized.

NOTE - For 024 units in Mechanical Heating, the unit will automatically stage up for outdoor temperatures below 40°F for increased performance and efficiency. No external intervention is required, operation is automatic. At temperatures above 40°F, compressor will stage down to maintain operation efficiency.

Sequence of Operation -E1EH 5, 7.5, 15, 22.5 - G, J Voltage

Heating Elements:

1- Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and HE2. Elements are protected by fuse F3.

Second Stage Heat:

- 2- A55 Unit Controller receives W2 heating demand.
- 3- 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller (A55 routes power to the A38 if equipped) After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15 the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.
- 4- 5kW, 7.5kW, 10kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.- 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open energizing HE1and HE2.

End of Second Stage Heat:

- 5- Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W2 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6- Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7- 5kW, 7.5kW, 10kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1...
 - 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1and HE2.

Sequence of Operation -E1EH 5, 7.5, 15, 22.5 - P, Y Voltage

Heating Elements:

1- Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elementsHE1 and HE2. Elements are protected by fuse F3 and or F42.

Second Stage Heat:

- 2- A55 Unit Controller receives W2 heating demand.
- 3- 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller (A55 routes power to the A38 if equipped) After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15 the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.
- 4- 5Kw, 7.5kW, 10kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.- 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open energizing HE2and HE3.

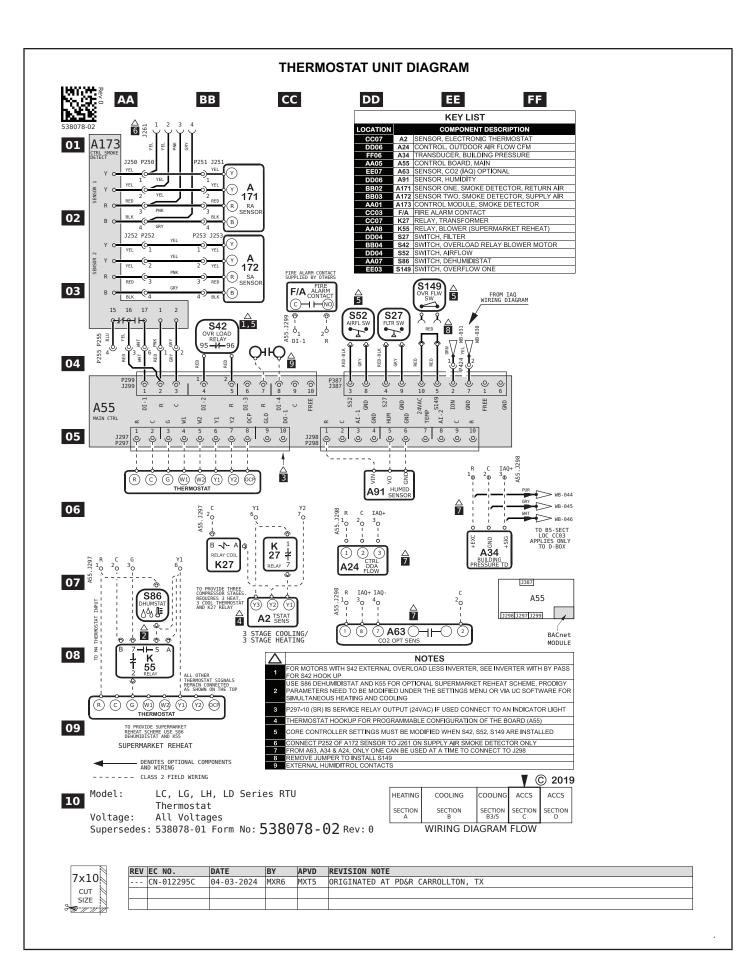
End of Second Stage Heat:

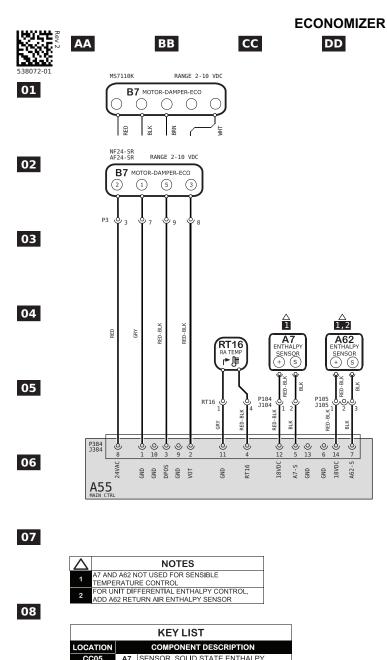
- 5- Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W2 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6- Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7- 5kW, 7.5kW, 10kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.
 - 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE2and HE3.

Optional factory-installed SCR (A38) All Voltages Control A38 will provide small amounts of power to the electric heat elements to efficiently maintain warm duct air temperatures when there is no heating demand. The SCR maintains duct air temperature based on input from a field-provided and installed thermostat (A104) and duct sensor (RT20). SCR is located in the compressor section on the left wall. Use only with a thermostat or specified DDC control system.

Use the instructions provided with the thermostat to set DIP switches as follows: S1 On, S2 Off, S3 Off. Use the instructions provided with the duct sensor to install sensor away from electric element radiant heat and in a location where discharge air is a mixed average temperature. Once power is supplied to unit, zero SCR as follows:

- 1- Adjust thermostat (A104) to minimum position.
- 2- Use a small screwdriver to slowly turn the ZERO potentiometer on the SCR until the LED turns solid red.
- 3- Very slowly adjust the potentiometer the opposite direction until the LED turns off.





A7 SENSOR, SOLID STATE ENTHALPY
A55 CONTROL BOARD, MAIN
A62 SENSOR, ENTHALPY INDOOR
B7 MOTOR, DAMPER ECONOMIZER
RT16 SENSOR, RETURN AIR TEMP

© 2019 ▼ Model: LC,LG,LH,LD,SC,SG Series Economizer & Motorized OAD

Voltage: All Voltages

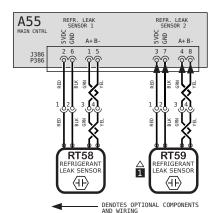
Form No: 538072-01 Rev: 2 Supersedes: N/A



09

| REV | EC NO. | DATE | BY | APVD | REVISION NOTE |
|-----|------------|------------|------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| | CN-008594 | 10/15/2020 | RV | MXR6 | ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX |
| 001 | CN-010356B | 03/24/2022 | MXR6 | JAL21 | UPDATED APPLICABLE MODEL NUMBERS. |
| 002 | CN-012457P | 03/06/2024 | AXL | AAH | A) ADDED SC, SG TO MODELS |

RDS SENSOR



KEY LIST

COMPONIENT DESCRIPTION

A55 | CONTROL BOARD, MAIN

RT58 | SENSOR 1, REFR. LEAK DETECTION

RT59 | SENSOR 2, REFR. LEAK DETECTION

1

NOTES

REFRIGERANT LEAK SENSOR 2 (RT59), MAY NOT BE PRESENT IN ALL UNITS.

WARNING
DISCONNECT ALL POWER
BEFORE SERVICING.
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD,
CAN CAUSE INJURY OR
DEATH. UNIT MUST BE
GROUNDED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH
NATIONAL AND LOCAL
CODES.

CODES.
FOR USE WITH COPPER
CONDUCTORS ONLY, REFER
TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR
MINIMUM GIRCUIT AMPACITY
AND MAXIMUM
OVERCURRENT
PROTECTION SIZE.
IF ANY WIRE IN THIS
APPLIANCE IS REPLACED, IT
MUST BE REPLACED WITH
WIRE OF LIKE SIZE, RATING
AND INSULATION
THICKNESS.

MODEL: Units w/CORE Contr.

Refr. Leak Detection

VOLT: All

SUPSDS: N/A NO: 538440-01





| REV | EC NO. | DATE | BY | APVD | REVISION NOTE |
|-----|------------|------------|------|------|-----------------------------------|
| | CN-012295C | 04-03-2024 | MXR6 | MXT5 | ORIGINATED AT PD&R CARROLLTON, TX |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |