UNIT INFORMATION

LCT SERIES 3 to 6 ton

100123

Service Literature

LCT036 through 072 With R-454B

LCT036 , 048 , 060 , and 072 are high efficiency gas packaged units equipped with a two-speed compressor and a variable speed outdoor fan.

Optional electric heat is factory or field installed . Electric heat operates in single stage depending on the kW input size. 7.5kW through 22.5 kW heat sections are available for the LCT unit

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.

WARNING

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance, or an operating electric heater).

Do not pierce or burn.

Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.

WARNING

If this appliance is conditioning a space with an area smaller than TA min or stored in a space with an area smaller than A min as defined by this instruction, then that space must be without continuously operating open flames (e.g. an operating gas appliance) or other potential ignition sources (e.g. an operating electric heater or similar hot surface). A flame-producing device may be installed in the same space if the device is provided with an effective flame arrest system.

WARNING

Auxiliary devices which may be potential ignition sources shall not be installed in the duct work. Examples of potential ignition sources are hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching components.



False ceilings or drop ceiling may be used as a return air plenum only if the unit being installed has a Refrigerant Detection System installed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out with work in confined spaces being avoided.

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Table of Contents

Options
Specifications Page 6
Blower Data Page 8
Electrical / Electric Heat Data Page 13
Electric Heat Capacities Page 17
I Unit Components Page 19
RDS Sensors Page 24
II Placement and Installation Page 28
III Start Up Operation Page 28
IV Charging Page 29
V System Service Checks Page 35
VI Maintenance Page 35
VII Accessories
VIII Decommissioning Page 45
IX Diagrams Page 46

▲ WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

A WARNING

Only Manufacturer approved auxiliary devices are permitted to be installed in this unit.

▲ CAUTION

Any service personnel installing, decommissioning, or performing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants.

WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier.

A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

▲ IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

A WARNING

- This appliance must be installed in accordance with local and national wiring regulations.
- If the appliance is not fitted with an option for full disconnection from power, a means of disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with national and local wiring regulations.

Itom	Order		S	ize	
Item	Number	036	048	060	072
COOLING SYSTEM					
Condensate Drain Trap PV0	22H54	Х	Х	X	Х
Сорре	76W27	Х	X	X	Х
Drain Pan Overflow Switch	21Z07	OX	OX	OX	OX
BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR					
Motors - Standard Static Direct Drive ECM Blower - 0.50 HR	Pactory	0			
(All voltages)	Factory		0	0	
Motors - High Static DirectPlus™ Direct Drive ECM Blower System - 1.5 Hf (3 phase only)	Pactory	0	0	0	0
CABINET					
Combination Coil/Hail Guards	13T03	OX	OX	OX	OX
Corrosion Protection	Factory	0	0	0	0
CONTROLS					
Blower Proving Switch	21Z10	OX	OX	OX	OX
Commercial Controls LonTalk® Module	54W27	OX	OX	OX	OX
Novar® LSE	Factory	0	0	0	0
Dirty Filter Switch	53W66	OX	OX	OX	OX
Fresh Air Tempering	21Z08	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply or Return (Power board and one sensor)	21Z11	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply and Return (Power board and two sensors)	21Z12	OX	OX	OX	OX
ELECTRICAL					
Voltage 208/230V - 1 phase	Factory	0	0	0	
60 Hz 208/230V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
460V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
575V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
HACR Circuit Breakers	Factory	0	0	0	0
Disconnect Switch 80 amp	22A23	OX	OX	OX	OX
(See Electrical Accessories - Disconnects Table for selection) 150 am	22A24	OX	OX	OX	OX
¹ Short-Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 100kA (includes Phase/Voltage Detection)	Factory	0	0	0	0
GFI Service 15 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V only	74M70	OX	OX	OX	OX
Outlets 15 amp factory-wired and powered (208/230V, 460V only) Factory	0	0	0	0
² 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V, 575V	67E01	Х	Х	X	Х
² 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (575V) Factory	0	0	0	0
Weatherproof Cover for GFI	10C89	Х	Х	Х	Х
Phase/Voltage Detection - 3 Phase Models Only	Factory	0	0	0	0

¹ Disconnect Switch not available with SCCR option.

SCCR option is only available with factory installed electric heat or no electric. SCCR option is not available if the MOCP of the configured unit is greater than 200A.

² Canada requires a minimum 20 amp circuit. Select 20 amp, non-powered, field wired GFI.

NOTE - Order numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed.

O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed).

X = Field Installed.

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES						
Item		Order		Si	ze	
nem		Number	036	048	060	072
ELECTRIC HEAT						
7.5 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U10	OX	OX	OX	
	208/240V-3ph	24U11	OX	OX	OX	OX
	460V-3ph	24U12	OX	OX	OX	OX
	575V-3ph	24U13	OX	OX	OX	OX
15 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U15	OX	OX	OX	
	208/240V-3ph	24U16	OX	OX	OX	OX
	460V-3ph	24U17	OX	OX	OX	OX
	575V-3ph	24U18	OX	OX	OX	OX
22.5 kW	208/240V-1ph	24U19			OX	
	208/240V-3ph	24U20			OX	OX
	460V-3ph	24U21			OX	ОХ
	575V-3ph	24U22			OX	OX
30 kW	208/240V-3ph	24U23				OX
	460V-3ph	24U24				OX
	575V-3ph	24U25				OX
ECONOMIZER						
	Air Hood (Sensible C A Class 1A Certified)					
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood			OX	OX	OX	OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories)	OX X	OX X	OX X	OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit		20H48				
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls		20H48				
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24)		20H48 17W45	X	X	X	X
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24)	A Class 1A Certified)	20H48 17W45 21Z09	X	X	X	X
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control	A Class 1A Certified) Order 2	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09	X OX OX	X OX OX	X OX OX	X OX OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control	A Class 1A Certified) Order 2	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory	X OX OX O	X OX OX O	X OX OX O	X OX OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76	X OX OX X	X OX OX X	X OX OX O X	X OX OX O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory	X OX OX O X O	X OX OX O X O	X OX OX O X O	X OX OX O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Building Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY)	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory	X OX OX O X O	X OX OX O X O	X OX OX O X O	X OX OX O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77	X OX OX O X O X	X OX OX O X O X	X OX OX O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)"	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77	X OX OX O X O X OX	X OX OX O X O X O	X OX OX O X O X O	X OX OX O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)"	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14	X OX OX O X O X O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O X O	X OX OX O X O X O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)" for field installation.	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14	X OX OX O X O X O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O X O	X OX OX O X O X O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)" for field installation.	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14	X OX OX O X O X O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O X O	X OX OX O X O X O X O X	X OX OX O X O X O X O
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)" for field installation. BAROMETRIC RELIEF 1 Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14 21Z15	X OX OX O X O X O X OX OX OX	X OX OX O X O X O X OX OX OX OX	X OX OX O X O X O X OX OX OX	X OX OX O X O X O X OX OX OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)" for field installation. BAROMETRIC RELIEF 1 Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit 2 Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hood	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14 21Z15	X OX OX O X O X OX OX X X	X OX OX O X O X O X OX X	X OX OX O X O X OX OX X OX OX X	X OX OX O X O X OX OX OX OX OX OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)" for field installation. BAROMETRIC RELIEF 1 Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit 2 Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hood OUTDOOR AIR	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14 21Z15	X OX OX O X O X OX OX X X	X OX OX O X O X O X OX X	X OX OX O X O X OX OX X OX OX X	X OX OX O X O X OX OX OX OX OX OX
(Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMC Includes Barometric Relief Dampers and Combination Hood Economizer Accessories Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit Economizer Controls Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Sensible Control Outdoor Air CFM Control Global Control Suilding Pressure Control POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ONLY) Standard Static NOTE - Factory or Field installed Power Exhaust Fan requires "Barometric Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit (21Z21)" for field installation. BAROMETRIC RELIEF	Order 2 Sensor is Furnished ensor Field Provided 208/230V-1 or 3ph 460V-3ph	20H48 17W45 21Z09 21Z09 Factory 13J76 Factory 13J77 21Z13 21Z14 21Z15	X OX OX O X O X OX OX X X	X OX OX O X O X O X OX X	X OX OX O X O X OX OX X OX OX X	X OX OX O X O X OX OX OX OX OX OX

¹ Required when Economizer is factory installed with factory installed Power Exhaust Fan option.

² Required when Economizer is configured for horizontal airflow.

NOTE - Order numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed.

O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed).

X = Field Installed.

Itam			Order		Si	ze	
Item			Number	036	048	060	072
HUMIDITROL® CONDENSER REHEAT O	PTION						
Humiditrol Dehumidification Option			Factory	0	0	0	0
Humidity Sensor Kit, Remote mounted			17M50	Х	Х	Х	Х
INDOOR AIR QUALITY							
Air Filters							
Healthy Climate® High Efficiency Air Filters		MERV 8	54W21	OX	OX	OX	ОХ
20 x 20 x 2 in. (Order 4 per unit)	N	IERV 13	52W39	OX	OX	OX	ОХ
	N	IERV 16	21U40	Х	Х	Х	Х
Replaceable Media Filter With Metal Mesh (includes non-pleated filter media) (order 4		20 x 2 in.	44N60	Х	Х	Х	Х
Indoor Air Quality (CO ₂) Sensors							
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cove	r with LCD display		77N39	Х	Х	X	Х
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cove			23V86	X	Х	X	Х
Sensor - Black plastic case, LCD display, r	ated for plenum mounting		87N52	X	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Black plastic case, no display, rat	ed for plenum mounting		23V87	X	Х	Х	Х
CO ₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflo	ow applications		23Y47	X	Х	X	Х
Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-ple	num rated CO ₂ sensors (77N39)		90N43	X	Х	X	Х
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI)							
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI) Kit			22U14	X	Х	Х	Х
UVC GERMICIDAL LAMPS							
¹ Healthy Climate® UVC Light Kit (110/230)	/-1ph)		21A92	Х	Х	Х	Х
Step-Down Transformers	460V primary, 230V se	condary	10H20	X	Х	Х	Х
	575V primary, 230V se	condary	10H21	Χ	X	X	X
ROOF CURBS							
Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow							
8 in. height			11F50	X	X	X	Х
14 in. height			11F51	X	Х	X	Х
18 in. height			11F52	Х	X	X	Х
24 in. height			11F53	X	X	X	X
Adjustable Pitched Curb							
14 in. height			42W27	X	X	X	X
Transition Curb							
Matches Enlight 036-072 Units to existing L	Series® Curbs		31B05	Χ	X	X	Х
CEILING DIFFUSERS							
Step-Down - Order one	RTI	D11-95S	13K61	Х	Х	Х	Х
Flush - Order one	F	D11-95S	13K56	Х	Х	Х	Х
Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order on	e T1TRA	N20N-1	17W54	Х	Х	Х	Х

¹ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V and 575V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s).

NOTE - Order numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed.

O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed).

X = Field Installed.

	CATIONS	ı		I 0T0 (0):		
Model			LCT036H5E	LCT048H5E	LCT060H5E	LCT072H5E
Nominal To			3	4	5	6
Efficiency T			High	High	High	High
Blower Typ	e		MSAV® ECM Direct Drive	MSAV® ECM Direct Drive	MSAV® ECM Direct Drive	MSAV® ECM Direct Drive
Cooling		ross Cooling Capacity (Btuh)	36,600	50,100	61,600	72,000
Performano	e	Net Cooling Capacity (Btuh)	36,000	49,000	60,000	69,000
	¹ AHRI I	Rated Air Flow (cfm-high/low)	1200/800	1600/1200	1800/1350	2000/1500
		¹ SEER2 (Btuh/Watt)	17.5	17.3	16.4	
		¹ EER2 (Btuh/Watt)	13.5	13.0	12.5	
		¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)				17.3
		¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)				12.2
		Total Unit Power (kW)	2.7	3.8	4.6	5.6
Sound Rati	ng Number	dBA	75	75	82	82
Refrigerant		Refrigerant Type	R-454B	R-454B	R-454B	R-454B
Charge		Without Reheat Option	4 lbs. 14 oz.	5 lbs. 2 oz.	4 lbs. 14 oz.	4 lbs. 13 oz.
		With Reheat Option	5 lbs. 6 oz.	5 lbs. 4 oz.	4 lbs. 13 oz.	4 lbs. 8 oz.
Electric Hea	at Available - Se	e page 18	7.5 and 15 kW	7.5 and 15 kW	7.5, 15 and 22.5 kW	7.5, 15, 22.5 and 30 kW
Compresso	or Type (Number	•)		Two-Stage	Scroll (1)	
Outdoor Co	oil	Net face area - ft.2	17.80	17.80	17.80	17.80
		Rows	1	1	1	1
		Fins - in.	20	20	20	20
Outdoor Co	oil	Motor HP (number and type)	1/3 (1 ECM)	1/3 (1 ECM)	1/3 (1 ECM)	1/3 (1 ECM)
Fan		Rpm	550 - 830	750 - 1010	830 - 1030	830 - 1030
		Watts	65 - 175	130 - 300	170 - 350	170 - 350
		Diameter (Number) - in.	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24
		Blades	3	3	3	3
		Total air volume - cfm	2400 - 3795	2700 - 4100	3200 - 4700	3200 - 4700
Indoor		Net face area - ft.2	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.65
Coil		Rows	1	1	1	1
		Fins - in.	20	20	20	20
	Con	densate drain size (NPT) - in.	(1) 1	(1) 1	(1) 1	(1) 1
		Expansion device type	. ,	ermostatic Expans	. ,	
ndoor	Standard	Blower type		Direct Drive ECM		
Blower	Static	Blade type		Forward Curved		
	(All Voltages)	Nominal motor HP	0.50	1	1	
	Wheel (N	lumber) diameter x width - in.	(1) 10 X 10	(1) 11 X 10	(1) 11 X 10	
	High	Blower type		DirectPlus™ Di	` '	
	Static	Blade type		Backwar	d Curved	
	(3ph Only)	Nominal motor HP	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	Wheel (N	lumber) diameter x width - in.	(1) 14 X 5	(1) 14 X 5	(1) 14 X 5	(1) 14 X 5
Filters	(-	Туре	. ,	MERV 4, [. ,	
		Number and size - in.		(4) 20 >	`	
Line voltag	e data (Volts-Ph			208/230-1-60 208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60		208/230-3-60 460-3-60 575-3-60

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240 (3-5 ton) or 340/360 (6 ton): 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

MINIMUM R454B SPACE AND CFM REQUIREMENTS

Minimun	n Airflow¹	
Unit	Q _{min} (CFM)	Q _{min} (m³h)
LCT036	84	143
LCT048	136	231
LCT060	128	218
LCT072	127	216
LCT036 W/ Humidtrol	142	241
LCT048 W/ Humidtrol	137	234
LCT060 W/ Humidtrol	126	215
LCT072 W/ Humidtrol	119	203

¹ The minimum airflow is the lowest CFM allowed during venting operation (leak mitigation)

of Conditioned S	pace ²
TA _{min} (ft²)	TA _{min} (m²)
46.73	4.34
75.44	7.01
71.19	6.61
70.31	6.53
78.52	7.29
76.17	7.08
70.02	6.51
66.07	6.14
	TA _{min} (ft²) 46.73 75.44 71.19 70.31 78.52 76.17 70.02

²⁻ The minimum room area of conditioned space is the smallest area the unit can service.

Refrigerant C	harge R-454B	
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)
LCT036	3.19	1.45
LCT048	5.15	2.34
LCT060	4.86	2.20
LCT072	4.8	2.18
LCT036 W/ Humidtrol	5.36	2.43
LCT048 W/ Humidtrol	5.2	2.36
LCT060 W/ Humidtrol	4.78	2.17
LCT072 W/ Humidtrol	4.51	2.05

				Altitude Adjus	tment Factor ³				
Halt	0	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600
AF	1	1	1	1	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.1	1.12
Halt	1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	2800	3000	3200
AF	1.12	1.15	1.18	1.21	1.25	1.28	1.32	1.36	1.4

³ Use the Altitude Adjustment Factor to adjust the values in the tables above to different altitudes. Find the relevant altitude above sea level in the two "Halt" rows and then multiply the value needed from the tables above by the altitude factor number. Example: For the minimum airflow in CFM for an LCT/LGT036 at 1000 ft. above see level, multiply 84 by 1.05 to get 88.2 CFM as the new Qmin.

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

- FOR ALL UNITS ADD: 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.). 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 2812 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 2812 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

≥ C	
WNFI	
)

ו∣בֿ	DOWNFLOW	<u>\$</u>										1															
Ш	External											Pel	centa	ge of 1	otal M	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	rdne										
	Static		20%			30%			40%		~	20%		.	%09		7	%02		%08	%		%06	,o		100%	
=	Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm Watts	Vatts	RPM	Cfm /	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM		Cfm Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ts RPM	1 Cfm	Watts	RPM
	0	811	20	415	994	82	-	1177	114	531 1	1319		579 1	1461	194 6	626 15	1564 2:	236 663	3 1667	67 278	700 8	0 1804	349	9 753	1878	396	783
	0.1	716	47	494	906	81	547	1095	115	599 1	1243	158 (642 1	1391	200 6	685 15	1500 24	243 718		1608 286	36 751	1 1753	33 361	1 798	1833	409	824
	0.2	631	49	220	827	85	\vdash	1023	121	665 1	1176	\vdash	704 1	1329	209 7	742 14	1442 2	254 77	72 15	1555 299	99 802	2 1708	375	5 843	1794	425	865
	0.3	256	54	644	758	92	687	096	130		1118	176 7	764 1	1275	222 7	799 13	1392 26	268 825		1509 314	4 851	1 1668	392	888	1759	443	907
	0.4	489	62	715	969	102	753	903	142	791 1	1065	189 8	822 1	1227	236 8	853 13	1347 28	284 877	7 1467	67 331	31 900	0 1632	1 410) 932	1726	462	949
	0.5		1			:		851	155	851 1	1017	204 8	879 1	1183	253 9	906 13	1306 30	301 927		1429 349	19 948	8 1597	17 430	926 (1693	481	991
	9.0	1 1	1	1	1	:	!	804	170	606	973	220 8	933 1	1141	269 9	957 12	1267 3	318 976		1392 367	37 994	4 1562	2 449	1019	1660	501	1032
	0.7		1			:		759	184	964	\vdash	235 8	985 1	1101	286 10	1006 12	1228 33	336 1023	-	1355 385	35 1039	39 1527	7 467	7 1062	1624	519	1074
	0.8							716	199	1017	889	251 1	1036 1	1061	302 10	1054 11	1189 3	352 1069	69 1317	17 402	1083	33 1489	9 484	1103	1585	532	1115
Pa	6.0							671	211	1067	845		1083 1	1019	316 10	1099 11	1148 36	366 111	1112 1276	76 416	6 1125	25 1447	17 499	9 1144	1540	549	1156
ıge	1.0							625	222	1114	800	275 1	1128	974	327 17	1142 11	1102 3	378 115	1154 1230	30 428	1165	35 1400	00 510) 1183	1489	229	1196
8	1.1							929	230	1158	751 2	283 1	1170 (925 3	336 17	1182 10	1052 38	387 1193	93 1179	79 437	37 1203	13 1345	5 518	3 1221	1430	266	1235
	1.2							521	234	1199 (695 3	288 1	1210 8	8 698	341 12	1220 99	862 36	391 1230	30 1121	21 441	11 1240	1283	3 521	1258	1361	292	1273
	1.3	!	!	:	:	:	:	:	:	1		:		908	340 12	1255 93	930 3	390 1265	65 1054	54 440	1274	74 1210	0 519	1293	1281	562	1311
	1.4	1 1	1	1	1	:	!	!	1	1 1	!	!		734	335 12	1288 8	856 38	384 1297	97 977	77 433	33 1306	1126	6 510	1326	3 1188	552	1347
Ĭ.	HORIZONTAL	TAL																									
Ш́	External											Per	centa	ge of 1	otal M	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	rdue										
	Static		20%			30%			40%		7	20%		J	%09		7	%02		80 %	%		%06	vo.		100%	
=	Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts RPM	RPM	Cfm Watts RPM	Vatts	RPM	Cfm /	Cfm Watts RPM		Cfm W	Natts R	RPM	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM		Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ts RPM	1 Cfm	Watts	RPM
	0	794	45	388	970	92		1146	107	519 1	1281	149	575 1	1416	191 6	630 15	1522 1	110 678	78 1627	27 293	3 726	6 1715	5 351	168	1802	408	810
	0.1	602	44	460	895	78	519	1080	111	577 1	1223	155 (627 1	1366	199 6	677 14	1477 2	251 721		1588 303	3 764	4 1681	362	804	1773	420	843
	0.5	630	46	531	855	82	583	1019	117	634 1	1169	-	-	1318 2	208 7	723 14	1435 20	262 763	-	1552 315	15 803	3 1648	375	5 841	1743	434	878
	0.3	226	51	602	759	88	646	961	-		\Box	\dashv		1273	-	769 13		-		1516 328	-	\vdash	5 388	-	1714	448	912
	0.4	486	28	671	969	97	209	906	135	746 1	1068	-		1230	232 8	815 13	1356 28	288 848	1481	81 343	13 880	0 1582	32 403	914	1683	463	948
	0.5	420	99	740	637	107	771	854	\dashv	一	\dashv	\dashv	831 1	1188	-	860 13	1317 30	301 890	\dashv	1446 357	57 919	9 1549	9 418	3 951	1652	_	983
	9.0	1	1	1 1	1	:	1	804	159	856	946	209	881 1	1147	259 9	905 12	1279 3	316 932	\neg	1410 372	72 958	8 1514	4 432	5 989	1618	492	1019
	0.7	-	1		:	:		756	172	\dashv	932	\dashv	930 1	1107	273 9	949 12	1241 33	330 973	\neg	1374 386	966 98	6 1478	8 446	3 1026	1582	206	1055
	8.0					:		602	185	962	888	236	978 1	1066	287 9	993 12	1201 3	344 1014	_	1336 400	1034	34 1440	10 460	1063	1544	519	1091
	6.0							663	197	1013	844 ;	249 1	1025 1	1025	300 10	1036 11	1161 39	357 1054		1296 413	1072	72 1399	9 472	2 1100	1502	530	1127
	1.0		1 1 1			:)	982	313 10	1078 11	1118 30	369 1094	94 1254	54 424	24 1109	1355	55 482	2 1136	1456	540	1163
	1.1										.)	938 3	323 1	1119 10	1073 3	379 1133	33 1208	08 434	34 1146	1307	7 491	1172	1406	548	1198
	1.2													892	332 17	1158 10	1026 38	387 117	1170 1159	59 441	11 1182	32 1255	55 497	7 1208	1351	553	1233
	1.3	!		-	:	:	:	:	:	-	-	:		\dashv	\neg	1197 97	\dashv	-	1207 1106	06 446	·6 1216	1198	8 501		1290	555	1268
	1.4	:	!	:	:	!	:	:	!	!	!	:	:	790	344 12	1234 92	920 38	396 124	1242 1049		448 1250	50 1137	12 201	1276	1224	553	1302

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

- FOR ALL UNITS ADD: 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).
- 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 2812 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 2812 for minimum air volume with electric heat. DOWNFLOW

DOWNFLOW	_ د د											1	. 90	Total MA	F											
External		1000				-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+		ב ב	Lenia	n an	rercentage of Total Motor Torque	1010	anhu		-			-	1000				
Static		20%		์ กั	30%		1	40%		+	20%	+	-	%09	+	۲	%02	+	80%	<u> </u> %	+	%06			100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts RI	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM		Cfm Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1067	112	488	1325 1	196	573 1	1583	279 (657 1	1759	381	726 1	1934	482 7	794 20	2046 57	579 845		2157 676	6 896	6 2285	5 816	926	2358	925	686
0.1	984	26	237	1249 1	184	616 1	1513	270	695 1	1697	. 928	760 1	1881	481 8.	825 20	2002 58	584 873		2123 686	16 921	1 2273	3 838	8/6	2352	947	1008
0.2	912	91	287	1183 1	180	661 1	1453	. 268	735 1	1644	377	796 1	1835	486 8	856 19	1964 59	593 902		2093 700	00 947	7 2264	4 863	1001	2349	973	1030
0.3	851	92	636	1126 1	183	706 1	1400	273	775 1	1597	385	832 1	1794	497 8	889 19	1931 60	607 932		2067 717	7 974	4 2256	891	1026	3348	1001	1053
0.4	797	100	, 789	1075 1	192	751 1	1353	283	815 1	1555	397	869 1	1757	511 9	922 19	1901 62	625 962	_	2044 738	1002)2 2248	8 919	1051	2347	1031	1077
0.5	752	114	737	1032 2	. 902	796	1312	298	855 1	1518	413	905 1	1724	528 9	955 18	1873 64	644 993		2021 760	1030	30 2239	9 948	1078	3 2345	1061	1102
9.0	712	132	787	994 2	224	842 1	1275	316	896	1484	432	942 1	1692	548 9	988 18	1845 66	666 1024	_	1998 783	1059	59 2228	8 977	1104	:	1	1
0.7	678	155	836	960 2	246	886 1	1242	336	936 1	1452	452	979 1	1662	568 10	1021 18	1818 68	687 1055		1974 806	1088	38 2214	4 1004	1131			
0.8	648	180	885	929 2	269	931 1	1210	358	976	1421	474 1	1016 1	1632	589 10	1055 17	1790 70	709 1086		1948 828	1117	7 2195	1028	3 1158		1	1 1
6.0 D	621	207	933	900 2	294	974 7	1179	381 1	1015 1	1390	495 1	1051 1	1600	609 10	1087 17	1760 72	728 1117		1919 847	1146	16 2170	0 1049	9 1185			
10.	296	235	981	872 3	319 1	1017	1148	403 1	1053 1	1357	516 1	1086 1	1566	628 11	1119 17	1725 74	746 1147	-	1884 864	1174	74 2139	1066	3 1212			
1.1							1115	424 1	1090 1	1322	534 1	1120 1	1528	643 11	1150 16	1686 76	760 1176		1844 876	76 1201	01 2100	1078	3 1238	{		
1.2	-				-		1080	443 1	1126 1	1283	549 1	1153 1	1485	655 11	1180 16	1641 77	770 1204		1797 884	1228	28 2052	1083	3 1264			
1.3	:	!	:	!	!		1040	458 1	1161 1	1238	561 1	1185 1	1436	663 12	1209 15	1589 77	75 1231	-	1742 886	1253	53 1993	1081	1288		1	
1.4	:	1	:	1	;	1 1	966	469 1	1194	1189	567 1	1215 1	1381	665 12	1236 15	1530 77	73 1257	_	1678 881	127	77 1923	11071	1 1311	:	1 1	1
HORIZONTAL	NTAL																									
External											Pei	Percentage	ge of	of Total Motor Torque	otor To	rdne								,		
Static		20%		ั ซ	30%		-	40%			20%			%09		7	%02		%08	%		%06			100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Cfm Watts	RPM	Cfm Watts		RPM	Cfm Watts	Natts F	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm Watts	Vatts R	RPM	Cfm Watts	itts RPM		Cfm Watts	tts RPM		Cfm Watts	S RPM		Cfm Watts	RPM
0	1087	111	493	1304 1	184	579 1	1520	257	665 1	1689	368	738 1	1857	478 8	810 19	1972 58	588 864	_	2087 698	918	_	844	975	2283	925	1000
0.1	1021	104	537	1246 1	180	618 1	1470	255	699 1	1646	368	768 1	1821	480 8	837 19	1941 59	592 888	-	2061 704	04 938	8 2179	9 852	992	2255	926	1017
0.2	961				-	\dashv	_	-												\dashv			\rightarrow	\rightarrow		1034
0.3	906	\dashv	628	1145 1	\rightarrow		_	. 992	769 1	_	\dashv	831 1	1759	498 8	892 18		613 938		2018 728	984	4 2149	9 879	1033	3 2209	941	1053
0.4	855	113			196		_	278	806 1	\rightarrow	396	864 1	1732	513 9.	921 18		629 965	-	1999 744	1008)8 2134	896	1054	-	1	1
0.5	808	125	720		509	781 1	_	293	\neg	1509	\dashv	896 1	1706	530	950 18	\rightarrow	646 992		1980 762	1033	33 2119	9 915	1077	-	1	:
9.0	764	139	766	1022 2	\dashv	823 1	-	310	879 1	1481	430	930 1	1682	549 9	980 18	1821 66	666 1019	_	1960 782	1058	58 2102	2 935	1101	:	1	1
0.7	722	155	812 9	984.5 2	242	864 1	1247	328	916 1	1452	449	964 1	1657	569 10	1011 17	1799 68	686 1048	_	1940 803	1084	34 2084	955	1125			
0.8	682	172	828	949 2	\dashv	\dashv		348	953 1		469	997 1	1632	589 10	1041 17	\dashv	706 1076	$\overline{}$	1919 823	1111	1 2063	3 974	. 1150	-	1 1	1
6.0	643	191	903	914 2	279	946	1185	367	989	1396	489 1	1030 1	1606	610 10	1071 17	1751 72	727 1104	-	1895 843	1137	37 2039	992	1175		1	
1.0	:	-	:		;		_	\neg	_		\dashv			\dashv	1100 17	1724 74	745 1132		1869 861	1163	3 2011	1 1008		-		
1.1	:	:	:	-	:	1 1	1120	404	1059 1		525 1	1095 1	1548	646 11	1130 16	1694 76	761 1160	_	1839 876	76 1189	39 1979	9 1021	1 1226		1	:
1.2	1	1	1 1	1	:		\rightarrow	\rightarrow				1126 1			1158 16		\rightarrow	36 18		\rightarrow	1941		_		1	1
1.3	:	:	:	:	:	-		_	1126 1			1156 1		_	1186 16		_	13 17		_	39 1897				-	: :
1.4	!	!	1	!	-	-	1005	442 1	1158 1221		561 1	1185 1436		680 12	1212 1579		792 123	1238 1721		903 126	1263 1847	.7 1037	7 1298		1 1	1

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.). 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 2812 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. See page 2812 for minimum air volume with electric heat.

DOWNFLOW

[
	Total											Tot	al Stat	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g	ssure -	in. w.g	_										
	Air	0.1	7	0.2	2	0.3	က	0	0.4	0.5	2	9.0	(0	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.3	
	cfm	RPM Watts	Watts	RPM Watts	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Wat	Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM W	Watts F	RPM Watts		RPM V	Watts	RPM Watts		RPM W	Watts
	400	:		734	19	823	40	910	09	586	78																-
	009	992	28	856	51	944	23	1029	63	1108	111	1180	127	1248	139 1	1315	149	1383	158 1	1451	169	-				-	:
	800	899	22	686	81	1079	104	1163	125	1242	145	1317	161	1386	174	1454	185	1519	198	1582	214 1	1643	234	1701	255 1	1755	281
, -	1000	1084	92	1163	117	1244	139	1323	160	1398	180	1470	196	1538	211	1603	227	1663	245 1	1721	267 1	1776	292	1828	320 1	1876	350
, -	1200	1319	113	1385	138	1451	162	1517	186	1581	209	1644	231	1703	254 1	1759	278	1812 (306 1	1863	337 1	1912	367	1960	397 2	2003	427
•	1400	1542	146	1596	177	1649	208	1703	239	1757	269	1809	300	1860	331 1	1909	362	1956	393 2	2003	425 2	2050	456 2	2095	483 2	2139	208
• =	1600	1721	225	1772	258	1823	291	1873	324	1923	326	1972	388	2019	419 2	2065	450 2	2110 4	480 2	2156	510 2	2200	239 2	2244	565 2	2287	290
	1800	1909	309	1957	341	2006	373	2054	404	2101	435	2146	465	2190	495 2	2234	526 2	2277	557 2	2320	588 2	2362	620 2	2404 (651 2	2444	685
	2000	2103	385	2148	417	2193	450	2239	483	2283	516	2325	220	2367	584	2408	620 2	2449 (658 2	2490	696	2529	735 2	2568	777	2605	822
e 1	2200	2299	478	2342	514	2384	552	2426	280	2467	630	2507	671	2547	714	. 5862	757	2625	800 2	2663	844 2	2700	889	2735	935 2	2770	982
	2400	2500	909	2540	647	2580	069	2618	734	2656	779	2694	824	2731	870 2	2768	915	2804 (961	2839 1	1006 2	2874 1	1051	2907 1	1096 2	2941 1	1141
"	2600	2704	768	2741	810	2778	855	2813	901	2849	947	2884	993	2918	1039 2	2952 1	1085	2986 1	1129 3	3019 1	1173 3	3051 1	1217	3083 1	1259 3	3115 1	1300
``	2800	2908	941	2943	985	2976	1030	3010	1076	3042	1121	3075	1166	3107	1210	3139 1	1253	3170 1	1296 3	3200 1	1338 3	3231 1	1379	3261 1	1419 3	3290 1	1456
`	3000	3110	1111	3142	1156	3173	1201	3205	1245	3236	1289	3267	1332	3296	1373 3	3325 1	1414	3354 1	1455 3	3382 1	1496 3	3412 1	1536	3439 1	1573 3	3465 1	1609
'						10	tal Sta	Total Static Pressure	ssure	- in. w.g.	ත																
۷	Total Air cfm	1.4	4	1.5	2	1.	1.6	1	1.7	1.8	8	1.9	6	2.0													
(RPM Watts		RPM Watts	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watts	Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	Vatts												
	800	1805	309	1850	337	1895	366	1940	392			:		-:-	:												
•	1000	1920	380	1962	410	2002	439	2050	466	2094	492	2138	217	2181	541												
•	1200	2045	456	2087	484	2130	510	2174	537	2217	563	2260	289	2302	615												
•	1400	2182	531	2225	222	2268	581	2310	610	2352	640	2393	671	2433	703												
• =	1600	2330	616	2371	645	2412	829	2452	713	2491	750	2530	787	2568	824												
`	1800	2484	723	2523	292	2561	808	2598	849	2636	890	2672	931	2708	971												
. 1	2000	2641	868	2677	915	2713	961	2749	1003	2784	1044	2819	1084	2853	1124												
. 4	2200	2804	1028	2839	1072	2873	1114	2907	1155	2940	1194	2973	1234	3006	1272												
. 1	2400	2974	1184	3006	1225	3039	1266	3071	1305	3103	1344	3134	1382	3166	1420												

3319 | 1493 | 3347 | 1530 | 3376 | 1567 | 3406 | 1605 | 3435 | 1643 | 3465 | 1681 | 3495 | 1718 3146 | 1340 | 3177 | 1379 | 3207 | 1417 | 3238 | 1456 | 3269 | 1494 | 3299 | 1532 | 3329 | 1569

2600 2800 3000

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

- FOR ALL UNITS ADD: 1 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.). 2 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 2812 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

HORIZONTAL

≦	2	<u>ן</u>																								
	Total											Tota	al Stati	c Pres	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g	n. w.g.										
	Air	0.1	_	0.2	7	0	0.3	0	0.4	0.5	10	9.0		0.7		0.8		6.0		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.3
	ctm	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Wat	S	RPM W	Watts F	RPM W	Watts R	RPM Watts		RPM Wa	Watts RF	RPM Watts	tts RPM	M Watts	-	RPM Watts	ts RPM	// Watts
	400	202	16	793	37	872	53	-					-	-	-	-	-	:	:	1	-	-	1	:	-	:
	009	835	46	918	92	1000	82	1077	96	1149	107	1221	109					-		-		-	-		-	
	800	981	22	1064	92	1144	109	1221	124	1294	139	1365	148 1	1434	154 14	1497 1	163 1	1555 1	179 1607		200 1656	922 99		1704 254	;	-
•	1000	1166	105	1241	124	1315	141	1387	159	1454	176	1520	191	1582 2	207 16	1638 2	227 1	1689 2	252 1737		279 1783	3 308		1829 335	5 1873	3 362
	1200	1374	142	1440	162	1506	182	1569	203	1630	224	1687	246 1	1739 2	271 17	1787 2	299 18	1832 33	330 18	1876 361	1920	391		1964 419	9 2007	7 444
	1400	1591	183	1647	209	1701	235	1755	263	1806	291	1854 (320 1	1899	351 19	1942 3	382 19	1984 4	412 2026		442 2068	18 469	_	2110 496	6 2153	3 520
	1600	1778	258	1827	290	1876	323	1923	355	1970	386	2015 4	416 2	2059 4	444 27	2102 4	470 2	2144 49	494 2185	85 51	9 2227	7 545		2268 572	2 2309	009 6
	1800	1973	352	2018	383	2063	415	2107	445	2151	476	2194	504 2	2237	531 22	2279 5	557 23	2319 5	584 2359	59 61	3 2397	7 645		2435 679	9 2471	1 713
`` e 1′	2000	2182	437	2224	468	2265	499	2306	531	2346	563	2385 (596 2	2424 6	630 24	2461 6	666 2	2496 7	705 2530		745 2564	786		2598 826	6 2631	1 866
	2200	2388	240	2426	929	2464	613	2500	651	2536	691	2571	731 2	2605 7	774 26	2637 8	819 2	2668 8	863 2700		907 2732	2 949		2764 990	0 2795	5 1029
- 4	2400	2589	629	2624	719	2658	761	2691	803	2724	846	2756	890 2	2786 9	935 28	2816 9	980 2	2846 10	1025 2876		1068 2907	1109	_	2937 1149	19 2967	7 1188
``	2600	2787	845	2819	887	2850	930	2881	973	2911	1017	2941 1	1060 2	2970 1	1104 29	2999 1	1147 3	3028 11	1189 3057		1230 3087	1270	'	:	-	:
	2800	2983	1021	3013	1063	3042	1106	3070	1149	3099	1191	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	1	:	;	1	:	-	1
						<u>ا</u>	ital Sta	Total Static Pressure		- in. w.g.	4															
<	Total Air ofm	1.4	4	1.5	2	_	1.6		1.7	1.8	_	1.9		2.0												
(5	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Watts		RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watt	S	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	/atts											
	800	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	<u> </u>	:	!											
	1000	1916	386	1957	408	1998	428	2037	447	2077	465															
•	1200	2049	468	2089	490	2128	510	2168	529	2207	549	2246	569 2	2285	591											
	1400	2194	543	2235	292	2274	588	2313	611	2350	637	2387 (664 2	2423 6	694											
	1600	2349	627	2387	259	2423	889	2457	722	2490	757	2522	793 2	2554 8	830											
	1800	2506	749	2539	787	2571	825	2602	864	2632	903	2662	942 2	2692 6	981											
•	2000	2663	906	2694	945	2725	982	2755	1024	2785	1063	2815 1	1101 2	2845 1	1138											
	2200	2826	1068	2857	1107	2887	1146	2916	1184	2946	1221	2975 1	1259 3	3005	1296											
•	2400	2997	1227	3027	1266	3056	1304	3085	1342																	
- 1	2600	:	:	:	:	:	!	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:											
	2800	:	-	:	:	-	-	-	:	:	:	· :	· ;	· ;	-											

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Indoor	Humiditrol®				Filters	
Volume cfm	Coil	Reheat Coil	Electric Heat	Economizer	MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01		0.01	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.04	0.00	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.05	0.01	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.07	0.02	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.08	0.02	0.15	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.09
2000	0.10	0.02	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200	0.11	0.04	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400	0.13	0.04	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.12

MINIMUM AIR VOLUME REQUIRED FOR ELECTRIC HEAT

		Min	imum CFM
Size	kW Size	Direct Drive ECM	DirectPlus™ Direct Drive ECM
	7.5	600	1200
036-072	15	1100	1350
	22.5	1600	1800
072	30	N/A	2000

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

	RT	D11-95S Step-Down Diffu	ıser	FD11-95S
Air Volume - cfm	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser
1800	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09
2000	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10
2200	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12
2400	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25

ELECTRICAL/I	ELECTRIC H	EAT D	ATA								3	TON
Model							LCT03	6H5E				
¹ Voltage - 60Hz			208/230	V - 1 Ph		208/230	V - 3 Ph		460V	- 3 Ph	575V	- 3 Ph
Compressor	Rated Loa	ad Amps	14	1.3		9	.1		4	.6	3.	.5
(Non-Inverter)	Locked Rot	or Amps	7	6		7	0		3	9	28	3.9
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	(1 ECM)	2	.8		2	.8		1	.4	1.	.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Loa	ad Amps	2	.4		2	.4		1	.3	,	1
Service Outlet 115V	GFI (amps)		1	5		1	5		1	5	2	0
Indoor Blower		HP	0	.5	0	.5	1	.5	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.5
Motor	Full Loa	ad Amps	4	.3	4	.3	4	.4	2.2	2.3	1.7	2.3
² Maximum	L	Init Only	3	5	2	5	2	:5	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	With (1) Power	0.33 HP Exhaust	4	.0	2	5	3	0	15	15	15	15
³ Minimum	L	Init Only	2	.5	1	9	1	9	10	10	8	8
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	With (1) Power	0.33 HP Exhaust	2	18	2	1	2	1	11	11	9	9
ELECTRIC HEAT DA	ATA						'		'			
Electric Heat Voltag	е		208V	240V	208V	240V	208V	240V	48	0V	60	0V
² Maximum		7.5 kW	440	45	4 25	30	30	30	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat	15 kW	480	90	⁴ 45	60	445	60	30	30	25	25
³ Minimum Unit+ 7.5 kW		7.5 kW	40	45	25	28	26	29	15	15	12	12
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Electric Heat	15 kW	74	84	45	51	45	51	26	26	21	21
² Maximum		7.5 kW	445	50	4 30	35	4 30	35	20	20	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat and (1) 0.33 HP	15 kW	480	90	450	60	4 50	60	30	30	25	25
2.4.	Power Exhaust		1.0	- 10								
³ Minimum Circuit	Unit+ Electric Heat	7.5 kW	43	48	28	31	29	32	16	16	13	14
Ampacity (MCA)	and (1) 0.33 HP	15 kW	77	87	48	54	48	54	27	28	22	23
	Power Exhaust											
ELECTRICAL ACCE	SSORIES											
Disconnects		7.5 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5kA.

15 kW | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A23 | 22A23

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage. 2 HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

ELECTRICAL/I	ELECTRIC H	EAT D	ATA								4	1 TON
Model							LCT04	8H5E				
¹ Voltage - 60Hz			208/230	V - 1 Ph		208/230	V - 3 Ph		460V	- 3 Ph	575V	- 3 Ph
Compressor	Rated Loa	ad Amps	17	7.2		10).2		6	.1	3	.7
(Non-Inverter)	Locked Rot	or Amps	12	21		12	23		6	0	4	1
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	(1 ECM)	2	.8		2	.8		1	.4	1.	.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Loa	ad Amps	2	.4		2	.4		1	.3	,	1
Service Outlet 115V	GFI (amps)		1	5		1	5		1	5	2	0
Indoor Blower		HP		1		1	1	.5	1	1.5	1	1.5
Motor	Full Loa	ad Amps	7	.4	7	.4	4	.4	3.7	2.3	3	2.3
² Maximum	l	Init Only	4	5	3	0	3	0	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	With (1) Power	0.33 HP Exhaust	5	60	3	5	3	0	20	15	15	15
³ Minimum	L	Init Only	3	32	2	3	2	0	13	12	9	9
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	With (1) Power	0.33 HP Exhaust	3	35	2	6	2	3	15	13	10	10
ELECTRIC HEAT DA	ATA		'				'		'		'	'
Electric Heat Voltag	е		208V	240V	208V	240V	208V	240V	48	0V	60	0V
² Maximum	Unit+ 7.5 kW		445	50	4 30	35	30	30	20	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat	15 kW	480	90	⁴ 50	60	445	60	30	30	25	25
³ Minimum		7.5 kW	44	49	29	32	26	29	16	15	13	12
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Electric Heat	15 kW	77	88	49	55	45	51	28	26	22	21
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	⁴ 50	60	35	35	4 30	35	20	20	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	15 kW	480	100	60	60	4 50	60	30	30	25	25
³ Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	47	52	32	35	29	32	18	16	15	14
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Electric Heat and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust		80	91	52	58	48	54	29	28	24	23
ELECTRICAL ACCE	SSORIES		'				'	·	'	'		
Disconnects		7.5 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
								i				

15 kW | 22A24 | 22A24 | 22A23 |

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5kA.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL/E	LECTRIC H	EAIDA	IA								5	TON
Model							LCT06	0H5E				
¹ Voltage - 60Hz			208/230	V - 1 Ph		208/230	V - 3 Ph		460V	- 3 Ph	575V	- 3 Ph
Compressor	Rated Lo	ad Amps	23	3.7		12	2.4		6	.5	4	.8
(Non-Inverter)	Locked Ro	tor Amps	12	23		9	3		6	0	4	1
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	(1 ECM)	2	.8		2	.8		1	.4	1	.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Lo	ad Amps	2	.4		2	.4		1	.3	,	1
Service Outlet 115V (GFI (amps)		1	5		1	5		1	5	2	:0
Indoor Blower		HP		1		1	1	.5	1	1.5	1	1.5
Motor	Full Lo	ad Amps	7	.4	7	.4	4	.4	3.7	2.3	3	2.3
² Maximum		Unit Only	6	0	3	5	3	5	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)		0.33 HP Exhaust	6	0	4	.0	3	5	20	15	15	15
³ Minimum		Unit Only	4	.0	2	16	2	3	14	12	11	10
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)		0.33 HP Exhaust	4	.3	2	:9	2	6	15	14	12	11
ELECTRIC HEAT DA	ATA											
Electric Heat Voltage	е		208V	240V	208V	240V	208V	240V	48	0V	60	0V
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	60	60	35	35	35	35	20	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat	15 kW	480	90	4 50	60	445	60	30	30	25	25
, ,	22.5 kW		⁴ 125	150	470	80	470	80	40	40	35	30
³ Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	44	49	29	32	26	29	16	15	13	12
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Electric Heat	15 kW	77	88	49	55	45	51	28	26	22	21
1) (- /		22.5 kW	111	127	68	77	65	74	39	37	31	30
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	60	60	40	40	35	35	20	20	15	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat	15 kW	480	100	60	60	⁴ 50	60	30	30	25	25
Troteodori (WOOI)	Power Exhaust		⁴ 125	150	80	80	470	80	45	40	35	35
³ Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	47	52	32	35	29	32	18	16	15	14
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Electric Heat and (1) 0.33 HP	15 kW	80	91	52	58	48	54	29	28	24	23
, anpaoity (MOA)	Power Exhaust	22.5 kW	114	130	71	80	68	77	41	39	33	32
ELECTRICAL ACCE	SSORIES			I	1	1	1	·			1	1
Disconnects		7.5 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
		15 kW	22A24	22A24	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
		22.5 kW	22A24	22A24	22A23			22A23				

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5kA.

1 Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

		T DATA				6 TO
Model)72H5E	
¹ Voltage - 60Hz			208/23	0V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575 - 3Ph
Compressor (Non-Inverter) —	Rated L	oad Amps	1	9.2	9.1	6.2
(Non-inverter)	Locked Ro	otor Amps	10	62.3	70.8	58.2
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	s (1 ECM)	:	2.8	1.4	1.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full L	oad Amps	:	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GF	·I (amps)			15	15	20
Indoor Blower		HP		1.5	1.5	1.5
Motor	Full L	oad Amps	4	1.4	2.3	2.3
² Maximum		Unit Only		50	20	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	•) 0.33 HP er Exhaust		50	25	15
³ Minimum		Unit Only		32	16	12
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)) 0.33 HP er Exhaust		34	17	13
ELECTRIC HEAT DAT	'A					
Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	480V	600V
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	50	50	20	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat	15 kW	4 50	60	30	25
Trotodion (MOOT)		22.5 kW	470	80	40	30
		30 kW	490	100	50	40
		7.5 kW	32	32	16	12
		15 kW	45	51	26	21
		22.5 kW	65	74	37	30
	-	30 kW	84 96		48	39
Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	50	50	25	15
Overcurrent Protection (MOCP)	Electric Heat and (1) 0.33 HP	15 kW	4 50	60	30	25
Troteodion (MOOL)	Power Exhaust	22.5 kW	470	80	40	35
	-	30 kW	490	100	50	45
Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	34	34	17	14
Circuit Ampacity (MCA)	Electric Heat	15 kW	48	54	28	23
, unpacity (WOA)	and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	22.5 kW	68	77	39	32
	-	30 kW	87	99	50	41
ELECTRICAL ACCES	SORIES			·		
Disconnects		7.5 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
	-	15 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
	-	22.5 kW	22A23	22A23	22A23	22A23
		30 kW	22A24	22A24	22A23	22A23

Disconnects - 22A23 - 80A **22A24** - 150A

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5kA. 1 Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

ELECT	RIC HE	AT CAF	PACITIE	S								
Volts		7.5 kW			15 kW			22.5 kW			30 kW	
Input	kW Input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW Input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW Input	Btuh Output	Stages	kW Input	Btuh Output	Stages
208	5.6	19,100	1	11.3	38,600	1	16.9	57,700	2	22.5	76,800	2
220	6.3	21,500	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500	2	25.2	86,000	2
230	6.9	23,600	1	13.8	47,100	1	20.7	70,700	2	27.5	93,900	2
240	7.5	25,600	1	15.0	51,200	1	22.5	76,800	2	30.0	102,400	2
440	6.9	21,500	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500	2	25.2	86,000	2
460	6.9	23,600	1	13.8	47,100	1	20.7	70,700	2	27.5	93,900	2
480	7.5	25,600	1	15.0	51,200	1	22.5	76,800	2	30.0	102,400	2
550	6.3	21,500	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500	2	25.2	86,000	2
575	6.9	23,600	1	13.8	47,100	1	20.7	70,700	2	27.5	93,900	2
600	7.5	25,600	1	15.0	51,200	1	22.5	76,800	2	30.0	102,400	2

- FIELD WIRING NOTES
 For use with copper wiring only
- Field wiring not furnished
- All wiring must conform to NEC or CEC and local electrical codes
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ For specific wiring information, please refer to the installation instructions

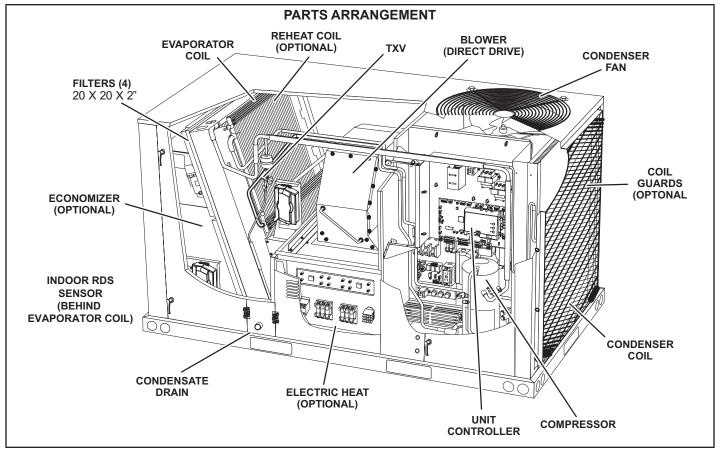


FIGURE 1

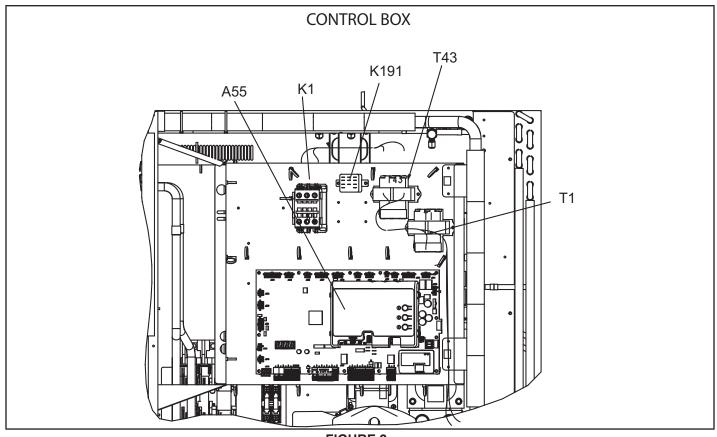


FIGURE 2

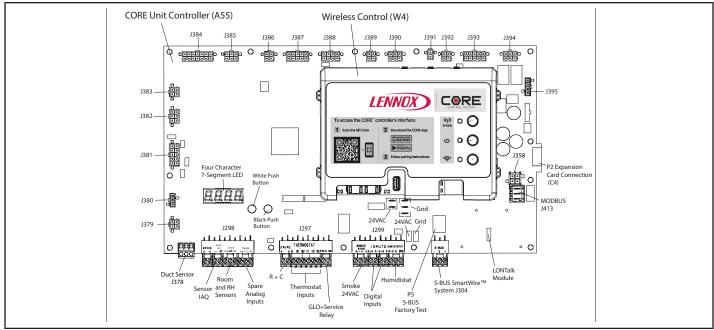


FIGURE 3

I-UNIT COMPONENTS

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD)
Precautions and Procedures

A CAUTION



Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

All 3 through 6 ton (7.5 through 30 kW) units are configure to order units (CTO). The LCT unit components are shown in FIGURE 1. All units come standard with hinged unit panels. All L1, L2, and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow, and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components

LCT control box components are shown in FIGURE 2. The control box is located in the upper right portion of thecompressor compartment.

1-Control Transformers T1/T43

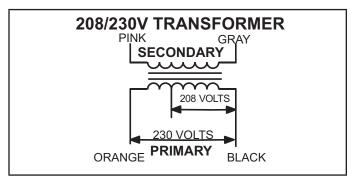


FIGURE 4

All use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted on the hinged control panel. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit (CB8). The 208/230 voltage transformers use two primary voltage taps as shown in FIGURE 4, while the 460 (G) voltage transformer use a single primary voltage tap. T43 is used for units with hot gas reheat for additional 24VAC.

2-Transformer T4 (J voltage)

All J volt units are equipped with a line voltage to 460V 3-phase transformer to power the indoor blower motor. T4 is mounted in the back panel of the compressor section above T5.

3-Transformer T5 (G and J voltage)

All units use transformer T5 mounted in the back panel in the compressor section. T5 is a line voltage to 230V transformer to power the combustion air inducer, outdoor fan motor, and optional UVC light ballast.. It is connected to line voltage and is powered at all times.

4-Unit Controller A55 (FIGURE 3)

The Unit Controller provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters, and USB verification and profile sharing. The unit controller can only be interfaced with via the CORE Service mobile app. Refer to the Unit controller instructions provided for additional details on pairing and app functions

Attention!

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the unit control system and configure the unit. Refer to the "Download Mobile App" section in this manual and the Setup Guide provided with this unit. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.

The app can be downloaded from the appropriate iOS or Android store. Look for the following



The Unit Controller uses input from a zone/room sensor cooling, a thermostat, or a third-party controller to operate the unit. Zone/room sensor, thermostat, and third-party controller wires are connected to J297 on the Unit Controller.

Many default Unit Controller settings are adjustable. Refer to the unit installation instruction or the Unit Controller manual provided with the unit.

The Unit Controller is configured to identify optional kits and accessories for proper function. Each character in the configuration ID represents a different option. Refer to the unit installation instruction or the Unit Controller manual provided with the unit.

5-Compressor Contactor K1

The Unit Controller closes n.o. K1 contacts to provide power to the inverter control board (A192). The contactor does not energize the compressor in the same manner as a traditional cooling system. Three phase units use three pole double break contactors with a 24 volt coil.

6-Crankcase Heater Relay K191

All units use relay K191 to control crnkcase heater HR1.

7-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (PED units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a N.O. DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LCT units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the economizer control panel (A56), after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable in ECTO). When K65 closes, the exhaust fan B10 is are energized.

B-Cooling Components

All units use a single cooling circuit consisting of a twospeed compressor, all aluminum condenser coil and evaporator coil. See FIGURE 5. All units use one draw-through type condenser fan and a single direct drive blower. The blower draws air across the evaporator during unit operation

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or field-installed economizer. The evaporator coil is slab type and uses a thermostatic expansion valve as the primary refrigerant metering device. The compressor is protected by a high pressure switch (S4) on the discharge line, a high temperature limit switch (S5) on the compressor, and a low pressure switch (S87) on the suction line. See FIG-URE 5.

1-High Pressure Switch S4

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise.

S4 is located in the compressor discharge line and wired to the A55 Unit Controller. When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 10 psig (4412 ± 69 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the compressor inverter is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate). The switch automatically resets at 475 ± 10 psig.

2-Low Pressure Switch S87

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch located on the suction line. Switch opens at 40 psig \pm 5 psig (276 \pm 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig \pm 5 psig (621 kPa \pm kPa).

3-High Temperature Limit Switch S5

The variable speed compressor is equipped with a compressor-mounted normally closed temperature switch that prevents compressor damage due to overheating caused by internal friction. The switch is located on top of the compressor casing. This switch senses the compressor casing temperature and opens at 239-257°F to shut-off compressor operation. The auto-reset switch closes when the compressor casing temperature falls to 151-187°F, and the compressor is re-energized. This switch is a single-pole, single-throw (SPST) bi-metallic switch and is wired to the A55 Unit Controller.

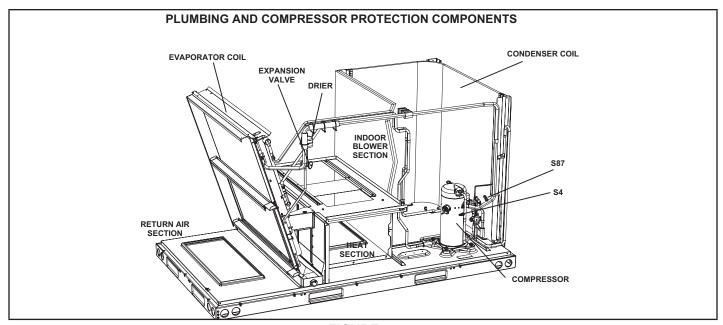


FIGURE 5

4-Thermistors

Units are equipped with two factory-installed thermistors (RT46 and RT48) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of two specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. SeeTABLE 1 for proper locations.

TABLE 1
THERMISTOR LOCATION

Unit	Sensor Yellow	Figure
LCT036, 048, 060, 072	RT46	6
LCT036, 048, 060, 072	RT48	7

▲ WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

5-Two-Speed Compressor B1

All units use one two-speed scroll compressor. See "SPECIFICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications.

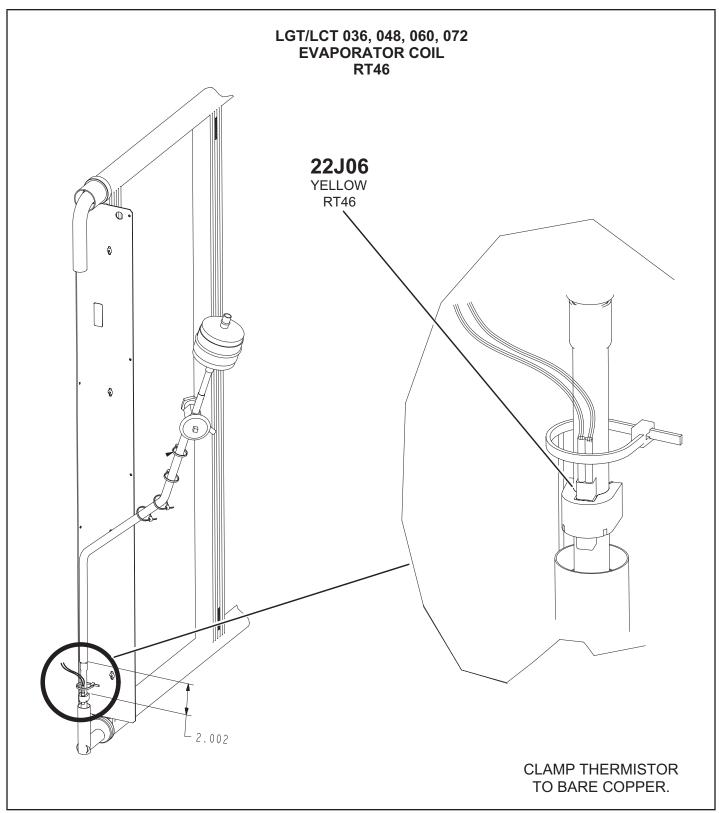


FIGURE 6

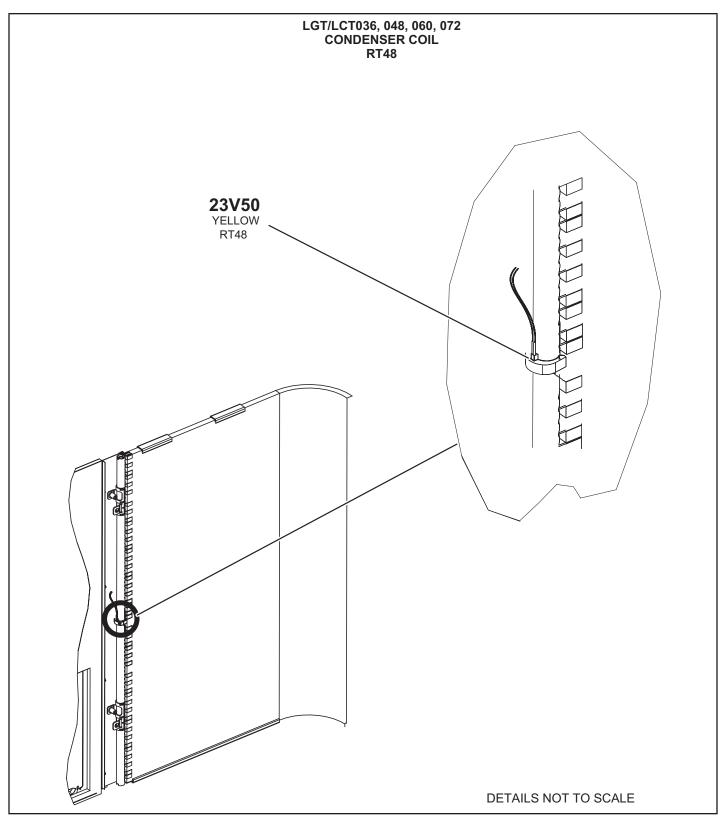


FIGURE 7

5 - RDS Sensors

Units are equipped with factory-installed RDS Sensors located on different points on the unit. The RDS sensors provide the Unit Controller with continuous readings for leaked refrigerant concentration levels and sensor health status (Good or Fault). These readings are used to modify unit operation to disperse the leaked refrigerant and to remove possible ignition sources. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these readings to initiate alarms to alert the operator of a refrigerant leak or faulty sensor(s).

Each sensor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. To identify sensor locations see TABLE 2.

TABLE 2

	RD:	S Sensor Figures	
Model	Qty.	Туре	Figure
LCT036-072	1 sensors	ID SENSOR	FIGURE 8

The RDS Sensors and Controller shall only be replaced with parts specified by the appliance manufacturer.

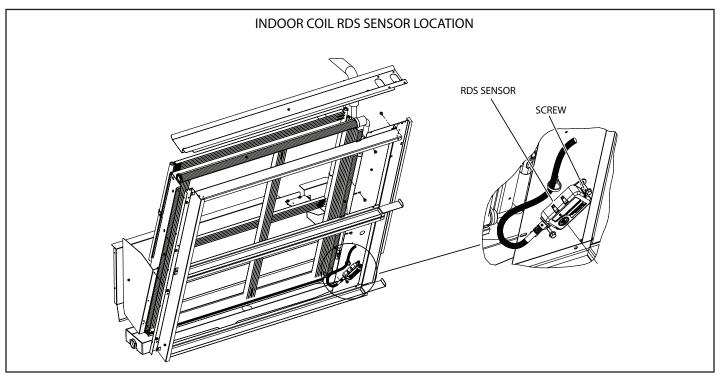


FIGURE 8

A IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

Units are equipped with a variable speed, direct drive blower. The installer is able to enter the design-specified supply air CFM into the Unit Controller for optimal efficiency. The Unit Controller calibrates the supply air volume which eliminates the need to manually take duct static measurements.

1-Indoor Blower Motor B3

All direct drive blower motors are electronically commutated, brushless, DC motors. CFM adjustments are made by changing Unit Controller parameters via the service app. Motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings. All motor specifications are listed in the SPECIFICATIONS (table of contents) in the front of this manual. Motors come with premounted aluminum impellers.

2-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the mobile service app menu; see RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > BLOWER > START TEST.

Direct-drive motor may not immediately stop when power is interrupted to the Unit Controller. Disconnect unit power before opening the blower compartment. The Controller's digital inputs must be used to shut down the blower. See Unit Controller manual for operation sequences.

3-Determining Unit CFM

- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in FIGURE 9.
 - **Note -** Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.
- 3 Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
- 4 Referring to the Blower Data tables, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use the Accessory Air Resistance tables when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed. Refer to TABLE 3 for minimum airflow when electric heat is installed.

WARNING

- 1-Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2-Inspect all electrical wiring, both field- and factoryinstalled, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3-Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4-Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5-Make sure filters are new and in place before startup.

TABLE 3
ELECTRIC HEAT MINIMUM AIRFLOW

		1	CFM
Unit	Kw	Direct Drive	Direct Drive (Impeller Style)
	7.5	600	1200
036, 048, 060	15	1100	1350
	22.5	1600	1800
072	30	n/a	2000

4-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to TABLE 4 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access

panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional singe- or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2- or 3-stage controller (2- or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

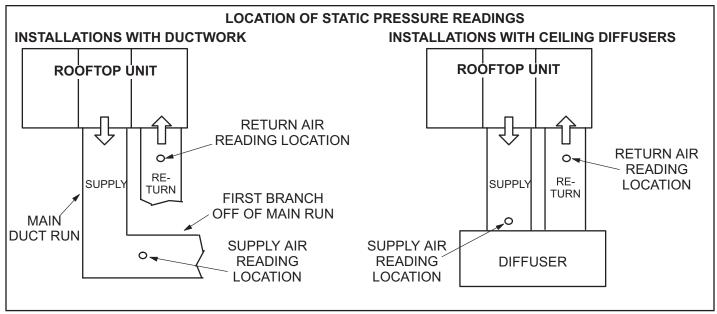


FIGURE 9

TABLE 4

BLOWER PARAMETER SETTINGS - 581102-01

Parameter	Field Setting	Description
Note: Any changes to Smoke CFM sett TIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS = 12 for E		djusted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OP-
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER	₹	
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.
BLOWER VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPER	₹	
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS = :	216
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND %	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS =	10 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	sec	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.

Installer: Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

D-ELECTRIC HEAT COMPONENTS

Electric heat match-ups are found in the ELECTRICAL DATA tables. See table of contents.

All electric heat sections consist of electric heating elements exposed directly to the air stream. See FIGURE 10. See FIGURE 11 for vestibule parts arrangement.

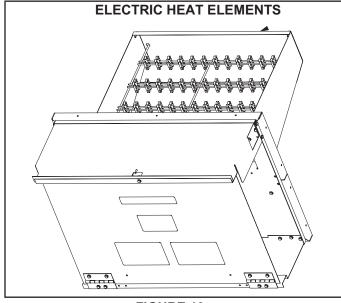


FIGURE 10

1-Contactors K15, K16

All contactors are double break and either single, double or three pole (see diagram) and equipped with a 24VAC coil. The coils in the K15 and K16 contactors are energized by the indoor thermostat. In all units K15 energizes the heating elements, while in the 22.5 kW units, K15 and K16 energize the heating elements simultaneously.

2-High Temperature Limits S15 (Primary)

S15 is a SPST N.C. auto-reset thermostat located on the back panel of the electric heat section above the heating elements. S15 is the high temperature limit for the electric heat section. When S15 opens, indicating a problem in the system, contactor K15 is de-energized (including K16 in 22.5 kW units). When K15 is de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. See table 4 for S15 set points. Set points are factory set and not adjustable.

	TABLE 5	
Unit kW (Voltage)	S15 Opens ° F	S15 Closes ° F
5 kW (P)	170	140
7.5 kW (P, Y, G, J)	160	120
10 kW (P)	170	130
15 kW(P, G, J)	160	120
15 kW (Y)	170	130
22.5 kW (Y)	150	110
22.5 kW (Y, G, J)	160	120
30 Kw (Y)	140	100
30Kw (G, J)	150	110

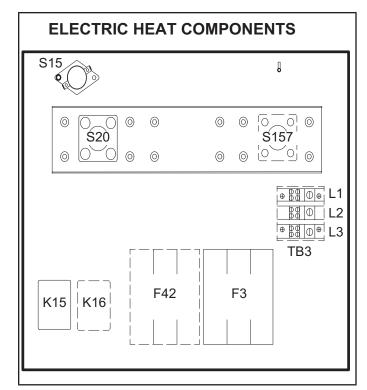


FIGURE 11

3-High Temperature Limit S20 and S157 (Secondary)

S20 and S157 are SPST N.C. manual-reset thermostat s. S20 and S157 are wired in series with the heating elements. See E1EH wiring diagrams. When S20 or S157 open, power is interrupted to the heating elements which are wired in series with the limits. K15/K16 are only de-energized when S15 opens. When the contactors are de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. The thermostat is factory set to open at 220F ± 6°F (104C ± 3.3°C) on a temperature rise and can be manually reset when temperature falls below 160°F (71.0C). See figure 10 for location.

4-Terminal Strip TB2

Terminal strip TB2 is used for single point power installations only. TB2 distributes power to TB3. Units with multipoint power connections will not use TB2.

5-Terminal Strip TB3

P and Y voltage units are equipped with terminal strip TB3. Electric heat line voltage connections are made to TB3, which distributes power to the electric heat components and is located on the vestibule. See FIGURE 11.

6-Heating Elements HE1 through HE6

Heating elements are composed of helix wound bare nichrome wire exposed directly to the air stream. Three elements are connected in a three-phase arrangement. The elements in 208/230V units are connected in a "Delta" arrangement. Elements in 460 and 575V units are connected in "Wye" arrangement. Each stage is energized independently by the corresponding contactors located on the electric heat vestibule panel. Once energized, heat transfer is instantaneous. High temperature protection is provided by primary and redundant high temperature limits and overcurrent protection is provided by fuses.

7-Fuse F42/F3

Fuse F3/F42 is housed in a fuse block which holds two or three fuses. Each F42/F3 fuse is connected in series with each leg of electric heat. FIGURE 11 and TABLE 6 show the fuses used with each electric heat section.

8-Unit Fuse Block & Fuse F4

Three line voltage fuses F4 provide short circuit and ground fault protection to all cooling components in the LCT units with electric heat. The fuses are rated in accordance with the amperage of the cooling components. The F 4 fuse block is located inside a sheet metal enclosure.

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame (T1CURB-AN) or C1CURB-AN).

III-START UP - OPERATION

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1 Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2 Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit compressor access panel.
- 3 Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 4 Check voltage at the disconnect switch. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 5 Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.

TABLE 6

1.1.29) / II / DI	_	F42	F3
Unit	Voltage / Phase	Fuse	Quantity	Quantity
E1EH0050	208/230V-1P	30 A-250V		2
	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V		2
E4110075	208/230V-3P	25 A-250V		3
E1H0075	460V-3P	15 A-600V		3
	575V-3P	15 A-600V		3
E1EH0100	208V/230V-1P	30 A-250V	2	2
	208/230V-1P	40 A 250V	2	2
E4EU4E0	208/230V-3P	50 A 250V		3
E1EH150	460V-3P	25 A-600V		3
	575V-3P	20 A-600V		3
	208V/230V-1P	40 A 250V	3	3
E4EU000E	208/230V-3P	45 A-250V	3	3
E1EH0225	460V-3P	35 A-600V		3
	575V-3P	30 A-600V		3
	208/230V-3P	60 A250V	3	3
E1EH0300	460V-3P	50 A600V		3
	575V-3P	40 A 600V		3

B-Cooling Start up

1-Operation

1 - Initiate full load cooling operation using the following mobile service app menu path:

RTU>COMPONENT TEST> COOLING>COOLING STAGE 2

- 2 Units contain one refrigerant circuit or stage.
- 3 Unit is charged with R-454B refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4 Refer to charging section method to check refrigerant charge.

C-Electric Heat Start Up

Optional electric heat will stage on and cycle with thermostat demand. See electric heat wiring diagram on unit for sequence of operation.

D-Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off power to unit. Close manual and main gas valves.

IV-CHARGING

A-Refrigerant Charge and Check - All-Aluminum Coil

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed and, since flammability is a consideration, the following procedure shall be adhered to:

- Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
- Evacuate the circuit,
- Purge the circuit with inert gas,
- Evacuate.
- · Purge with inert gas,
- · Open the circuit

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.

This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the refrigerating unit is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
 - Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
 - Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating unit

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i. e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure- relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants includ-ing, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In ad-dition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manu-facturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely. NOTE System charging is not recommended below 60F (15C). In temperatures below 60F (15C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

Refrigerant C	harge R-454B	
Unit	M _c (lbs)	M _c (kg)
LCT036	3.19	1.45
LCT048	5.15	2.34
LCT060	4.86	2.20
LCT072	4.8	2.18
LCT036 W/ Humidtrol	5.36	2.43
LCT048 W/ Humidtrol	5.2	2.36
LCT060 W/ Humidtrol	4.78	2.17
LCT072 W/ Humidtrol	4.51	2.05

- 1 Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2 Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3 Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

Note - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4 Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
- If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.
- If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.
- 5 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7 Example: At 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 97°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquidtemperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

TABLE 7
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581061-02

				Norma	l Opera	ting Pre	ssures				
		_	Outd	loor Co	il Enter	ing Air	Temper	ature			
6	5°F	75	°F	85	5°F	95	°F	10	5°F	11:	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
112	214	114	251	115	290	116	331	118	374	119	419
121	217	123	254	124	293	126	334	127	377	129	422
139	222	141	259	143	299	145	340	147	384	149	429
159	228	162	265	164	305	166	346	169	390	171	436
110 100 100 90 80 70										95	
60 1	10	120		130	140)	150		160	170)
				Sı	uction Pres	ss. (psig)					

TABLE 8
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581062-02

					Norma							
				Outd	oor Co	I Enteri	ng Air	Tempera	ature			
	65°F		75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	105	5°F	115	5°F
Suct (psig		isc sig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)								
111	2	22	113	258	115	298	116	342	117	391	117	445
119	2:	25	121	260	124	301	125	345	127	395	128	449
134	. 2:	30	138	267	141	307	144	352	146	402	148	457
149	2	37	154	274	159	315	163	360	166	411	169	466
120 110 100 90 80 70 60								65		. 85	105 .	115
	110		120		130	140)	150		160	17	0
					Sı	ction Pres	ss. (psig)					

TABLE 9
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581063-02

				Norma	Opera	ting Pre	ssures				
			Outd	loor Co	il Enteri	ng Air	Temper	ature			
65	5°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	115	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)										
107	233	108	270	109	311	110	358	112	409	113	464
115	236	116	273	118	315	119	362	121	413	123	468
133	244	135	281	137	323	138	370	140	421	142	477
153	253	155	291	157	333	159	380	162	432	164	488

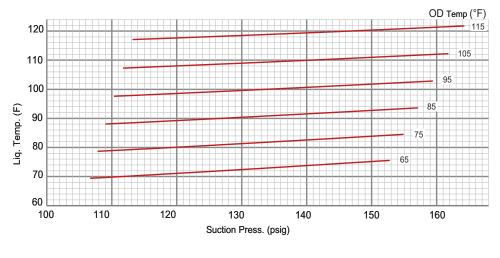


TABLE 10
072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581064-02

				Norma	Opera	ting Pre	ssures				
			Outd	oor Co	il Enteri	ng Air ⁻	Temper	ature			
65	°F	75	°F	85	°F	95	°F	10	5°F	115	5°F
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
107	242	109	279	111	320	112	365	112	414	112	467
114	245	117	283	119	325	121	371	122	420	122	474
128	253	133	292	136	335	139	382	142	433	144	488
143	262	148	302	153	346	158	394	162	446	165	502

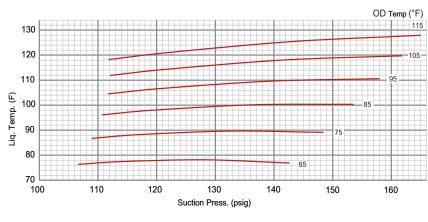


TABLE 11
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581108-02

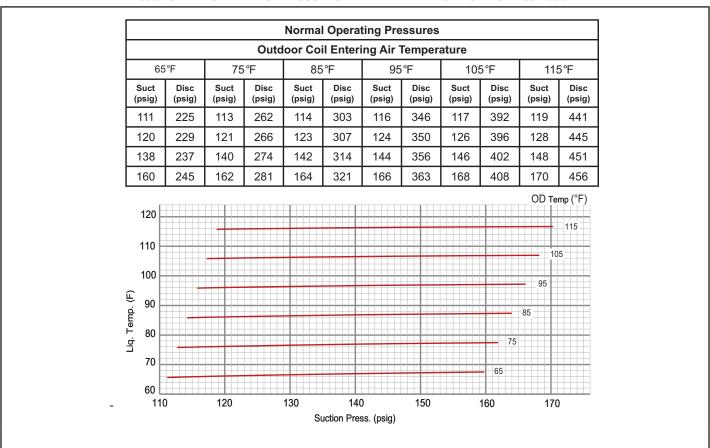


TABLE 12
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581109-02

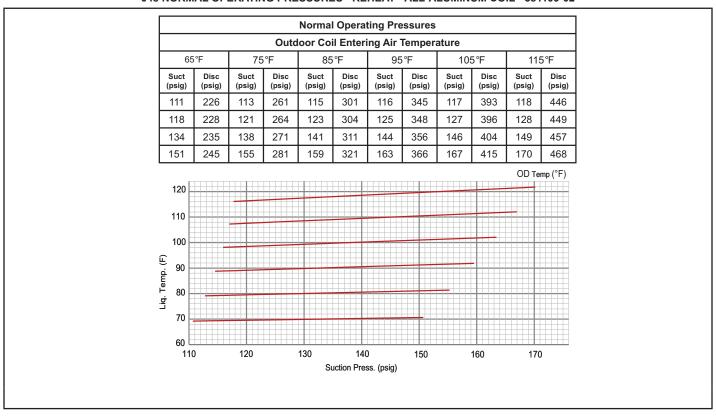


TABLE 13
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581110-02

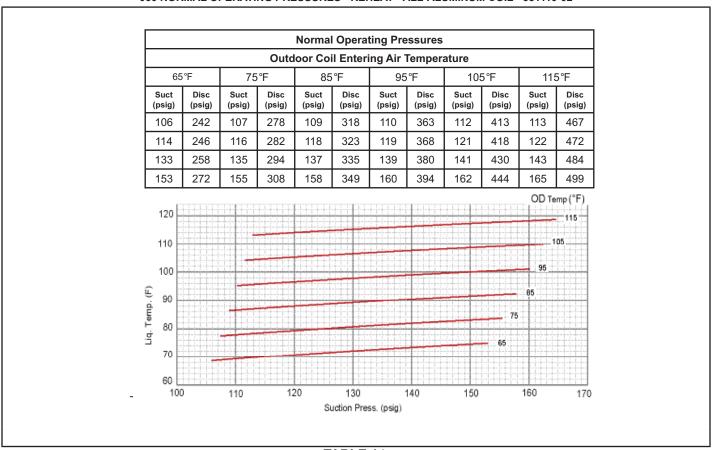


TABLE 14
072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581111-02

				Norma	Opera	ting Pre	ssures				
			Outo	loor Co	il Enter	ing Air	Temper	ature			
6	65°F	75	5°F	85	°F	95°F		10:	5°F	11	15°F
Suct (psig)		Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)								
107	257	108	294	109	336	110	384	111	436	112	494
115	263	117	300	118	343	119	390	121	443	122	501
133	274	135	312	137	355	139	403	141	456	143	514
152	284	154	323	157	366	160	415	162	468	165	527
130 120 110 100 4 90 80 70									75		emp (°F) 115 105
10		110	1	20	130		140	150		160	170
				Sı	uction Pres	ss. (psig)					

V- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

Prior to beginning work on systems containing refrigerant, checking that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects, taking into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

A-Cooling System Service Checks

LCT units are factory charged and require no further adjustment; however, charge should be checked periodically using the approach method. The approach method compares actual liquid temperature with the outdoor ambient temperature. See section IV- CHARGING.

NOTE-When unit is properly charged discharge line pressures should approximate those in TABLE 7 TABLE 14.

VI-MAINTENANCE

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

A WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

▲ IMPORTANT

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A WARNING

Any service personnel installing, decommissioning, or performing maintenance on the unit must be properly trained with A2L refrigerants

Prior to beginning work on systems containing refigerant to ensure the risk of ignition is minimized:

- All work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.
- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i. e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, the appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.

A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

- Where electrical components are being changed, service technicians shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance. The following checks shall be applied to installations using flameable refrigerants as applicable:
- 1 The actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- 2 The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- 3 If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant.
- 4 Markings on the equipment should be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- 5 Refrigerating pipes or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

For systems containing refigerant all repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures such as that capacitors are discharged in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking, that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering, or purging the system, and that there is continuity of earth bonding. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used that is reported to the owner of the equipment, so all parties are advised.

NOTE - Sealed electrical components shall be replaced, not repaired.

NOTE - Intrinsically safe components must be replaced, not repaired.

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.
- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:
 - a. Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
 - b. Evacuate the circuit,
 - c. Purge the circuit with inert gas,
 - d. Evacuate,
 - e. Purge with inert gas,
 - f. Open the circuit.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygen-free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. See FIGURE 11. All units have 20 X 20 X 2 in. (508 X 508 X 51mm) filters. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

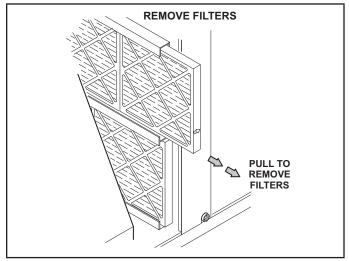


FIGURE 12

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

C-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage. Flush condensate drain with water, taking care not to get insulation, filters, and return air ducts wet through entire cleaning process.

CLEAN CONDENSER COIL ENDPLATE IS SECURED 1- Remove unit top panel and condenser section access TO MULLION **TOP VIEW** panel. Remove screws securing coil end plate to mullion. Remove wire ties connecting coils slabs and separate slabs 3-4" (76-102mm). AIR SUPPL RETURN Clean coils with detergent or commercial coil cleaner. AIR Rinse thoroughly with water and reassemble. Use field-provided wire ties to connect coil slabs. BLOWER **CONDENSER COILS CONDENSER ACCESS PANEL**

FIGURE 13

D-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle mus be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between the fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage.

Note - Remove all screws and gaskets prior to cleaning procedure and replace upon completion.

E-Supply Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

VII-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory- or fiel-dinstalled to the LCT units.

A-C1/T1CURB

When installing the LCT units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the C1/T1CURB 8 inch, 14-inch, 18 inch or 24-inch height roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the LCT units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

The assembled mounting frame is shown inFIGURE 14. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in FIGURE 23. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitions are available for use with the LCT 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). Transition must be installed in the C1/T1CURB mounting frame before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

C-Outdoor Air Dampers

Optional outdoor air dampers are available for use with the LCT 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units in both manually operated and motorized options (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). Both sets include the outdoor air hood. The manual damper is set at a fixed point to bring outside air into the building anytime the blower is operating. The motorized damper opens when the blower is operating and the thermostat is sending an occupied signal to the Unit Controller. If the thermostat signal is unoccupied, the motorized damper will not open. Washable filter supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to re-installation. Filter Handicoater is R.P. Products coating no. 418 and is available as Part No. P-8-5069.

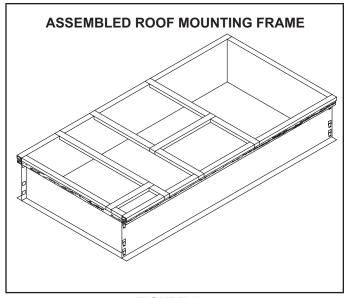


FIGURE 14

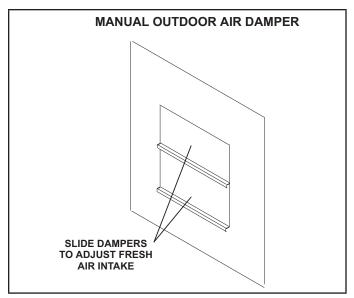


FIGURE 16

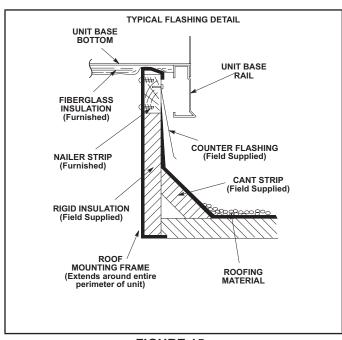


FIGURE 15

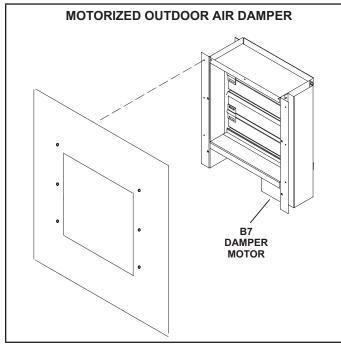


FIGURE 17

D-Supply and Return Diffusers

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD9-65 and FD11-95 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD9-65 and RTD11-95 are available for use with all LCT units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

E-Economizer

(Optional Field- or Factory-Installed)

The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when temperature is suitable. See FIGURE 18.

When outdoor air is suitable, the Unit Controller will modulate the economizer dampers to maintain 55°F discharge air (RT6). Refer to unit controller manual for menu paths to adjust economizer setpoints.

Sensors

Units are equipped with the following factory-installed, CEC Title 24 approved sensors:

RT17 - Outside Air Temperature

RT16 - Return Air Temperature

RT6 - Discharge Air Temperature

See FIGURE 19 for sensor location.

Optional field-provided sensors may be used instead of unit sensors to determine whether outdoor air is suitable for free cooling. Refer to TABLE 15. TEMP OFFSET is the default mode.

Note - Network OAS signal and California Title 24 Compliance options use either TEMPERATURE OFFSET or TEMPERATURE SETPT mode.

Minimum Position

The Unit Controller will move the dampers to minimum position during the following:

Ventilation mode (G demand only)

Outdoor air is NOT suitable for free cooling

The damper position will vary linearly with blower speed based on the damper position settings for high and low CFM. Damper calibration must be initiated in the mobile service app to set high and low damper positions.

GED (Gravity Exhaust / Barometric Relief Dampers) Field-Installed Option

The GED is located in the economizer except in downflow applications or when a PEF (power exhaust fan) is NOT installed. In horizontal airflow applications or when a PEF is installed, the GED is located in the exhaust air hood.

Horizontal Air Discharge Economizers

The economizer is located in the unit the same as downflow applications but note the position of the return air duct. The duct attaches to a duct transition and duct inlet on the end of the unit. An optional GED is located in the duct transition. See FIGURE 20.

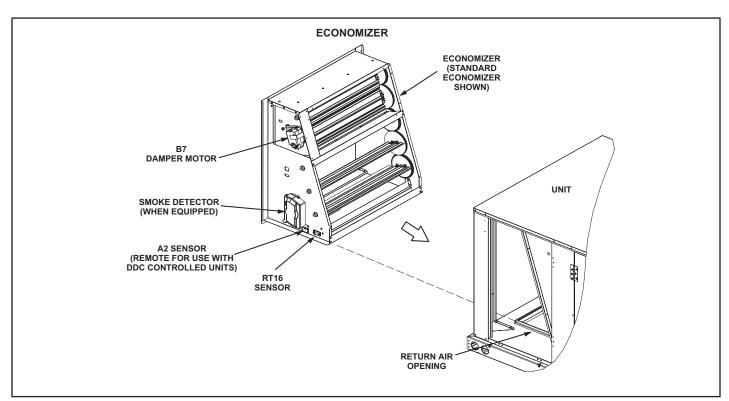


FIGURE 18

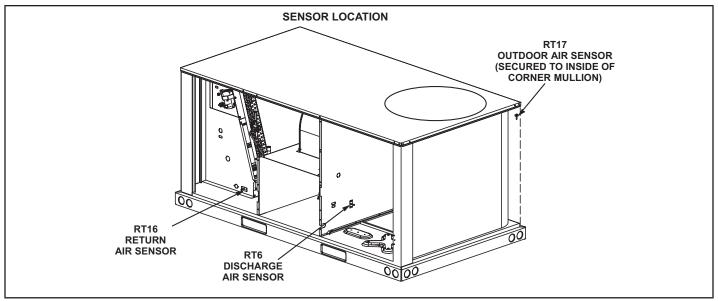


FIGURE 19

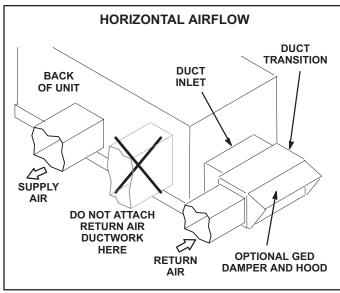


FIGURE 20

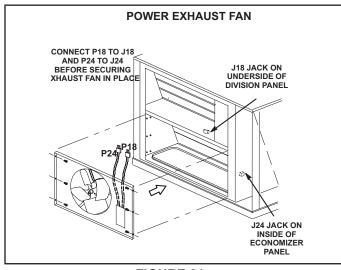


FIGURE 21

F-Power Exhaust Relay K6 (power exhaust units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LCT units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the Unit Controller after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable). When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

G-Power Exhaust Fans

Optional power exhaust fans are available for use with the LCT 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units to provide exhaust air pressure relief (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). See FIGURE 21 and installation instructions for more detail.

H-Optional UVC Lights

The germicidal light emits ultraviolet (UVC) energy that has been proven effective in reducing microbial life forms (viruses, bacteria, yeasts, and molds) in the air.

UVC germicidal lamps greatly reduce the growth and proliferation of mold and other bio-aerosols (bacteria and viruses) on illuminated surfaces.

Germicidal lamps are NOT intended to be used for removal of active mold growth. Existing mold growth must be appropriately removed PRIOR to installation of the germicidal lamp.

Refer closely to UVC light installation instruction warnings when servicing units.

TABLE 15
ECONOMIZER MODES AND SETPOINT

Free Cooling Mode	Free Cooling Setpoint	Field- Provide Sensors	Dampers will modulate to 55°F discharge air (RT6) when outdoor air is suitable:	Permitted Inputs
TEMP	OFFSET	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the OFFSET value.	0-40°F
TEMP	OAT STPT	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the OAT STPT value.	41-75°F
Remote	Remote	Eneergy Management System**	Either of the TEMP modes can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet, LonTalk, or L Connection. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode.	NA
ENTH	DIFF OFFSET	(Two) C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFFSET value.	0mA-4mA
ENTH	ODE STPT	C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than free cooling setpoint.	12-19mA
GLOBAL	GLOBAL	24VAC Input Signal	Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.)	NA

Outdoor Air Damper and Economizer Operation DIRECT DRIVE DRIVE SYSTEM OPERATION:

Note: Direct drive units feature ECM condenser fans that are staged to match the compressor's capacity. The condenser fans speed linearly follows the compressor speed.

Modulating Outdoor Air Damper:

Damper minimum positions #1 and 2 are adjusted during unit setup to provide minimum fresh air requirements at the indicated supply fan speeds per ASHRAE 62.1.

- -Supply fan is off and the outdoor air damper is closed
- -Supply fan is on low speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 1
- -Supply fan is on high speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 2

¹Outdoor Air is Suitable

Note: When outdoor air is not suitable during the occupied time period, damper modulates to minimum position. When outdoor air is not suitable during the unoccupied time period, damper modulates closed.

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Low Cooling Demand -

Compressor Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

High Cooling Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

Note - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Note - Free cooling is locked out when a dehumidification demand is received. The unit operates in dehumidification mode as if the outdoor air is not suitable.

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Low Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower Low

Damper Minimum Position

High Cooling Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Damper Minimum Position

J-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See FIGURE 23.

- 1 On the back side of the unit, remove the screw securing the back of the ionizer bracket. See FIGURE 22. Retain the screw to secure the back side of the ionizer bracket.
- 2 Remove two screws securing the front side of the ionizer bracket and pull out of unit and clean brushes.
- 3 Replace ionizer in the reverse order it was removed.

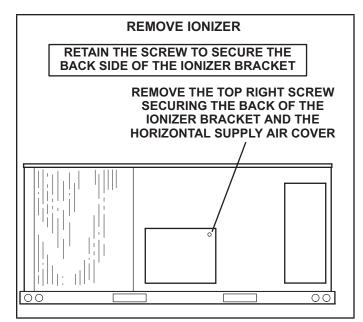


FIGURE 22

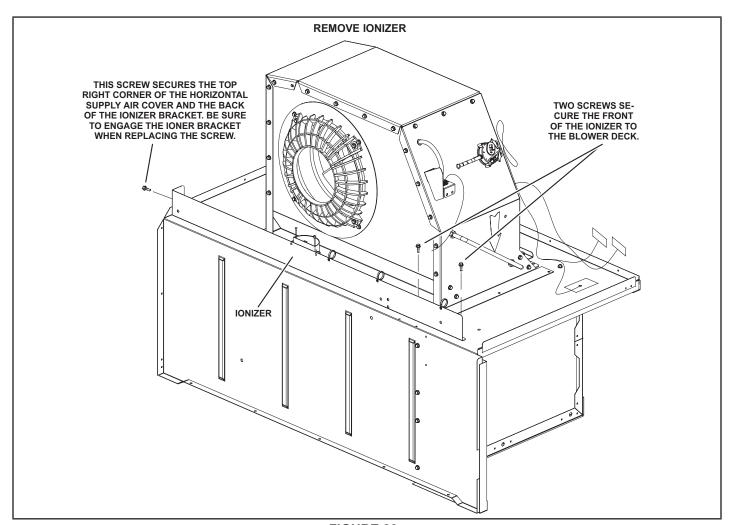


FIGURE 23

I-Hot Gas Reheat

Hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valve, L14, routes hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See FIGURE 24 for reheat refrigerant routing and FIGURE 25 for standard cooling refrigerant routing.

L14 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valve

When Unit Controller input (Unit Controller J298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions require dehumidification, L14 reheat valve is energized (Unit Controller P269-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

Reheat Setpoint

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing mobile service app *Settings* - *Control* menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output. The reheat setpoint can also be adjusted using an optional Network Control Panel (NCP).

Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at *Settings - Control* menu.

Check-Out

Test reheat operation using the following procedure.

- Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2 Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3 Use mobile service app menu path to select RTU Menu > Component > Test > Dehumidification.

The blower, compressor, and reheat valve should be energized. Pressure can be checked on the reheat line pressure tap. Pressure on the reheat line should match discharge pressure closely in reheat mode.

Default Reheat Operation

During reheat mode free cooling is locked out.

No Y1 demand but a call for dehumidification:

Compressor is operating low, blower is on low, and the reheat valve is energized.

Y1 demand:

Compressor is operating on low, blower is on low, and the reheat valve is de-energized..

Y2 demand:

Compressor is operating high, blower is on high, and the reheat valve is de-energized.

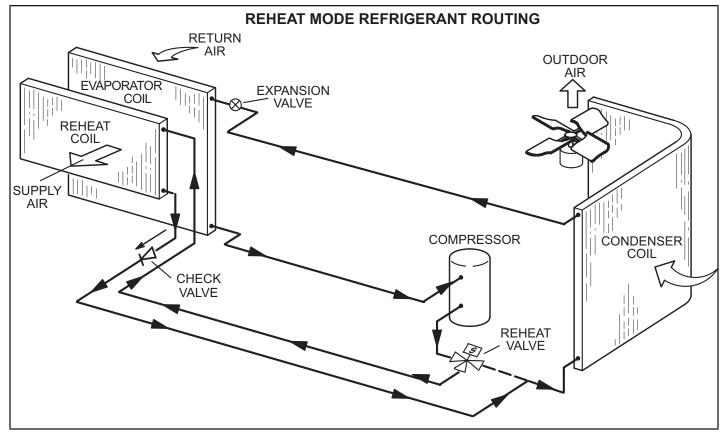


FIGURE 24

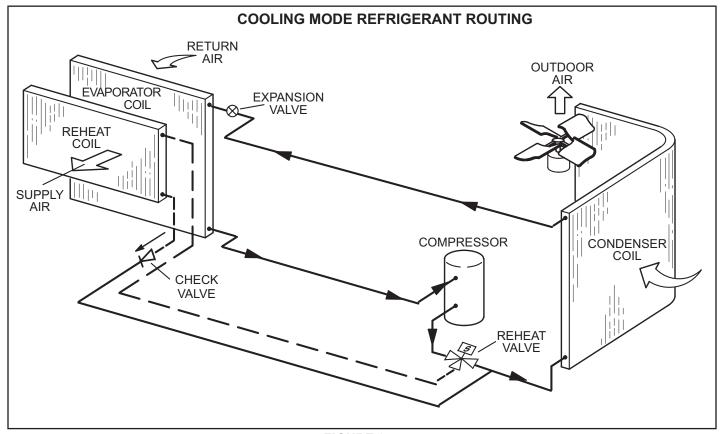


FIGURE 25

VIII-Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available befor the task is commenced.

Steps to ensure this are:

- Become familiar with the equipment and its operation,
- Isolate the system electrically,
- Ensure that before attempting the procedure that mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders, and that all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly while the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person and that the recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

Additionally, pump down refrigerant system, if possible, and if a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system. Make sure that cylinders are situated on the scales before recovery takes place. Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions. Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge). Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily. When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off. Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Equipment shall be labeled stating that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

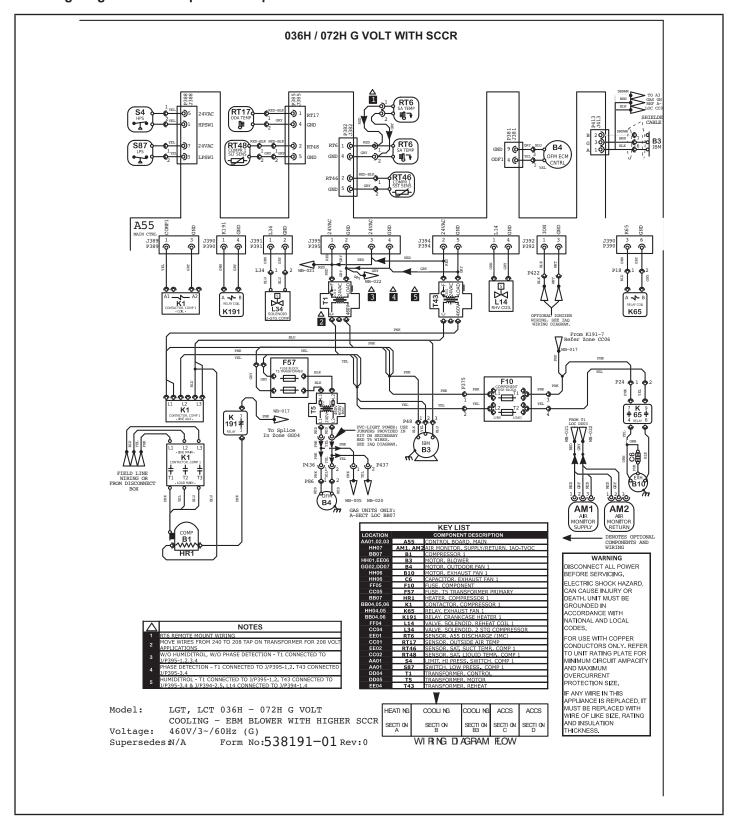
Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area).

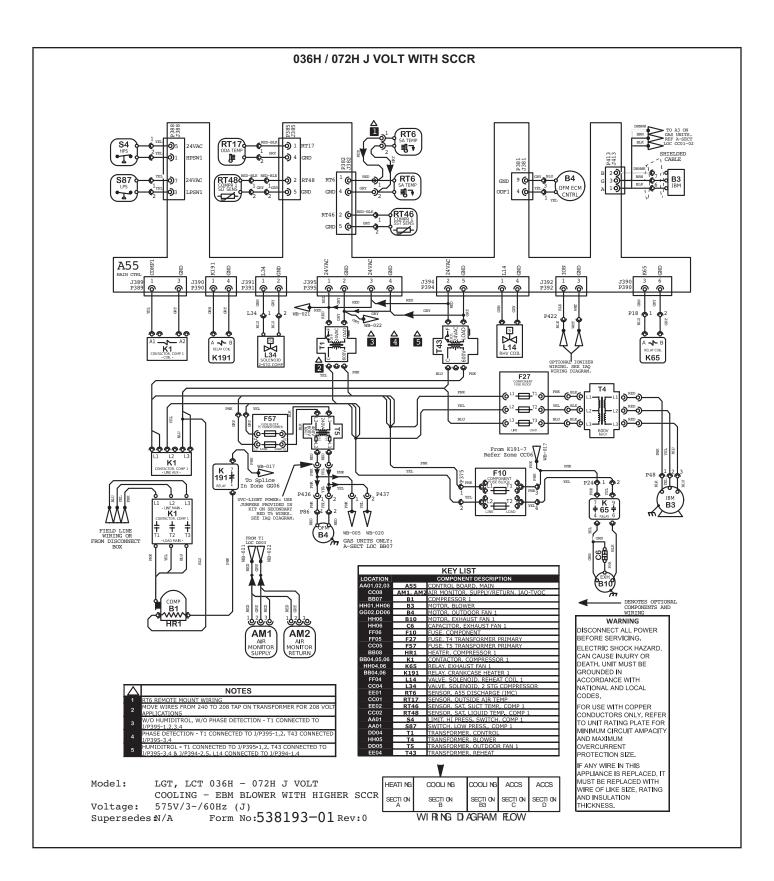
Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

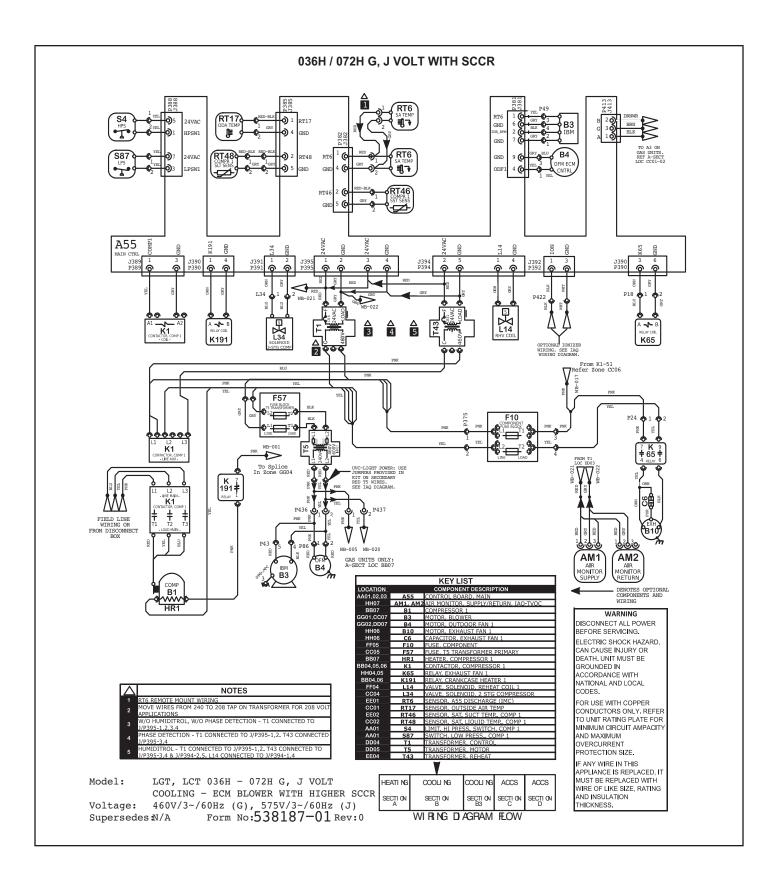
When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice be followed, since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

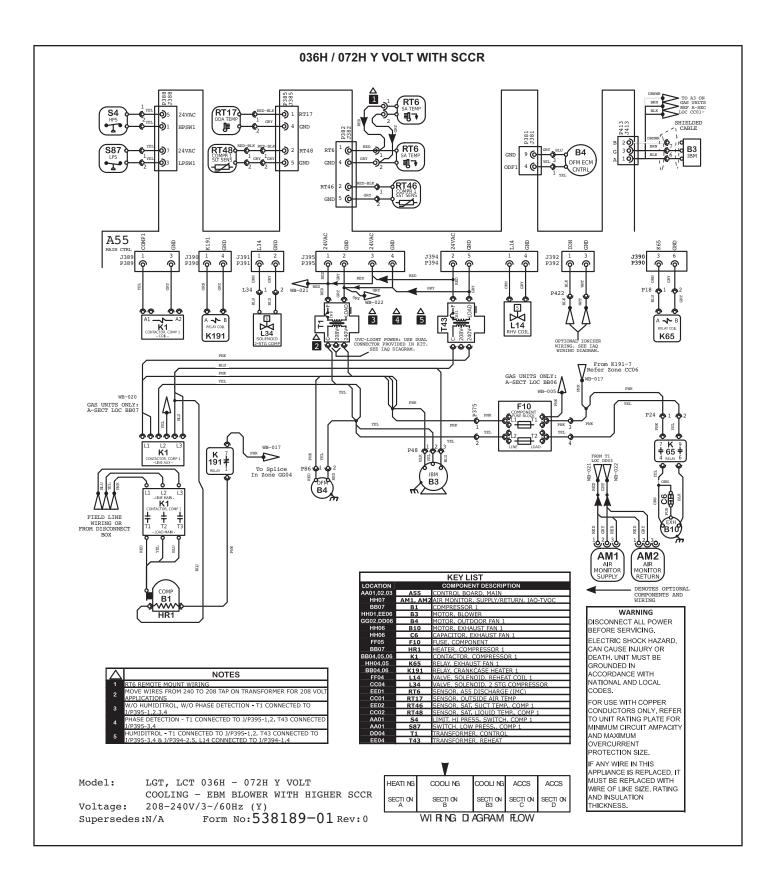
- Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations,
- · Evacuate the circuit,
- · Purge the circuit with inert gas,
- Evacuate,
- · Purge with inert gas,
- · Open the circuit.

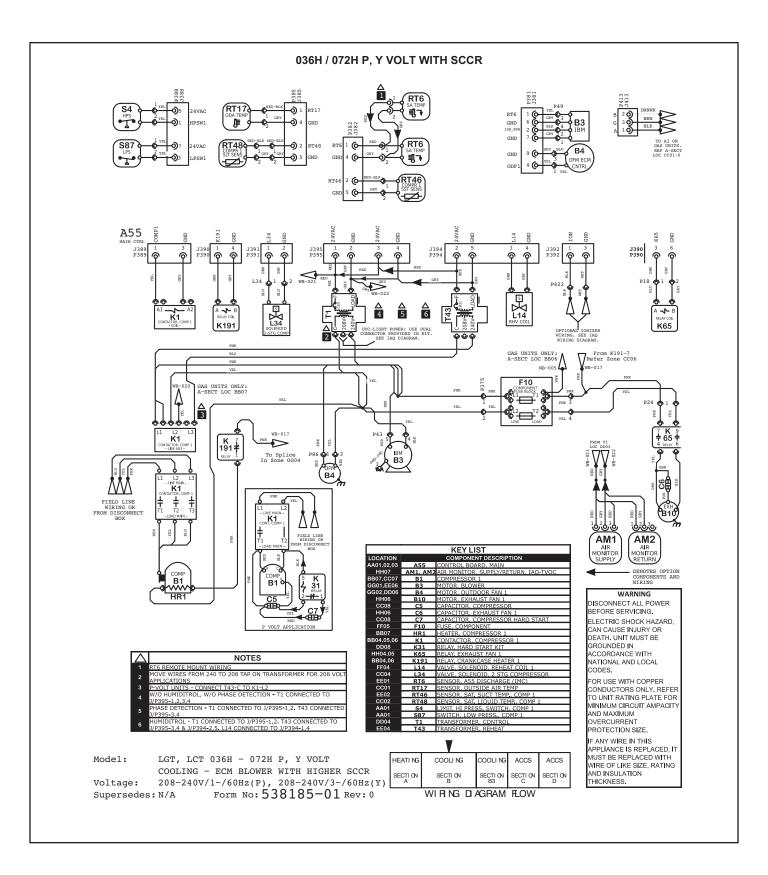
The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders if venting is not allowed by local and national codes. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be purged with oxygenfree nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants. This process might need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

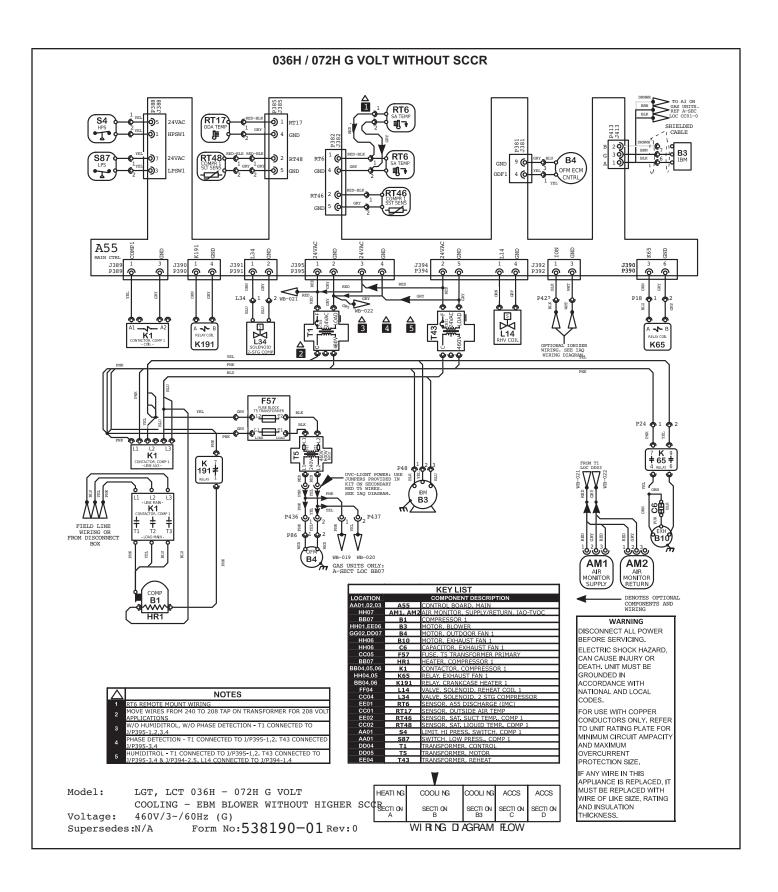


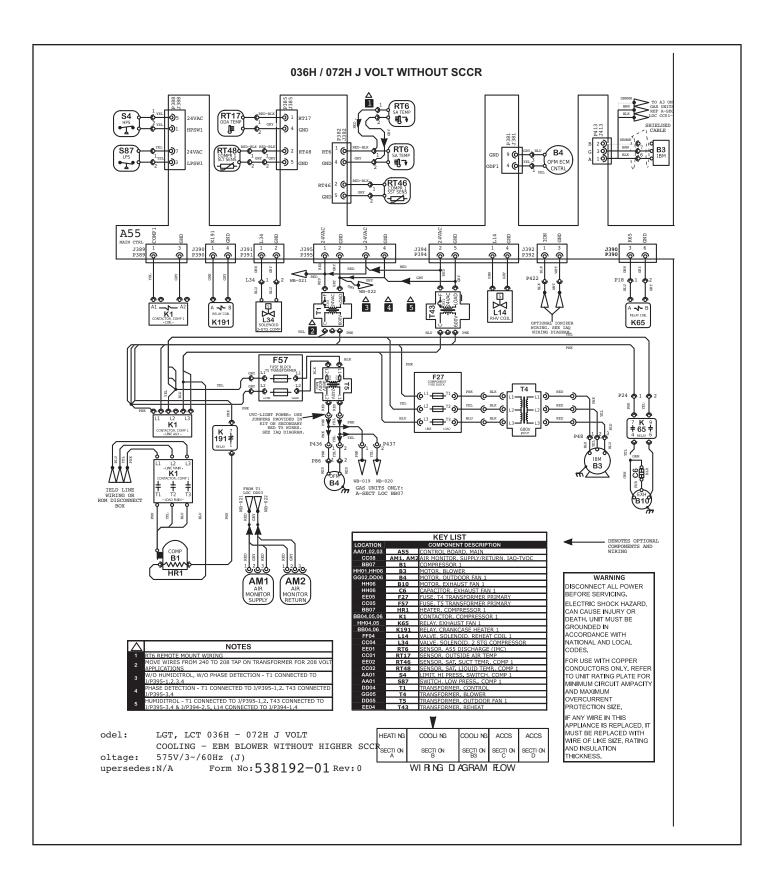


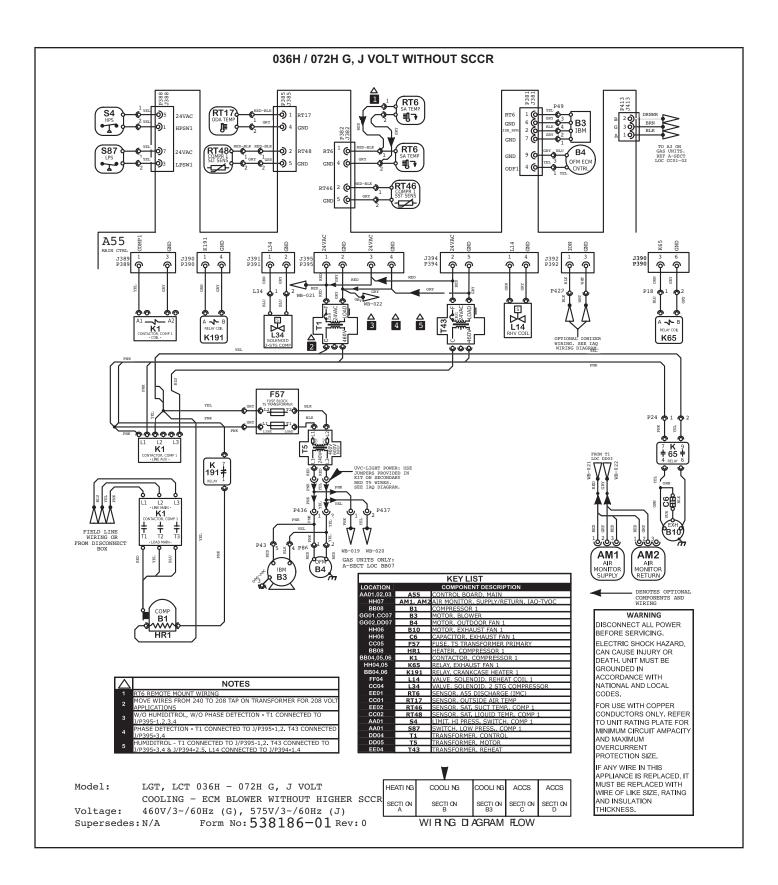


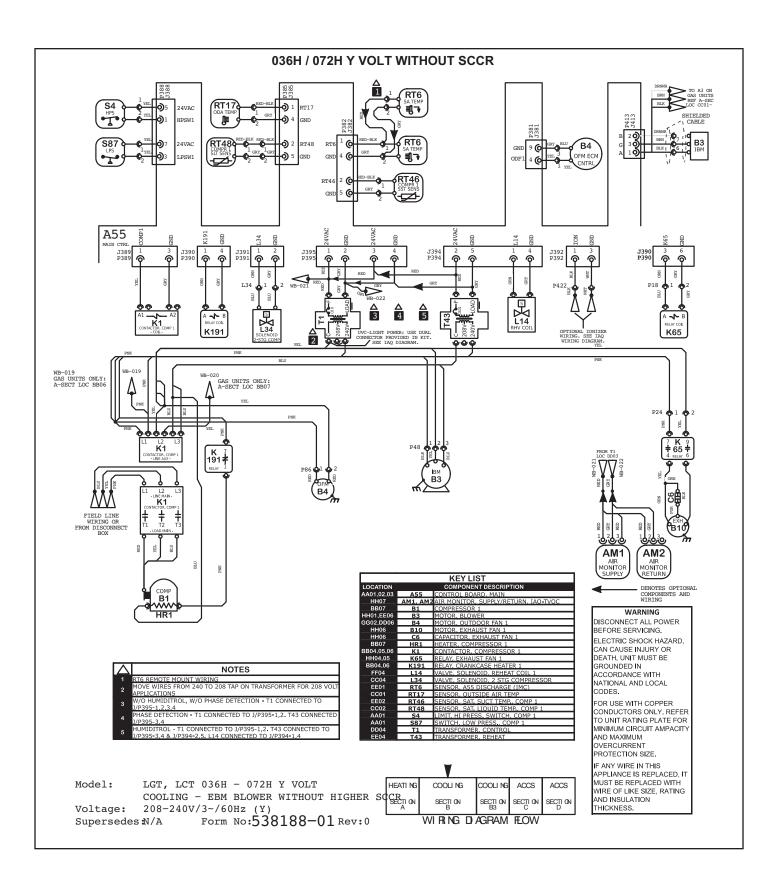


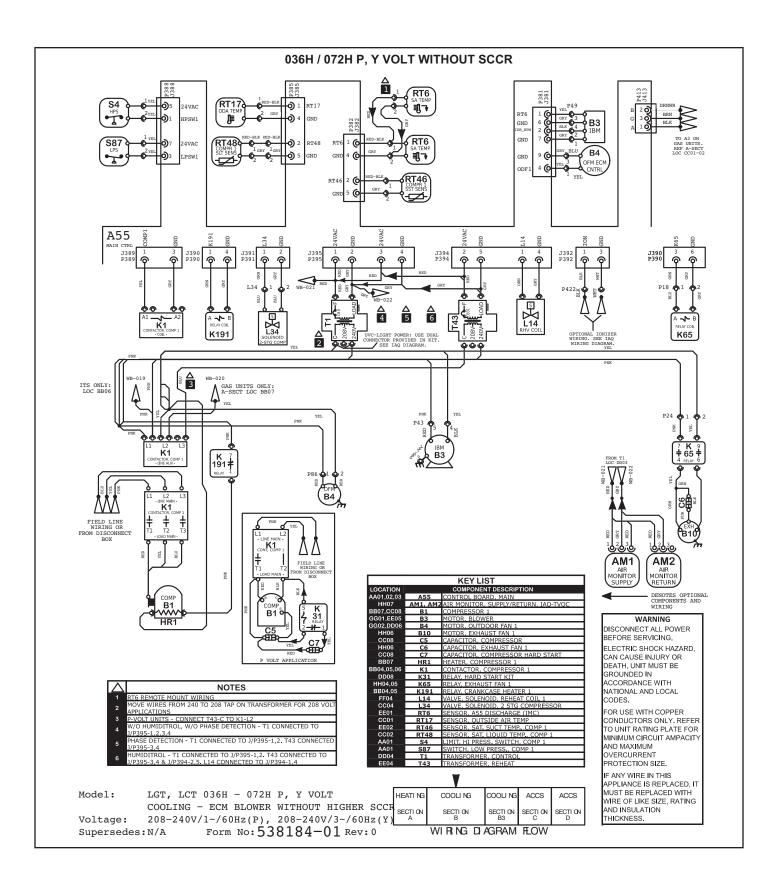












Cooling Sequence of Operation

Power:

- 1 Line voltage energizes transformer T1. T1 provides 24VAC power to the A55 Unit Controller. A55 provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.
- 2 Line voltage provides voltage to compressor crankcase heater relay K191-1 N.C. contacts, compressor contactor K1, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4 (on G volt units line voltage is supplied to two fuses F27, transformer T4, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4).

Blower Operation:

3 - The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand from thermostat terminal G. A55 energizes blower motor B3 via programmed motor settings. Motor settings are field-adjustable.

First Stage Cooling

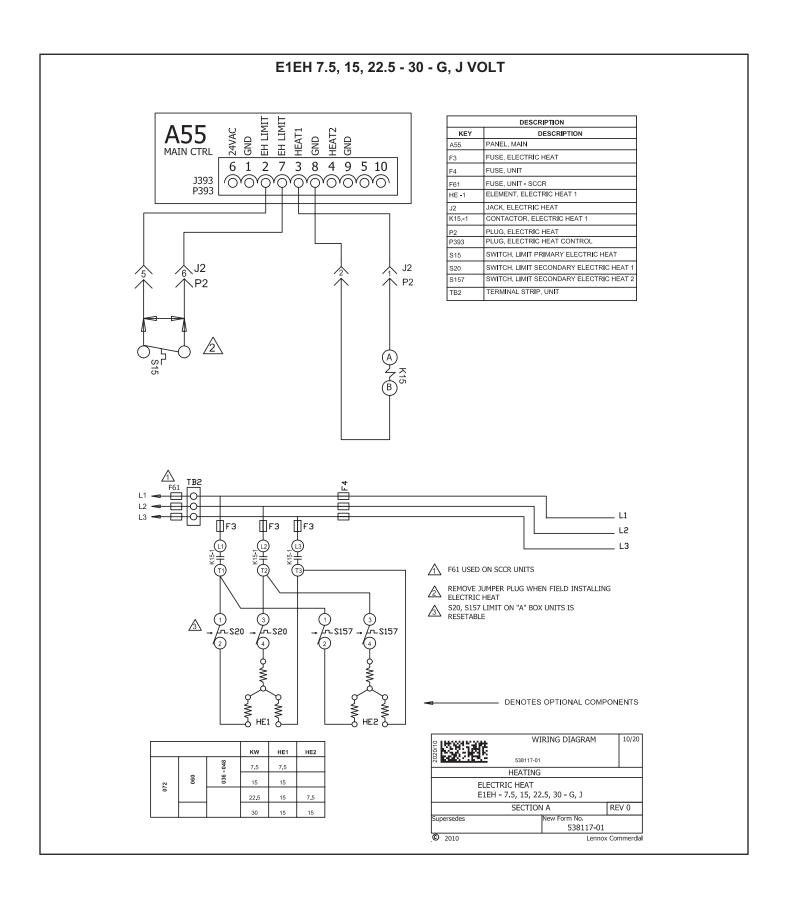
- 4 A55 Unit Controller receives Y1 and G cooling demand.
- 5 After A55 proves n.c. low pressure switch S87, n.c. SST, and n.c. high pressure switch S4, reversing valve (L1), compressor contactor K1 and Blower B3 are energized.
- 6 N.O. contacts K1-1 close energizing the compressor B1.
- 7 SLT prove below 62°F. A55 energized outdoor fan motor B4 to modulate. If above 65°F, outdoor fan motor B4 will be set to low speed.

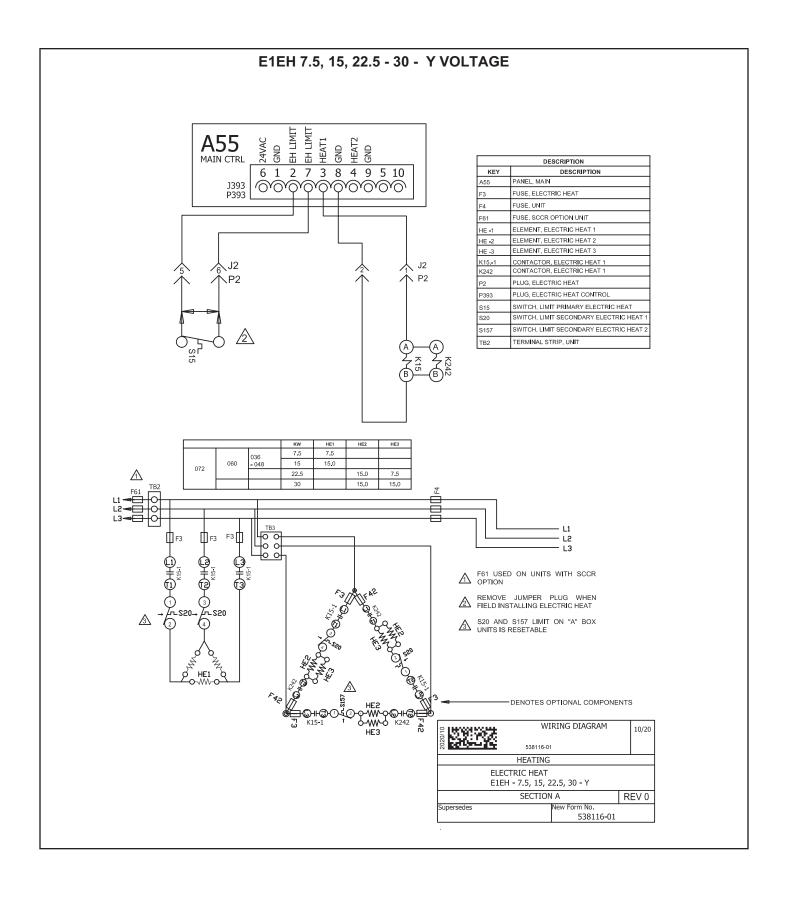
Second Stage Cooling

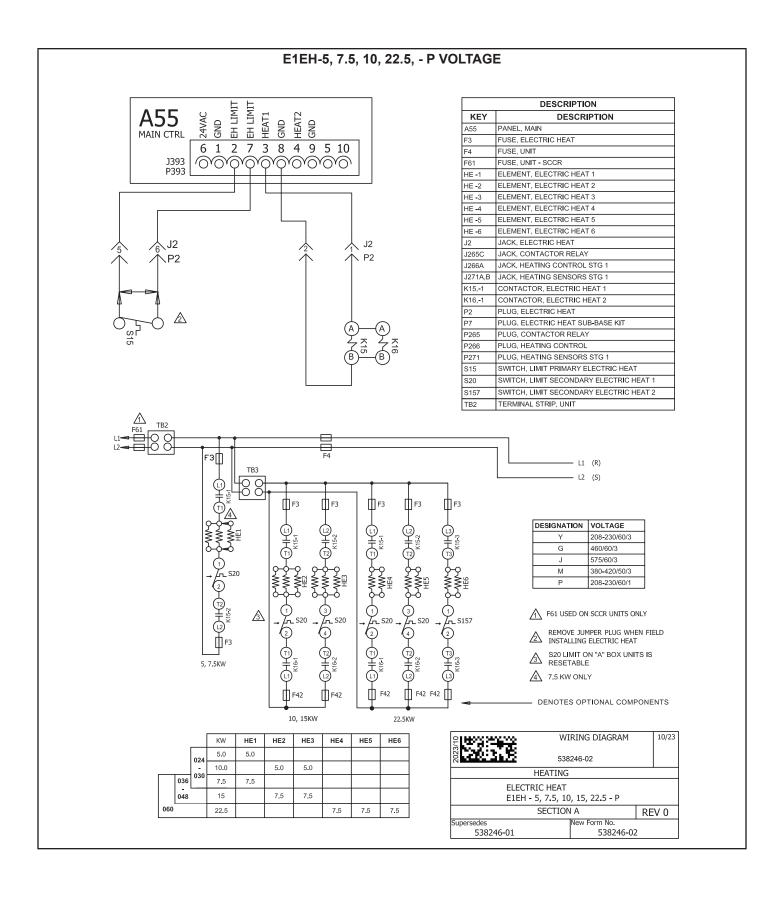
- 8 A55 received a Y2 and G cooling demand and energizes blower B3 on high speed.
- 9 A55 Energizes compressor solenoid L34, switching compressor to high speed.

Power Exhaust Fan Operation

- 10 A55 receives a position feedback signal from the economizer damper motor and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 11 N.O. contact K65-1 & 2 close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.







Sequence of Operation -E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5 - G, J Voltage

HEATING ELEMENTS:

1 - Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and HE2. Elements are protected by fuse F3.

FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 2 Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 3 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller (A55 routes power to the A38 if equipped) After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.

4 - 7.5kW, 15kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.

22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1 and HE2.

END OF FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 5 Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6 Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7 7.5kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.

22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1 and HE2.

Sequence of Operation -E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5 - Y Voltage

HEATING ELEMENTS:

1 - Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and TB3. TB3 supplies line voltage to HE2 and HE3. Elements are protected by fuses F3 and or F42.

FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 2 Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 3 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller (A55 routes power to the A38 if equipped). After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.
- 4 7.5kW and 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.
 - 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K242-1 close energizing HE2 and HE3.

END OF FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 5 Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6 Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7 7.5kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.
 - 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K242-1 open de-energizing HE2 and HE3.

Optional factory-installed SCR (A38) All Voltages Control A38 will provide small amounts of power to the electric heat elements to efficiently maintain warm duct air temperatures when there is no heating demand. The SCR maintains duct air temperature based on input from a field-provided and installed thermostat (A104) and duct sensor (RT20). SCR is located in the compressor section on the left wall. Use only with a thermostat or specified DDC control system.

Use the instructions provided with the thermostat to set DIP switches as follows: S1 On, S2 Off, S3 Off. Use the instructions provided with the duct sensor to install sensor away from electric element radiant heat and in a location where discharge air is a mixed average temperature.

Once power is supplied to unit, zero SCR as follows:

- 1- Adjust thermostat (A104) to minimum position.
- 2- Use a small screwdriver to slowly turn the ZERO potentiometer on the SCR until the LED turns solid red.
- 3- Very slowly adjust the potentiometer the opposite direction until the LED turns off.

THERMOSTAT KEY LIST A173 CTRL SMOKE DETECT AZ SENSOR, ELECTRONIC THERMOSTAI A24 CONTROL, OUTDOOR AIR FLOW CFM A34 TRANSDUCER, BUILDING PRESSURE A55 CONTROL BOARD, MAIN A63 SENSOR, CO2 (JAQ) OPTIONAL A91 SENSOR, HUMIDITY A171 SENSOR ONE, SMOKE DETECTOR, RETURN AIR A172 SENSOR TWO, SMOKE DETECTOR, SUPPLY AIR A173 CONTROL MODULE, SMOKE DETECTOR F/A FIRE ALARM CONTACT R FIA PIRE ALARM CONTACT KZ7 RELAY, TRANSFORMER K55 RELAY, BLOWER (SUPERMARKET REHEAT) S27 SWITCH, FILTER S42 SWITCH, OVERLOAD RELAY BLOWER MOTOR S52 SWITCH, AIRFLOW S86 SWITCH, DEHUMDISTAT S149 SWITCH, OVERFLOW ONE J252 P252 P253 J25 A 172 \bigcirc SENSOI F/A ALARM CONTAC FROM I AQ WIRING DI AGRAM 5 S52 AIRFL SW S27 FLTR SW S42 6 ⊙ 10 6 A55 GLO GND HUM QND 90 10 2 3 اڻ Ó <u>△</u> 3 A91 HUMID SENSOR C G W1 W2 Y1 (Y2) 60P A55. J 297 20 I AQ 20 3 o 10 1 2 K27 0 J 387 A55 (Y3) (Y2) (Y1 J 298 J 297 J 299 A2 TSTAT SENS <u>△</u> 2 ® ⑦ A63 ○→ ├─○ ② LONTal k Δ NOTES OR MOTORS WITH S42 EXTERNAL OVERLOAD LESS INVERTER, SEE INVERTER WITH BY PASS

W1 W2 Y1 Y2 OF

DENOTES OPTIONAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING

Thermostat

All Voltages

LC, LG, LH, LD Series RTU

TO PROVI DE SUPERMARKET REHEAT SCHEME USE S86 DEHUM DI STAT AND KSS

SUPERMARKET REHEAT

---- CLASS 2 FIELD WIRING

(R) (C)

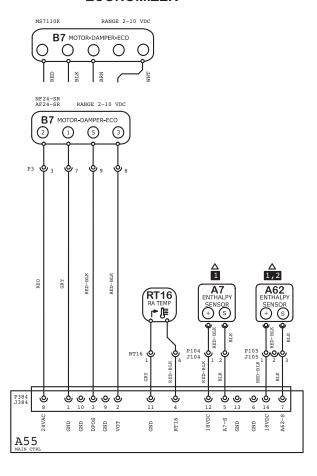
Model:

Voltage:

Supersedes:



ECONOMIZER



	NOTES
1	A7 AND A62 NOT USED FOR SENSIBLE TEMPERATURE CONTROL
2	FOR UNIT DIFFERENTIAL ENTHALPY CONTROL, ADD A62 RETURN AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR

KEY LIST					
LOCATION		COMPONENT DESCRIPTION			
CC05	A7	SENSOR, SOLID STATE ENTHALPY			
AA06	A55	CONTROL BOARD, MAIN			
DD05	A62	SENSOR, ENTHALPY INDOOR			
BB02	B7	MOTOR, DAMPER ECONOMIZER			
CC05	RT16	SENSOR, RETURN AIR TEMP			

Model: LC, LG, LH, LD Series RTU

Economizer & Motorized OAD

Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538072-01 Rev: 1

IAQ ightharpoons \triangleright WB- 032 BLK WB- 033 WHT **ග** \triangleright 5555 L PY- VQT UNI TS CONNECT TOT1 - VQT 024-074 CONNECT TOT5 - VQT 094-152 CONNECT TOT5 - VQT 156-300 CONNECT TOT49

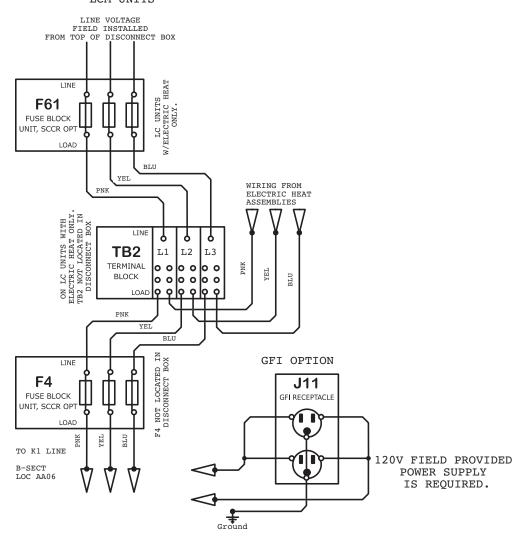
MDL: IAQ WIRING DIAGRAM

IONIZERS & UVC

VOLT: Y, G, J VOLT Rev: 0 538151-03 SUPSDS: N/A NO: 538151-03

POWER ENTRY WITH SCCR

LCM UNITS



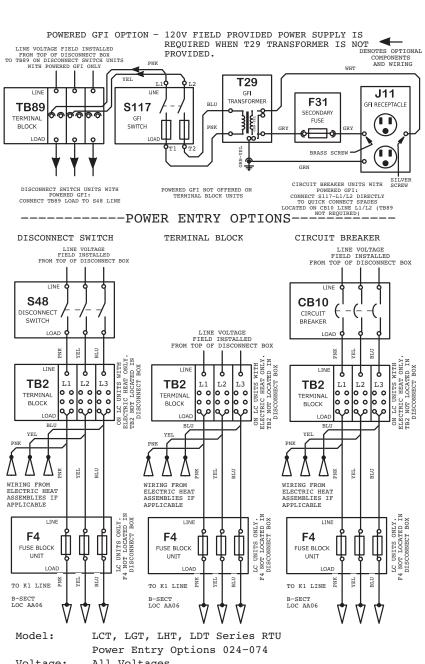
Model: LC, LH Series RTU WITH SCCR

Power Entry Options 024 - 074

Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538111- @ Rev: 1

POWER ENTRY NON-SCCR



Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: XXXXXX-XX Form No: 538234-01 Rev: 0