A WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

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INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

LHX024 (2 TON)
LHX036 (3 TON)
LHX048 (4 TON)
LHX060 (5 TON)
LHX072 (6 TON)

HEAT PUMP PACKAGED UNITS

Diagnostic Sensors34Cooling Operation39Heat Start-Up40Preventative Maintenance / Repair40Factory Unit Controller Settings47Decommissioning50

A WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier.

RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCES

Attention!

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the Unit Controller. Refer to the "Mobile Service App" section in this manual. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.



▲ CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

WARNING

Only manufacturer approved auxiliary devices are permitted to be installed in this unit.

WARNING

If this appliance is conditioning a space with an area smaller than TAmin or stored in a space with an area smaller than Amin as defined by this instruction, then that space must be without continuously operating open flames (e.g. an operating gas appliance) or other potential ignition sources (e.g. an operating electric heater or similar hot surface). A flame-producing device may be installed in the same space if the device is provided with an effective flame arrest system.

WARNING

- •Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- •The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance, or an operating electric heater).
- •Do not pierce or burn.
- •Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.

A CAUTION

Auxiliary devices which may be a potential ignition source shall not be installed in the duct work. Examples of such potential ignition sources are hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching devices.

▲ CAUTION

Any personnel installing, decommissioning, or performaing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants.

A CAUTION

Leak Detection System installed. Unit must be powered except for service.

▲ CAUTION

Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

WARNING

- •This appliance must be installed in accordance with local and national wiring regulations.
- •If the appliance is not fitted with an option for full disconnection from power, a means of disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with national and local wiring regulations.

WARNING

Ducts connected to an appliance shall not contain a potential ignition source.

A CAUTION

The appliance is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction

▲ CAUTION

Children should be supervised not to play with the appliance.

▲ IMPORTANT

Pipe work, including piping material, pipe routing, and installation shall include protection from physical damage in operation and service, and be in compliance with national and local codes and standards, such as ASHRAE 15, ASHRAE 15.2, IAPMO Uniform Mechanical Code, ICC International Mechanical Code, or CSA B52. All field joints shall be accessible for inspection prior to being covered or enclosed.

▲ IMPORTANT

Refrigerant sensors for refrigerant detection systems shall only be replaced with sensors specified by the appliance manufacture.

▲ CAUTION

This unit is equipped with electrically powered safety measures. To be effective, the unit must be electrically powered at all times after installation, other than when servicing.

A2L Refrigerant Considerations

Ensure that the work area is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

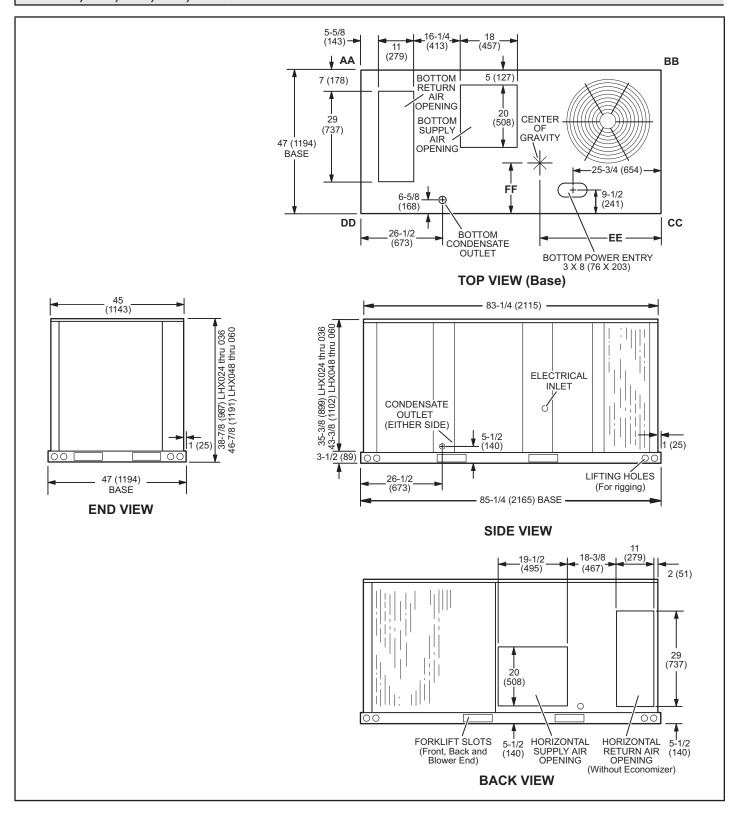
Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects, taking into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used when searching for or detecting refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/ extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

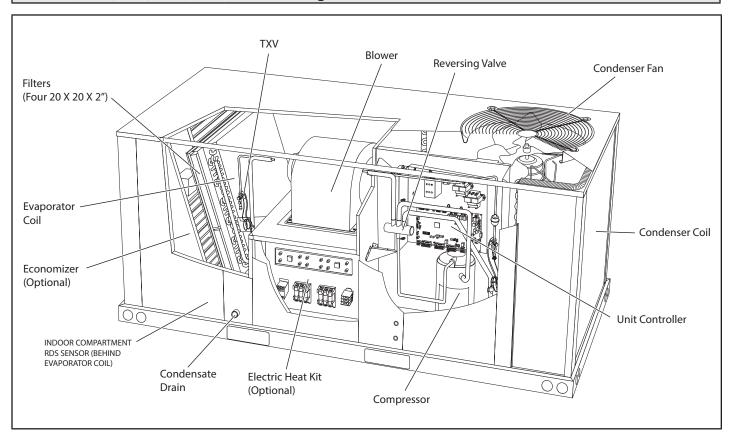
When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practices be followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- -Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations.
- -Evacuate the circuit.
- -Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- -Evacuate.
- -Purge the circuit with inert gas.
- -Open the circuit

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygenfree nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerants purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.



LHX024, 036, 048, 060, 072 Parts Arrangement



Shipping and Packing List

Package 1 of 1 contains:

1 - Assembled unit

Check unit for shipping damage. Receiving party should contact last carrier immediately if shipping damage is found.

General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation. Optional electric heat is available.

The LHX units have 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6-ton cooling capacities.

Units are equipped with fin/tube condenser coils, two speed compressors, and variable speed, direct drive blowers. Compressor and supply air speeds adjust to system demand.

Availability of units and options varies by brand.

Requirements

See FIGURE 1 for unit clearances.

The LHX unit is ETL/CSA certified as a heat pump with cooling and with or without auxiliary electric heat for outdoor installations only at the clearances to combustible materials as listed on the unit nameplate and in FIGURE 1.

Installation of LHX units must conform with standards in National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) "Standard for Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems NFPA No. 90A," "Standard for Installation of Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems NFPA No. 90B," local municipal building codes and manufacturer's installation instructions.

A IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

WARNING





Electric shock hazard and danger of explosion. Can cause injury, death or product or property damage. Turn off gas and electrical power to unit before performing any maintenance or servicing operations on the unit. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit when putting unit back into operation and after service or maintenance.

A NOTICE

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil, causing the rubber to swell. Bubbles in the rubber roofing material can cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

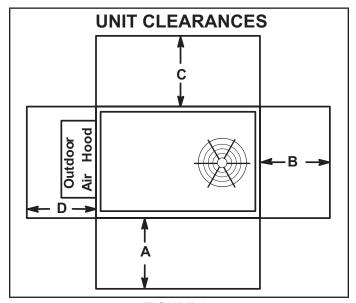


FIGURE 1

¹ Unit Clearance	A in- .(mm)	B in- .(mm)	C in- .(mm)	D in- .(mm)	Top Clearance
Service Clearance	48 (1219)	36 (916)	36 (916)	36 (916)	Unobstructed
Clearance to Combustibles	36 (916)	1 (25)	1 (25)	1 (25)	Unobstructed
Minimum Operation Clearance	36 (916)	36 (916)	36 (916)	36 (916)	Unobstructed

NOTE - Entire perimeter of unit base requires support when elevated above mounting surface.

¹ Service Clearance - Required for removal of serviceable parts. Clearance to Combustibles - Required clearance to combustible material (gas units). On LCT units, see clearance to combustible materials as outlined on heater rating plate.

Minimum Operation Clearance - Required clearance for proper unit operation.

Minimum R454B Space and CFM Requirements

Minimum Airflow¹							
Unit	Q _{min} (CFM)	Q _{min} (m³h)					
LHX024	371	629					
LHX036	344	584					
LHX048	444	753					
LHX060	414	703					
LHX072	390	661					

¹ NOTE - The minimum airflow is the lowest CFM allowed during venting	j
operation (leak mitigation).	

Minimum Room Area of Conditioned Space ²						
Unit $TA_{min}(ft^2)$ $TA_{min}(m^2)$						
LHX024	206	19.1				
LHX036	191	17.7				
LHX048	246	22.8				
LHX060	230	21.3				
LHX072	216	20.0				

² NOTE - The minimum room area of conditioned space is the smallest area the unit can service.

Refrigerant Charge R-454B							
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)					
LHX024	14.00	6.35					
LHX036	13.00	5.90					
LHX048	16.75	7.60					
LHX060	15.65	7.10					
LHX072	14.70	6.70					

	Altitude Adjustment Factor³								
Halt	0	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600
AF	1	1	1	1	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.1	1.12
Halt	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800	3000	3200
AF	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.40

 $^{^3}$ **NOTE** - Use the Altitude Adjustment Factor to adjust the values in the tables above to different altitudes. Find the relevant altitude above sea level in the two "Halt" rows and then multiply the value needed from the tables above by the altitude factor number. Example: For the minimum airflow in CFM for an LHX024 at 1000 ft. above see level, multiply 371 by 1.05 to get 389.55 CFM as the new Q_{min} .

Use of this unit as a construction heater or air conditioner is not recommended during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

If this unit has been used for heating or cooling of buildings or structures under construction, the following conditions must be met or the warranty will be void:

- A room thermostat must control the unit. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating or cooling is not allowed.
- A pre-filter must be installed at the entry to the return air duct.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the unit.
- Return air temperature range between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be replaced and pre-filters must be removed upon construction completion.
- The input rate and temperature rise must be set per the unit rating plate.
- The heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coil must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- The unit operating conditions (including airflow, cooling operation, ignition, input rate, temperature rise and venting) must be verified according to these installation instructions.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.

Unit Support

In downflow discharge installations, install the unit on a non-combustible surface only. Unit may be installed on combustible surfaces when used in horizontal discharge applications or in downflow discharge applications when installed on an T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB roof mounting frame.

NOTE - Securely fasten roof frame to roof per local codes.

A CAUTION

To reduce the likelihood of supply / return air bypass and promote a proper seal with the RTU, duct work / duct drops / diffuser assemblies must be supported independently to the building structure.

A-Downflow Discharge Application

Roof Mounting with T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB

- 1 The roof mounting frame must be installed, flashed and sealed in accordance with the instructions provided with the frame.
- 2 The roof mounting frame should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3 Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit; supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.

Installer's Roof Mounting Frame

Many types of roof frames can be used to install the unit depending upon different roof structures. Items to keep in mind when using the building frame or supports are:

- 1 The base is fully enclosed and insulated, so an enclosed frame is not required.
- 2 The frames or supports must be constructed with non-combustible materials and should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3 Frame or supports must be high enough to prevent any form of moisture from entering unit. Recommended minimum frame height is 14" (356mm).
- 4 Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit. Supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.
- 5 Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

NOTE - When installing a unit on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, a T1CURB / C1CURB roof mounting frame is required.

B-Horizontal Discharge Applications

- Units which are equipped with an optional economizer and installed in horizontal airflow applications must use a horizontal conversion kit.
- Specified installation clearances must be maintained when installing units. Refer to FIGURE 1.
- 3 Top of support slab should be approximately 4" (102mm) above the finished grade and located so no run-off water from higher ground can collect around the unit.
- 4 Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

Duct Connection

All exterior ducts, joints and openings in roof or building walls must be insulated and weather-proofed with flashing and sealing compounds in accordance with applicable codes. Any duct passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated.

A CAUTION

In downflow applications, do not drill or punch holes in base of unit. Leaking in roof may occur if unit base is punctured.

Rigging Unit for Lifting

Rig unit for lifting by attaching four cables to holes in unit base rail. See FIGURE 2.

- 1 Detach wooden base protection before rigging.
- 2 Remove all six base protection brackets before setting unit.
- 3 Connect rigging to the unit base using both holes in each corner.
- 4 All panels must be in place for rigging.
- 5 Place field-provided H-style pick in place just above top edge of unit. Frame must be of adequate strength and length. (H-style pick prevents damage to unit.)

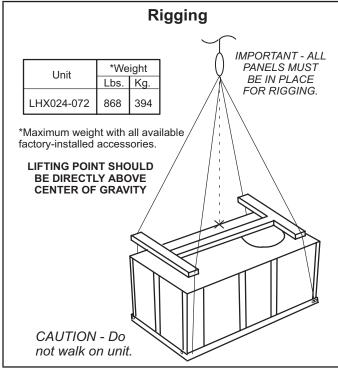


FIGURE 2

Horizontal Air Discharge

Unit is shipped with panels covering the horizontal supply and return air openings. Remove horizontal covers and place over downflow openings for horizontal air discharge. See FIGURE 3. Secure in place with sheet metal screws.

Units Equipped With An Optional Economizer

- Remove the horizontal supply air cover and position over the downflow supply air opening. Secure with sheet metal screws.
- 2 Leave the horizontal return air cover in place.
- 3 Locate the separately ordered horizontal air discharge kit. Place the kit panel over the downflow return air opening.
- 4 Remove and retain the barometric relief dampers and lower hood.

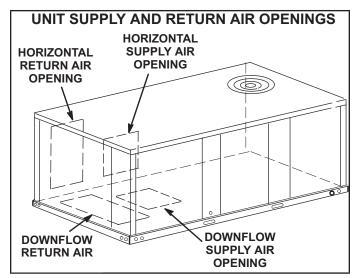


FIGURE 3

5 - Install return air duct beneath outdoor air intake. See FIGURE 4. Install barometric relief damper in lower hood and install in ductwork as shown in FIGURE 4.

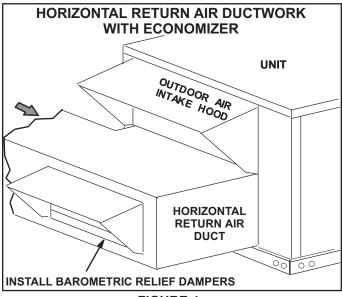


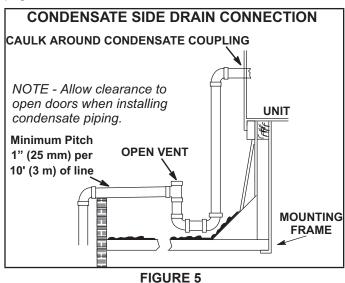
FIGURE 4

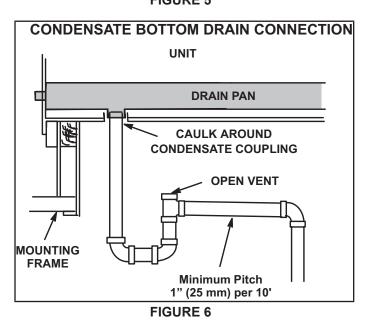
Condensate Drains

Make drain connection to the drain coupling provided on unit. Older model units have a 3/4" N.P.T. coupling and newer model units have a 1" N.P.T. coupling.

NOTE - The drain pan is made with a glass reinforced engineered plastic capable of withstanding typical joint torque but can be damaged with excessive force. Tighten pipe nipple hand tight and turn an additional quarter turn.

A trap must be installed between drain connection and an open vent for proper condensate removal. See FIGURE 5 or FIGURE 6. It is sometimes acceptable to drain condensate onto the roof or grade; however, a tee should be fitted to the trap to direct condensate downward. The condensate line must be vented. Check local codes concerning condensate disposal. Refer to page 4 and page 5 for condensate drain location.





Units are shipped with the drain coupling facing the front of the unit. Condensate can be drained from the back or bottom of the unit with the following modifications. The unit can be installed in either downflow or horizontal air discharge regardless of condensate drain location.

Rear Drain Connection

1 - Remove the condensate drain mullion. See FIGURE7. Remove the two panels on each side of the mullion.

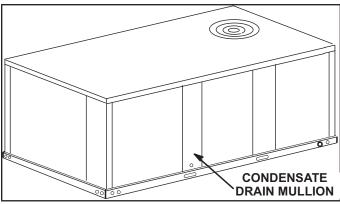
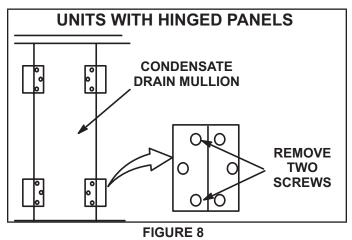


FIGURE 7

Two hinge screws must be removed in addition to the mullion screws. See FIGURE 8.



Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See FIGURE 9.

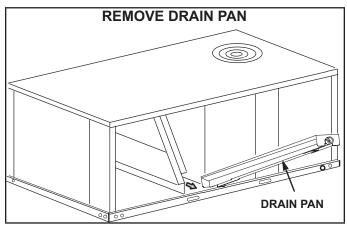


FIGURE 9

- 3 Make sure the cap over the unit bottom drain hole is secure.
- 4 Rotate the drain pan until the downward slope is toward the back of the unit. Slide the drain pan back into the unit. Be careful not to dislodge the cap over the bottom drain hole.
- 5 From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 6 Replace the condensate drain mullion.

Bottom Drain Connection

- Remove the condensate drain mullion. See FIGURE 7.
- Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See FIGURE 9.
- 3 Turn the drain pan upside down and drill a pilot hole through the bottom of the drain pan in the center of the coupling. See FIGURE 10.

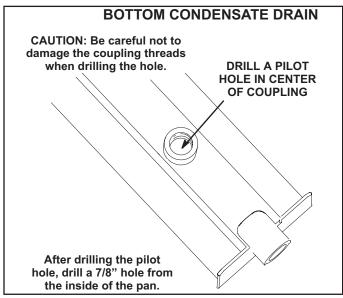


FIGURE 10

- 4 From the inside of the pan, use a Vari-Bit® bit to enlarge the hole to 7/8". Do not damage coupling threads.
- 5 Remove the cap over the unit bottom drain hole.
- 6 Slide the drain pan back into the unit.
- 7 From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 8 From the front side of the unit, move the drain pan until the bottom coupling settles into the unit bottom drain opening. Once in place, check to make sure the coupling is still positioned through the rear condensate drain hole.
- 9 Use a field-provided 3/4" plug to seal side drain connection.
- 10 -Replace the condensate drain mullion.

High Altitude Derate

Locate the high altitude conversion sticker in the unit literature bag. Fill out the conversion sticker and affix next to the unit nameplate. High altitude kits are available for field-installation.

Refer to TABLE 1 for high altitude adjustments.

TABLE 1 HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE

Altitude Ft.*	Gas manifold Pressure
2000-4500	See Unit Nameplate
4500 and Above	Derate 2% / 1000 Ft. above Sea Level

*Units installed at 0-2000 feet do not need to be modified.

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

Electrical Connections - Power Supply

Do not apply power or close disconnect switch until installation is complete. Refer to start-up directions. Refer closely to unit wiring diagram.

Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

- 1 Units are factory-wired for 230 / 460 / 575 volt supply. For 208V supply, remove the insulated terminal cover from the 208V terminal on the control transformer.
- 2 Move the wire from the transformer 240V terminal to the 208V terminal. Place the insulated terminal cover on the unused 240V terminal.

Route power through the bottom power entry area and connect to L1, L2, and L3 on the top of K1 in control area above compressor. Secure power wiring with factory-installed wire ties provided in control box. Route power to TB2 on units equipped with electric heat. Route power to S48 or CB10 If unit is equipped with the optional disconnect switch or circuit breaker. See unit wiring diagram.

Electrical Connections - Control Wiring

Connect either a thermostat, room/zone sensor, or direct digital controller; one of the three are required for unit function. Refer to the literature provided with each device and the following information.

NOTE - Optional wireless sensors are available for use with this unit. Refer to the instructions provided with each sensor.

A CAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during unit installation and service to protect the electronic controls. Precautions will help to avoid control exposure to electrostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic potential. Neutralize electrostatic charge by touching hands and all tools on an unpainted unit surface, such as the gas valve or blower deck, before performing any service procedure.

A-Thermostat Location

Room thermostat mounts vertically on a standard 2" X 4" handy box or on any non-conductive flat surface.

Locate thermostat approximately 5 feet (1524mm) above the floor in an area with good air circulation at average temperature. Avoid locating the room thermostat where it might be affected by:

- · drafts or dead spots behind doors and in corners
- · hot or cold air from ducts
- radiant heat from sun or appliances
- concealed pipes and chimneys

B-Control Wiring

The Unit Controller will operate the unit from a thermostat or zone sensor based on the System Mode. The default System Mode is the thermostat mode. Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to change the System Mode. Use the mobile service app menu and select Settings > Install.

Thermostat Mode

1 - Route thermostat cable or wires from subbase to control area above compressor (refer to unit dimensions to locate bottom and side power entry).

IMPORTANT - Unless field thermostat wires are rated for maximum unit voltage, they must be routed away from line voltage wiring. Use wire ties located near the lower left corner of the controls mounting panel to secure thermostat cable.

Use18 AWG wire for all applications using remotely installed electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.

- Install thermostat assembly in accordance with instructions provided with thermostat.
- 3 Connect thermostat wiring to Unit Controller on the lower side of the controls hat section.
- 4 Wire as shown in FIGURE 11 for electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats. If using other temperature control devices or energy management systems see instructions and wiring diagram provided by manufacturer.

IMPORTANT - Terminal connections at the wall plate or subbase must be made securely. Loose control wire connections may allow unit to operate but not with proper response to room demand.

Zone Sensor Mode

The Unit Controller will operate heating and cooling based on the Unit Controller internal setpoints and the temperature from the A2 zone sensor. An optional Network Control Panel (NCP) can also be used to provide setpoints. A thermostat or return air sensor can be used as a back-up mode. Make zone sensor wiring connections as shown in FIGURE 12.

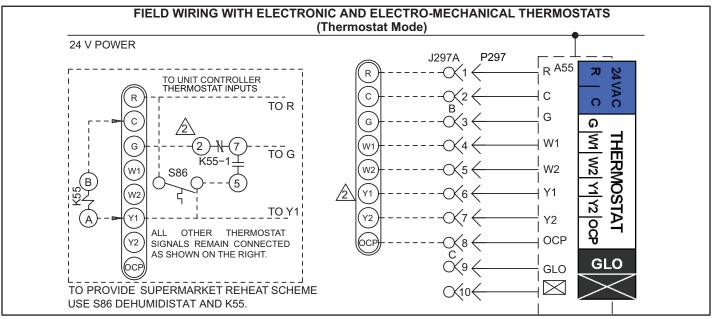


FIGURE 11

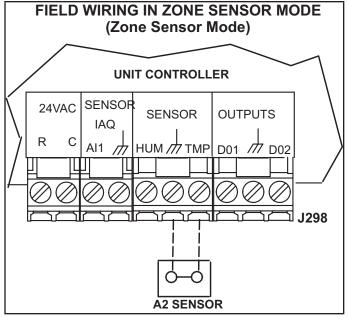


FIGURE 12

Balance Point Setpoint

When outdoor air temperature is above setpoint (35°F default), the unit will operate in heat pump mode. When outdoor air temperature falls below setpoint, the unit will operate in gas heat mode.

NOTE - Only stage one is used; stage 2 is not used.

Although the recommended balance point setpoint is 35°F, the setpoint can be adjusted. Weigh the comfort / cost benefit when increasing the setpoint.

Unit Power-Up

A-General

- 1 Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2 Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3 Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4 Check voltage at main unit power connection.
 Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate.
 If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5 Make sure filters are in place before start-up.
- 6 Make sure there is no heating, cooling, or blower demand from thermostat. Apply power to unit.

Mobile Service App

Setup and configure each rooftop unit using the mobile service app (Android or iOS devices supported).

A-Mobile Device Requirements

- Bluetooth connection.
- Android hardware requires 2GB RAM and a 2Ghz core processor. Tablets are supported.
- The app is available for both iOS 11.0 or higher (App Store) and Android 9.0 or higher (Google Play).

B-Download the App

Use your mobile device to scan the QR code from the cover page and download the mobile service app to your mobile device.

C-Pair the App to the Unit Controller

- 1 Apply power to the unit and wait until the Unit Controller has booted-up (approximately two minutes).
- 2 Press and hold the pair button for five seconds.
- 3 The unit (or list of units) will appear; select the appropriate unit. When the app code matches the four-character code on the Unit Controller display, the unit is paired (within 10 seconds). Note the following:
 - The app will list the units by signal strength; the RTU name will be displayed.
 - Once paired, the RTU name, model number, serial number and firmware version will be displayed.

Please refer to the manufacturer's website for additional technical information and self-help support.

D-App Menus

See FIGURE 13 for the menu overview. Follow the app prompts in the Install, Network Integration, and Test and Balance menus. Verify the app is setup properly for the unit application (including the date and time). Refer to FIGURE 14, FIGURE 15, and FIGURE 16.

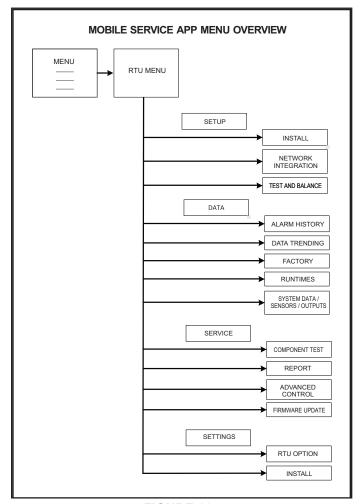


FIGURE 13

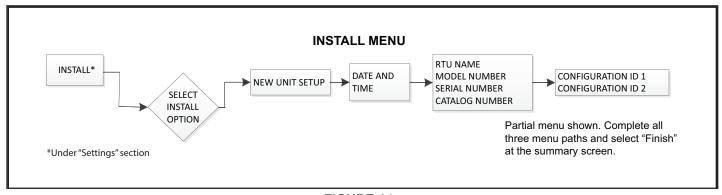
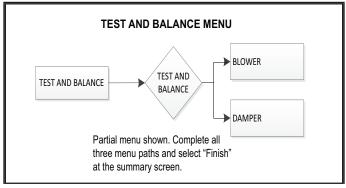


FIGURE 14



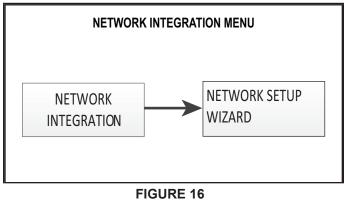


FIGURE 15

E-Unit Controller Components

See FIGURE 17 for Unit Controller components. See FIGURE 18 and TABLE 2 for pushbutton and LED functions.

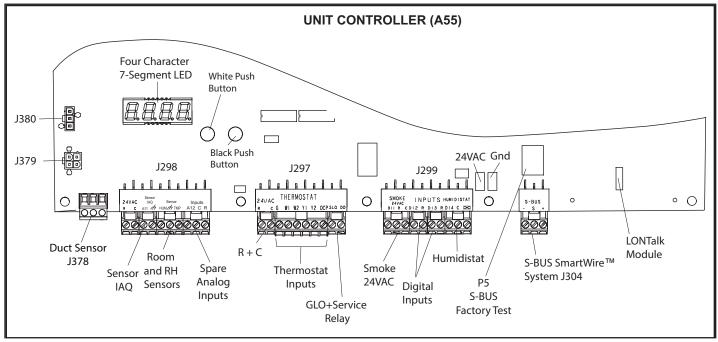


FIGURE 17

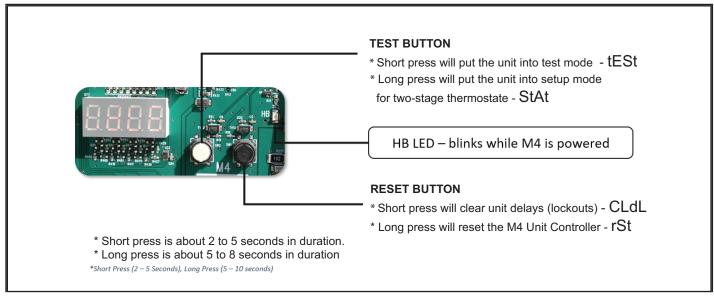


FIGURE 18

TABLE 2
UNIT CONTROLLER PUSHBUTTON CODES

Code	Cause	Action
CLdL	Black Button: Short Press	Clear Delays
rSt	Black Button: Long Press	Reset
tESt	White Button: Short Press	TSTAT Test
StAt	White Button: Long Press (In Pre-Install state)	TSTAT Override
tESt	White Button: Long Press (NOT in Pre-Install State)	TSTAT Test

Short Press : 2 to 5 seconds. Long Press : 5 to 8 seconds.

Blower Operation and Adjustments

LHX072S5T units are equipped with two-stage blowers. The blower will operate at high speed with a Y2 thermostat demand and low speed with a Y1 thermostat demand. Low speed operation delivers approximately 2/3 of the air volume of high speed. Two-speed blower operation results in lower energy consumption.

TABLE 3 BLOWER OPTIONS

Single Phase LHX 024, 036, 048, 060	Single Speed or Variable Speed, Direct Drive
Three Phase LHX 036, 048, 060	Single Speed or Variable Speed, Direct Drive or Single Speed Belt Drive
Three Phase LHX 072	Two-Speed Belt Drive

▲ IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

A-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the mobile service app menu; see:

RTU MENU>COMPONENT TEST>BLOWER> START TEST

WARNING

- 1- Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory-installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5- Make sure filters are new and in place before start-up.

Direct-drive motor may not immediately stop when power is interrupted to the Unit Controller. Disconnect unit power before opening the blower compartment. The Controller's digital inputs must be used to shut down the blower. See Unit Controller manual for operation sequences.

B-Determining Unit CFM - Direct Drive Blower

- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in FIGURE 20.

NOTE - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

 3 - Use FIGURE 19 to determine the factory set blower speed.

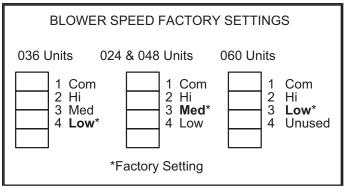


FIGURE 19

Use direct drive blower tables, the measured static pressure and the factory-set blower speed to determine CFM. If CFM is lower or higher than the design specified CFM, move the leads as shown in FIGURE 21 for 208/230 volt units and FIGURE 22 for 460/575 volt units.

Use the Accessory Air Resistance tables when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed. Refer to TABLE 5 for minimum airflow when electric heat is installed.

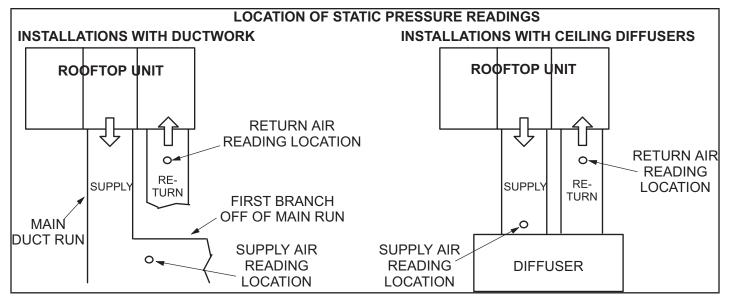


FIGURE 20

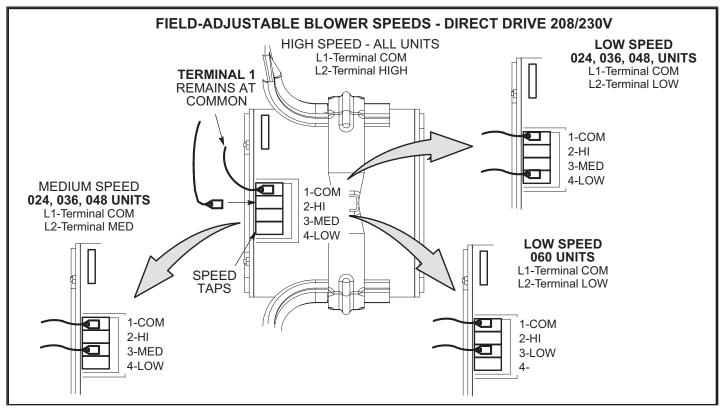


FIGURE 21

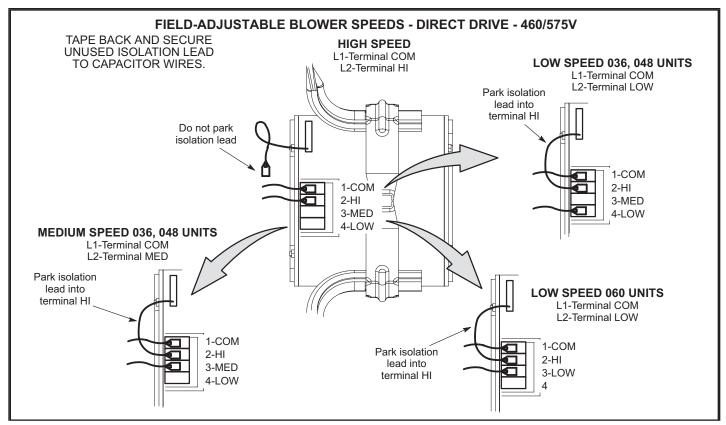


FIGURE 22

From the mobile service app, use **TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER** menu to modify the following blower parameters:

HEATING HIGH CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower heating speed.

HEATING LOW CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower heating low speed on single phase gas heating units only.

COOLING HIGH CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed. For 024 units, this is the only cooling speed.

COOLING LOW CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed (036, 048, and 060 units only) and vent speed for standard static blowers (all units).

VENTILATION CFM

This is the percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.

TABLE 4
MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

Belt	Min Turns Open	Max Turns Open
A-Section	No Minimum	5

TABLE 5							
Minimum Airflow for Electric Heat							
Minimum CFM							
Size	kW Size	Direct Belt Drive Belt Drive Drive Downflow Horizontal					
	5	600	N/A	N/A			
	7.5	600	1,050	1200			
All Models	10	600	N/A	N/A			
	15	1100	1250	1350			
	22.5	1600	1750	1800			

C-Determining Unit CFM - Belt Drive Blower

- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place and no cooling demand.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return).
- 3 Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
- 4 Referring to the blower tables use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use air resistance table on when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed.
- 5 The blower RPM can be adjusted at the motor pulley. Loosen Allen screw and turn adjustable pulley clockwise to increase CFM. Turn counterclockwise to decrease CFM. See FIGURE 25. Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in TABLE 4.

D-Blower Belt Adjustment

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulley are aligned as shown in FIGURE 24.

- Loosen four bolts securing motor base to mounting frame. See FIGURE 25.
- 2 To increase belt tension Slide blower motor downward to tighten the belt. This increases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.
- 3 *To loosen belt tension* Slide blower motor upward to loosen the belt. This decreases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.
- 4 Tighten four bolts securing motor base to the mounting frame.

E-Check Belt Tension

Overtensioning belts shortens belt and bearing life. Check belt tension as follows:

- 1 Measure span length X. See FIGURE 23.
- 2 Apply perpendicular force to center of span (X) with enough pressure to deflect belt 1/64" for every inch of span length or 1.5mm per 100mm of span length. Example: Deflection distance of a 40" span would be 40/64" or 5/8". Example: Deflection distance of a 400mm span would be 6mm.
- 3 Measure belt deflection force. For a used belt, the deflection force should be 5 lbs. (35kPa). A new belt deflection force should be 7 lbs. (48kPa). A force below these values indicates an undertensioned belt. A force above these values indicates an overtensioned belt.

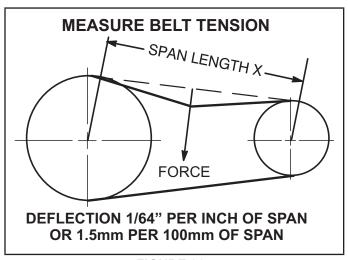


FIGURE 23

F-Field-Furnished Blower Drives

See blower data tables for field-furnished blower drives to determine BHP and RPM required. See drive kit on TABLE 6 to determine the drive kit number.

G-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to TABLE 7 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional single- or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2 or 3-stage controller (2 or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

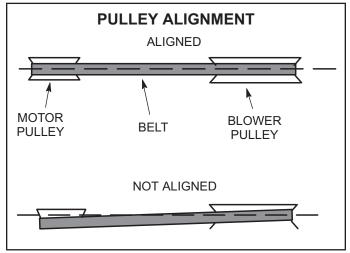


FIGURE 24

TABLE 6
DRIVE COMPONENT MANUFACTURER'S NUMBERS

			DRIVE CO	MPONENTS		
Drive No.	Motor	Pulley	Blower	Pulley	Ве	lts
	Browning No.	OEM Part No.	Browning No.	OEM Part No.	Browning No.	OEM Part No.
A04	1VP40 X 7/8	79J0301	AK49 X 1	100244-18	A41	100245-18
A07	1VP50 X 7/8	53J1501	AK54 X 1	100244-19	AX43	73K8201
A08	1VP44 X 7/8	P-8-1488	AK46 X 1	100244-17	A40	73K8201

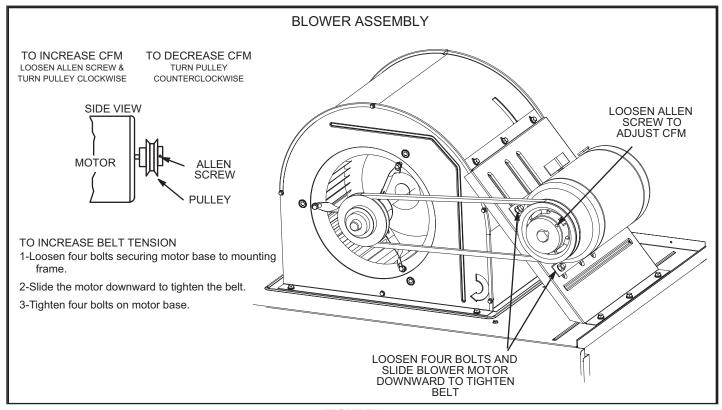


FIGURE 25

TABLE 7 BLOWER PERFORMANCE SETTINGS - 581102-01

	,	024-072 Parameter Settings
Parameter	Field Setting	Description
NOTE - Any changes to Smoke CFM	setting must b	e adjusted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT
PARAMETERS = 12 for EBM, 6 for ECM		
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWE	R	
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.
BLOWER VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPE	R	
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PA	RAMETERS = 2	116
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PA	RAMETERS = 1	0 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	%	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.

Installer - Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

0.25 HP Direct Drive 2 Ton [PSC]

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.)
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

External Static		А	ir Volume (cfm) at V	arious Blower Spee	ds	
Pressure		208 VOLTS			230 VOLTS	
(in. w.g.)	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
2 ton Standard Effic	iency (Downflow)	^	0			LHX024S
0.0	1199	928	838	1379	1085	877
0.1	1229	926	813	1409	1086	872
0.2	1206	928	782	1367	1094	850
0.3	1183	881	742	1350	1047	820
0.4	1159	843	686	1321	1009	783
0.5	1136	812	643	1282	981	762
0.6	1103	766	569	1242	921	705
0.7	1046	728	496	1195	888	625
0.8	953	648	432	1134	792	583
0.9	909	584	335	1037	738	492
1.0	783	465	247	926	592	411
2 Standard Efficience	y (Horizontal)		,			LHX024S
0.0	1152	909	801	1325	1063	838
0.1	1152	893	770	1321	1048	826
0.2	1136	866	734	1288	1021	798
0.3	1104	826	697	1260	982	771
0.4	1072	787	643	1222	942	734
0.5	1041	747	589	1175	903	698
0.6	1009	707	534	1137	850	662
0.7	946	654	467	1081	797	588
0.8	861	588	396	1024	718	535
0.9	798	508	319	911	642	468
1.0	715	443	237	846	564	394

0.5 HP DIRECT DRIVE 3 TON | 4 TON [PSC]

LHX036S5D | LHX048S5D

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.)
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

			Α	ir Volume (c	fm) at Variou	s Blower Spe	eeds		
External Static Pressure (in. w.g.)		208 VOLTS			230 VOLTS		460	/575 VOLTS	
	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low
3 and 4 Ton Standard	l Efficiency ([Downflow)						LHX036S an	d LHX048S
0.0	1873	1561	1123	2094	1783	1321	2064	1727	1216
0.1	1993	1601	1148	2168	1797	1338	2105	1744	1229
0.2	1913	1601	1137	2098	1803	1308	2050	1694	1198
0.3	1858	1527	1078	2036	1725	1261	1987	1638	1167
0.4	1801	1496	1046	1973	1679	1219	1905	1598	1148
0.5	1763	1467	987	1910	1647	1177	1862	1559	1108
0.6	1709	1414	897	1830	1560	1080	1781	1509	1057
0.7	1617	1368	806	1727	1519	986	1698	1449	982
0.8	1472	1269	730	1604	1419	918	1614	1389	920
0.9	1359	1162	487	1478	1363	706	1488	1346	792
1.0	961	922	370	1093	1083	590	1167	1099	703
3 and 4 Ton Standard	l Efficiency (l	Horizontal)						LHX036S an	d LHX048S
0.0	1799	1530	1073	2012	1747	1263	2015	1756	1251
0.1	1868	1544	1088	2032	1733	1268	2071	1760	1279
0.2	1802	1494	1068	1976	1682	1228	2014	1700	1226
0.3	1735	1432	1014	1900	1618	1185	1937	1634	1187
0.4	1666	1397	980	1825	1568	1142	1878	1597	1174
0.5	1615	1350	904	1750	1516	1078	1801	1558	1124
0.6	1564	1305	842	1675	1440	1014	1743	1479	1060
0.7	1462	1228	758	1562	1364	928	1664	1415	982
0.8	1330	1151	670	1449	1287	842	1512	1335	865
0.9	1194	1011	464	1298	1185	671	1393	1297	733
1.0	878	878	355	998	1032	565	1060	1063	618

LHX024S5E | LHX036S5E

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:
1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.)
2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

DOWNFLOW	LOW																									
à												Perc	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Total Mo	tor Torq	er.										
ternal		20%			30%			40%			%09		99	%09		7(%02		80%			%06	9		100%	
Static Press. in. w.g	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ls RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ts RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1067	112	488	1325	196	573	1583	279	657	1759	381	726 1	1934 4	482 7	794 20	2046 57	579 845	5 2157	929 29	968	3 2285	35 816	3 956	2358	925	686
0.1	984	97	537	1249	184	616	1513	270	969	1697	376	760 1	H	481 8	825 20	2002 58	584 873	\vdash	L	Н	1 2273	H	\vdash	2352	947	1008
0.2	912	91	287	1183	180	661	1453	268	_	1644	Н	_	1835	486 8	856 19	1964 59	33 902	2 2093	3 700) 947	_	34 863	3 1001	2349	973	1030
0.3	851	95	989	1126	183	206	1400	273	775	1597	385	832 1	1794	497 8	889 19	1931 607)7 932	2 2067	Н	7 974	1 2256	56 891	1026	2348	1001	1053
0.4	797	100	289	1075	192	751	1353	283	815	1555	397	1 869	1757	511 9	922 19	1901 62	625 962	2 2044	14 738	3 1002	2 2248	18 919	1051	2347	1031	1077
0.5	752	114	737	1032	206	962	1312	298	H	1518	413	905	1724	528 9	955 18	1873 64	644 993	3 2021	21 760	1030	0 2239	39 948	3 1078	2345	1061	1102
9.0	712	132	787	994	224	842	1275	316	968	1484	432	942	1692	548 9	988 18	1845 66	666 1024	1998	98 783	1059	9 2228	28 977	7 1104	:	:	;
0.7	829	155	988	096	246	988	1242	336	936	1452	452	979 1	1662	568 10	1021	1818 687	37 1055	1974	74 806	1088	8 2214	1004	4 1131	:	:	:
0.8	648	180	885	929	569	931	1210	358	926	1421	474	1016	1632	589 10	1055 17	1790 70	709 1086	1948	828 838	1117	7 2195	1028	8 1158			
6:0	621	207	933	006	294	974	1179	381	1015	1390	495	1051	1600	609	1087	1760 72	7117	7 1919	19 847	1146	6 2170	70 1049	9 1185	:	:	:
1.0	969	235	981	872	319	1017	1148	403	1053	1357	516	1086	1566 (628 17	1119 17	1725 74	746 1147	7 1884	34 864	1174	4 2139	1066	6 1212	1	:	1
1.1							1115	424	1090	1322	534	1120 1	1528 (643 17	1150 16	1686 76	760 1176	1844	14 876	1201	1 2100	1078	8 1238			::
1.2	:	:		:	:	:	1080	443	1126	1283	549	1153 1	1485 (655 17	1180 16	1641 77	770 1204	1797	97 884	1228	8 2052	52 1083	3 1264	:	:	;
1.3							1040	458	Н	1238	561	1185 1.	1436 (663 12	1209 15	1589 77	775 1231	1742	12 886	1253	3 1993	1081	1 1288			:
1.4	:	::			:		966	469	1194	1189	. 299	1215 1	1381 (665 12	1236 15	1530 77	773 1257	1678	78 881	1277	7 1923	1071	1 1311		:	:
HORIZONTAL	NTAL																									
Ä												Perc	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Total Mo	tor Torq	ne										
Static		20%			30%			40%			%09	_	9	%09	_	77	%02	_	80%		_	%06	9,		100%	
Press. in. w.g	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM C	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ts RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1087	111	493	1304	184	629	1520	257	999	1689	368	738 1	1857	478 8	810 19	1972 58	588 864	4 2087	869 28	918	3 2196	96 844	1 975	2283	925	1000
0.1	1021	104	537	1246	180	618	1470	255	669	1646	368	768	1821	480 8	837 19	1941 59	592 888	8 2061	31 704	866 1	3 2179	79 852	2 992	2255	926	1017
0.2	961	102	582	1193	181	829	1425	259	734	1607	373	799 1	1789	487 8	864 19	1914 601)1 912	2 2039	39 714	096 1	2163	33 864	1012	2231	932	1034
0.3	906	106	628	1145	186	669	1384	266	692	1572	382	831 1	1759	498 8	892 18	1889 61	613 938	8 2018	18 728	3 984	1 2149	628 61	1033	2209	941	1053
0.4	855	113	674	1101	196	740	1347	278	908	1540	396	1 1	1732	513 9	921 18	1866 62	629 965	5 1999	99 744	1008	8 2134	34 896	3 1054			
0.5	808	125	720	1060	509	781	1312	293	842	1509	412	896	1706	530 9	950 18	1843 64	646 992	2 1980	30 762	1033	3 2119	9 915	5 1077	:	:	;
9.0	764	139	992	1022	225	823	1279	310	879	1481	430	930	1682	549 9	980 18	1821 66	666 1019	9 1960	30 782	1058	8 2102	935	5 1101	-		
0.7	722	155	812	984.5	242	864	1247	328	916	1452	449	964	1657	569 10	1011 17	1799 686	36 1048	1940	01 803	1084	4 2084	34 955	5 1125	:	:	:
0.8	682	172	828	949	260	906	1216	348	953	1424	469	1 1	1632	589 10	1041 17	1776 70	706 1076	6 1919	19 823	3 1111	1 2063	33 974	1150			
0.9	643	191	903	914	279	946	1185	367	686	1396	489	1030	1606	610 10	1071 17	1751 727	27 1104	1895	95 843	1137	7 2039	39 992	1175			
1.0		:		:			1153	386	1024	1366	208	1062	1579 (629 17	1100 17	1724 74	745 1132	1869	39 861	1163	3 2011	1008	8 1201			
1.1	:	:	:		:	:	1120	404	1059	1334	525	1095	1548 (646 17	1130 16	1694 761	31 1160	1839	89 876	1189	9 1979	1021	1 1226	;	:	;
1.2	:	:	:	:	:	:	1085	420	1093	1300	541	1126 1	1515 (661 17	1158 16	1660 77	775 1186	1805	988 389	1214	4 1941	1031	1 1250	-	:	1
1.3	:	:	:	:	1	:	1047	433	1126	1263	553	1156 1	1478 (672 1	1186 16	1622 78	785 1213	3 1766	968 98	1239	9 1897	1037	7 1275	-	:	:
4.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	1005	442	1158	1221	561	1185 1	1436 (680 12	1212 15	1579 79	792 1238	1721	21 903	1263	3 1847	1037	7 1298	-	:	:

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

LHX060S5B

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (larger gas heat section, economizer, wet coil, etc.) 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Z - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance)
 See page 23 for blower motors and drives.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

WO ISWOOD	3																														
Air Vol-															Extern	External Static - in. w.	- In. w.ز														
nme	_	0.10	_	0.20	<u> </u>	0.30	0.40	92	0.50		09.0	_	0.70	_	0.80		0.90		1.00		1.10		1.20	_	1.30	_	1.40	_	1.50	7	1.60
ctm	RPM	M BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP F	RPM B	BHP	RPM B	BHP RF	RPM BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР
1600	720	0.28	692	0.33	819	0.37	871	0.41	926	0.44	975	0.47	1016	0.51	1054 (0.55	1093 0.	0.60	1133 0.	0.63	1173 0.67	1214	0.70	1253	0.73	1288	0.77	1318	0.81	1351	0.85
1700	779	0:30	822	0.35	864	0.39	806	0.44	953	0.48	962	0.52	1034	0.57	1072 (0.61	1111 0.	0.65	1150 0.	0.69 119	1190 0.72	1230	92'0 (1268	0.79	1301	0.83	1331	0.87	1363	0.92
1800	828	0.34	864	0.39	901	0.43	938	0.48	226	0.53	1015	0.58	1053	0.63	1091	0.67	1130 0.	11 17:0	1169 0.	0.75 12	1208 0.78	1247	0.82	1285	0.86	1317	06:0	1345	0.94	1377	0.98
1900	828	0.41	892	0.45	927	0.50	396	0.55	666	09:0	1036	0.65	1074	0.69	1112 (0.73	1150 0.	11 77:0	1188 0.	0.81 1227	27 0.85	1267	0.88	1303	0.92	1333	0.97	1361	1.02	1392	1.06
2000	879	0.47	913	0.52	948	95.0	984	0.61	1020	0.67	1058	0.72	1096	0.76	1134 (08:0	1172 0.	0.84	1210 0.	0.88 12	1248 0.92	1286	96.0	1321	1.00	1350	1.05	1377	1.10	1409	1.14
2100	006	0.53	935	0.58	026	0.63	1007	69.0	1044	0.74	1081	62.0	1119	0.84	1157 (0.88	1195 0.	12 12	1233 0.	0.95 12	1269 1.00	1306	1.04	1339	1.09	1367	1.14	1395	1.19	1426	1.23
2200	922	09:0	928	0.65	994	0.71	1031	0.76	1068	0.82	1106	0.87	1143	0.91	1180 (0.95	1218 0.	0.99	1255 1.	1.03	1290 1.09	1324	1.14	1356	1.19	1385	1.24	1413	1.28	1444	1.32
2300	947	. 0.67	983	0.73	1020	0.79	1057	0.85	1094	06:0	1131	0.95	1168	1.00	1205	1.03	1242 1.	1.07	1277 1.	1.13 13	1310 1.20	1343	1.26	1374	1.30	1403	1.34	1432	1.38	1464	1.42
2400	974	0.76	1010	0.82	1047	0.88	1084	0.94	1120	66:0	1157	1.04	1193	1.08	1230	1.12	1267 1.	1.16 13	1300 1.	1.23 13	1332 1.31	1364	1.37	1394	1.41	1423	1.45	1453	1.48	1484	1.53
HORIZONTAI	NTAL																														
Δir															Extern	nal Static	External Static - in. w.g.														
Volume	Ĺ	0.10	0	0.20	.0	0:30	0.40	01	0.5	20	09:0	0	0.70		08.0		06.0		1.00	\vdash	1.10	_	1.20		.30	1	.40	_	.50	1.(.60
CIII	RPM	/ BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP F	RPM E	BHP F	RPM B	BHP R	RPM B	внР кРМ	м внР	RPM	1 BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	BHP	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР
1600	654	0.28	712	0.32	692	0.36	825	0.39	879	0.43	933	0.47	982	0.50	1024 (0.54 1	1063 0.	0.58 11	1101 0.	0.61 1141	41 0.64	1181	0.67	1222	0.70	1261	0.73	1298	0.77	1333	0.81
1700	703	0.31	756	0.35	807	0.39	858	0.43	906	0.47	955	0.51	666	0.55	1039 (0.59	1078 0.	0.63	1117 0.	0.66	1156 0.69	1196	0.72	1235	0.75	1273	0.79	1309	0.83	1344	0.87
1800	752	0.34	798	0.38	844	0.43	889	0.48	933	0.52	977	0.57	1017	0.61	1056 (0.65	1094 0.	0.68	1133 0.	0.72 11	1172 0.75	1211	0.78	1250	0.81	1287	0.85	1322	06:0	1355	0.94
1900	796	0.38	837	0.43	878	0.48	918	0.53	928	0.58	266	0.62	1036	0.67	1074 (0.71	1112 0.	0.74 11	1151 0.	0.77 118	1190 0.81	1228	3 0.84	1265	0.88	1301	0.92	1335	0.97	1367	1.01
2000	833	0.43	870	0.48	206	0.54	943	0.59	086	0.64	1018	69.0	1055	0.73	1093 (0.77	1131 0.	0.80	1170 0.	0.83 12	1208 0.87	1245	5 0.91	1281	0.96	1316	1.00	1349	1.04	1380	1.09
2100	864	0.50	897	0.55	931	0.60	996	0.65	1002	0.71	1038	92.0	1075	0.80	1113 (0.83	1151 0.	0.87	1189 0.3	0.90	27 0.94	1263	9 0.99	1298	1.04	1331	1.08	1363	1.13	1394	1.17
2200	887	0.57	920	0.62	953	0.67	988	0.73	1024	0.78	1060	0.83	1097	0.87	1135 (0.90	1173 0.	0.94 12	1210 0.3	0.98 12	1246 1.02	1281	1.07	1315	1.12	1347	1.17	1379	1.22	1409	1.26
2300	606	0.64	942	0.70	926	0.75	1011	0.81	1046	98:0	1083	0.91	1120	0.95	1157 (0.98	1195 1.	1.02	1231	1.06	1266 1.11	1300	1.16	1333	1.22	1364	1.27	1395	1.32	1424	1.36
2400	931	0.72	962	0.78	666	0.83	1035	0.89	1071	0.94	1108	66.0	1144	1.03	1181	1.07	1217 1.	1.10 12	1252 1.	1.15 12	1286 1.20	1319	1.26	1351	1.32	1382	1.38	1411	1.43	1440	1.48

BELT DRIVE (TWO-SPEED) - 6 TON

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.)
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

See page 29 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

DOWNFLOW	1														LHX	072S5T
							Ext	ernal Sta	atic - in.	w.g.						
Air Volume CFM	0.	10	0.	20	0.	30	0.	40	0.	50	0.	60	0.	70	0.	80
OI W	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР
1900	826	0.36	859	0.41	894	0.45	928	0.50	964	0.56	1000	0.61	1036	0.66	1072	0.70
2000	857	0.42	889	0.47	920	0.52	952	0.57	986	0.62	1020	0.68	1055	0.73	1091	0.77
2100	878	0.49	909	0.54	940	0.59	973	0.64	1006	0.70	1041	0.75	1076	0.80	1112	0.85
2200	897	0.55	929	0.61	961	0.66	994	0.72	1028	0.78	1063	0.83	1099	0.89	1134	0.93
2300	918	0.62	950	0.68	983	0.74	1017	0.80	1052	0.86	1087	0.92	1122	0.97	1157	1.02
2400	941	0.70	974	0.77	1008	0.83	1042	0.90	1077	0.96	1111	1.01	1146	1.06	1181	1.11
2500	966	0.79	1000	0.86	1034	0.93	1068	1.00	1103	1.06	1137	1.11	1171	1.16	1205	1.20
2600	994	0.90	1028	0.97	1062	1.04	1096	1.10	1130	1.16	1164	1.21	1197	1.26	1231	1.30
2700	1023	1.01	1057	1.08	1091	1.15	1125	1.22	1159	1.27	1192	1.32	1225	1.37	1258	1.41
2800	1053	1.13	1088	1.21	1122	1.27	1155	1.33	1188	1.39	1221	1.43	1253	1.48	1286	1.53
2900	1085	1.26	1119	1.33	1153	1.40	1186	1.45	1218	1.51	1250	1.55	1281	1.61	1313	1.66
A: 1/ 1							Ext	ernal Sta	atic - in.	w.g.						
Air Volume CFM	0.	10	0.	20	0.	30	0.	40	0.	50	0.	60	0.	70	0.	80
	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР
1900	1109	0.75	1146	0.79	1183	0.82	1221	0.86	1260	0.90	1294	0.94	1323	0.98	1349	1.02
2000	1128	0.82	1164	0.86	1201	0.89	1239	0.93	1276	0.97	1310	1.01	1336	1.06	1362	1.10
2100	1148	0.89	1185	0.93	1221	0.97	1258	1.01	1294	1.05	1325	1.09	1351	1.14	1376	1.19
2200	1170	0.97	1206	1.01	1242	1.05	1277	1.09	1311	1.14	1341	1.18	1365	1.23	1390	1.28
2300	1193	1.06	1228	1.09	1262	1.14	1295	1.19	1327	1.24	1355	1.29	1380	1.33	1406	1.37
2400	1216	1.15	1250	1.19	1282	1.24	1313	1.30	1343	1.36	1371	1.40	1396	1.44	1423	1.48
2500	1240	1.24	1273	1.29	1302	1.36	1331	1.42	1360	1.48	1388	1.52	1414	1.55	1441	1.58
2600	1265	1.34	1296	1.40	1324	1.47	1352	1.54	1381	1.60	1408	1.64	1434	1.67	1460	1.70
2700	1291	1.46	1321	1.52	1347	1.60	1374	1.67	1403	1.72	1429	1.76	1455	1.79	1481	1.82
2800	1317	1.58	1346	1.66	1372	1.74	1399	1.80	1426	1.85	1451	1.89	1477	1.92	1503	1.95
2900	1343	1.72	1371	1.80	1397	1.88	1424	1.95	1450	1.99	1475	2.02	1500	2.05	1526	2.08

BELT DRIVE (TWO-SPEED) - 6 TON

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

- 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (economizer, wet coil, etc.)
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (electric heat, duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

See page 29 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

HORIZONTA	L														LHX	072S5T
							Ext	ernal Sta	atic - in.	w.g.						
Air Volume CFM	0.	10	0.	20	0.	30	0.	40	0.	50	0.	60	0.	70	0.	80
0.1	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР
1900	853	0.41	886	0.46	919	0.50	952	0.55	986	0.60	1021	0.64	1056	0.69	1091	0.73
2000	883	0.48	913	0.53	944	0.57	976	0.62	1009	0.67	1043	0.71	1078	0.76	1112	0.80
2100	906	0.56	936	0.60	967	0.65	999	0.70	1033	0.75	1067	0.79	1101	0.84	1135	0.88
2200	930	0.64	960	0.68	991	0.73	1024	0.78	1058	0.83	1092	0.88	1126	0.92	1160	0.96
2300	954	0.72	985	0.77	1017	0.82	1051	0.87	1085	0.92	1119	0.96	1152	1.00	1186	1.04
2400	981	0.81	1013	0.86	1046	0.91	1079	0.96	1113	1.00	1146	1.05	1180	1.09	1213	1.13
2500	1010	0.91	1042	0.96	1075	1.00	1109	1.05	1142	1.09	1175	1.14	1207	1.18	1239	1.23
2600	1040	1.01	1073	1.05	1106	1.10	1139	1.14	1171	1.19	1203	1.23	1235	1.28	1266	1.33
2700	1072	1.10	1104	1.15	1137	1.20	1169	1.24	1201	1.29	1232	1.34	1263	1.40	1293	1.46
2800	1105	1.21	1137	1.25	1168	1.30	1200	1.35	1231	1.40	1261	1.46	1291	1.52	1321	1.59
2900	1138	1.32	1169	1.37	1200	1.42	1231	1.47	1261	1.53	1291	1.60	1321	1.66	1350	1.73
A: \/ .							Ext	ernal Sta	atic - in.	w.g.						
Air Volume CFM	0.	10	0.	20	0.	30	0.	40	0.	50	0.	60	0.	70	0.	80
	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР	RPM	ВНР
1900	853	0.41	886	0.46	919	0.50	952	0.55	986	0.60	1021	0.64	1056	0.69	1091	0.73
2000	883	0.48	913	0.53	944	0.57	976	0.62	1009	0.67	1043	0.71	1078	0.76	1112	0.80
2100	906	0.56	936	0.60	967	0.65	999	0.70	1033	0.75	1067	0.79	1101	0.84	1135	0.88
2200	930	0.64	960	0.68	991	0.73	1024	0.78	1058	0.83	1092	0.88	1126	0.92	1160	0.96
2300	954	0.72	985	0.77	1017	0.82	1051	0.87	1085	0.92	1119	0.96	1152	1.00	1186	1.04
2400	981	0.81	1013	0.86	1046	0.91	1079	0.96	1113	1.00	1146	1.05	1180	1.09	1213	1.13
2500	1010	0.91	1042	0.96	1075	1.00	1109	1.05	1142	1.09	1175	1.14	1207	1.18	1239	1.23
2600	1040	1.01	1073	1.05	1106	1.10	1139	1.14	1171	1.19	1203	1.23	1235	1.28	1266	1.33
2700	1072	1.10	1104	1.15	1137	1.20	1169	1.24	1201	1.29	1232	1.34	1263	1.40	1293	1.46
2800	1105	1.21	1137	1.25	1168	1.30	1200	1.35	1231	1.40	1261	1.46	1291	1.52	1321	1.59
2900	1138	1.32	1169	1.37	1200	1.42	1231	1.47	1261	1.53	1291	1.60	1321	1.66	1350	1.73

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Indoor C	Coil	Economizer	Electric Heat		Filters	
Volume cfm	024, 036, 048	060	Economizer	Electric Heat	MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.12	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.15	0.05	0.07	0.09
2000	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.20	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.22	0.05	0.08	0.12

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm
0.00	2000
0.05	1990
0.10	1924
0.15	1810
0.20	1664
0.25	1507
0.30	1350
0.35	1210

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

Air Volume	RTD9-6	55S Step-Down I	Diffuser	FD9-65S	RTD11-9	95S Step-Down	Diffuser	FD11-95S
- cfm	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser
800	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.11				
1000	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.14				
1200	0.25	0.20	0.17	0.17				
1400	0.33	0.26	0.20	0.20				
1600	0.43	0.32	0.20	0.24				
1800	0.56	0.40	0.30	0.30	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09
2000	0.73	0.50	0.36	0.36	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10
2200	0.95	0.63	0.44	0.44	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12
2400					0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
2600					0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
2800					0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
3000					0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Volume - cfm	¹ Effective	Throw - ft.
Model	RTD9-65S	FD9-65S
800	10 - 17	14 - 18
1000	10 - 17	15 - 20
1200	11 - 18	16 - 22
1400	12 - 19	17 - 24
1600	12 - 20	18 - 25
1800	13 - 21	20 - 28
2000	14 - 23	21 - 29
2200	16 - 25	22 - 30
Model	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Valuma afm	1 Effective Throw - ft.			
Air volume - ctm	Air Volume - cfm RTD9-65S		RTD11-95S	FD11-95S
800	10 - 17	14 - 18		
1000	10 - 17	15 - 20		
1200	11 - 18	16 - 22		
1400	12 - 19	17 - 24		
1600	12 - 20	18 - 25		
1800	13 - 21	20 - 28		
2000	14 - 23	21 - 29		
2200	16 - 25	22 - 30		
2600			24 - 29	19 - 24
2800			25 - 30	20 - 28
3000			27 - 33	21 - 29

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

Refrigerant Leak Detection System

A-System Test

1 - Initiate Refrigerant Leak Detection System Test by using the following mobile service app menu path:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > LEAK DETECTION > START TEST

2 - Ensure that indoor blower, outdoor fan, and combustion air blower (LGT only) are energized.

Start-Up

A IMPORTANT

If unit is equipped with a crankcase heater make sure heater is energized 24 hours before unit start-up to prevent compressor damage as a result of slugging.

A-Start-Up

Heating - LHX024 Unit Only

In heat pump heating, 024 units will automatically stageup for outdoor temperatures below 40°F (for increased performance and efficiency). No external demand is required, this operation is completely automatic. At temperatures above 40°F, compressor will automatically stage-down to maintain operational efficiency.

Heating

- Set thermostat or temperature control device to initiate a first-stage heating demand.
- 2 A first-stage heating demand (W1) will energize compressor 1 and outdoor fan.

NOTE - L1 Reversing Valve is de-energized in the heating mode.

LH Units With Optional Electric Heat

An increased heating demand (W2) will energize electric heat. Electric heat is also energized during the defrost cycle to maintain discharge air temperature.

Cooling

NOTE - 024 units are single-speed cooling operation only.

 1 - Initiate full load cooling operation using the following mobile service app menu path:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

2 - Units contain one refrigerant circuit.

NOTE - Units are equipped with two-stage compressors.

- 3 Unit is charged with R-454B refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4 Refer to Refrigerant Charge and Check section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

B-Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

- Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- 2 Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise, and blower rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 3 Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4 Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of K1 contactor. Do not reverse wires at blower contactor.

Make sure the connections are tight.

nameplate charge.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

C-Refrigerant Charge and Check - Fin/Tube Coil WARNING - Do not exceed nameplate charge under any

condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

1 - Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit in cooling mode on HIGH SPEED with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure outdoor air dampers are closed.

NOTE - Use mobile service app menu path:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

- 2 Use a thermometer to accurately measure the outdoor ambient temperature.
- 3 Apply the outdoor temperature to TABLE 8 through TABLE 11 to determine normal operating pressures. Pressures are listed for sea level applications at 80°F dry bulb and 67°F wet bulb return air.
- 4 Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Minor variations in these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Significant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem exists with some component in the system. Correct any system problems before proceeding.
- 5 If discharge pressure is high, remove refrigerant from the system. If discharge pressure is low, add refrigerant to the system.
 - Add or remove charge in increments.

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- Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 Use one of the following charge verification methods along with the normal operating pressures to confirm readings.

Charge Verification - Approach Method - AHRI Testing

- 1 Using the same thermometer, compare liquid temperature to outdoor ambient temperature.
 - Approach Temperature = Liquid temperature (at condenser outlet) minus ambient temperature.
- 2 Approach temperature should be 3.8°F +/- 1 (2.1°C +/- 0.5). An approach temperature greater than this value indicates an under-charge. An approach temperature less than this value indicates an over-charge.

The approach method is not valid for grossly over or undercharged systems. Use TABLE 13 as a guide for typical approach temperatures.

TABLE 8 581329-01 024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES			
Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction Entering Air Temp 10 psig 5 psig			
65°F	222	140	
75°F	259	68	
85°F	301	140	
95°F	349	141	
100°F	402	143	
115°F	464	145	

TABLE 9 581330-01 036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES			
Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction Entering Air Temp 10 psig 5 psig			
65°F	242	137	
75°F	281	138	
85°F	325	140	
95°F	374	141	
100°F	428	143	
115°F	489	145	

TABLE 10 581331-01 048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES			
Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction Entering Air Temp 10 psig 5 psig			
65°F	232	133	
75°F	269	135	
85°F	310	136	
95°F	354	138	
100°F	404	140	
115°F	457	142	

TABLE 11 581332-01 060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES			
Outdoor Coil Discharge ± Suction Entering Air Temp 10 psig 5 psig			
65°F	247	132	
75°F	284	133	
85°F	324	134	
95°F	371	135	
100°F	422	137	
115°F	476	139	

TABLE 12 581407-01 072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES			
Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge ± 10 psig	Suction ± 5 psig	Appr. Temp +/-1°F
65°F	254	126	9
75°F	293	128	10
85°F	335	131	10
95°F	383	134	12
100°F	434	136	12
115°F	490	138	12

TABLE 13 APPROACH TEMPERATURES		
Unit Liquid Temperature (At Condenser Outlet) Minus Ambient Temperature		
LHX024	5°F +/- 1 (2.8°C +/- 0.5)	
LHX036	9°F +/- 1 (5.0°C +/- 0.5)	
LHX048	6°F +/- 1 (3.3°C +/- 0.5)	
LHX060	8°F +/- 1 (4.4°C +/- 0.5)	
LHX072	See TABLE 12	

Refrigerant Charge R-454B			
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)	
LHX024	12.50	5.67	
LHX036	12.00	5.44	
LHX048	16.75	7.60	
LHX060	15.63	7.09	
LHX072	14.70	6.67	

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
 Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the unit is earth grounded prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the unit.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressuretested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i. e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1 Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2 Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3 Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

NOTE - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4 Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
- If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the sytem.
- If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system..
- 5 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7 Example: At 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 97°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

C-Compressor Controls

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit. Optional controls are identified on wiring diagrams by arrows at junction points.

- 1 High Pressure Switch (S4)
 - The compressor circuit is protected by a high pressure switch which opens at 640 psig \pm 20 psig (4413 kPa \pm 138 kPa) and automatically resets at 475 psig \pm 20 psig (3275kPa \pm 138 kPa).
- 2 Low Pressure Switch (S87)

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch. Switch opens at 40 psig \pm 5 psig (276 \pm 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig \pm 5 psig (621 kPa \pm 34 kPa).

3 - Diagnostics Sensors (RT46, RT48)

Two thermistors are located on specific points in the refrigeration circuit. The thermistors provide constant temperature feedback to the Unit Controller to protect the compressor. Thermistors take the place of the freezestat and low ambient pressure switch.

4 - Defrost Controls (RT48, RT17)

Both sensors provide input to the defrost control which cycles defrost. The ambient sensor is located on the inside of the corner mullion on the back of the outdoor coil section. The coil sensor is located on a return bend on the front of the outdoor coil.

5 - Compressor Crankcase Heater (HR1)

Crankcase heater must be energized at all times to prevent compressor damage due to refrigerant migration. Energize crankcase heater 24 hours before unit start-up by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand (to prevent compressor from cycling) and apply power to unit.

Defrost Control

The defrost control ensures that the heat pump outdoor coil does not ice excessively during the heating mode. The defrost control uses input from the coil and ambient sensor to issue demand defrost controls from the Unit Controller. If the system fails to calibrate or obtain readings for demand defrost, defrost will run-time at field setting.

Defrost Test or Forced Defrost Option

A TEST option is provided for troubleshooting. The TEST mode may be started at any time using the mobile service app. Defrost mode may be started by entering the Defrost Mode in the Component Test Menu. When defrost is started, unit will run in Defrost Mode for a maximum of 5 minutes or when the outdoor coil reaches 100°F, whichever occurs first.

Diagnostic Sensors

Units are equipped with two factory-installed thermistors (RT46 and RT48) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of two specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See TABLE 14 for proper locations.

TABLE 14
THERMISTOR LOCATION

Unit	Sensor Yellow	Figure
024, 036, 048, 060, 072 Indoor Coil	RT46	FIGURE 26
024, 036 Outdoor Coil	RT48	FIGURE 27
048, 060, 072 Outdoor Coil	RT48	FIGURE 28

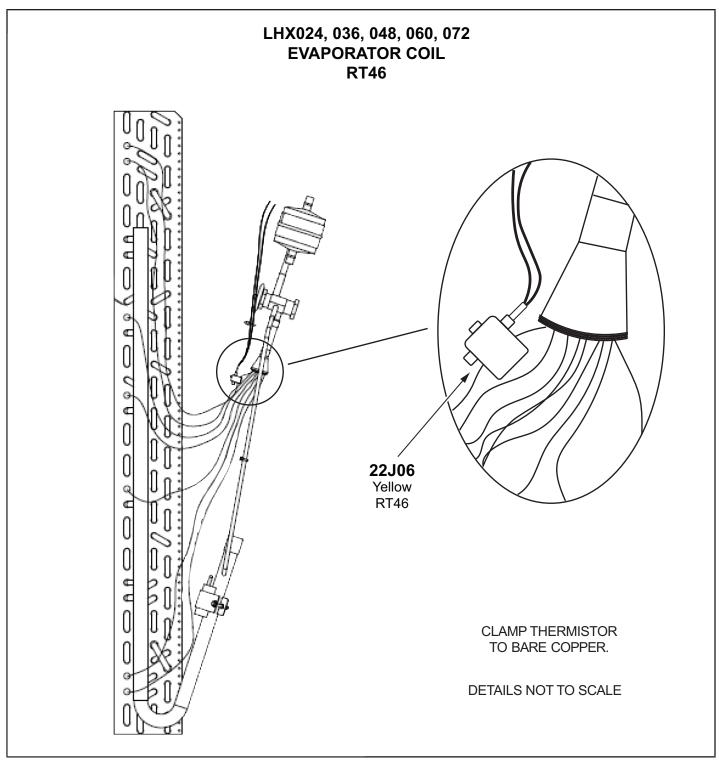


FIGURE 26

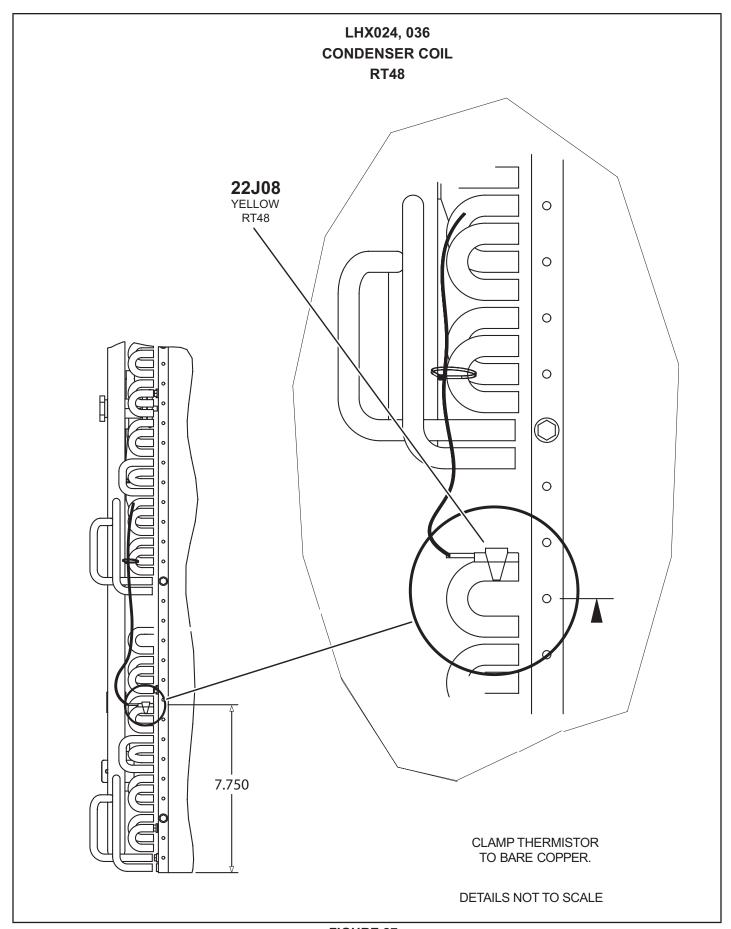


FIGURE 27

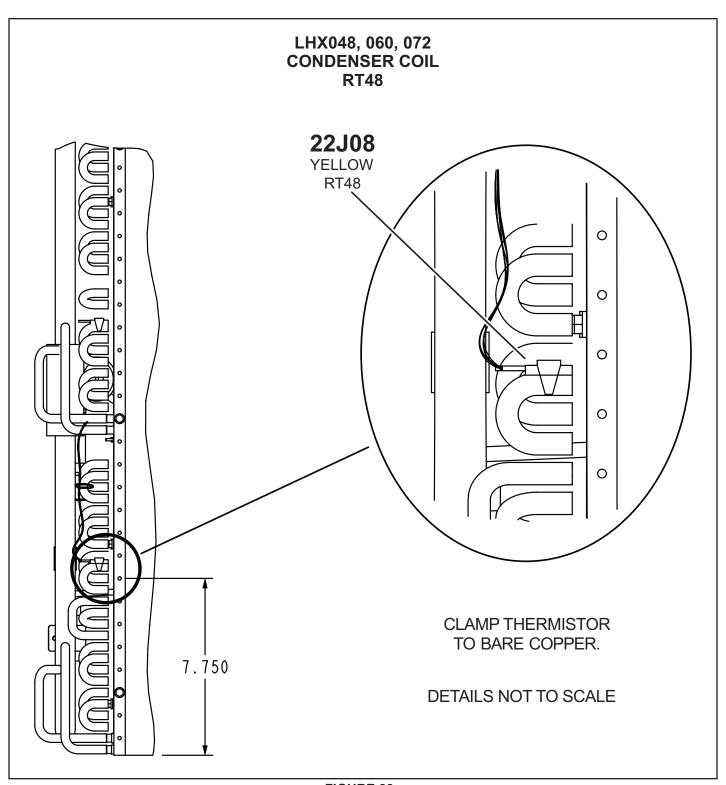


FIGURE 28

RDS Sensors

Units are equipped with factory-installed RDS Sensors located on different points on the unit. The RDS sensors provide the Unit Controller with continuous readings for leaked refrigerant concentration levels and sensor health status (Good or Fault). These readings are used to modify unit operation to disperse the leaked refrigerant and to remove possible ignition sources. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these readings to initiate alarms to alert the operator of a refrigerant leak or faulty sensor(s).

Each sensor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. To identify sensor locations see TABLE 15.

TABLE 15
RDS Sensor Figures

Model	Qty.	Туре	Figure
LHX024-072	1 sensor	INDOOR SENSOR	FIGURE 29

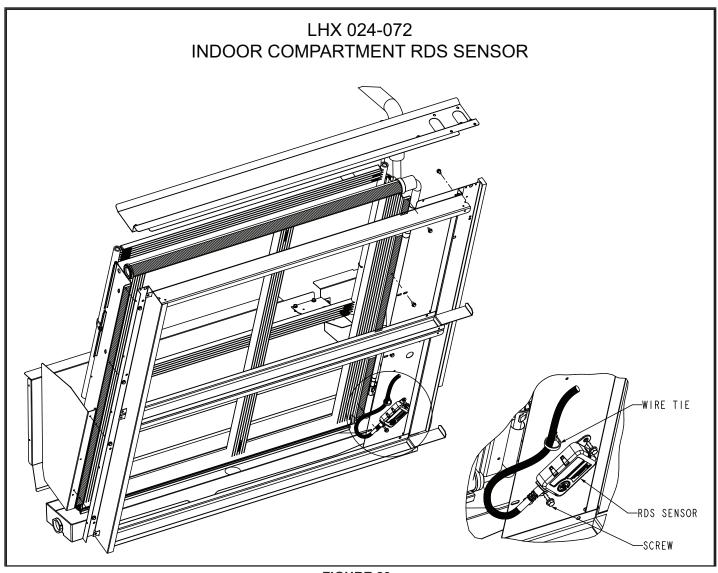


FIGURE 29

Cooling Operation

A-Two-Stage Thermostat

1 - Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-072)

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

NOTE - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

2 - No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-072)

Blower Low

Dampers Minimum Position

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-072)

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

B-Three-Stage Thermostat OR Room Sensor

1 - Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressors Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-072)

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

NOTE - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Y3 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-072)

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

2 - No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-072)

Blower Low

Dampers Minimum Position

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-072)

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

Y3 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-072)

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

High speed compressor cooling operation:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

Low speed compressor cooling operation:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 1

NOTE - For 024 units, either menu path will result in single-speed output.

Heating Operation

A-Heat Pump Operation

W1 Demand -

Compressor High Blower Heating Speed Reversing Valve De-Energized

W2 Demand (Optional Electric Heat) -

Compressor High Speed Blower Heating Speed Reversing Valve De-Energized Optional Electric Heat Energized

NOTE - Electric heat is also energized during the defrost cycle.

B-Gas Heat Operation

1 - Outdoor Temperature ABOVE Balance Point Setpoint

W1 Demand -

Compressor High Blower Heating Speed Reversing Valve De-Energized

W2 Demand -

Compressor Off Blower Heating Speed Low Gas Heat Energized

NOTE - Gas heat is also energized during the defrost cycle.

2 - Outdoor Temperature BELOW Balance Point Setpoint

W1 Demand -

Compressor Off Blower Heating Speed Low Gas Heat Energized

W2 Demand -

Compressor Off Blower Heating Speed High Gas Heat Energized

NOTE - Gas heat is also energized during the defrost cycle.

High speed compressor heating operation:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > HEATING

Defrost Operation Test:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > DEFROST

C-Heat Pump Heating - 024 Units Only

In heat pump heating, 024 units will automatically stageup for outdoor temperatures below 40°F (for increased performance and efficiency). No external demand is required, this operation is completely automatic. At temperatures above 40°F, compressor will automatically stage-down to maintain operational efficiency.

Heat Start-Up

Optional electric heat will stage on and cycle with thermostat demand. See electric heat wiring diagram on unit for sequence of operation.

Preventative Maintenance / Repair

IMPORTANT MAINTENANCE / REPAIR SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Prior to beginning work on systems containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times, the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system
- that there is continuity of earth bonding

The following checks shall be applied to installations using FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS:

- the actual REFRIGERANT CHARGE is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant
- containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

During repairs to sealed electrical components, the components shall be replaced. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

During repairs to intrinsically safe components, the components must be replaced. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

A WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

A CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. See TABLE 16 for correct filter size. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

TABLE 16

Unit	Qty.	Filter Size - in. (mm)
LHX 024, 036	4	16 x 20 x 2 (406 x 508 x 51)
LHX 048, 060, 072	4	20 x 20 x 2 (508 x 508 x 51)

WARNING

Units are shipped from the factory with temporary filters. Replace filters before building is occupied. Damage to unit could result if filters are not replaced with approved filters. Refer to appropriate codes.

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See FIGURE 30.

NOTE - Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

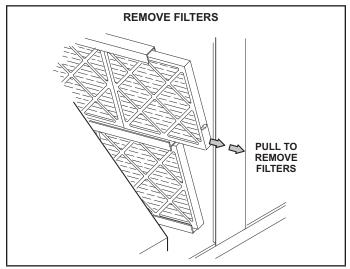


FIGURE 30

C-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleaner. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.

D-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with detergent or commercial coil cleaner and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

Condenser coils are made of single and two formed slabs. On units with two slabs, dirt and debris may become trapped between the slabs. To clean between slabs, carefully separate coil slabs and wash them thoroughly. See FIGURE 31. Flush coils with water following cleaning.

NOTE - Remove all screws and gaskets prior to cleaning procedure and replace upon completion.

E-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

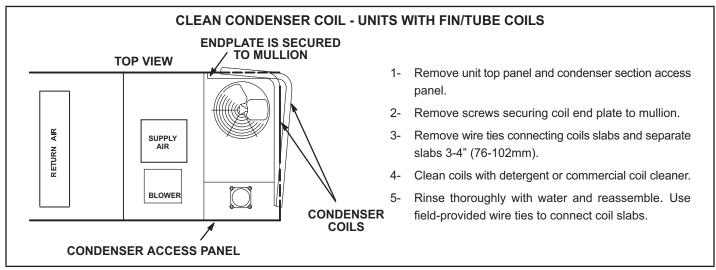


FIGURE 31

F-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See FIGURE 33.

- 1 On the back side of the unit, remove the screw securing the back of the ionizer bracket. See FIGURE
 32. Retain the screw to secure the back side of the ionizer bracket.
- 2 Remove two screws securing the front side of the ionizer bracket and pull out of unit and clean brushes
- 3 Replace ionizer in the reverse order it was removed.

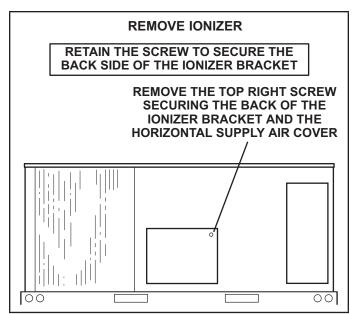


FIGURE 32

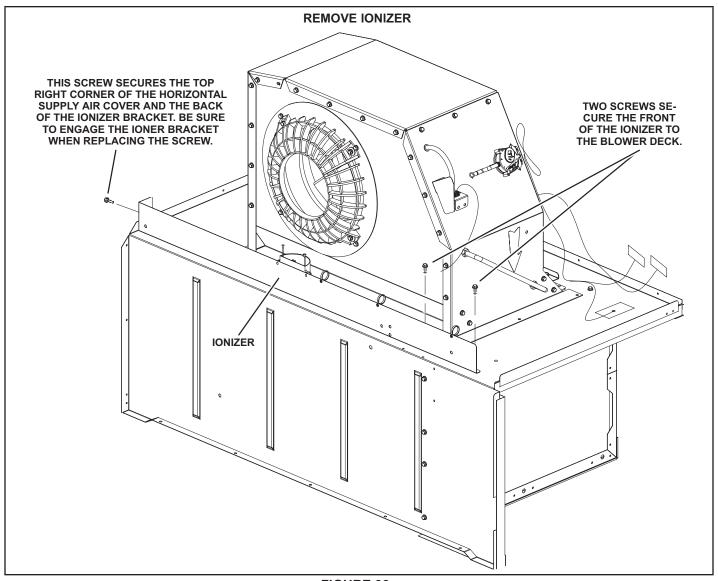


FIGURE 33

G-UVC Light (Optional)

When field-installed, use only UVC Light Kit assembly 106881-01 (21A92) with this appliance.

Factory-Installed UVC Light

When the UVC light is factory installed, the lamp is shipped attached to the filter rack. Remove the lamp and install into the UVC light assembly as shown in steps 2 through 11.

1 - Cut wire ties and remove the UVC lamp attached to the filter rack. See FIGURE 34.

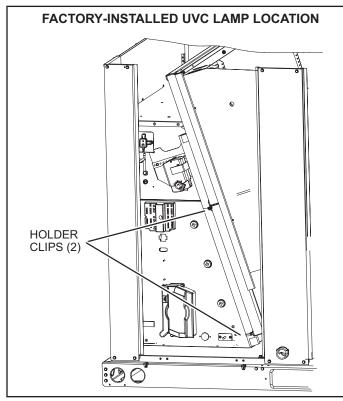


FIGURE 34

Annual Lamp Replacement

WARNING

Personal Burn Hazard.

Personal injury may result from hot lamps. During replacement, allow lamp to cool for 10 minutes before removing lamp from fixture.

The lamp should be replaced every 12 months, as UVC energy production diminishes over time.

- 1 Obtain replacement lamp 102337-01 for your germicidal light model.
- 2 Disconnect power to the rooftop unit before servicing the UVC kit.
- 3 Open the blower access door.
- 4 Remove the screw in wire tie from the UVC assembly and disconnect the 4-pin connector from the lamp end.

- 5 Remove the (2) mounting screws of the UVC assembly. Carefully slide the complete UVC assembly out through the blower access door.
- 6 Allow 10 minutes before touching the lamps. Then, carefully remove the old lamp from the lamp holder clips.
- 7 Wear cotton gloves or use a cotton cloth when handling the new lamp. Place the new lamp in the holder clips of the UVC assembly. Verify that the lamp flange at the connector end is sandwiched between the lamp holder clip and the sheet-metal end stop (see FIGURE 35).
- 8 Carefully place the UVC assembly on the blower deck. Line up the mounting holes on the UVC assembly with the mounting holes on the blower deck See FIGURE 36. Use the #10 screws provided to attach the UVC assembly in place.
- 9 Make sure to reapply the black convoluted tubing used to shield electrical wiring in the rooftop unit. Convoluted tubing is provided when the ionizer is factory- or field-installed. However, if there is any concern, aluminum foil tape (not provided) can also be used to cover any exposed component.
- 10 -Close the blower access door.
- 11 Reconnect power to the rooftop unit.
- 12 -Open the filter access door and look through the view port in the triangular sheet-metal panel to verify that the UVC light is on.

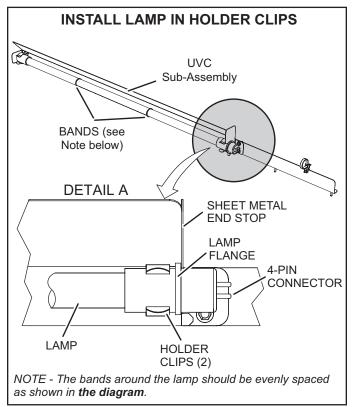
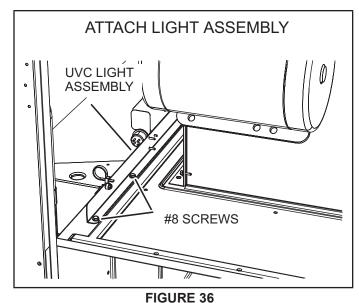


FIGURE 35



Lamp Disposal

Hg-LAMP Contains Mercury - Manage in accordance with local, state and federal disposal laws. Refer to www. lamprecycle.org or call 800-953-6669.

Proper Clean-up Technique in Case of Lamp Breakage

Wear protective gloves, eye wear and mask.

Sweep the broken glass and debris into a plastic bag, seal the bag, and dispose of properly. Contact your local waste management office for proper disposal.

Do not use a vacuum cleaner. Do not incinerate.

Maintenance

- For all maintenance, contact a qualified HVAC technician.
- Read the maintenance instructions before opening unit panels.
- Unintended use of the unit or damage to the unit housing may result in the escape of dangerous UVC radiation. UVC radiation may, even in small doses, cause harm to the eyes and skin.
- Do not operate units that are obviously damaged.
- Do not discard the triangular UVC light shield or any barriers with an ultraviolet radiation symbol.
- Do not override the door interlock switch that interrupts power to the UVC light.
- Do not operate the UVC light outside of the unit.

H-Replacement Fuses

See the following tables for the proper replacement fuse sizes.

	ELECTRIC HEAT REPLA	ACEMENT	FUSES		
	Electric Heat	Othe	Rati	ng	
	Electric Heat	Qty.	Amp	Volt	
1	E1EH0050N-1P	2	30	250	
2	T1/E1EH0075AN1Y	3	25	250	
3	E1EH0100N-1P	4	30	250	
4	T1/E1EH0150AN1Y	3	50	250	
5	T1/E1EH0225AN1Y	6	45	250	
6	T1/E1EH0300N-1Y	6	60	250	
7	E2EH0300N-1Y	6	60	250	
8	K1EH0050A-1P	2	30	250	
9	T1/E1EH0075AN1P	2	40	250	
10	T1EH0100A-1P	4	30	250	
11	T1/E1EH0150AN1P	4	40	250	
12	T1/E1EH0225AN1P	6	40	250	
13	T1/E1EH0075AN1J	3	15	600	
14	T1/E1EH0150AN1J	3	20	600	
15	T1/E1EH0225AN1J	3	30	600	
16	T1/E1EH0300N-1J	3	40	600	
17	T1/E1EH0075AN1G	3	15	600	
18	T1/E1EH0150AN1G	3	25	600	
19	T1/E1EH0225AN1G	3	35	600	
20	T1/E1EH0300N-1G	3	50	600	

			LHX02	4							
	Electric Heat Size		5 I	KW	7.5	KW	10	KW			
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230V - 1 Ph				
Po	Power Exhaust Option				W/P.E. W/O P.E. W/P.E. W/O P.E. W/P.E. W/						
Diagram Key	Class Blower HP				An	nps					
F4	RK or K	0.25	25	25	25	25	25	25			

								LHX0	36									
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	nit Voltage	1		08/230V - 1 Ph		208/230V - 3 Ph 460V - 3Ph		575V	575V - 3Ph		208/230V - 1 Ph		30V - Ph	460V - 3Ph		575V	- 3Ph	
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP								An	ıps							
F4	RK or K	0.5	35	35	25	25	15	15	15	15	35	35	25	25	15	15	15	15
F4	RK or K	1.0	40	40	30	25	15	15	15	15	40	40	30	25	15	15	15	15
F57	СС	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

								LHX0	48									
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	nit Voltage			08/230V - 1 Ph		208/230V - 3Ph 460V - 3Ph		575V - 3Ph 208/230V - 1 Ph			208/230V - 3 Ph		460V - 3Ph		575V	- 3Ph		
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP		Amps														
F4	RK or K	0.5	50	45	30	30	15	15	15	15	50	45	30	30	15	15	15	15
F4	RK or K	1.0	50	50	35	35	20	15	15	15	50	50	35	35	20	15	15	15
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

								LHX0	60									
Elec	tric Heat S	ize		7.5 KW 15 KW														
U	nit Voltage			30V - Ph		08/230V - 460V - 3Ph		575V	575V - 3Ph		208/230V - 1 Ph		30V - Ph	460V - 3Ph		575V	- 3Ph	
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				An	nps							An	ıps			
F4	RK or K	1.0	60	60	45	45	20	20	15	15	60	60	45	45	20	20	15	15
F4	RK or K	2.0	-	-	45	45	20	20	15	15	-	-	45	45	20	20	15	15
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

					LHX060 (co	ntinued)				
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				22.5	KW			
U	nit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP			^	An	ıps			•
F4	RK or K	1.0	60	60	45	45	20	20	15	15
F4	RK or K	2.0	-	-	45	45	20	20	15	15
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

						LHX0	72							
Ele	ctric Heat Siz	е		7.5 KW 15 KW										
ı	Unit Voltage		208/2 3 I	30V - Ph	460V - 3Ph		575V	- 3Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Powe	r Exhaust Op	tion	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP		Amps Amps										
F4	RK or K	2.0	50	50	25	25	15	15	50	50	25	25	15	15

				LHX072 (co	ntinued)			
Ele	ctric Heat Siz	е			22.5	KW		
	Unit Voltage		208/230V - 3 Ph 460V - 3Ph 575V - 3Ph					
Powe	r Exhaust Op	tion	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP			Am	ıps		
F4	RK or K	2.0	50	50	25 25		15	15

LCONN ADDRESS:

Factory Unit Controller Settings

Use the mobile service app to adjust parameters; menu paths are shown in each table. Refer to the Unit Controller manual provided with each unit.

TABLE 17 and TABLE 18 show factory settings. Record adjusted settings on the label located inside the compressor access panel.

When field installing optional kits and accessories, the Unit Controller must be configured to identify the option before it will function. Refer to FIGURE 37 and FIGURE 38 to determine whether the Unit Controller configuration I.D. must change. To configure the option, use MAIN MENU > SETUP > INSTALL menu path. Press SAVE until CONFIGURATION ID 1 or 2 appears depending on the option installed. Change the appropriate character in the configuration I.D. For example, when an economizer is installed using a single enthalpy sensor, change configuration I.D. 1, the second character, to "S".

TABLE 17 581038

Units With BACnet Settings
RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > BACnet MS/TP > See BACnet MAC Address
BACNET MAC ADDRESS:
Units With Room Sensor, CPC/LSE Gateway Settings
RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > SBUS > Set SBUS Address

TABLE 18 581037-01

	Units With LonTalk Settings
Use me Wizard	nu RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup
> Set "L	ONTALK"

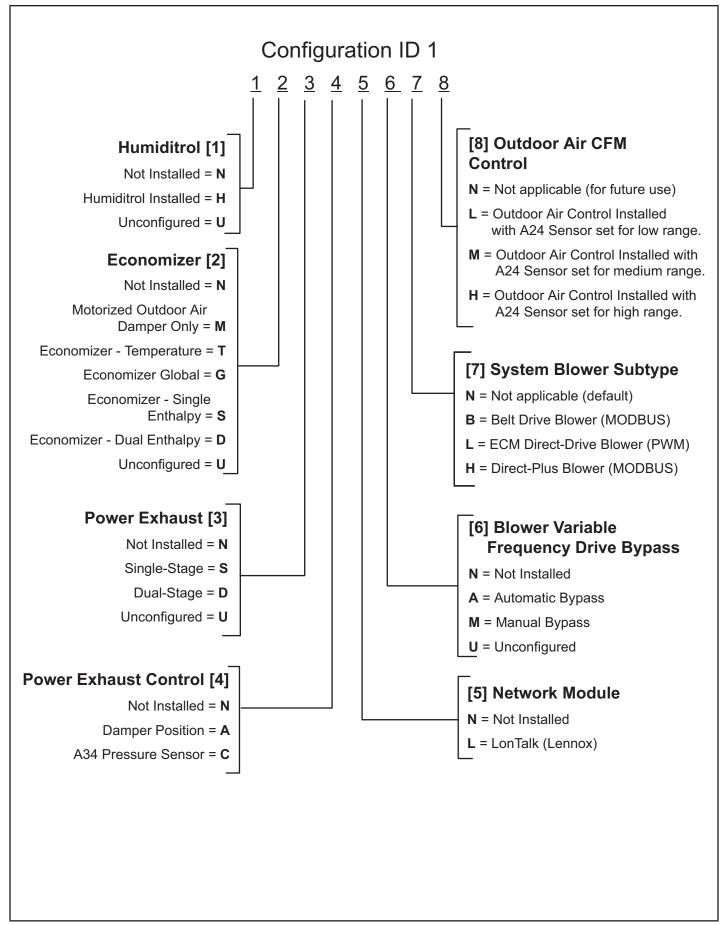
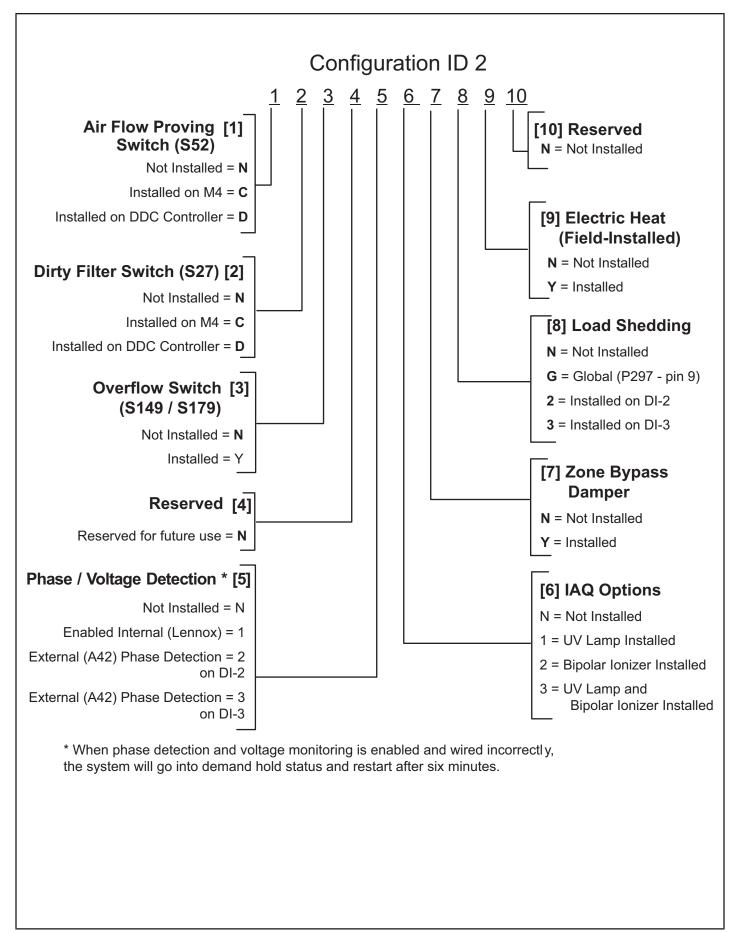


FIGURE 37



Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.

Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before starting decommissioning.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.

- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80% volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another REFRIGERATING SYSTEM unless it has been cleaned and checked.

A IMPORTANT

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be signed and dated. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment that state the flammability of the refrigerant used.

START-UP REPORT

Job Name:								Inspections and Checks							
Store NoStart-Up Date:							Da	amage?	Ye	es No)	R454	В 🗌		
Address:								yes, rep	orted to:						
City:State:															
Start-Up Contractor:							Verify factory and field-installed accessories.								
Technician:							Check electrical connections. Tighten if necessary.								
Model No.:								Supply voltage: L1-L2L1-L3L2-L3 If unit contains a 208-230/240 volt transformer:							
Serial No.:								Check primary transformer tap							
RTU No.: Catalog No.:								Transformer secondary voltage:							
					Cool	ing Cł	nec	ks							
Compressor Rotation Ambient Temp. Re								n Air Temp Supply Air Temp							
Compressor Amps			Compressor Volts			Pro	ressures		Condenser Fan Amps			CC Heater Amps			
L1 L2		L3 L1-L2		L1-L3 L2-L3		Disch	า.	Suct.	L1	L2	L3		L1		
1															
2															
3 4															
4															
Blower Checks									Heat	ing Che	cks - Fl	ectric			
Pulley/Belt Alignment Blower Rotation Set Screws Tight Belt Tension							Return Air Temp.: Supply Air Temp.:								
Nameplate Amps:Volts:							Limits Operate:								
Motor Amps Volts							Amps L1 L2 L3 L1 L2 L								
	.1-L2			1	I LZ	LO	10	<u> </u>	LZ	L3					
L2 L1-L3 L3 L2-L3							-	2			11				
Heating Checks - Gas							_	3			12				
-								4			13				
Fuel type: Nat. □ LP □ Inlet Pressure:in. w.c.							-	5			14				
Return Air Temp.: Supply Air Temp.:							6			15					
Altitude: Primary Limits Operate:							-	7			16				
CO ₂ %:								8			17				
Gas Valv	2	Manifold Pressure]		9			18				
		Low Fire High Fire						-	Λ	000000	v Choo	kc			
GV1		Accessory Checks Power Exhaust Amps													
GV2								1 2 None □							
Control Type							Economizer Operation								
							Min. Pos. ☐ Motor travel full open/close ☐								