# **WARNING**

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, ser vice or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and ser vice must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier

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# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

LGT/LCT036 (3 TON)
LGT/LCT048 (4 TON)
LGT/LCT060 (5 TON)
LGT/LCT072 (6 TON)

#### GAS AND COOLING PACKAGED UNITS

508286-01 10/2023 Supersedes 7/2022

# **WARNING**

#### To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

Heating Operation and Adjustments					.35
Electric Heat Start-Up					
Hot Gas Reheat and Start-Up					
Service					
Factory Unit Controller Settings.					

#### RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

#### Attention!

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the unit control system and configure the unit. Refer to the "Download Mobile App" section in this manual and the Setup Guide provided with this unit. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.



The app can be downloaded from the appropriate iOS or Android store.

Look for the following icon.

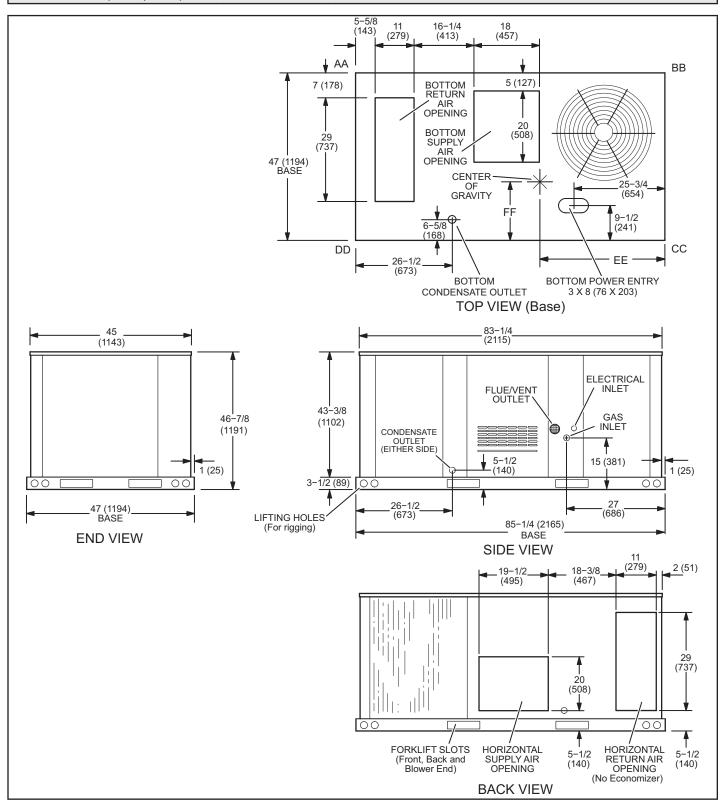




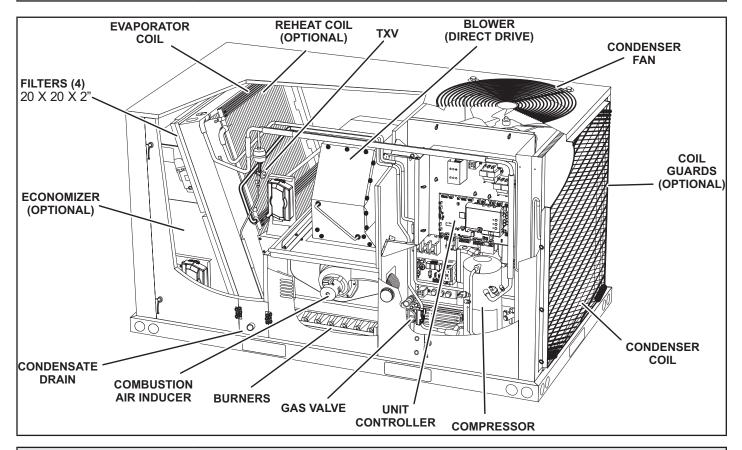
# **A** CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal in jury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

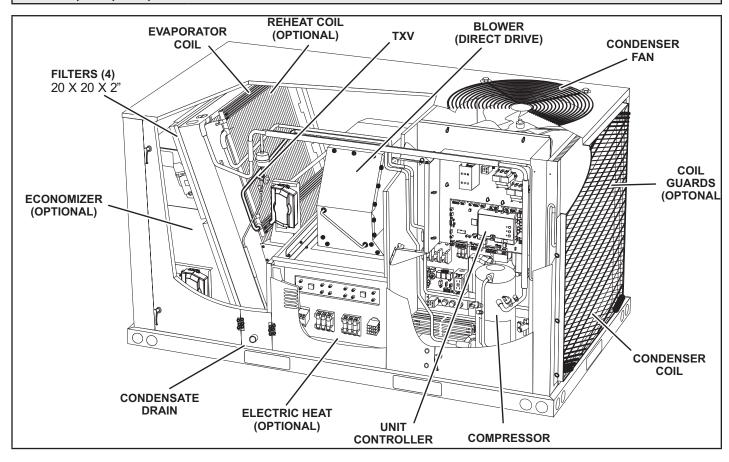
#### LGT/LCT036, 048, 060, 072 DIMENSIONS in. - Gas heat section shown



#### LGT036, 048, 060, 072 PARTS ARRANGEMENT



#### LGT036, 048, 060, 072 PARTS ARRANGEMENT



#### **Shipping and Packing List**

#### Package 1 of 1 contains:

1 - Assembled unit

Check unit for shipping damage. Receiving party should contact last carrier immediately if shipping damage is found.

#### General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

The LGT units are available in several heating inputs. The LCT cooling packaged rooftop unit is the same basic design as the LGT unit except for the heating section. Optional electric heat is available for LCT units. LGT and LCT units have identical refrigerant circuits with respective 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton cooling capacities.

Units are equipped with all-aluminum condenser coils. Units are equipped with two-speed compressors.

In addition to standard heating and cooling, hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. Refer to Reheat Operation section.

Availability of units and options varies by brand.

- •Auxiliary devices which may be a potential ignition source shall not be installed in the duct work. Examples of such potential ignition sources are hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching devices.
- •False ceilings or drop ceiling may be used as a return air plenum only if the unit being installed has a Refrigerant Detection System installed.

#### Requirements

See FIGURE 1 for unit clearances.

## **▲** IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional vent ing of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incar ceration may be levied for non-compliance.

# **A WARNING**



Electric shock hazard and danger of explosion. Can cause injury, death or product or property damage. Turn off gas and electrical power to unit before performing any maintenance or servicing operations on the unit. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit when putting unit back into operation and after service or maintenance.

# **A** NOTICE

#### **Roof Damage!**

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil, causing the rubber to swell. Bubbles in the rubber roofing material can cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

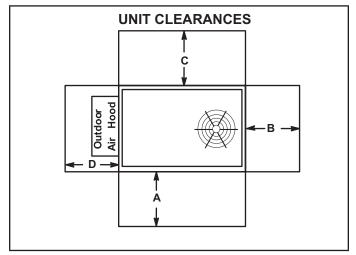


FIGURE 1

<sup>1</sup> Unit	A	B	C	D	Top
Clearance	in.(mm)	in.(mm)	in.(mm)	in.(mm)	Clearance
Service	48	36	36	36	Unob-
Clearance	(1219)	(914)	(914)	(914)	structed
Clearance to	36	1	1	1	Unob-
Combustibles	(914)	(25)	(25)	(25)	structed
Minimum Operation Clearance	36	36	36	36	Unob-
	(914)	(914)	(914)	(914)	structed

**NOTE** - Entire perimeter of unit base requires support when elevated above mounting surface.

<sup>1</sup> Service Clearance - Required for removal of serviceable parts. Clearance to Combustibles - Required clearance to combustible material (gas units). On LCT units, see clearance to combustible materials as outlined on heater rating plate.

**Minimum Operation Clearance** - Required clearance for proper unit operation.

Use of this unit as a construction heater or air conditioner is not recommended during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

If this unit has been used for heating or cooling of buildings or structures under construction, the following conditions must be met or the warranty will be void:

- A room thermostat must control the unit. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating or cooling is not allowed.
- A pre-filter must be installed at the entry to the return air duct.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the unit.
- Return air temperature range between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be replaced and pre-filters must be removed upon construction completion.
- The input rate and temperature rise must be set per the unit rating plate.
- The heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coil must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- The unit operating conditions (including airflow, cooling operation, ignition, input rate, temperature rise and venting) must be verified according to these installation instructions.

This appliance is not to be used by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction.

This appliance should not be used by children. Children should be supervised to ensure they do not play with the appliance.

#### **Unit Support**

In downflow discharge installations, install the unit on a non-combustible surface only. Unit may be installed on combustible surfaces when used in horizontal discharge applications or in downflow discharge applications when installed on an T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB roof mounting frame.

NOTE - Securely fasten roof frame to roof per local codes.

# **A** CAUTION

To reduce the likelihood of supply / return air by pass and promote a proper seal with the RTU, duct work / duct drops / diffuser assemblies must be supported independently to the building structure.

#### **A-Downflow Discharge Application**

#### Roof Mounting with T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB

- 1 The roof mounting frame must be installed, flashed and sealed in accordance with the instructions provided with the frame.
- 2 The roof mounting frame should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3 Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit; supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.

#### **Installer's Roof Mounting Frame**

Many types of roof frames can be used to install the unit depending upon different roof structures. Items to keep in mind when using the building frame or supports are:

- 1 The base is fully enclosed and insulated, so an enclosed frame is not required.
- 2 The frames or supports must be constructed with non-combustible materials and should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3 Frame or supports must be high enough to prevent any form of moisture from entering unit. Recommended minimum frame height is 14" (356mm).
- 4 Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit. Supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.
- 5 Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

**NOTE -** When installing a unit on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, a T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB roof mounting frame is required.

#### **B-Horizontal Discharge Applications**

- 1 Units which are equipped with an optional economizer and installed in horizontal airflow applications must use a horizontal conversion kit.
- 2 Specified installation clearances must be maintained when installing units. Refer to FIGURE 1.
- 3 Top of support slab should be approximately 4" (102mm) above the finished grade and located so no run-off water from higher ground can collect around the unit.
- 4 Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

#### **Duct Connection**

All exterior ducts, joints and openings in roof or building walls must be insulated and weather-proofed with flashing and sealing compounds in accordance with applicable codes. Any duct passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated.

# **▲** CAUTION

In downflow applications, do not drill or punch holes in base of unit. Leaking in roof may occur if unit base is punctured.

#### **Rigging Unit for Lifting**

Rig unit for lifting by attaching four cables to holes in unit base rail. See FIGURE 2.

- 1 Detach wooden base protection before rigging.
- 2 Remove all six base protection brackets before setting unit.
- 3 Connect rigging to the unit base using both holes in each corner.
- 4 All panels must be in place for rigging.
- 5 Place field-provided H-style pick in place just above top edge of unit. Frame must be of adequate strength and length. (H-style pick prevents damage to unit.)

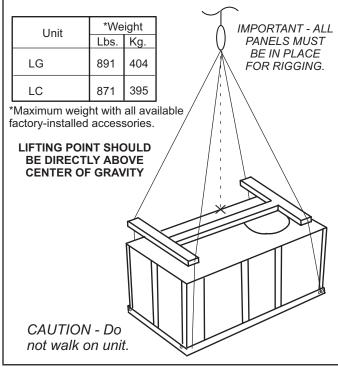


FIGURE 2

#### **Horizontal Air Discharge**

Unit is shipped with panels covering the horizontal supply and return air openings. Remove horizontal covers and place over downflow openings for horizontal air discharge. See FIGURE 3. Secure in place with sheet metal screws.

Units Equipped With An Optional Economizer

- Remove the horizontal supply air cover and position over the downflow supply air opening. Secure with sheet metal screws.
- 2 Leave the horizontal return air cover in place.
- 3 Locate the separately ordered horizontal air discharge kit. Place the kit panel over the downflow return air opening.
- 4 Remove and retain the barometric relief dampers and lower hood.

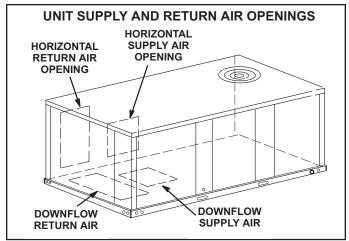


FIGURE 3

5 - Install return air duct beneath outdoor air intake. See FIGURE 4. Install barometric relief damper in lower hood and install in ductwork as shown in FIGURE 4.

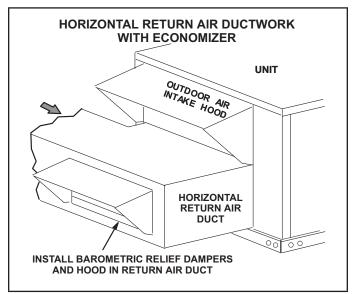


FIGURE 4

#### **Condensate Drains**

Make drain connection to the drain coupling provided on unit. Older model units have a 3/4" N.P.T. coupling and newer model units have a 1" N.P.T. coupling.

**NOTE** - The drain pan is made with a glass reinforced engineered plastic capable of withstanding typical joint torque but can be damaged with excessive force. Tighten pipe nipple hand tight and turn an additional quarter turn.

A trap must be installed between drain connection and an open vent for proper condensate removal. See FIGURE 5 or FIGURE 6. It is sometimes acceptable to drain condensate onto the roof or grade; however, a tee should be fitted to the trap to direct condensate downward. The condensate line must be vented. Check local codes concerning condensate disposal. Refer to page 1 and page 2 for condensate drain location.

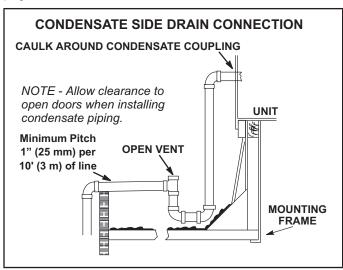


FIGURE 5

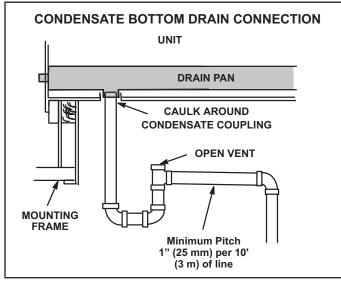


FIGURE 6

Units are shipped with the drain coupling facing the front of the unit. Condensate can be drained from the back or bottom of the unit with the following modifications. The unit can be installed in either downflow or horizontal air discharge regardless of condensate drain location.

#### **Rear Drain Connection**

 Remove the condensate drain mullion. See FIGURE 7. Remove the two panels on each side of the mullion.

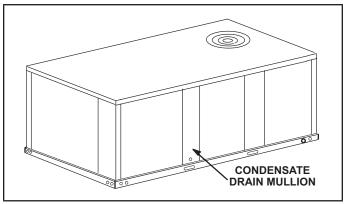


FIGURE 7

Two hinge screws must be removed in addition to the mullion screws. See FIGURE 8.

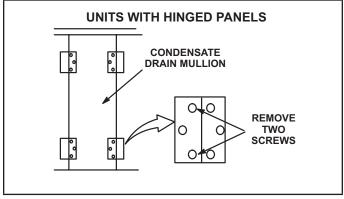


FIGURE 8

2 - Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See FIGURE 9.

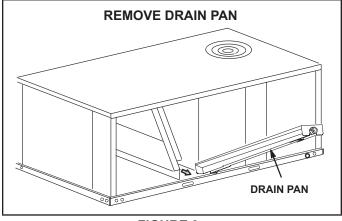
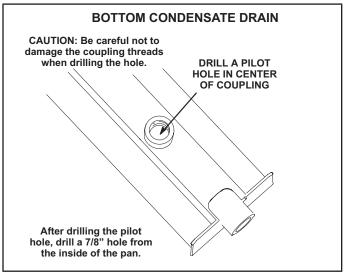


FIGURE 9

- 3 Make sure the cap over the unit bottom drain hole is secure.
- 4 Rotate the drain pan until the downward slope is toward the back of the unit. Slide the drain pan back into the unit. Be careful not to dislodge the cap over the bottom drain hole.
- 5 From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 6 Replace the condensate drain mullion.

#### **Bottom Drain Connection**

- 1 Remove the condensate drain mullion. See FIGURE 7.
- Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See FIGURE 9.
- 3 Turn the drain pan upside down and drill a pilot hole through the bottom of the drain pan in the center of the coupling. See FIGURE 10.



#### FIGURE 10

- 4 From the inside of the pan, use a Vari-Bit® bit to enlarge the hole to 7/8". Do not damage coupling threads.
- 5 Remove the cap over the unit bottom drain hole.
- 6 Slide the drain pan back into the unit.
- 7 From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 8 From the front side of the unit, move the drain pan until the bottom coupling settles into the unit bottom drain opening. Once in place, check to make sure the coupling is still positioned through the rear condensate drain hole.
- 9 Use a field-provided 3/4" plug to seal side drain connection.
- 10 Replace the condensate drain mullion.

#### **Connect Gas Piping (Gas Units)**

Before connecting field-provided piping, check with gas company or authorities having jurisdiction for local code requirements. When installing gas supply piping, length of run from gas meter must be considered in determining pipe size for 0.5" w.c. (.12kPa) maximum pressure drop. Do not use supply pipe smaller than unit gas connection. Operating pressures at the unit gas connection must be as shown in TABLE 1.

TABLE 1
OPERATING PRESSURE AT GAS CONNECTON

"w.c.

	Natura	al Gas	LP/Prop	ane Gas
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
036-072	4.5	10.5	11	13

When making piping connections a drip leg should be installed on vertical pipe runs to serve as a trap for sediment or condensate. A 1/8" N.P.T. plugged tap is located on gas valve for test gauge connection. Refer to Heating Start-Up section for tap location. Install a ground joint union between the gas control manifold and the main manual shut-off valve. See FIGURE 11 for gas supply piping entering outside the unit. FIGURE 12 shows complete bottom gas entry piping.

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping shall be resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum gases.

Do not use Teflon® tape to seal gas piping. Use a moderate amount of pipe compound on the gas pipe only. Make sure the two end threads are bare.

# **▲** CAUTION

If a flexible gas connector is required or allowed by the authority that has jurisdiction, black iron pipe shall be installed at the gas valve and extend out side the furnace cabinet.

# WARNING

Do not exceed 600 in-lbs (50 ft.-lbs) torque when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.

# **▲** IMPORTANT

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping must be resistant to the actions of liquefied petroleum gases.

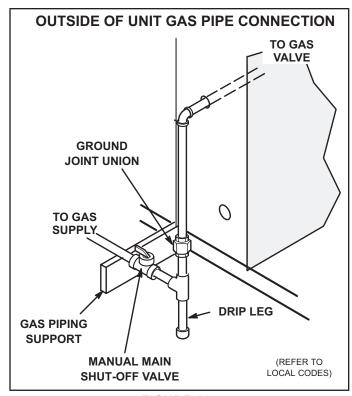


FIGURE 11

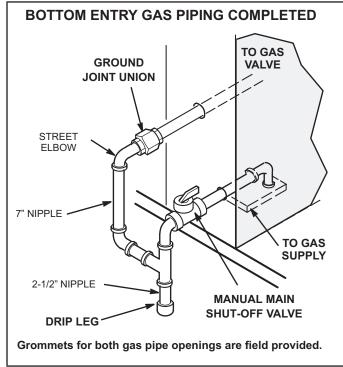


FIGURE 12

#### **Pressure Test Gas Piping (Gas Units)**

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig (3.48kPa). See FIGURE 13.

**NOTE** - Codes may require that manual main shut-off valve and union (furnished by installer) be installed in gas line external to unit. Union must be of the ground joint type.

After all connections have been made, check all piping connections for gas leaks. Also check existing unit gas connections up to the gas valve; loosening may occur during installation. Use a leak detection solution or other preferred means. Do not use matches candles or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

## **▲** CAUTION

Some soaps used for leak detection are corrosive to certain metals. Carefully rinse piping thoroughly after leak test has been completed. Do not use matches, candles, flame or othe sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

## **A WARNING**



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for leaks.

**NOTE -** In case emergency shut down is required, turn off the main manual shut-off valve and disconnect main power to unit. These devices should be properly labeled by the installer.

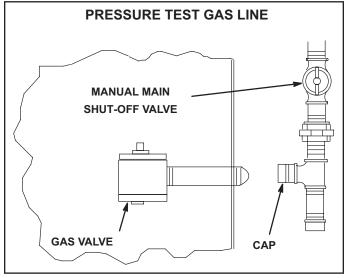


FIGURE 13

#### **High Altitude Derate**

Locate the high altitude conversion sticker in the unit literature bag. Fill out the conversion sticker and affix next to the unit nameplate. High altitude kits are available for field-installation.

Refer to TABLE 2 for high altitude adjustments.

#### TABLE 2 HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE

Altitude Ft.*	Gas manifold Pressure
2000-4500	See Unit Nameplate
4500 and Above	Derate 2% / 1000 Ft. above Sea Level

<sup>\*</sup>Units installed at 0-2000 feet do not need to be modified.

**NOTE -** This is the only permissible derate for these units.

#### **High Altitude Derate - ULNOx Units**

The Ultra-Low NOx units are approved for installations from 0 -4500 ft. No modifications are required. Above 2000 ft, the furnace will naturally de-rate approximately 10%.

#### **Download Mobile Service App**

#### **A-Mobile Device Requirements**

- Android hardware requires 2GB RAM and a 2Ghz core processor. Tablets are supported.
- Minimum Android 6.0 (Marshmallow) or higher.
   Recommend Android 10 and Apple products require iOS version 11 or higher.

#### **B-New Installations**

Once the app is downloaded, refer to the Setup Guide provided with this unit to pair the app to the unit control system. Follow the setup wizard prompts to configure the unit. See FIGURE 14 for the app menu overview. If a mobile device is unavailable or not pairing, refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide for start-up instructions.

#### **Electrical Connections - Power Supply**

Do not apply power or close disconnect switch until installation is complete. Refer to start-up directions. Refer closely to unit wiring diagram.

Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

- 1 Units are factory-wired for 230 / 460 / 575 volt supply. For 208V supply, remove the insulated terminal cover from the 208V terminal on the control transformer. Move the wire from the transformer 240V terminal to the 208V terminal. Place the insulated terminal cover on the unused 240V terminal.
- 2 Route power through the bottom power entry area and connect to L1, L2, and L3 on the top of K1 in control area above compressor. Secure power wiring with factory-installed wire ties provided in control box. Route power to TB2 on units equipped with electric heat. Route power to S48 or CB10 If unit is equipped with the optional disconnect switch or circuit breaker. See unit wiring diagram.

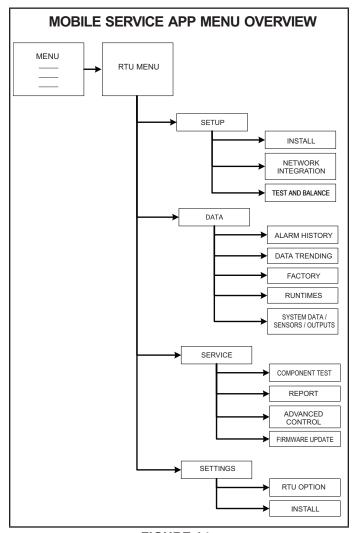


FIGURE 14

#### **Electrical Connections - Control Warning**

**NOTE -** Optional wireless sensors are available for use with this unit. Refer to the instructions provided with each sensor.

# **A** CAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic com ponents. Take precautions during unit installation and service to protect the electronic controls. Pre cautions will help to avoid control exposure to elec trostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic poten tial. Neutralize electrostatic charge by touching hands and all tools on an unpainted unit surface, such as the gas valve or blower deck, before per forming any service procedure.

#### **A-Thermostat Location**

Room thermostat mounts vertically on a standard 2" X 4" handy box or on any non-conductive flat surface.

Locate thermostat approximately 5 feet (1524mm) above the floor in an area with good air circulation at average temperature. Avoid locating the room thermostat where it might be affected by:

- drafts or dead spots behind doors and in corners
- · hot or cold air from ducts
- radiant heat from sun or appliances
- · concealed pipes and chimneys

#### **B-Control Wiring**

The Unit Controller will operate the unit from a thermostat or zone sensor based on the System Mode. The default System Mode is the thermostat mode. Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to change the System Mode. Use the mobile service app menu and select Settings > Install.

#### **Thermostat Mode**

1 - Route thermostat cable or wires from subbase to control area above compressor (refer to unit dimensions to locate bottom and side power entry).

IMPORTANT - Unless field thermostat wires are rated for maximum unit voltage, they must be routed away from line voltage wiring. Use wire ties located near the lower left corner of the controls mounting panel to secure thermostat cable.

Use18 AWG wire for all applications using remotely installed electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.

2 - Install thermostat assembly in accordance with instructions provided with thermostat.

- 3 Connect thermostat wiring to Unit Controller on the lower side of the controls hat section.
- 4 Wire as shown in FIGURE 15 for electromechanical and electronic thermostats. If using other temperature control devices or energy management systems see instructions and wiring diagram provided by manufacturer.

IMPORTANT - Terminal connections at the wall plate or subbase must be made securely. Loose control wire connections may allow unit to operate but not with proper response to room demand.

#### **Zone Sensor Mode**

The Unit Controller will operate heating and cooling based on the Unit Controller internal setpoints and the temperature from the A2 zone sensor. An optional Network Control Panel (NCP) can also be used to provide setpoints. A thermostat or return air sensor can be used as a back-up mode. Make zone sensor wiring connections as shown in FIGURE 16.

#### **C-Hot Gas Reheat**

- Install humidity sensor in accordance with instructions provided with sensor. A DDC input may be used to initiate dehumidification instead of a sensor.
- 2 Make wiring connections as shown in FIGURE 15 for Thermostat Mode or FIGURE 16 for Zone Sensor Mode. In addition, connect either a humidity sensor or a dehumidification input. See FIGURE 17 or FIGURE 19 for humidity sensor wiring or FIGURE 18 for dehumidification input wiring.

#### **Humidity Sensor Cable Applications**

#### Wire runs of 50 feet (mm) or less

Use two separate shielded cables containing 20AWG minimum, twisted pair conductors with overall shield. Belden type 8762 or 88760 (plenum) or equivalent. Connect both cable shield drain wires to the Unit Controller as shown in FIGURE 17.

#### Wire runs of 150 feet (mm) or less

Use two separate shielded cables containing 18AWG minimum, twisted pair conductors with overall shield. Belden type 8760 or 88760 (plenum) or equivalent. Connect both cable shield drain wires to the Unit Controller as shown in FIGURE 17.

#### Wire runs over 150 feet (mm)

Use a local, isolated 24VAC transformer such as Lennox cat #18M13 (20VA minimum) to supply power to RH sensor as shown in FIGURE 19. Use two shielded cables containing 20AWG minimum, twisted pair conductors with overall shield. Belden type 8762 or 88760 (plenum) or equivalent.

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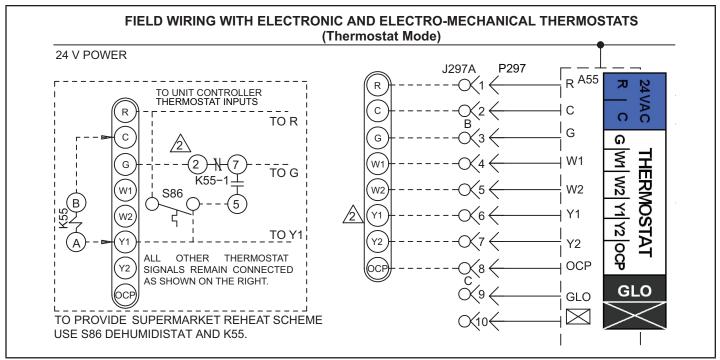


FIGURE 15

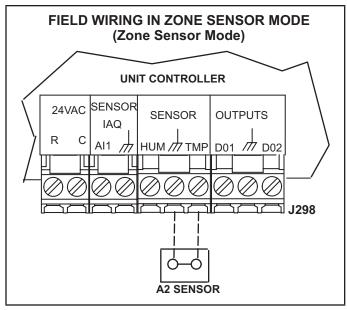


FIGURE 16

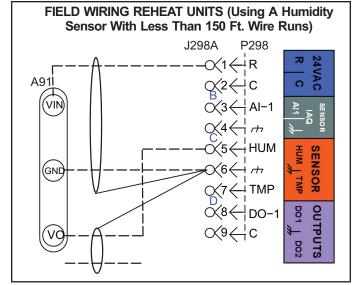


FIGURE 17

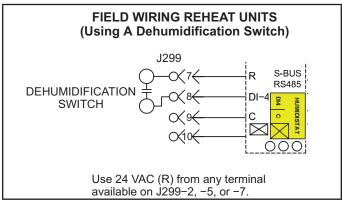


FIGURE 18

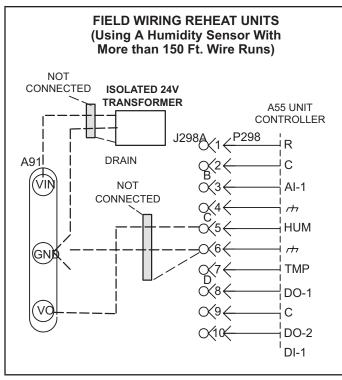


FIGURE 19

#### **Blower Operation and Adjustments**

# **▲** IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

#### **A-Blower Operation**

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the mobile service app menu; see:

# RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > BLOWER > START TEST.

Direct-drive motor may not immediately stop when power is interrupted to the Unit Controller. Disconnect unit power before opening the blower compartment. The Controller's digital inputs must be used to shut down the blower. See Unit Controller manual for operation sequences.

# **▲** WARNING

- 1- Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory-installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5- Make sure filters are new and in place before start-up.

#### **B--Determining Unit CFM**

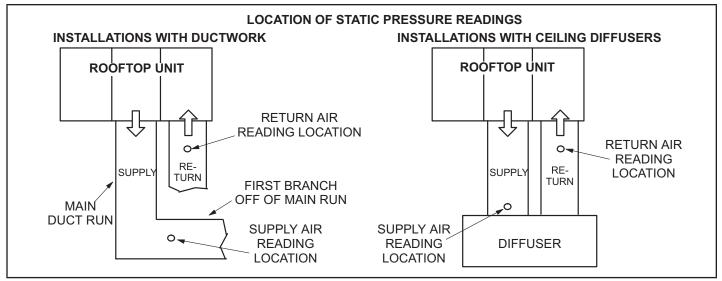
- 1 The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2 With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in FIGURE 20.

**NOTE** - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 3 Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
- 4 Referring to the Blower Data tables, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use the Accessory Air Resistance tables when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed. Refer to TABLE 3 for minimum airflow when electric heat is installed.

TABLE 3
ELECTRIC HEAT MINIMUM AIRFLOW

			CFM
Unit	kW	Direct Drive	Direct Drive (Impeller-Style)
	7.5	600	1200
036, 048, 060	15	1100	1350
	22.5	1600	1800
072	30	NA	2000



#### FIGURE 20

#### **C-Adjusting Unit CFM**

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to TABLE 4 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional single or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2 or 3-stage controller (2 or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

TABLE 4
BLOWER PERFORMANCE SETTINGS - 581102-01

Parameter	Field Setting	Description
NOTE - Any changes to Smoke CFM sett	ing must be adjus	ted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OP TIONS > EDIT PARAME-
TERS = 12 for EBM, 6 for ECM		
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER	र	
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.
BLOWR VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPER	t	
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS = 216	
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND %	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS = 10 (	(Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	sec	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.

Installer - Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

1-Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc)

Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc)

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm Minimum Air Volume Required for Different Gas Heat Sizes:

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD: 1-Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc). 2-Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc)

Minimum Air Volume Required for Different Gas Heat Sizes: Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

2-Any field i	nstallec	acces	sories a	air resist	tance (	duct re	sistan	ce, diffu	user, etc)				<u></u>	Standard Heat - 10/5 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat	Heat -	1075 Cff	n; Med	ĭm     Im	eat - 11;	50 ctm;	High F	leat - 1500	00 ctm			
See page 19 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.	for we	t coil ar	nd optio	ns/acce	essory	air res	stance	data.																		
External											۵	roonts	000	Descentage of Total Motor Torgina	Toto	011041										
Static		20%			30%			405	r		20%	_	5	60% 60%	<u>-</u>	202	%02	$\vdash$	80	%08	-	%06		_	100%	
Pressure in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm ×		RPM	Cfm		RPM	Cfm V		RPM	Cfm V		RPM C	Cfm Wa		RPM Cf	Cfm Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	_>_	s RPM	M Cfm	_	RPM
0	1067	112	488	1325	196	573	1583	279	, 29	1759	381	726 1	1934	┢	794   20	2046 57	579 84	845 21	2157 676	968 9,	36 2285	35 816	926	3 2358	3 925	686
0.1	984	6	_	1249	184	i	1513	270	, 269	╙	_	760 1	_	┢	_	2002 58	⊢		2123 686	┢		73 838	┢	-		1008
0.2	912	91	П	1183	180	661	1453	268	735 ′	1644	377	796 1	1835	H	-	1964 593	H	902 20	2093 700	H	17 2264	34 863	1001	1 2349	ш	1030
0.3	851	92	989	1126	183	902	1400	273	775	1597	H	832 1	1794	497 8	889 1	1931 607	⊢	932 20	2067 717	7 974	г	56 891	1026	6 2348	1001	1053
0.4	797	100	. 289	1075	192		1353	283	815 /	1555	397	869 1	1757	511   9		ш	Н		2044 738	Н	1002 2248		1051	1 2347	1031	1077
0.5	752	114	T		206		1312	298		1518	Н	П	Ш	Н		ш	Н	-	Ш	П		ш	Н	8 2345	1061	1102
9.0	712	132	787	Н	224	842	1275	316	896	1484	Н	942   1	Ш	548   9	_	ш	Н	_	1998 783	Н	59 2228	28 977	1104	4		
0.7	8/9	155	836	096	246	988	1242	336	936	1452	452	979 1	1662	568   10	1021 18	1818 687	Н	1055 19	1974 806	Н	1088 2214	14 1004	Н	1		:
0.8	648	180	885	926	269	931	1210	358	926	1421	474   1	1016 1	1632	589   10	1055 17	1790   70	709   108	1086 19	1948 828	1117	17 2195	95 1028	3 1158	8		:
6.0	621	207	933	006	294	974	1179	381	1015	1390	495   1	1051 1	1600	609   10	-	1760 72	728   11	1117 19	1919 847	Н	1146 2170	70 1049	9 1185	9		:
1.0	969	235	981	872	319	1017	1148	403	1053	1357	516 1	1086 1	1566	628 1	1119 17	1725 74	746 11	1147 18	1884 864	Н	1174 2139	39 1066	3 1212	2	:	:
1.1	:		:		::	::	1115	424	1090	1322	534 1	1120 1	1528	643 17	-	1686 76	760 11.	1176 18	1844 876	76 1201	01 2100	1078	3 1238	8	:	:
1.2							1080	443	1126	1283	549 1	1153 1	1485	655   1′	1180 16	1641 77	770   12	1204   17	1797 884	Н	1228 2052	52 1083	3 1264	4		-
1.3							1040	458	1161	1238	Н	1185 1	Щ	-	1209 11	$\mathbf{L}$		1231 17	1742 886	Н	1253 1993	93 1081	1 1288	8		
1.4							966	469	1194	1189	567   1	1215 1	1381	665   12	1236   1530		773   12	1257   16	1678 881	-	1277   1923	23 1071	1   1311	1		
HORIZONTA	\r																									
External											Pe	rcenta	age of	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	otor Tc	ordue										
Static		20%			30%			405			20%			%09		70	%02	H	80	%08	L	%06	,o		100%	
Pressure in. w.g.		Watts	RPM		S	RPM		S	RPM	-	(0	RPM	Cfm N		RPM C	Cfm Wa	(0	RPM Cf	Cfm Watts		M Cfm	>	s RPM			RPM
0	1087	111	493	1304	184	629	1520	257	, 599	1689	368	738 1	1857	478 8	810 11	1972 58	H	864 20	2087 698	918	18 2196	96 844	975		3 925	1000
0.1	1021	104	237	1246	180	ш	1470	255	, 669	1646	Н		Ш	Н	П	Ш	Н	-	Ш	Н	-	ш	Н		Ш	1017
0.2	961	102	582	1193	181	658	1425	259		1607	$\dashv$	799   1	$\Box$	$\dashv$		$\Box$	$\dashv$	912 20	2039 714	$\dashv$	30 2163	33 864	1012		$\Box$	1034
0.3	906	106	-	1145	186	669	1384	266	769	1572	$\dashv$	831 1	1759	$\dashv$		_	$\dashv$	T	_	8 984	34 2149	49 879	1033	3 2209	941	1053
0.4	855	113		1101	196		1347	278	$\neg$	1540	$\dashv$	_	1732	513 9	$\neg$	_	$\dashv$		1999 744	$\neg$	1008 2134	34 896	1054	4		
0.5	808	125	720	1060	209	781	1312	293	842	1509	Н	-	1706	Н	-	-	Н	992   19	1980 762	П	33 2119	19 915	1077	7		
9.0	764	139	992	1022	225	823	1279	310	879	1481	430		1682	549   9	980   18	1821   66	Н	1019 19	1960 782	1058	58 2102	02 935	1101	1		
0.7	722	155	812	985   3	242	$\overline{}$	1247	328	-	1452	-	$\overline{}$	_	_	-	1799   68	-		$\Box$	-	1084 2084		-			
0.8	682	172	858	$\dashv$	260	$\neg$	1216	348	一	1424	$\dashv$	$\neg$	Ш	589 10	$\neg$	$\dashv$		$\overline{}$	Ш	1111	_	$\Box$	$\dashv$	0	-	:
6.0	643	191	903	914	279	946	1185	$\neg$	-	1396	Н	-	Ш	Н	-	Щ	Н	$\overline{}$	Ш	Н	$\overline{}$	_	-	2	:	:
1.0							1153		1024	1366	_		_	-		_				-		_		1	:	:
1.1	:			-	-:		1120	404	-	1334	$\neg$	1095 1		$\neg$	1130 16	1694 761	$\neg$	1160 18		_	1189 1979	79 1021	1226	9	:	:
1.2							1085	420	1093	1300	$\dashv$	$\overline{}$		$\neg$	1158 16	1660 77	775   118		1805 889	_	1214 1941	41 1031	1 1250	0	-	
1.3							1047	433	1126	1263	П		1478	672   1′		1622   78	$\neg$		1766 898	$\neg$	39   1897	97   1037	$\neg$	2		:-
1.4							1005	442	1158	1221	561 1	1185 1	1436	680   12	1212 15	1579 79		1238 17	1721 90	М	1263 1847	47 1037	7 1298	8		

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 15w00 cfm Minimum Air Volume Required for Different Gas Heat Sizes: FOR ALL UNITS ADD: 1-Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc). 2-Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc).

See page 19 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. DOWNFLOW

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													;												
Total											-	otal Sta	atic Pre	lotal Static Pressure - in. w.c.	In. w.c.	ŀ									
Air		0.1	0	0.2	0.	0.3	0	0.4	0.5	.5	0	9.0	0.7		0.8		0.0		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.3
ctm	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM V	Watts	RPM   W	Watts R	RPM   Watts	tts RPM	M   Watts	tts RPM	M Watts	s RPM	Watts
400			734	19	823	40	910	09	982	78							.					-			
009	992	28	928	51	944	73	1029	93	1108	111	1180	127	1248	139	1315	149   1	1383	158   14	1451   169	60	-	-			
800	668	25	686	81	1079	104	1163	125	1242	145	1317	161	1386	174	1454	185 1	1519	198 1	1582 214	1643	.3 234	4 1701	11 255	1755	281
1000	1084	92	1163	117	1244	139	1323	160	1398	180	1470	196	1538	211	1603	227	1663	245 17	1721 267	37 1776	.6 292	1828	320	1876	350
1200	1319	113	1385	138	1451	162	1517	186	1581	209	1644	231	1703	254	1759	278	1812	306 18	1863 337	37 1912	2 367	1960	30 397	2003	427
1400	1542	146	1596	177	1649	208	1703	239	1757	269	1809	300	1860	331	1909	362	1956	393 20	2003 425	2050	0 456	6 2095	95 483	2139	508
1600	1721	225	1772	258	1823	291	1873	324	1923	356	1972	388	2019	419	2065	450 2	2110 4	480 2	2156 510	10 2200	0 539	9 2244	14 565	2287	290
1800	1909	309	1957	341	2006	373	2054	404	2101	435	2146	465	2190	495	2234	526 2	2277	557 23	2320 588	38 2362	2 620	0 2404	)4   651	2444	685
2000	2103	385	2148	417	2193	450	2239	483	2283	516	2325	220	2367	584	2408	620 2	2449 (	658 2	2490 696	96 2529	9 735		38 777	2605	822
2200	2299	478	2342	514	2384	552	2426	290	2467	630	2507	671	2547	714	2586	757	2625	800   26	2663 844	4 2700	688 0	9 2735	35 935	2770	982
2400	2500	909	2540	647	2580	069	2618	734	2656	779	2694	824	2731	870	2768	915 2	2804	961   28	2839 10	1006 2874	4 1051	51 2907	1096	3 2941	1141
2600	2704	892	2741	810	2778	855	2813	901	2849	947	2884	663	2918	1039	292	1085   2	2986   1	1129   30	3019 11	1173   3051	1217	17 3083	33 1259	3115	1300
2800	2908	941	2943	985	2976	1030	3010	1076	3042	1121	3075	1166	3107	1210	3139	1253	3170 1	1296   3,	3200 13	1338 3231	1379	79 3261	31 1419	3290	1456
3000	3110	1111	3142	1156	3173	1201	3205	1245	3236	1289	3267	1332	3296	1373	3325	1414	3354 1	1455 33	3382 1496	96 3412	2 1536	36 3439	39 1573	3 3465	1609
Total					F	otal Sta	tic Pre	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g	· in. w.ç	3.															
Air		1.4	1.	1.5	1.	1.6	1	1.7	1	8.	1.	1.9	2.0	0											
cfm	RPM	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM   Watts	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts											
800	1805	309	1850	337	1895	366	1940	392																	
1000	1920	380	1962	410	2005	439	2050	466	2094	492	2138	517	2181	541											
1200	2045	456	2087	484	2130	510	2174	537	2217	563	2260	589	2302	615											
1400	2182	531	2225	555	2268	581	2310	610	2352	640	2393	671	2433	703											
1600	2330	616	2371	645	2412	829	2452	713	2491	750	2530	787	2568	824											
1800	2484	723	2523	765	2561	808	2598	849	2636	890	2672	931	2708	971											
2000	2641	898	2677	915	2713	961	2749	1003	2784	1044	2819	1084	2853	1124											
2200	2804	1028	2839	1072	2873	1114	2907	1155	2940	1194	2973	1234	3006	1272											
2400	2974	1184	3006	1225	3039	1266	3071	1305	3103	1344	3134	1382	3166	1420											
2600	3146	1340	3177	1379	3207	1417	3238	1456	3269	1494	3299	1532	3329	1569											
2800	3319	1493	3347	1530	3376	1567	3406	1605	3435	1643	3465	1681	3495	1718											
3000	3491	1644	3517	1680	3543	1716	3572	1754	3602	1792	3631	1830	3661	1867											

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

	Minimum Air Volume Required for Different Gas Heat Sizes:		Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm	_
	FOR ALL UNITS ADD:	1-Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc).	r resistance (duct resistanc	

See page 19 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

HORIZONTAL

HORIZONTAL	ONIAL																								
Total											잍	Total Stati	Static Pressure	sure - ir	- in. w.c.										
Air	0.1		0.2		0.3	3	0.4	+	0.5		9.0		0.7		0.8		6.0		1.0		1.1	_	1.2	1	1.3
ctm	RPM W	Watts R	RPM W	Watts R	RPM V	Watts	RPM V	Watts	RPM V	Watts	RPM V	Watts   R	RPM V	Watts R	RPM Wa	Watts RF	RPM Watts	tts RPM	M Watts	s RPM	Watts	s RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts
400	. 802	16 7	262	37 8	872	53										-			-						
009	835 4	46 9	918 6	65 1	1000	82	1077	95	1149	107	1221	109	:	:	:	:	:	<u> </u>	:	:		:	;	:	
800	981	75 1(	1064	92 1	1144	109	1221	124	1294	139	1365	148 1	1434	154 1	1497	163 15	1555 179	.9 1607	07 200	1656	226	1704	. 254	:	-
1000	1166 1	105 13	1241	124 1	1315	141	1387	159 ′	1454	176	1520	191 1	1582	207	1638 2	227 16	1689 252	1737	37 279	1783	308	1829	335	1873	362
1200	1374 1	142 14	1440 1	162 1	1506	182	1569	203	1630	224	1687	246 1	1739	271 1	1787	299 18	1832 330	1876	76 361	1920	391	1964	419	2007	444
1400	1591 1	183   16	1647 2	209 1	1701	235	1755	263	1806	291	1854	320   1	1899	351 1	1942 3	382   1984	84 412	2 2026	26 442	2068	469	2110	496	2153	520
1600	1778 2	258   18	1827 2	290 1	1876	323	1923	355	1970	386	2015	416 2	2059	444 2	2102 4	470 2144	44 494	14 2185	35 519	2227	545	2268	572	2309	009
1800	1973   3	352   20	2018 3	383 2	2063	415	2107	445	2151	476	2194	504   2	2237	531 2	2279 5	557 2319	19 584	4 2359	59 613	2397	645	2435	629	2471	713
2000	2182 4	437   23	2224 4	468 2	2265	499	2306	531	2346	563	2385	596 2	2424	630 2	2461 6	666 24	2496 705	5 2530	30 745	2564	786	2598	826	2631	998
2200	2388 5	540 2	2426 5	576 2	2464	613	2500	651	2536	691	2571	731  2	2605	774 2	2637 8	819 2668	68 863	3 2700	206 00	2732	949	2764	066	2795	1029
2400	2589 6	679   26	2624 7	719 2	2658	761	2691	803	2724	846	2756	890   2	2786	935 2	2816 9	980 28	2846 1025	25 2876	76 1068	3 2907	1109	9 2937	1149	2967	1188
2600	2787 8	845   28	2819 8	887 2	2850	930	2881	973	2911	1017	2941 1	1060 2	2970	1104 2	2999 11	1147 30	3028 1189	39 3057	57 1230	3087	1270	C			:
2800	2983 10	1021   30	3013 10	1063 3	3042	1106	3070	1149	3099	1191			:		-	:		-	-						:
Total					잍	tal Sta	tic Pres	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g.	in. w.g.																
Air	1.4		1.5		1.6	3	1.7		1.8		1.9	_	2.0												
ctm	RPM W	Watts R	RPM   Watts	-	RPM Watts	$\vdash$	RPM Watts	-	RPM V	Watts	RPM	Watts R	RPM V	Watts											
800				-																					
1000	1916   3	386   19	1957 4	408 1	1998	428	2037	447	2077	465															
1200	2049 4	468   20	2089 4	490   2	2128	510	2168	529	2207	549   2	2246	569   2	2285	591											
1400	2194 5	543 22	2235 5	565 2	2274	288	2313	611	2350	637   2	2387	664   2	2423	694											
1600	2349 6	627   23	2387 6	657 2	2423	889	2457	722	2490	757	2522	793   2	2554	830											
1800	2506 7	749   29	2539 7	787 2	2571	825	2602	864   2	2632	903   2	2662	942   2	2692	981											
2000	2663 9	906   26	2694 9	945 2	2725	985	2755	1024	2785	1063   2	2815	1101  2	2845 1	1138											
2200	2826 10	1068 28	2857 11	1107   2	2887	1146	2916	1184	2946	1221	2975	1259 3	3005	1296											
2400	2997   12	1227   30	3027   12	1266 3	3056	1304	3085	1342																	
2600	-		-						::																
2800	:	:	· :	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	· :	:	;											

#### FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Ind	oor Coil	Reheat	(	Gas Heating	J		Electric		Filters	
Volume cfm	036, 048	060, 072	Coil	Standard Heat	Medium Heat	High Heat	Economizer	Heat	MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01			0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.03	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.05	0.07	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.15	0.04	0.07	0.09
2000	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200		0.11	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.18	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400		0.13	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.20	0.05	0.08	0.12

#### **POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE**

Return Air System Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm
0.00	2000
0.05	1990
0.10	1924
0.15	1810
0.20	1664
0.25	1507
0.30	1350
0.35	1210

#### CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

Air Volume - cfm	F	RTD11-95S Step-Down Diffuser								
Air volume - cim	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser						
1800	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09						
2000	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10						
2200	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12						
2400	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14						
2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17						
2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20						
3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25						

#### **CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA**

Air Volume - cfm	1 Effective Throw - ft.						
Air volume - cim	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S					
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24					
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28					
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29					

<sup>1</sup> Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

#### **Cooling Start-Up**

#### **A-Operation**

 1 - Initiate full load cooling operation using the following mobile service app menu path:

# RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

NOTE - Refer to Cooling Operation section for high efficiency unit operation in zone sensor mode.

- 2 Units contain one refrigerant circuit or stage.
- 3 Unit is charged with R-454B refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4 Refer to Cooling Operation and Adjustment section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

# B-Refrigerant Charge and Check - All-Aluminum Coil WARNING - Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

**NOTE -** System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

1 - Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.

- 2 Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3 Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

**NOTE -** Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4 Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
- If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system
- If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.
- 5 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7 Example: At 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 97°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

TABLE 5
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581061-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)				Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
114	232	116	271	118	314	120	361	122	412	124	468				
123	235	125	274	127	317	130	364	132	415	134	471				
142	241	145	280	148	323	150	370	153	422	156	477				
163	247	166	286	169	330	173	377	176	429	179	484				

#### 036 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581061-01

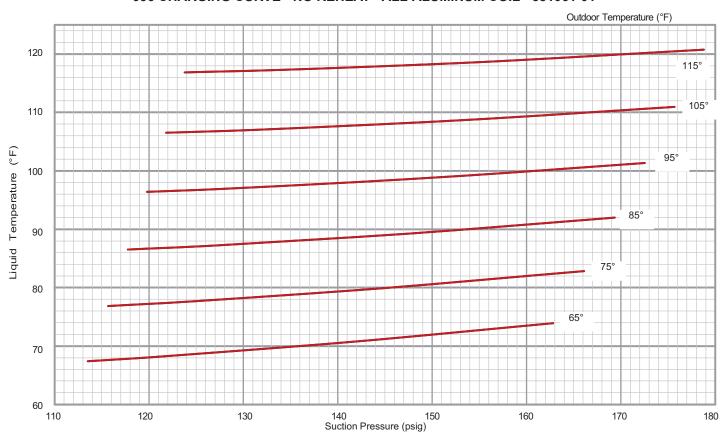


TABLE 6
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581062-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)				Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
117	244	120	281	122	324	123	372	124	426	124	485				
124	247	128	284	131	327	134	375	135	429	136	489				
139	255	144	292	149	335	153	383	157	437	160	497				
153	264	160	301	166	344	172	393	178	447	182	507				

#### 048 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581062-01

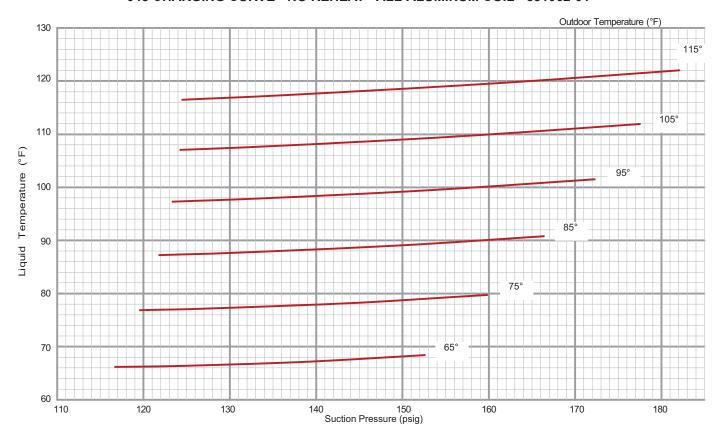


TABLE 7
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581063-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)				Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
112	245	114	283	116	327	117	379	120	429	122	487				
120	249	123	288	125	331	127	380	130	433	132	491				
139	259	142	297	145	341	147	389	150	444	152	505				
156	270	162	312	167	355	170	403	173	456	175	516				

#### 060 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581063-01

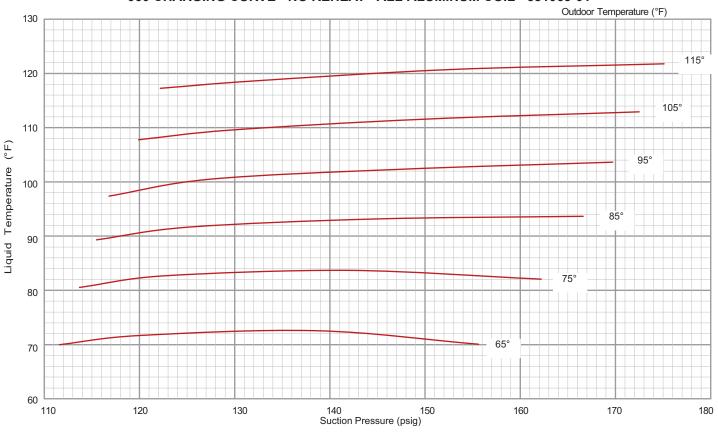


TABLE 8
072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581064-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
110	260	112	301	115	348	117	401	118	459	120	524				
118	263	121	304	124	350	126	403	128	462	130	526				
135	272	139	313	143	359	146	412	149	470	152	534				
154	286	159	326	163	373	167	425	171	483	175	547				

#### 072 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581064-01

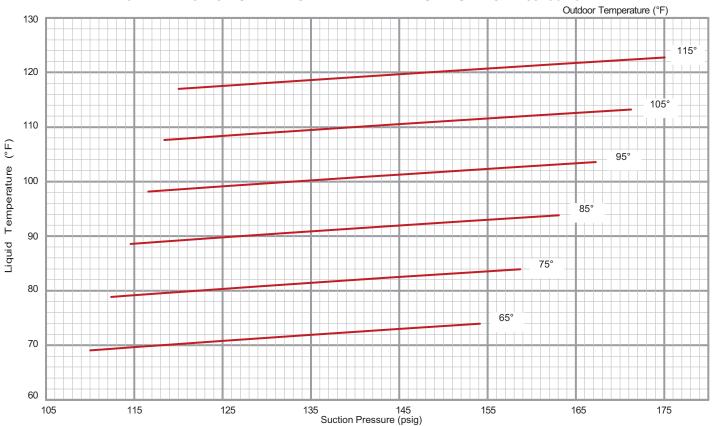


TABLE 9
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581108-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
114	239	116	278	118	325	121	378	123	438	125	505				
123	241	125	280	128	326	130	379	132	438	135	505				
142	248	145	286	148	330	151	382	153	441	156	506				
164	257	167	293	170	337	173	388	176	445	179	510				

036 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581108-01

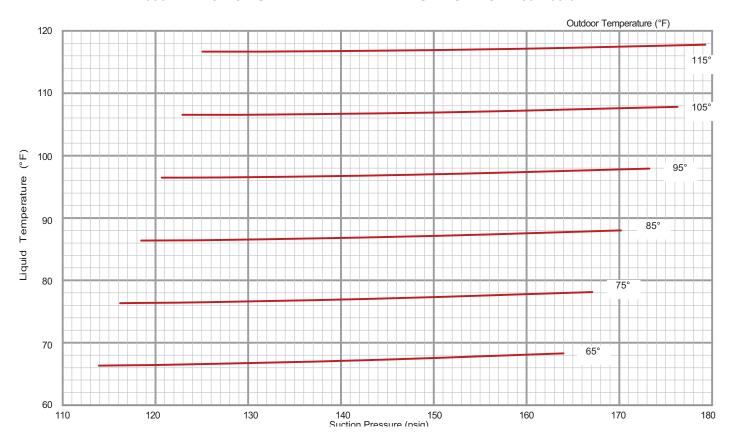


TABLE 10
048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581109-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75°F		85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
117	253	120	289	122	333	123	386	124	447	124	516				
125	254	129	290	131	334	134	386	135	447	136	515				
140	261	145	295	150	338	154	390	157	449	159	517				
154	272	161	305	167	347	172	398	177	456	182	523				

#### 048 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581108-01

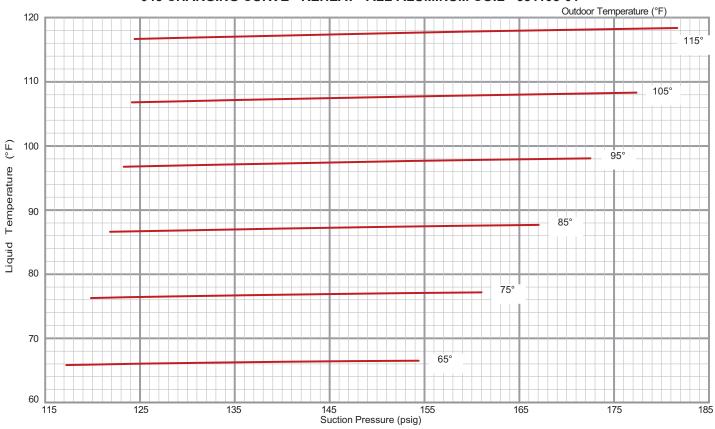


TABLE 11
060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581110-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85°F		95°F		105°F		115°F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
109	254	111	293	112	337	114	387	116	442	118	502				
118	259	120	298	122	342	124	392	126	447	128	508				
137	270	139	309	142	354	145	403	147	458	150	519				
158	283	161	322	164	366	167	416	170	471	173	531				

#### 060 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581110-01

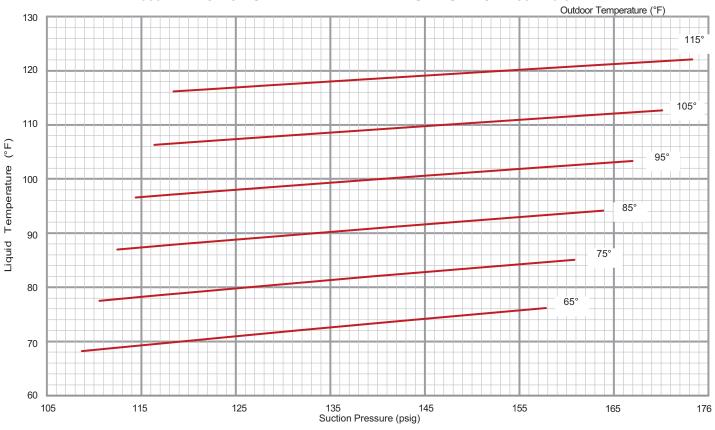
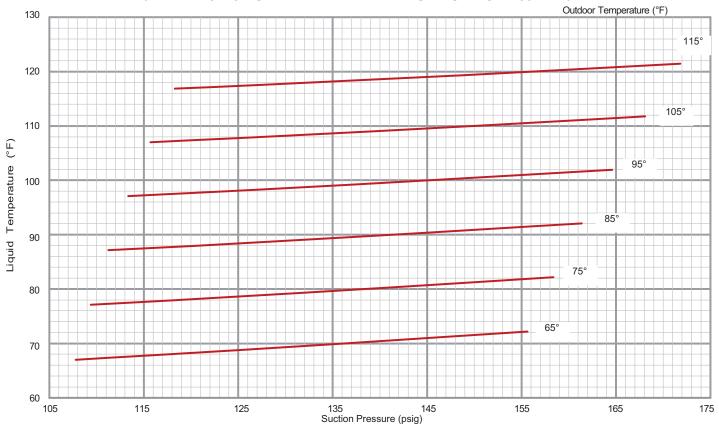


TABLE 12 072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581111-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65	°F	75	°F	85	85°F		95°F		5°F	115°F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
108	276	109	316	111	363	113	418	116	480	118	550				
116	281	118	320	120	367	123	422	125	484	128	554				
135	294	137	332	140	379	143	432	146	494	149	563				
156	310	158	348	161	394	165	447	168	508	172	576				

#### 072 CHARGING CURVE - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581111-01



#### **C-Compressor Controls**

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit. Optional controls are identified on wiring diagrams by arrows at junction points.

#### 1 - High Pressure Switch (S4)

The compressor circuit is protected by a high pressure switch which opens at 640 psig + 10 psig (4413 kPa  $\pm$  70 kPa) and automatically resets at 475 psig  $\pm$  20 psig (3275kPa  $\pm$  138 kPa).

#### 2 - Low Pressure Switch (S87)

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch. Switch opens at 40 psig  $\pm$  5 psig (276  $\pm$  34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig  $\pm$  5 psig (621 kPa  $\pm$  34 kPa).

#### 3 - Diagnostics Sensors (RT46, RT48)

Two thermistors are located on specific points in the refrigeration circuit. The thermistors provide constant temperature feedback to the Unit Controller to protect the compressor. Thermistors take the place of the freezestat and low ambient pressure switch.

#### 4 - Compressor Crankcase Heater (HR1)

Crankcase heater must be energized at all times to prevent compressor damage due to refrigerant migration. Energize crankcase heater 24 hours before unit start-up by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand (to prevent compressor from cycling) and apply power to unit.

#### **Diagnostic Sensors**

Units are equipped with two factory-installed thermistors (RT46 and RT48) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of two specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See TABLE 13 for proper locations.

TABLE 13			
THERMISTOR LOCATION			
Unit	Sensor Yellow	Figure	
LGT/LCT036, 048, 060, 072	RT46	FIGURE 21	
LGT/LCT036, 048, 060, 072	RT48	FIGURE 22	

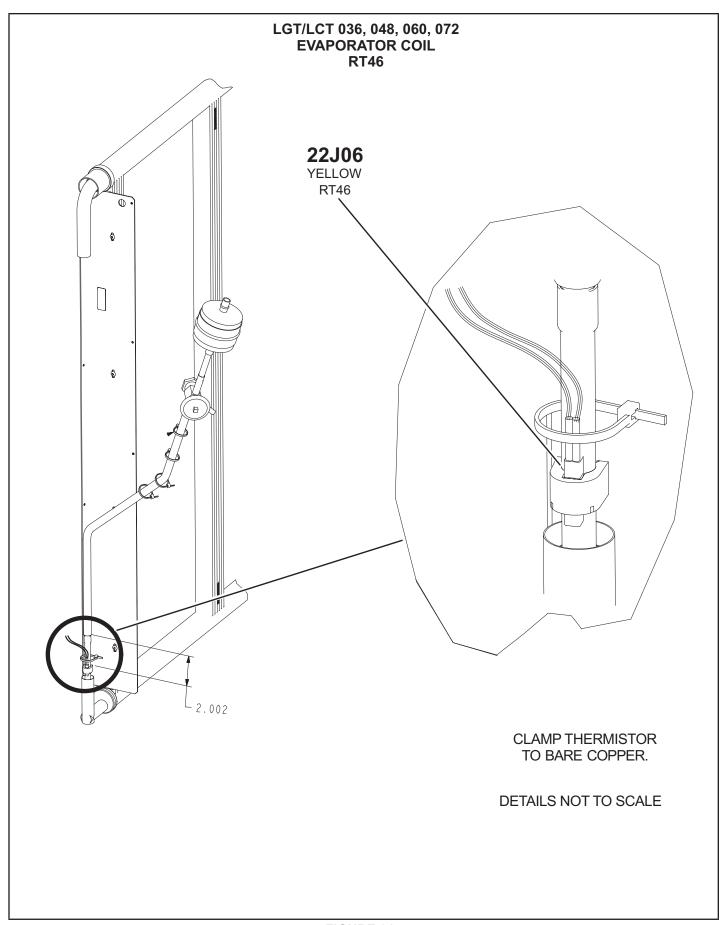


FIGURE 21

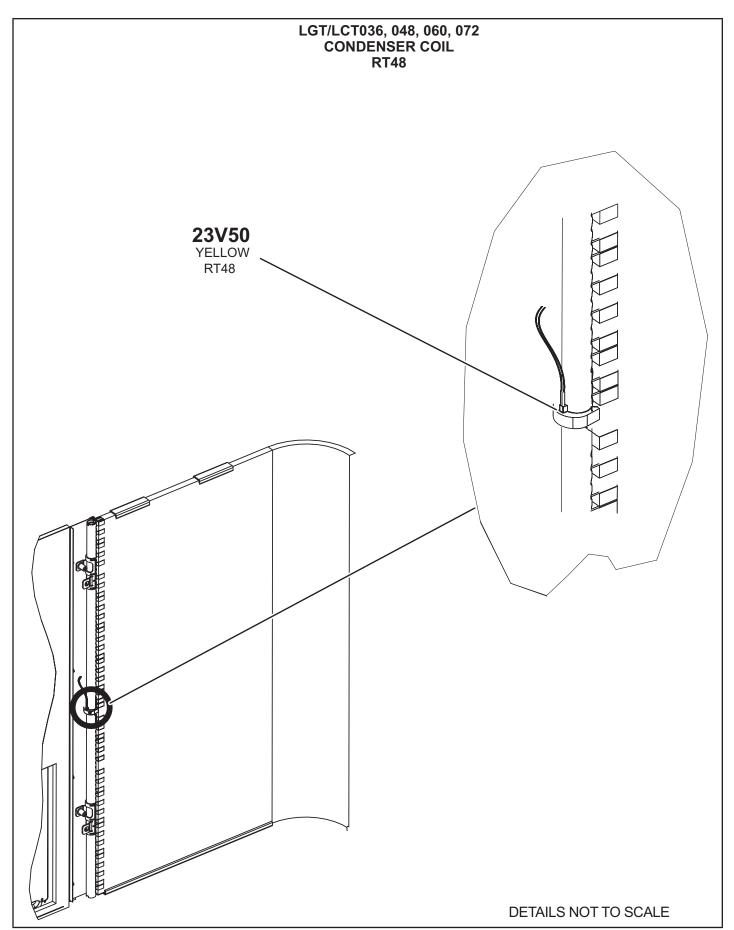


FIGURE 22

#### **Cooling Operation**

#### **A-Two-Stage Thermostat**

1 - Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Off

**Blower Low** 

**Dampers Modulate** 

Y2 Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

**NOTE -** Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

2 - No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Low

**Blower Low** 

**Dampers Minimum Position** 

Y2 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

**Dampers Minimum Position** 

#### **B-Three-Stage Thermostat OR Room Sensor**

1 - Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressors Off

**Blower Low** 

**Dampers Modulate** 

Y2 Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

**NOTE -** Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Y3 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

2 - No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Low

**Blower Low** 

**Dampers Minimum Position** 

Y2 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

**Dampers Minimum Position** 

Y3 Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

**Dampers Minimum Position** 

High Speed Compressor Cooling Operation:

# RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

Low Speed Compressor Operation

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 1

#### Gas Heat Start-Up (Gas Units)

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

# **A** WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Do not use this unit if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the unit and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

# **A WARNING**



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. If over heating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.

# WARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

# **A WARNING**

#### **SMOKE POTENTIAL**

The heat exchanger in this unit could be a source of smoke on initial firing. Take precautions with respect to building occupants and property. Vent initial supply air outside when possible.

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

The gas valve may be equipped with either a gas control lever or gas control knob. Use only your hand to push the lever or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the the lever will not move or the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it. Call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

# **A WARNING**

Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attemptr to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

This unit is equipped with an automatic spark ignition system. There is no pilot. In case of a safety shutdown, move thermostat switch to **OFF** and return the thermostat switch to **HEAT** to reset ignition control.

#### A-Placing Unit In Operation

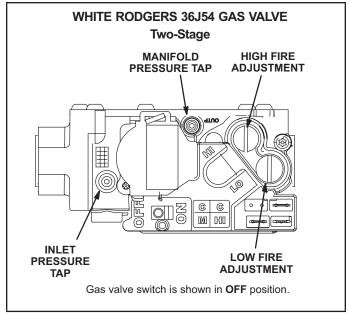
# **A WARNING**



Danger of explosion and fire. Can cause injury or product or property damage. You must follow these instructions exactly.

#### Gas Valve Operation (FIGURE 23 and 24)

- 1 Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2 Turn off all electrical power to appliance.
- 3 This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do not try to light the burner by hand.
- 4 Open or remove the control access panel.
- 5 Move gas valve switch to **OFF.** See FIGURE 23 or 24.



#### FIGURE 23

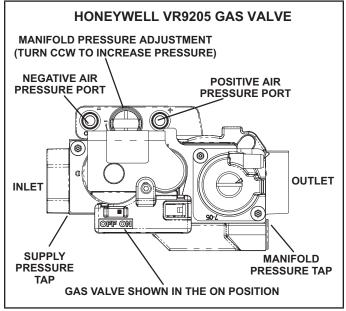


FIGURE 24

- 6 Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
- 7 Move gas valve switch to ON. See FIGURE 23 or 24.
- 8 Close or replace the control access panel.
- 9 Turn on all electrical power to appliance.
- 10 Set thermostat to desired setting.

**NOTE -** When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 9 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

- 11 The ignition sequence will start.
- 12 If the furnace does not light the first time (gas line not fully purged), it will attempt up to two more ignitions before locking out.
- 13 If lockout occurs, repeat steps 1 through 10.
- 14 If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

#### **Turning Off Gas to Unit**

- If using an electromechanical thermostat, set to the lowest setting.
- 2 Before performing any service, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 3 Open or remove the control access panel.
- 4 Move gas valve switch to OFF.
- 5 Close or replace the control access panel.

# **WARNING**



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

### **Heating Operation and Adjustments**

(Gas Units)

### A-Heating Sequence of Operation

#### **Two-Stage**

- On a heating demand the combustion air inducer starts immediately.
- 2 Combustion air pressure switch proves inducer operation. After a 30-second pre-purge, power is allowed to ignition control. Switch is factory set and requires no adjustment.
- Spark ignitor energizes and gas valve solenoid opens.
- 4 Spark ignites gas, ignition sensor proves the flame and combustion continues.
- 5 If flame is not detected after 8 seconds, the ignition control will repeat steps 3 and 4 two more times. The ignition control will wait 5 minutes before the ignition attempt recycles.

#### **B-Ignition Control Diagnostic LEDs**

# TABLE 14 GNITION CONTROL HEARTBEAT LED STATUS

LED Flashes	Indicates
Steady Off	No power or control hardware fault.
Steady Off	Power applied. Control OK.
3 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many trials.
4 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many flame losses within single call for heat.
5 Flashes	Control hardware fault detected.

#### **C-Limit Controls**

Limit controls are factory-set and are not adjustable. The primary limit is located to the right of the combustion air inducer. See FIGURE 30.

#### **D-Heating Adjustment**

#### Non ULNOx Units

Main burners are factory-set and do not require adjustment. The following manifold pressures are listed on the gas valve.

Natural Gas Units - Low Fire - 2.0" w.c.

Natural Gas Units - High Fire - 3.5" w.c.

LP Gas Units - Low Fire - 5.9" w.c.

LP Gas Units - High Fire - 10.5" w.c.

Manifold Pressure - ULNOx Units

Use the following steps to correctly measure manifold pressure:

- 1 Remove the threaded plug from the outlet side of the gas valve and install a field-provided barbed fitting. Connect measuring device "+" connection to barbed fitting to measure manifold pressure. Start unit and allow 15 minutes for unit to reach steady state.
- 2 After allowing unit to stabilize for 15 minutes, record manifold pressure and compare to value given in table 15. Normally manifold adjustment is not necessary; adjust manifold only if needed.
- 3 Shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained.

TABLE 15 ULNOX Manifold Pressure (in.w.c.)		
High Fire	3.2-3.6	
Low Fire	1.7-2.1	

#### Proper Combustion - ULNOx Units

Restart unit and check for any gas leaks. Seal any leaks if found. Furnace should operate minimum 15 minutes with correct manifold pressure and gas flow rate before checking combustion. Table 16 shows acceptable combustion. The maximum carbon monoxide reading should not exceed 100 ppm.

TABLE 16 CO <sub>2</sub> Rates (ppm)		
High Fire	6.0-7.5	
Low Fire	6.0-7.5 (CO <sub>2</sub> tracks)	

#### **E-ULNOx Operation**

ULNOx units are not equipped with gas orifices that supply each burner. Instead, a single gas orifice supplies gas to the air/gas elbow. An intake air orifice supplies combustion air to the air/gas elbow. The combustion air blower draws the air/gas mixture from the air/gas elbow into the air/gas plenum box. When the spark ignites the gas, the ignition sensor proves the flame and combustion occurs in the burner premix plate. The burner box liner directs the flames into the burner tube sleeves. Refer to figure 31.

#### **Electric Heat Start-Up (LCT Units)**

Optional electric heat will stage on and cycle with thermostat demand. See electric heat wiring diagram on unit for sequence of operation.

#### SCR Electric Heat Controller (LCT Units)

Optional factory-installed SCR (A38) will provide small amounts of power to the electric heat elements to efficiently maintain warm duct air temperatures when there is no heating demand. The SCR maintains duct air temperature based on input from a field-provided and installed thermostat (A104) and duct sensor (RT20). SCR is located in the compressor section on the left wall. Use only with a thermostat or specified DDC control system.

Use the instructions provided with the thermostat to set DIP switches as follows: S1 On, S2 Off, S3 Off. Use the instructions provided with the duct sensor to install sensor away from electric element radiant heat and in a location where discharge air is a mixed average temperature.

Once power is supplied to unit, zero SCR as follows:

- 1 Adjust thermostat (A104) to minimum position.
- 2 Use a small screwdriver to slowly turn the ZERO potentiometer on the SCR until the LED turns solid red.
- 3 Very slowly adjust the potentiometer the opposite direction until the LED turns off.

#### **Hot Gas Reheat Start-Up and Operation**

Hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valve, L14, routes hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See FIGURE 25 for reheat refrigerant routing and FIGURE 26 for standard cooling refrigerant routing.

#### L14 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valve

When Unit Controller input (Unit Controller J298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions require dehumidification, L14 reheat valve is energized (Unit Controller P269-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

#### **Reheat Setpoint**

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing mobile service app Settings

- Control menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output. The reheat setpoint can also be adjusted using an optional Network Control Panel (NCP).

Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at Settings - Control menu.

#### **Check-Out**

Test reheat operation using the following procedure.

- Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2 Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3 Use mobile service app menu path to select:

# RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > DEHUMIDIFICATION

The blower, compressor, and reheat valve should be energized. Pressure can be checked on the reheat line pressure tap. Pressure on the reheat line should match discharge pressure closely in reheat mode.

#### **Default Reheat Operation**

During reheat mode free cooling is locked out.

No Y1 demand but a call for dehumidification:

Compressor is operating, blower is on, and the reheat valve is energized.

#### Y1 demand:

Compressor is operating, blower is on, and the reheat valve is de-energized.

#### Y2 demand:

Compressor is operating, blower is on, and the reheat valve is de-energized.

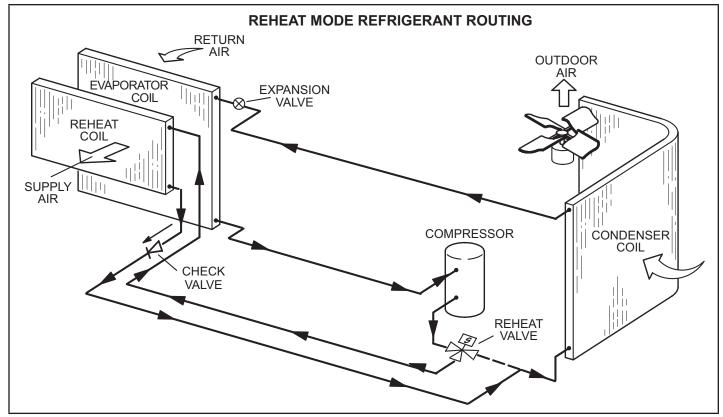


FIGURE 25

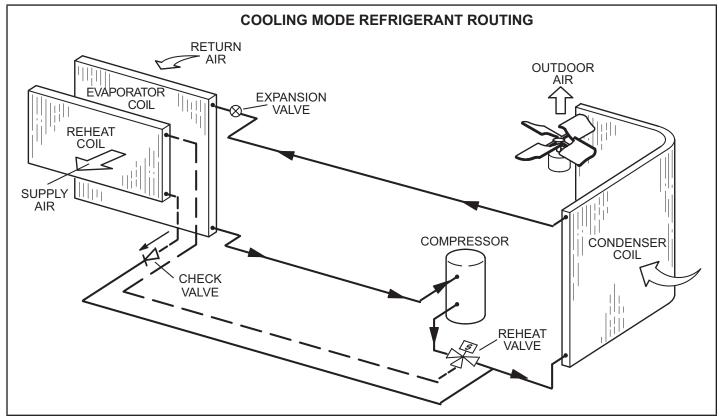


FIGURE 26

#### **Service**

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

## **A WARNING**



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

## **A** CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

#### **A-Filters**

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. Use four 20 X 20 X 2" (508 X 508 X 51mm) filters. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

## **WARNING**

Units are shipped from the factory with temporary filters. Replace filters before building is occupied. Damage to unit could result if filters are not re placed with approved filters. Refer to appropriate codes.

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See FIGURE 27.

**NOTE -** Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

#### **B-Lubrication**

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

#### **C-Burners**

Note - ULNOx units use a burner premix plate and a burner box liner with three burner tube sleeves instead of burners. No examination or cleaning are required. See figure 31.

Periodically examine burner flames for proper appearance during the heating season. Before each heating season examine the burners for any deposits or blockage which may have occurred.

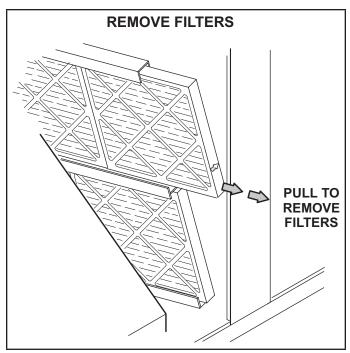


FIGURE 27

Clean burners as follows:

- 1 Turn off both electrical power and gas supply to unit.
- 2 Remove blower access panel.
- 3 Remove top burner box panel.
- 4 Remove screws securing burners to burner support and lift the individual burners or the entire burner assembly from the orifices. See FIGURE 28. Clean as necessary.
- 5 Locate the ignitor under the right burner. Check ignitor spark gap with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. See FIGURE 29.
- 6 Replace burners and screws securing burner. See FIGURE 30.





Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not overtighten main burner mounting screws. Snug tighten only.

- 7 Replace access panel.
- 8 Restore electrical power and gas supply. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit and use inspection port in access panel to check flame.

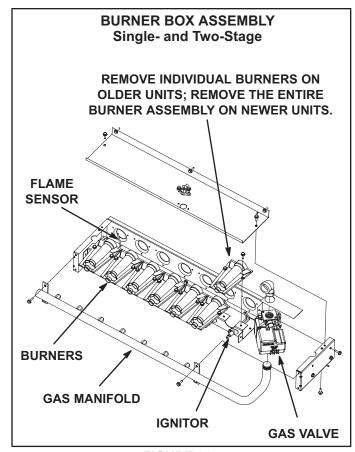
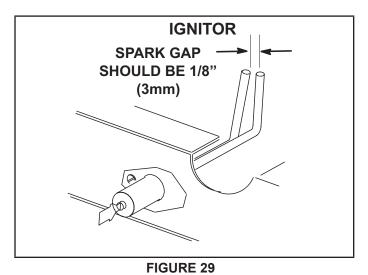


FIGURE 28



BURNER ORIENTATION
One- and Two-Stage Heat

150,000 BTUH - 7 BURNERS

SENSOR IGNITOR

108,000 BTUH - 5 BURNERS

SENSOR IGNITOR

65,000 BTUH - 3 BURNERS

SENSOR IGNITOR

FIGURE 30

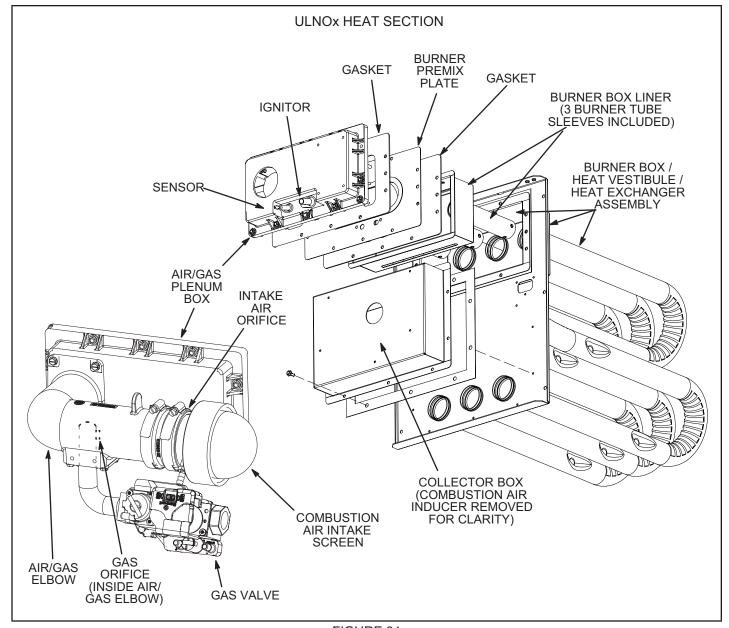


FIGURE 31

#### **D-Combustion Air Inducer (Gas Units)**

A combustion air proving switch checks combustion air inducer operation before allowing power to the gas controller. Gas controller will not operate if inducer is obstructed.

Under normal operating conditions, the combustion air inducer wheel should be checked and cleaned prior to the heating season. However, it should be examined periodically during the heating season to establish an ideal cleaning schedule.

Clean combustion air inducer as follows:

- 1 Shut off power supply and gas to unit.
- Remove the mullion on the right side of the heat section.
- 3 Disconnect pressure switch air tubing from combustion air inducer port.
- 4 Remove and retain screws securing combustion air inducer to flue box. Remove vent connector. See FIGURE 32.
- 5 Clean inducer wheel blades with a small brush and wipe off any dust from housing. Take care not to damage exposed fan blades. Clean accumulated dust from front of flue box cover.
- 6 Return combustion air inducer motor and vent connector to original location and secure with retained screws. It is recommended that gaskets be replaced during reassembly.
- 7 Replace mullion.
- 8 Clean combustion air inlet louvers on blower access panel using a small brush.

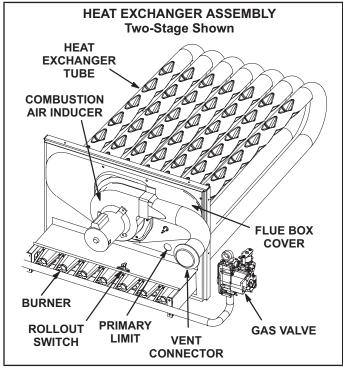


FIGURE 32

#### E-Flue Box (Gas Units)

Remove flue box cover only when necessary for equipment repair. Clean inside of flue box cover and heat exchanger tubes with a wire brush when flue box cover has to be removed. Install a new flue box cover gasket and replace cover. Make sure edges around flue box cover are tightly sealed.

#### F-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage. Flush condensate drain with water, taking care not to get insulation, filters, and return air ducts wet through entire cleaning process.

#### **G-Condenser Coil**

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between the fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage.

#### H-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

#### J-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See FIGURE 34.

- 1 On the back side of the unit, remove the screw securing the back of the ionizer bracket. See FIGURE 33. Retain the screw to secure the back side of the ionizer bracket.
- 2 Remove two screws securing the front side of the ionizer bracket and pull out of unit and clean brushes.
- 3 Replace ionizer in the reverse order it was removed.

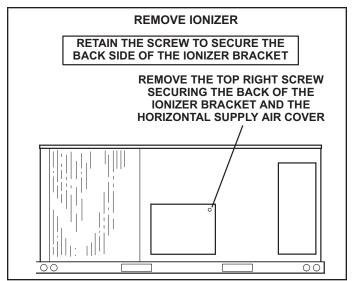


FIGURE 33

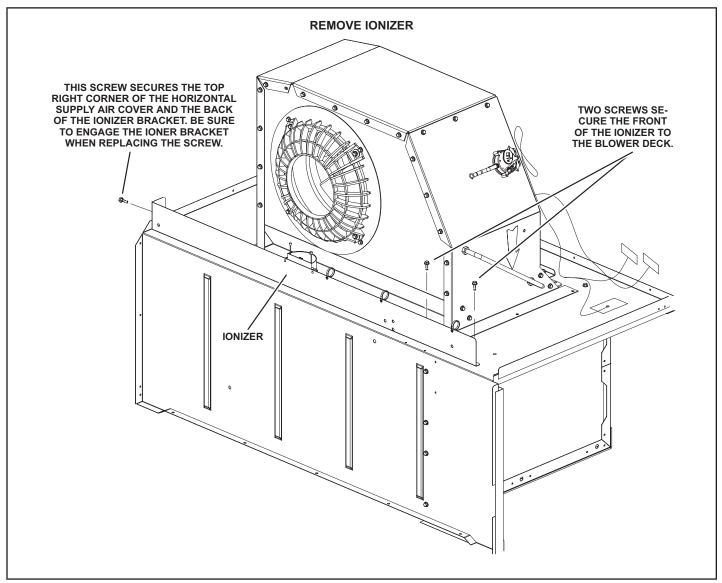


FIGURE 34

#### K-UVC Light (Optional)

When field-installed, use only UVC Light Kit assembly 106881-01 (21A92) with this appliance.

#### **Factory-Installed UVC Light**

When the UVC light is factory installed, the lamp is shipped attached to the filter rack. Remove the lamp and install into the UVC light assembly as shown in steps 2 through 11.

1 - Cut wire ties and remove the UVC lamp attached to the filter rack. See FIGURE 35.

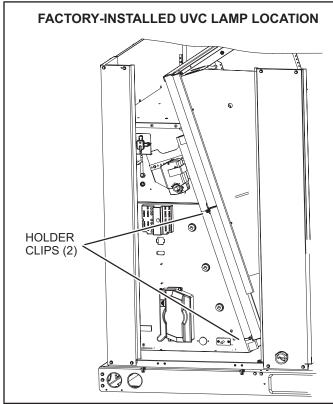


FIGURE 35
Annual Lamp Replacement

## **A WARNING**

#### Personal Burn Hazard.

Personal injury may result from hot lamps. During replacement, allow lamp to cool for 10 minutes be fore removing lamp from fixture.

The lamp should be replaced every 12 months, as UVC energy production diminishes over time.

- 1 Obtain replacement lamp 102337-01 for your germicidal light model.
- 2 Disconnect power to the rooftop unit before servicing the UVC kit.
- 3 Open the blower access door.
- 4 Remove the screw in wire tie from the UVC assembly and disconnect the 4-pin connector from the lamp end.

- 5 Remove the (2) mounting screws of the UVC assembly. Carefully slide the complete UVC assembly out through the blower access door.
- 6 Allow 10 minutes before touching the lamps. Then, carefully remove the old lamp from the lamp holder clips.
- 7 Wear cotton gloves or use a cotton cloth when handling the new lamp. Place the new lamp in the holder clips of the UVC assembly. Verify that the lamp flange at the connector end is sandwiched between the lamp holder clip and the sheet-metal end stop (see FIGURE 36).
- 8 Carefully place the UVC assembly on the blower deck. Line up the mounting holes on the UVC assembly with the mounting holes on the blower deck See FIGURE 37. Use the #10 screws provided to attach the UVC assembly in place.
- 9 Make sure to reapply the black convoluted tubing used to shield electrical wiring in the rooftop unit. Convoluted tubing is provided when the ionizer is factory- or field-installed. However, if there is any concern, aluminum foil tape (not provided) can also be used to cover any exposed component.
- 10 Close the blower access door.
- 11 Reconnect power to the rooftop unit.
- 12 Open the filter access door and look through the view port in the triangular sheet-metal panel to verify that the UVC light is on.

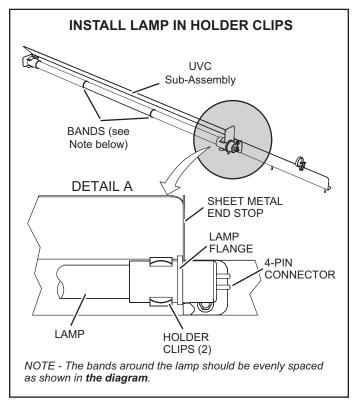


FIGURE 36

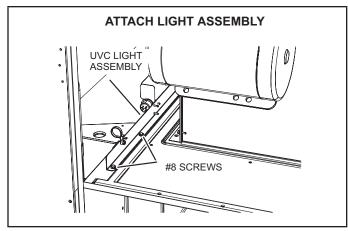


FIGURE 37

#### **Lamp Disposal**

**Hg-LAMP Contains Mercury** - Manage in accordance with local, state and federal disposal laws. Refer to www. lamprecycle.org or call 800-953-6669.

## Proper Clean-up Technique in Case of Lamp Breakage

Wear protective gloves, eye wear and mask.

Sweep the broken glass and debris into a plastic bag, seal the bag, and dispose of properly. Contact your local waste management office for proper disposal.

# Do not use a vacuum cleaner. Do not incinerate. Maintenance

- For all maintenance, contact a qualified HVAC technician.
- Read the maintenance instructions before opening unit panels.
- Unintended use of the unit or damage to the unit housing may result in the escape of dangerous UVC radiation. UVC radiation may, even in small doses, cause harm to the eyes and skin.
- Do not operate units that are obviously damaged.
- Do not discard the triangular UVC light shield or any barriers with an ultraviolet radiation symbol.
- Do not override the door interlock switch that interrupts power to the UVC light.
- Do not operate the UVC light outside of the unit.

#### L-Replacement Fuses

See the following tables for the proper replacement fuse sizes.

#### **ELECTRIC HEAT REPLACEMENT FUSES**

	Floatrio Hoot	05.	Rati	ng
	Electric Heat	Qty.	Amp	Volt
1	E1EH0050N-1P	2	30	250
2	T1/E1EH0075AN1Y	3	25	250
3	E1EH0100N-1P	4	30	250
4	T1/E1EH0150AN1Y	3	50	250
5	T1/E1EH0225AN1Y	6	45	250
6	T1/E1EH0300N-1Y	6	60	250
7	E2EH0300N-1Y	6	60	250
8	K1EH0050A-1P	2	30	250
9	T1/E1EH0075AN1P	2	40	250
10	T1EH0100A-1P	4	30	250
11	T1/E1EH0150AN1P	4	40	250
12	T1/E1EH0225AN1P	6	40	250
13	T1/E1EH0075AN1J	3	15	600
14	T1/E1EH0150AN1J	3	20	600
15	T1/E1EH0225AN1J	3	30	600
16	T1/E1EH0300N-1J	3	40	600
17	T1/E1EH0075AN1G	3	15	600
18	T1/E1EH0150AN1G	3	25	600
19	T1/E1EH0225AN1G	3	35	600
20	T1/E1EH0300N-1G	3	50	600
21	K1/E1EH0057AN1M	3	15	600
22	K1/E1EH0115AN1M	3	20	600
23	K1EH0172AN1M	3	30	600
24	E1EH0172N-1M	3	30	600
25	K1/E1EH0230N-1M	3	40	600

#### **UNIT REPLACEMENT FUSES**

	LGT036													
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph				
Powe	er Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.				
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				Am	nps							
F10 <sup>2</sup>	CC	All	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A				
F27	CC	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5A	7.5A				
F30	CC	All	10A	10A	10A	10A	5A	5A	-	-				
F31	CC	All	-	15A	-	15A	-	15A	-	-				
F57	CC	0.5	-	-	-	-	3.5A	3.5A	5A	5A				
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	10A	10A	7.5A	7.5A				
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	0.5	40A	35A	25A	25A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	25A	25A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	0.5	40A	35A	25A	25A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	25A	25A	15A	15A	15A	15A				

Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.
 Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

	LGT048													
	Unit Voltage	,	208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph				
Powe	er Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.				
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				Am	nps							
F10 <sup>2</sup>	CC	All	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A				
F27	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5A	7.5A				
F30	CC	All	10A	10A	10A	10A	5A	5A	-	-				
F31	CC	All	-	15A	-	15A		15A	-	-				
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	3.5A	3.5A	5A	5A				
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	10A	10A	7.5A	7.5A				
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.0	50A	45A	35A	35A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	35A	30A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.0	50A	45A	35A	35A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	35A	30A	15A	15A	15A	15A				

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.  $^{\rm 3}$  Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

	LGT060													
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph				
Powe	er Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.				
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP				Am	ıps							
F10 <sup>2</sup>	СС	All	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A				
F27	СС	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5A	7.5A				
F30	CC	All	10A	10A	10A	10A	5A	5A	-	-				
F31	CC	All	-	15A	-	15A		15A	-	-				
F57	CC	1.0	-	-	-	-	3.5A	3.5A	5A	5A				
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	10A	10A	7.5A	7.5A				
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.0	60A	60A	40A	40A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	40A	35A	20A	15A	15A	15A				
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.0	60A	60A	40A	40A	15A	15A	15A	15A				
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	40A	35A	20A	15A	15A	15A				

Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.
 Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

				LGT072				
	Unit Voltage		208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Pov	ver Exhaust Op	tion	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP			Am	ıps		
F10 <sup>2</sup>	CC	1.5	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A	8A
F27	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	7.5A	7.5A
F30	CC	1.5	10A	10A	5A	5A	-	-
F31	CC	1.5	-	15A		15A	-	-
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	10A	10A	7.5A	7.5A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	45A	45A	20A	20A	15A	15A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	J	1.5	45A	45A	20A	20A	15A	15A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

								LCT0	 36									
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	nit Voltage		208/2 1 I	30V - Ph	208/2 3 I	30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph		30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power	Power Exhaust Option W/P.E.		W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.													
Diagram Key	Key Class HP														•			
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	0.5	40 A	35 A	25 A	25 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	40 A	35 A	25 A	25 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.5	-	-	25 A	25 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	25 A	25 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F10 <sup>2</sup>	CC	All	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A
F27	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A
F30	CC	All	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	1	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-
F31	CC	All	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-
F57	CC	0.5	-	-	-	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	-	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	0.5	50 A	45 A	35 A	30 A	20 A	15 A	20 A	15 A	90 A	90A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	35 A	30 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	0.5	50 A	45 A	35 A	30 A	20 A	15 A	20 A	15 A	90 A	90A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	35 A	30 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When SCCR is installed, F4 fuse is Class J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

								LCT0	48									
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	nit Voltage		208/2 1		208/2 3 I		460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph	208/2 1 I			30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key Class Blower HP																		
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.0	50 A	45 A	35 A	35 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	50 A	45 A	35 A	35 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.5	-	-	35 A	30 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	35 A	30 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F10 <sup>2</sup>	CC	All	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A
F27	CC	1.5	-	1	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A
F30	CC	All	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-
F31	CC	All	-	15 A	-	15 A	1	15 A	-	-	1	15 A	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-
F57	CC	1.0	-	1	-	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	-	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.0	60 A	50 A	35 A	35 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	100 A	90 A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	35 A	30 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.0	60 A	50 A	35 A	35 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	100 A	90 A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	35 A	30 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When SCCR is installed, F4 fuse is Class J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

	LCT060																	
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				7.5	KW							15	KW			
U	nit Voltage		208/2 1 I	30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph	208/2 1	30V - Ph		30V - Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP																
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.0	60 A	60 A	40 A	40 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	60 A	60 A	40 A	40 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.5	-	-	40 A	35 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	40 A	35 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F10 <sup>2</sup>	СС	All	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A
F27	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A
F30	CC	All	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-
F31	CC	All	-	15 A	-	15 A	1	15 A	-	-	-	15 A	1	15 A	-	15 A	-	-
F57	CC	1.0	-	1	-	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	1	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.0	60 A	60 A	40 A	40 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	100 A	90 A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	40 A	35 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.0	60 A	60 A	40 A	40 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	100 A	90 A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	40 A	35 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	-	-	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When SCCR is installed, F4 fuse is Class J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

					LCT060 (co	ntinued)				
Elec	tric Heat S	ize				22.5	KW			
U	nit Voltage		P	Volt	ΥV	/olt	G \	/olt	J/	/olt
Power	Exhaust O	ption	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP		•			•			
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.0	60 A	60 A	40 A	40 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.5	-	-	40 A	35 A	15 A	15 A	15 A	15 A
F10 <sup>2</sup>	СС	All	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A
F27	СС	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A
F30	СС	All	10 A	10 A	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-
F31	СС	All	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-
F57	СС	1.0	-	-	-	-	3.5 A	3.5 A	5 A	5 A
F57	СС	1.5	-	-	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.0	150 A	150 A	80 A	80 A	45 A	40 A	35 A	35 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	-	-	80 A	80 A	40 A	40 A	35 A	30 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.0	150 A	150 A	80 A	80 A	45 A	40 A	35 A	35 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	-	-	80 A	80 A	40 A	40 A	35 A	30 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When SCCR is installed, F4 fuse is Class J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

						LCT0	72		'					
Ele	ctric Heat Siz	е			7.5	KW					15	KW		
	Unit Voltage		208/23	0V - 3 Ph	460V	/ - 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph	208/230	)V - 3 Ph	460V	- 3Ph	575V	- 3Ph
Powe	r Exhaust Op	tion	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP												
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.5	45 A	45 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	45 A	45 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A
F10 <sup>2</sup>	CC	1.5	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A
F27	CC	1.5	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A
F30	CC	1.5	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-
F31	СС	1.5	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-
F57	CC	1.5	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	45 A	45 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	45 A	45 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	60 A	60 A	30 A	30 A	25 A	25 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When SCCR is installed, F4 fuse is Class J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

	LCT072 (continued)													
Ele	ctric Heat Siz	e			22.5	KW					30	KW		
	Unit Voltage		Y١	olt/	G١	/olt	J/	olt/	Y١	/olt	G١	/olt	J۷	olt/
Powe	Power Exhaust Option			W / O P.E.	W / P.E.	W / O P.E.								
Diagram Key	Class	Blower HP						•						
F4	RK or K <sup>1</sup>	1.5	45 A	45 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A	45 A	45 A	20 A	20 A	15 A	15 A
F10 <sup>2</sup>	СС	1.5	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A	8 A
F27	СС	1.5	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	-	-	7.5 A	7.5 A
F30	СС	1.5	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-	10 A	10 A	5 A	5 A	-	-
F31	СС	1.5	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-	-	15 A	-	15 A	-	-
F57	СС	1.5	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A	-	-	10 A	10 A	7.5 A	7.5 A
F61 <sup>2</sup>	J	1.5	80 A	80 A	40 A	40 A	35 A	30A	100 A	100 A	50 A	50 A	45 A	40 A
CB10 <sup>3</sup>	-	1.5	80 A	80 A	40 A	40 A	35 A	30A	100 A	100 A	50 A	50 A	45 A	40 A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When SCCR is installed, F4 fuse is Class J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fuses F10 and F61 are only used on units with SCCR installed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Units using Circuit Breakers will use CB10 option.

#### **Factory Unit Controller Settings**

Use the mobile service app to adjust parameters; menu paths are shown in each table. Refer to the Unit Controller manual provided with each unit.

TABLE 17 through TABLE 19 show factory settings (in degrees, % of fan CFM, etc.). Record adjusted settings on the label located inside the compressor access panel.

When field installing optional kits and accessories, the Unit Controller must be configured to identify the option before it will function. Refer to FIGURE 38 and FIGURE 39 to determine whether the Unit Controller configuration I.D. must change. To configure the option, use MAIN MENU > SETUP > INSTALL menu path. Press SAVE until CONFIGURATION ID 1 or 2 appears depending on the option installed. Change the appropriate character in the configuration I.D. For example, when an economizer is installed using a single enthalpy sensor, change configuration I.D. 1, the second character, to "S".

# TABLE 17 581038

#### **Units With BACnet Settings**

RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > BACnet MS/TP > See BACnet MAC Address

**BACNET MAC ADDRESS:** 

Units With Room Sensor, CPC/LSE Gateway Settings

RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > SBUS > Set SBUS Address

LCONN ADDRESS:

#### TABLE 18 581037-01

#### **Units With LonTalk Settings**

Use menu RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > Set "LONTALK"

#### TABLE 19 581101

			Units With Hot Gas Reheat									
Use SETTIN	Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS											
Parameter												
105	6		Hot Gas Reheat Option 6: Reheat is only possible if blower is energized during occupied periods. Controlled by RH sensor (A91) connected to input A55_P298_5 and set point set at parameter 106 (default 60%).									
414	10 sec (All-Aluminum Coils Only)		<b>HI CL REHEAT TMOUT:</b> Number of seconds Reheat Valve remains energized upon thermostat call for high stage cooling (default 0 sec onds).									

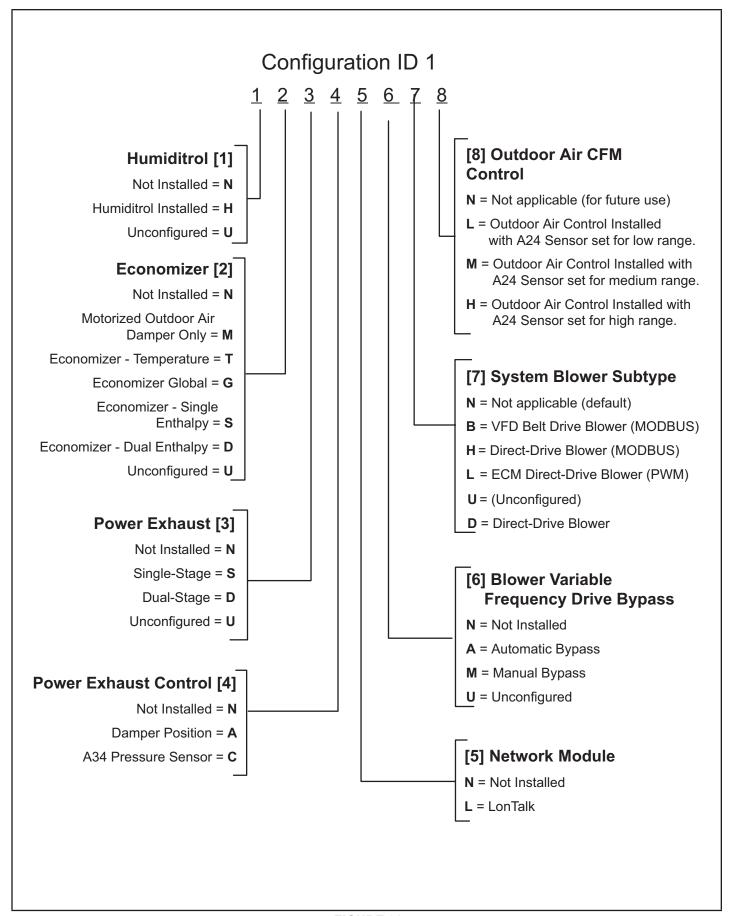


FIGURE 38

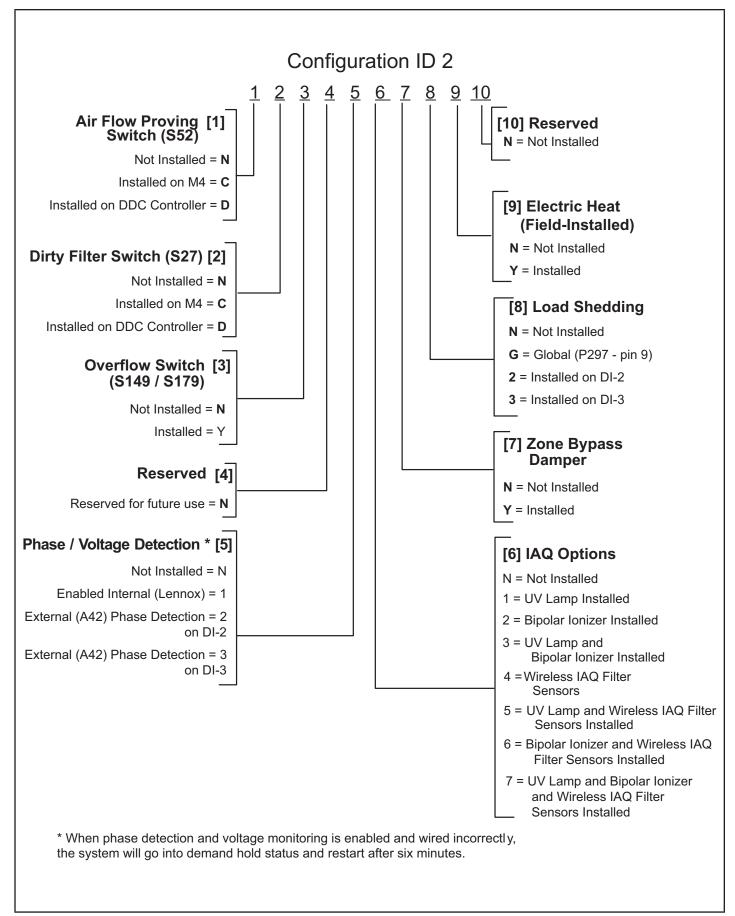


FIGURE 39

### **START-UP REPORT**

Job Name:							Inspections and Checks								
Store NoStart-Up Date:							Dama	age?	Υe	es No	)	R22 [	R41	0A 🗆	
Address:							If yes	, repo	orted to:						
City:State:															
Start-Up Contractor:							Verify factory and field-installed accessories.								
Technician:							Check electrical connections. Tighten if necessary.								
Model No.:							Supply voltage: L1-L2L1-L3L2-L3								
Serial No.:            RTU No.:            Catalog No.:							If unit contains a 208-230/240 volt transformer:  Check primary transformer tap □  Transformer secondary voltage:								
Compressor	eturn /	n Air Temp Supply Air Temp													
Compressor Amps			Compressor Volts			Pressures		es	Condenser Fan Amps				CC Heater Amps		
L1	L1 L2 L3		L1-L2 L1-L3		L2-L3	Disch	n. S	uct.	L1	L2	L3	L1			
1															
2															
3															
4															
						_									
Blower Checks						1	Heating Checks - Electric								
Pulley/Belt Alignment ☐ Blower Rotation ☐ Set Screws Tight ☐ Belt Tension ☐							Return Air Temp.: Supply Air Temp.:								
		- I I H	alt lane	i∩n			Netui	117 (11	remp		appiy ,				
	•								rate: 🗌		арріу 7				
Nameplate A	Amps:			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps				
Nameplate A	•		Volts:	Volts					rate: 🗌		Amps	L1	L2	L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_	Amps:		Volts:	Volts			Limits	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_	Amps:	 _ L	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3	Volts			Limits	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_	Amps:	_ L	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3	Volts			Limits	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11 12			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_	Amps:Amps	L L L	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 <b>cks - Ga</b>	Volts			Limits 1 2	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11 12 13			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_	Amps: Amps  Heatin	L L L Dig Chec	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 cks - Ga	Volts s ure:	in. w.c.		1 2 3	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11 12			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na	Amps: Amps  Heatin  at.  LP	L L Dig Chec	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 cks - Ga et Pressu pply Air	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11 12 13			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na Return Air Te Altitude:	Amps: Amps  Heatin  at.  LP	L L Dig Chec	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 cks - Ga et Pressu pply Air	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11 12 13 14			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na Return Air Te	Amps: Amps  Heatin  at.  LP	L L Dig Chec	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 cks - Ga et Pressu pply Air ary Limit	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na Return Air Te Altitude:	Heatin	L L Dig Chec Inle	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 et Pressu pply Air ary Limit	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_ s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7	s Ope	rate: 🗌		Amps  10 11 12 13 14 15 16			L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na Return Air Te Altitude: CO <sub>2</sub> %:	Heatin	L L Dig Chec	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 et Pressu pply Air ary Limit	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Ope	L2		Amps  10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	L1		L3	
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na Return Air Te Altitude: CO <sub>2</sub> %: Gas Valve	Heatin	L L Dig Chec Inle	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 et Pressu pply Air ary Limit	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_ s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Ope	L2	L3	Amps  10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	L1		L3	
Nameplate A Motor  L1 L2 L3  Fuel type: Na Return Air Te Altitude: CO <sub>2</sub> %:  Gas Valve GV1	Heatinat.  LP	L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 ets - Ga et Pressu pply Air ary Limit anifold F ire	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_ s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Ope	L2 A Pc	L3  Ccessor  Dwer Exh	Amps  10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18  Ty Check aust Ar	L1			
Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: Na Return Air Te Altitude: CO <sub>2</sub> %: Gas Valve	Heatinat.  LP	L L Dig Chec Inle	Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 ets - Ga et Pressu pply Air ary Limit anifold F ire	Volts  s ure: Temp.:_ s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9	s Ope	L2  L2  A  Pc	L3  CCESSOR  Dwer Exh  2  Conomize	Amps  10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18  Ty Check aust Ar	L1  Eks  mps t  attion	L2		