

ML180UHEK With R-454B SERIES UNITS

ML180UHEK series units are mid-efficiency gas furnaces used for upflow or horizontal applications only, manufactured with Lennox Duralok heat exchangers formed of aluminized steel. ML180UHEK units are available in heating capacities of 44,000 to 132,000 Btuh and cooling applications 2 to 5 tons. Refer to Engineering Handbook for proper sizing.

Units are factory equipped for use with natural gas. Kits are available for conversion to LP/Propane operation. ML180UHEK model units are equipped with a hot surface ignition system. The ML180UHEK unit meets the California Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) Standards and California Seasonal Efficiency requirements.

All units use a redundant gas valve to assure safety shut-off as required by C.S.A. All specifications in this manual are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes. In the absence of local or state codes, the guidelines and procedures outlined in this manual (except where noted) are recommended only and do not constitute code.



! WARNING

This furnace is equipped with an ignition control factory enabled for use with A2L refrigerant systems. Disabling the refrigerant detection functionality on A2L system is prohibited by safety codes. Refer to furnace installation instructions for refrigerant system setup.

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! WARNING



Electric Shock Hazard. Can cause injury or death. Unit must be properly grounded in accordance with national and local codes.

Line voltage is present at all components when unit is not in operation on units with single-pole contactors. Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before opening access panel. Unit may have multiple power supplies.

! CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

SPECIFICATIONS

Gas Heating Performance	Model	ML180UH 045E36AK	ML180UH 070E36AK	ML180UH 070E36BK	ML180UH 090E48BK
	Model - Low Nox	ML180UH 045XE36AK	ML180UH 070XE36AK	ML180UH 070XE36BK	ML180UH 090XE48BK
	¹ AFUE	80%	80%	80%	80%
	Input - Btuh	44,000	66,000	66,000	88,000
	Output - Btuh	36,000	53,000	53,000	72,000
	Temperature rise range - °F	15 - 45	40 - 70	40 - 70	35 - 65
	Gas Manifold Pressure (in. w.g.) Nat. Gas / LPG/Propane	3.5 / 10.0	3.5 / 10.0	3.5 / 10.0	3.5 / 10.0
	High Static - in. w.g.	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Connections	Flue connection - in. round	4	4	4	4
	Gas pipe size IPS	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2
Indoor Blower	Wheel diameter x width - in.	10 x 8	10 x 10	10 x 10	10 x 10
	Motor Type	DC Brushless	DC Brushless	DC Brushless	DC Brushless
	Motor output - hp	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4
	Tons of add-on cooling	1.5 - 3	1.5 - 3	1.5 - 3	2.5 - 4
	Air Volume Range - cfm	350 - 1380	625 - 1435	395 - 1415	750 - 1785
Electrical Data	Voltage	120 volts - 60 hertz - 1 phase			
	Blower motor full load amps	6.8	6.8	6.8	8.4
	Maximum overcurrent protection	15	15	15	15
Shipping Data	lbs. - 1 package	111	111	127	142

NOTE - Filters and provisions for mounting are not furnished and must be field provided.

¹ Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency based on DOE test procedures and according to FTC labeling regulations. Isolated combustion system rating for non-weatherized furnaces.

SPECIFICATIONS

Gas Heating Performance	Model	ML180UH090E60CK	ML180UH110E60CK	ML180UH135E60DK
	Model - Low Nox	- - -	ML180UH110XE60CK	- - -
	¹ AFUE	80%	80%	80%
	Input - Btuh	88,000	110,000	132,000
	Output - Btuh	72,000	90,000	107,000
	Temperature rise range - °F	30 - 60	35 - 65	30 - 60
	Gas Manifold Pressure (in. w.g.) Nat. Gas / LPG/Propane	3.5 / 10.0	3.5 / 10.0	3.5 / 10.0
	High Static - in. w.g.	0.50	0.50	0.50
Connections	Flue connection - in. round	4	4	4
	Gas pipe size IPS	1/2	1/2	1/2
Indoor Blower	Wheel diameter x width - in.	11-1/2 x 10	11-1/2 x 10	11 x 11
	Motor Type	DC Brushless	DC Brushless	DC Brushless
	Motor output - hp	1	1	1
	Tons of add-on cooling	3 - 5	3 - 5	3.5 - 5
	Air Volume Range - cfm	990 - 2290	920 - 2315	1140 - 2495
Electrical Data	Voltage	120 volts - 60 hertz - 1 phase		
	Blower motor full load amps	10.9	10.9	10.9
	Maximum overcurrent protection	15	15	15
Shipping Data	lbs. - 1 package	152	160	178

NOTE - Filters and provisions for mounting are not furnished and must be field provided.

¹ Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency based on DOE test procedures and according to FTC labeling regulations. Isolated combustion system rating for non-weatherized furnaces.

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES - ORDER SEPARATELY

		"A" Width Models	"B" Width Models	"C" Width Models	"D" Width Models
CABINET ACCESSORIES					
Horizontal Suspension Kit - Horizontal only		51W10	51W10	51W10	51W10
Return Air Base - Upflow only		65W75	50W98	50W99	51W00
High Performance Economizer (Commercial Only)		10U53	10U53	10U53	10U53
CONTROLS					
M30 Smart Wi-Fi Thermostat		15Z69	15Z69	15Z69	15Z69
Remote Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor		X2658	X2658	X2658	X2658
Blower Relay Kit (for two-stage outdoor units)		85W66	85W66	85W66	85W66
Transformer (75VA)		27J32	27J32	27J32	27J32
REFRIGERANT DETECTION SENSOR					
Refrigerant Detection System (RDS) Coil Sensor Kit (for indoor coil)		27V53	27V53	27V53	27V53
FILTERS					
¹ Air Filter and Rack Kit	Horizontal (end)	87L95	87L96	87L97	87L98
	Size of filter - in.	14 x 25 x 1	18 x 25 x 1	20 x 25 x 1	25 x 25 x 1
	Side Return	44J22	44J22	44J22	44J22
	Single	66K63	66K63	66K63	66K63
	Ten Pack	16 x 25 x 1	16 x 25 x 1	16 x 25 x 1	16 x 25 x 1
VENTING					
Vent Adaptor – 6 in. conn. size upflow applications only		18M79	18M79	18M79	18M79

¹ Cleanable polyurethane, frame-type filter.

BLOWER DATA

ML180UH045E36AK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Various Blower Speeds									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	1383	239	1179	156	991	106	970	102	959	98
0.20	1346	251	1132	165	943	114	854	92	764	78
0.30	1308	263	1083	174	896	122	797	99	668	78
0.40	1268	272	1057	185	864	130	748	106	612	85
0.50	1257	286	1013	193	818	139	697	114	562	92
0.60	1211	297	985	203	775	147	651	121	508	98
0.70	1185	307	937	212	728	155	605	129	456	104
0.80	1140	318	902	221	688	163	554	136	385	111
0.90	1115	328	866	231	641	171	512	143	---	---
1.00	1074	335	823	241	598	178	446	151	---	---

ML180UH070E36AK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Various Blower Speeds									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	1372	296	1160	188	1073	154	1040	144	880	96
0.20	1340	305	1125	197	1035	162	1002	151	836	103
0.30	1309	315	1092	205	999	170	965	159	794	110
0.40	1281	325	1059	213	964	178	929	166	752	116
0.50	1253	335	1026	221	927	185	891	173	709	122
0.60	1225	344	992	229	891	192	855	180	666	128
0.70	1196	353	958	237	854	199	818	187	622	134
0.80	1158	357	924	245	817	206	780	194	582	139
0.90	1122	363	890	252	781	213	742	200	544	144
1.00	1090	370	849	257	746	219	707	207	504	149

ML180UH070E36BK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Various Blower Speeds									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	1493	267	1256	173	1166	145	1139	132	978	96
0.20	1433	277	1221	184	1116	155	1078	139	903	98
0.30	1395	288	1151	193	1067	163	1027	148	849	107
0.40	1353	296	1094	199	1008	171	975	155	786	113
0.50	1312	308	1047	209	951	179	923	164	726	120
0.60	1270	318	995	219	901	187	875	172	667	127
0.70	1232	328	943	228	856	194	824	181	604	134
0.80	1187	338	895	236	804	202	774	188	543	142
0.90	1144	348	858	244	754	209	720	196	492	147
1.00	1067	339	809	252	703	217	669	204	447	152

BLOWER DATA

ML180UH090E48BK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Various Blower Speeds									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	1740	329	1528	233	1404	193	1348	173	1205	130
0.20	1697	344	1479	245	1360	203	1302	185	1147	140
0.30	1655	355	1437	260	1329	219	1262	194	1097	151
0.40	1624	373	1405	274	1268	225	1215	204	1043	161
0.50	1581	382	1376	287	1234	238	1175	216	996	171
0.60	1545	400	1319	299	1197	249	1119	227	944	182
0.70	1513	414	1277	308	1150	260	1069	238	889	190
0.80	1472	426	1246	321	1097	270	1025	251	845	199
0.90	1421	431	1197	333	1051	283	983	261	781	211
1.00	1296	404	1153	344	1010	292	935	270	723	221

ML180UH090E60CK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Different Blower Speeds																			
	Bottom Return Air, Side Return Air from Both Sides or Return Air from Bottom and One Side.										Single Side Return Air – Air volumes in bold (over 1800 cfm) require Optional Return Air Base and field fabricated transition to accommodate 20 x 25 x 1 in. air filter in order to maintain proper air velocity.									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)		High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	2179	623	1917	435	1725	326	1565	256	1422	201	2148	593	1889	403	1707	305	1553	234	1404	185
0.20	2141	640	1874	450	1679	340	1515	268	1370	214	2123	606	1823	406	1679	317	1503	244	1377	196
0.30	2102	658	1831	464	1636	355	1468	282	1321	225	2069	613	1814	422	1638	327	1464	255	1328	207
0.40	2065	675	1790	480	1591	368	1420	294	1265	237	2065	634	1791	435	1593	337	1414	264	1268	216
0.50	2029	693	1749	495	1546	381	1371	306	1208	248	2030	645	1734	445	1548	348	1366	276	1224	228
0.60	1991	709	1708	510	1500	394	1320	317	1158	259	2000	663	1705	461	1503	360	1329	291	1156	235
0.70	1952	726	1667	524	1455	406	1271	328	1107	269	1954	681	1663	474	1461	374	1278	303	1106	245
0.80	1912	743	1623	538	1408	418	1224	341	1052	280	1928	694	1624	488	1411	385	1227	313	1045	257
0.90	1876	758	1582	552	1366	432	1176	353	1003	291	1890	712	1576	502	1361	397	1175	324	989	268
1.00	1842	779	1543	567	1320	443	1128	365	947	302	1853	728	1541	517	1315	412	1122	335	912	282

BLOWER DATA

ML180UH110E60CK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Different Blower Speeds																			
	Bottom Return Air, Side Return Air with Return Air from Both Sides or Return Air from Bottom and One Side.										Single Side Return Air – Air volumes in bold (over 1800 cfm) require Optional Return Air Base <u>and</u> field fabricated transition to accommodate 20 x 25 x 1 in. air filter in order to maintain proper air velocity.									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)		High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	2147	601	1917	421	1697	300	1550	240	1367	175	2160	623	1902	427	1679	303	1538	244	1354	179
0.20	2129	622	1857	427	1632	308	1501	249	1309	184	2117	642	1854	440	1626	318	1486	252	1309	189
0.30	2087	632	1822	441	1594	320	1436	256	1263	193	2066	653	1805	453	1579	326	1445	265	1265	198
0.40	2065	652	1787	454	1542	329	1401	270	1203	203	2038	670	1764	467	1541	336	1400	276	1210	208
0.50	2013	661	1743	464	1498	339	1343	278	1150	214	2004	686	1740	481	1493	347	1360	290	1155	219
0.60	1995	683	1701	477	1452	356	1294	291	1088	224	1965	698	1697	494	1450	360	1307	299	1097	228
0.70	1942	691	1651	492	1409	369	1243	305	1039	235	1936	717	1648	505	1409	369	1260	310	1038	235
0.80	1913	710	1617	507	1358	380	1193	313	974	245	1906	731	1605	518	1353	381	1206	315	986	246
0.90	1877	726	1570	521	1304	392	1158	328	---	---	1842	724	1566	534	1324	395	1160	328	929	256
1.00	1797	719	1545	539	1263	403	1090	339	---	---	1742	696	1529	546	1264	403	1112	339	873	267

ML180UH135E60DK PERFORMANCE (Less Filter)

External Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume / Watts at Different Blower Speeds																			
	Bottom Return Air, Side Return Air with Return Air from Both Sides or Return Air from Bottom and One Side.										Single Side Return Air – Air volumes in bold (over 1800 cfm) require Optional Return Air Base <u>and</u> field fabricated transition to accommodate 20 x 25 x 1 in. air filter in order to maintain proper air velocity.									
	High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)		High (Black)		Medium-High (Brown)		Medium (Blue)		Medium-Low (Yellow)		Low (Red)	
	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts	cfm	Watts
0.10	2441	700	2249	547	2036	403	1826	305	1647	231	2388	698	2205	546	2005	411	1808	309	1604	231
0.20	2384	726	2200	576	1978	428	1739	319	1569	249	2309	722	2145	565	1939	429	1738	327	1535	248
0.30	2336	760	2137	595	1895	442	1662	340	1507	265	2275	749	2091	594	1866	447	1675	344	1461	263
0.40	2269	784	2069	621	1837	472	1585	360	1430	281	2208	773	2049	619	1812	469	1606	363	1396	281
0.50	2211	799	2021	651	1771	487	1517	376	1346	294	2193	802	1987	640	1745	487	1534	381	1324	297
0.60	2186	836	1966	671	1710	508	1437	391	1271	311	2138	827	1945	669	1676	507	1481	400	1262	314
0.70	2107	835	1881	682	1633	525	1429	415	1201	328	2071	833	1884	687	1630	529	1411	417	1192	329
0.80	1979	802	1826	706	1598	550	1355	432	1091	348	1948	798	1835	710	1604	560	1344	433	1117	345
0.90	1817	742	1735	700	1512	567	1224	448	1000	361	1775	740	1709	689	1519	569	1282	451	876	361
1.00	1576	644	1525	634	1401	569	1124	467	927	376	1535	639	1514	619	1426	574	1220	469	786	377

PARTS ARRANGEMENT

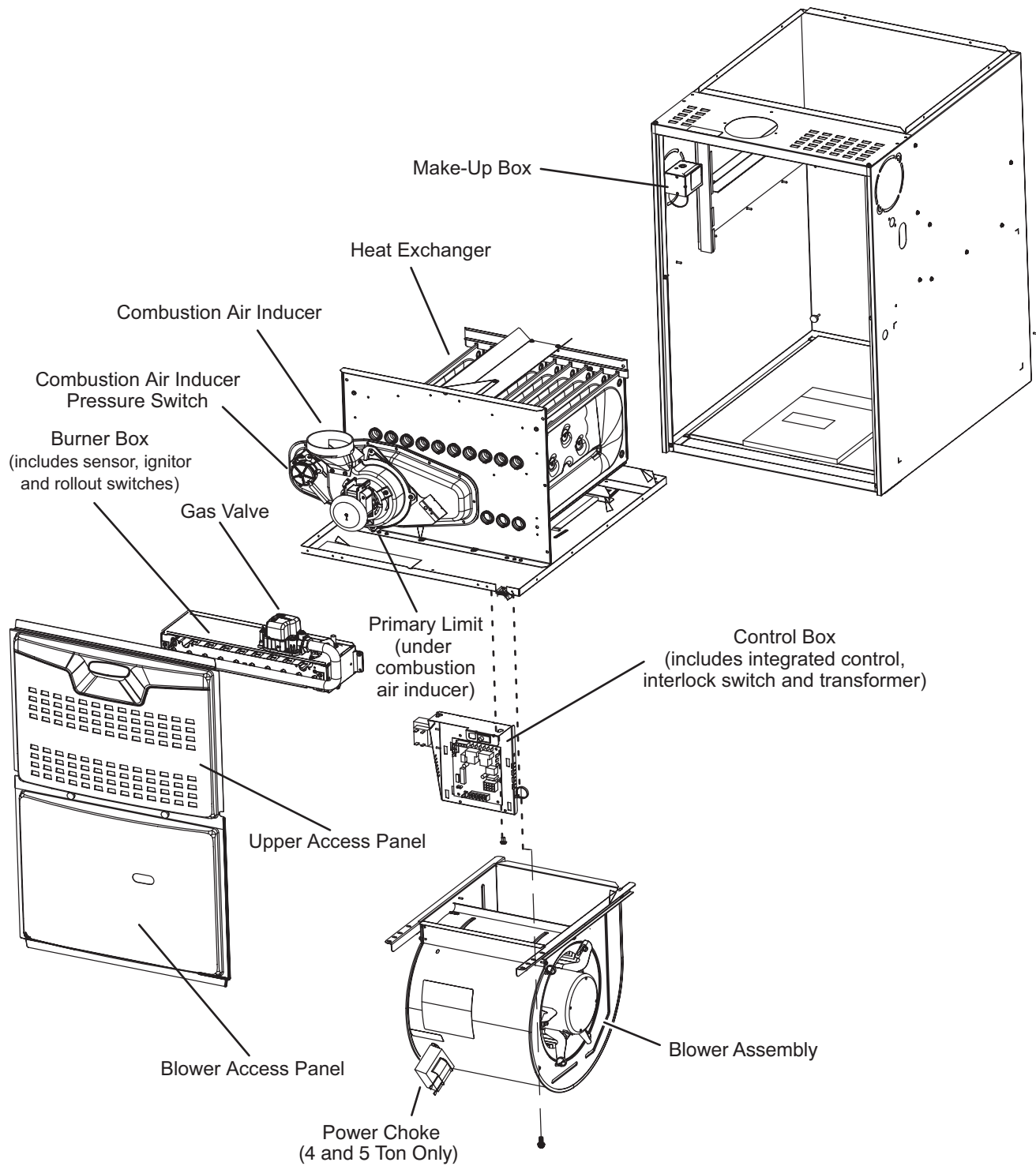


FIGURE 1

Twinning

The control board in this furnace is equipped with a provision to "twin" (interconnect) two(2) adjacent furnaces with a common plenum such that they operate as one (1) large unit.

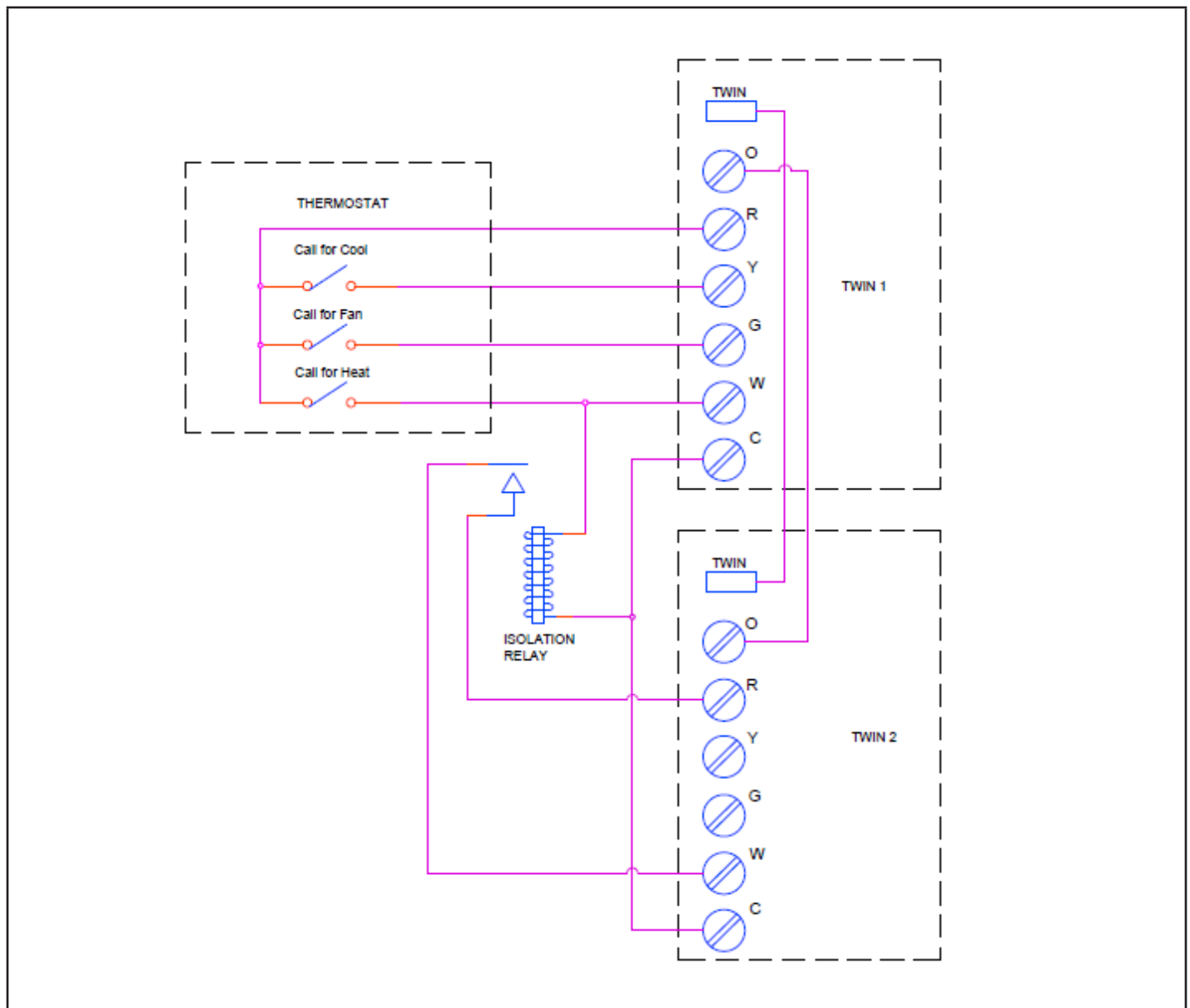
When twinned, the circulating blower speeds are synchronized between the furnaces. If either furnace has a need to run the blower, both furnaces will run the blower on the same speed. The cooling speed has highest priority, followed by heating speed and fan speed.

Field installation of twinning consists of connecting wires between the "C", "O" and "Twin" terminals of the two controls.

The 24 VAC secondary of the two systems must be in phase. All thermostat connections are made to one control only. See diagram below.

The twinned furnace without thermostat connections is to have the call for heat supplied by an external 24VAC isolation relay* to prevent its rollout switch from being bypassed by the other twinned furnace. The coil of the isolation relay connects from the thermostat "W" to 24 VAC common. The contacts of the relay connect "R" to "W" on the non-thermostat twin.

*Wiring and quick connects will be field provided.



I-UNIT COMPONENTS

ML180UHEK unit components are shown in figure 1. The gas valve, combustion air inducer and burners can be accessed by removing the upper access panel. Electrical components are in the control box (FIGURE 2) found in the blower section.

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) Precautions and Procedures




CAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

A - Control Box

1. Control Transformer (T1)

A transformer located in the control box provides power to the low voltage section of the unit. Transformers on all models are rated 40VA with a 120V primary and a 24V secondary.



IMPORTANT

When matching this gas furnace with zoning, dual fuel or other 24V accessories, It is recommended to replace the factory installed transformer with kit 27J32.

Kit 27J32 contains a 75VA transformer, so you do not overload the original 40VA transformer.

2. Door Interlock Switch (S51)

A door interlock switch rated 14A at 125VAC is wired in series with line voltage. When the blower door is removed the unit will shut down.

NOTE - The door interlock switch is a safety switch. Do not by-pass or jumper switch.

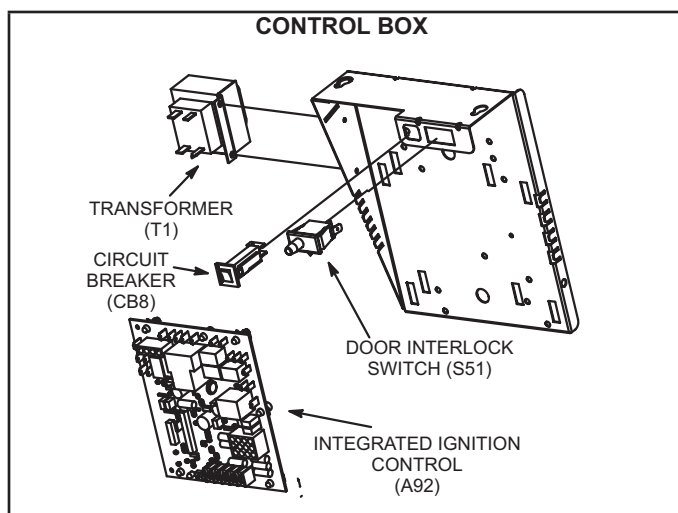


FIGURE 2

3. Circuit Breaker (CB8)

A 24V circuit breaker is also located in the control box. The switch provides overcurrent protection to the transformer (T1). The breaker is rated at 3A at 32V. If the current exceeds this limit the breaker will trip and all unit operation will shutdown. The breaker can be manually reset by pressing the button on the face.

4. Ignition Control 107792-XX



WARNING

Shock hazard.

Disconnect power before servicing. Control is not field repairable. If control is inoperable, simply replace entire control.

Can cause injury or death. Unsafe operation will result if repair is attempted.

Integrated Control DIP Switch Settings

ML180UHEK units are equipped with a single-stage integrated control. This control manages ignition timing, heating mode fan off delays and indoor blower speeds based on selections made using the control dip switches and jumpers. See section VII for Low GWP DIP switch settings. The control includes an internal watchdog feature which automatically resets the ignition control when it has been locked out. After one hour of continuous thermostat demand for heat, the watchdog will break and remake thermostat demand to the furnace and automatically reset the control to relight the furnace.

Accessory Terminals

One line voltage "ACC" 1/4" spade terminal is provided on the furnace integrated control. See FIGURE 6 for integrated control configuration. This terminal is energized when the indoor blower is operating. Any accessory rated up to one amp can be connected to this terminal with the neutral leg of the circuit being connected to one of the provided neutral terminals. If an accessory rated at greater than one amp is connected to this terminal, it is necessary to use an external relay.

One line voltage "HUM" 1/4" spade terminal is provided on the furnace integrated control. See FIGURE 6 for integrated control configuration. This terminal is energized in the heating mode when the combustion air inducer is operating. Any humidifier rated up to one amp can be connected to this terminal with the neutral leg of the circuit being connected to one of the provided neutral terminals. If a humidifier rated at greater than one amp is connected to this terminal, it is necessary to use an external relay.

One 24V "H" 1/4" spade terminal is provided on the furnace integrated control. See FIGURE 6 for integrated control configuration. The terminal is energized in the heating mode when the combustion air inducer is operating and the pressure switch is closed. Any humidifier rated up to 0.5 amp can be connected to this terminal with the ground leg of the circuit connected to ground or the "C" terminal.

Indoor Blower Operation DIP Switch Settings

The heat fan-on time of 30 seconds is not adjustable. The heat fan-off delay (amount of time that the blower operates after the heat demand has been satisfied) may be adjusted by changing the two position dip switch on the integrated control, to one of four selections. Blower off delay is factory set at 120 seconds. For other blower off delay settings, please refer to the following chart:

Blower Delay Select		
	SW1-1	SW1-2
90	OFF	ON
120	OFF	OFF
180	ON	OFF
210	ON	ON
Factory Setting is 120		

ON BOARD LINKS (FIGURE 3 and FIGURE 4) and DIAGNOSTIC PUSH BUTTON

IMPORTANT

Carefully review all configuration information provided. Failure to properly set DIP switches, jumpers and on-board links can result in improper operation!

On-Board Link W951 Heat Pump (R to O)

On-board link W951 is a clippable connection between terminals R and O on the integrated control. W951 must be cut when the furnace is installed in applications which include a heat pump unit and a thermostat which features dual fuel use. If the link is left intact, terminal "O" will remain energized eliminating the HEAT MODE in the heat pump.

Diagnostic Push Button

The diagnostic push button is located adjacent to the seven-segment diagnostic LED. This button is used to enable the Error Code Recall "E" mode and the Flame Signal "F" mode. Press the button and hold it to cycle through a menu of options. Every five seconds a new menu item will be displayed. When the button is released, the displayed item will be selected. Once all items in the menu have been displayed, the menu resumes from the beginning until the button is released.

The hot surface ignition control system consisting of an integrated control (FIGURE 6 with control terminal designations in TABLE 1, TABLE 2, TABLE 3), sensor and ignitor (FIGURE 7). The integrated control and ignitor work in combination to ensure furnace ignition and ignitor durability. The integrated control controls all major furnace operations. The integrated control also features a RED LED for troubleshooting and two accessory terminals rated at (1) one amp. See TABLE 6. for troubleshooting diagnostic codes. The nitride ignitor is made from a non-porous, high strength proprietary ceramic material that provides long life and trouble free maintenance.

TABLE 1

1/4" QUICK CONNECT TERMINALS	
120V HUM	POWER FOR HUMIDIFIER (120 VAC)
LINE	INCOMING POWER LINE (120 VAC)
XFMR	TRANSFORMER PRIMARY (120 VAC)
CIRC	INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR (120 VAC)
ACC	ACCESSORY (120 VAC)
24V HUM	HUMIDIFIER (24 VAC)
NEUTRALS	NEUTRAL (5)
3/16" QUICK CONNECT TERMINALS	
COOL	COOL SPEED TAP FROM INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR (24 VAC)
HEAT	HEAT SPEED TAP FROM INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR (24 VAC)
FAN	CONTINUOUS FAN SPEED TAP FROM INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR (24 VAC)
FLAME SENSE	FLAME SENSOR ELECTRODE (120 VAC)
COMMON	COMMON (24 VAC)
TWIN	24V TWINNING COMMUNICATION
PARK	3 TERMINALS TO PARK UNUSED MOTOR SPEED TAPS

TABLE 2

THERMOSTAT INPUT TERMINALS	
W	HEAT
C	COMMON GROUND
R	24V AC
G	FAN
Y	COOL
O	REVERSING VALVE (when W951 is clipped)

TABLE 3

LOW GWP INTERFACE	
LGWP1	LOW GWP SENSOR #1 INTERFACE
LGWP2	LOW GWP SENSOR #2 INTERFACE
ALARM	INTERFACE TO LOW GWP LEAK AUDIBLE ALARM (DRY CONTACT)
ZONE	INTERFACE TO ZONING CONTROL (DRY CONTACT)
LGWP TEST	PUSH BUTTON TO TEST LOW GWP FUNCTIONALITY

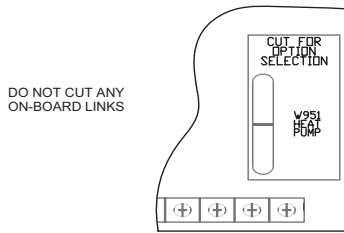
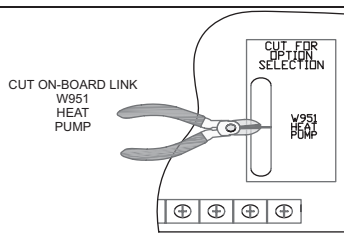
Thermostat	On Board Links Must NOT Be Cut To Select AC ON System Options	Wiring Connections																		
Heat / Cool		<table border="0"> <tr> <td>S1 T'STAT</td> <td>FURNACE TERM. STRIP</td> <td>OUTDOOR UNIT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>W</td><td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>R</td><td>R</td><td>R</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td><td>G</td><td>G</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td><td>C</td><td>C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td><td>Y</td><td>Y</td> </tr> </table>	S1 T'STAT	FURNACE TERM. STRIP	OUTDOOR UNIT	W	W		R	R	R	G	G	G	C	C	C	Y	Y	Y
S1 T'STAT	FURNACE TERM. STRIP	OUTDOOR UNIT																		
W	W																			
R	R	R																		
G	G	G																		
C	C	C																		
Y	Y	Y																		

FIGURE 3

Thermostat	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select Heat Pump Options	Wiring Connections																					
Dual Fuel Single Stage Heat Pump ComfortSense thermostat w/ dual fuel capa- bilities		<table border="0"> <tr> <td>T'STAT</td> <td>FURNACE TERM. STRIP</td> <td>HEAT PUMP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R</td><td>R</td><td>R</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>W</td><td>W</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td><td>G</td><td>G</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td><td>Y</td><td>Y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td><td>G</td><td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td><td>C</td><td>C</td> </tr> </table>	T'STAT	FURNACE TERM. STRIP	HEAT PUMP	R	R	R	W	W	W	G	G	G	Y	Y	Y	G	G		C	C	C
T'STAT	FURNACE TERM. STRIP	HEAT PUMP																					
R	R	R																					
W	W	W																					
G	G	G																					
Y	Y	Y																					
G	G																						
C	C	C																					

*Connect W to W ONLY if using defrost tempering kit 67M41

FIGURE 4

Heating Ignition Sequence FIGURE 5

On a call for heat the integrated control monitors the combustion air inducer pressure switch. The control will not begin the heating cycle if the pressure switch is closed (bypassed). Once the pressure switch is determined to be open, the combustion air inducer is energized. When the differential in the pressure switch is great enough, the pressure switch closes and a 15-second pre-purge begins. After 5-minute wait period expires, the control shall start the Ignition Sequence from the beginning if the call for heat is still present.

After the 15-second pre-purge period, the ignitor warms up for 20 seconds during which the gas valve opens at 19 seconds for a 4-second trial for ignition. The ignitor remains energized for the first 3 seconds during the 4 second trial. If ignition is not proved during the 4-second period, the integrated control will try four more times with an inter purge and warm-up time between trials of 35 seconds. After a total of five trials for ignition (including the initial trial), the integrated control goes into Watchguard-Flame Failure mode. After a 60-minute reset period, the integrated control will begin the ignition sequence again.

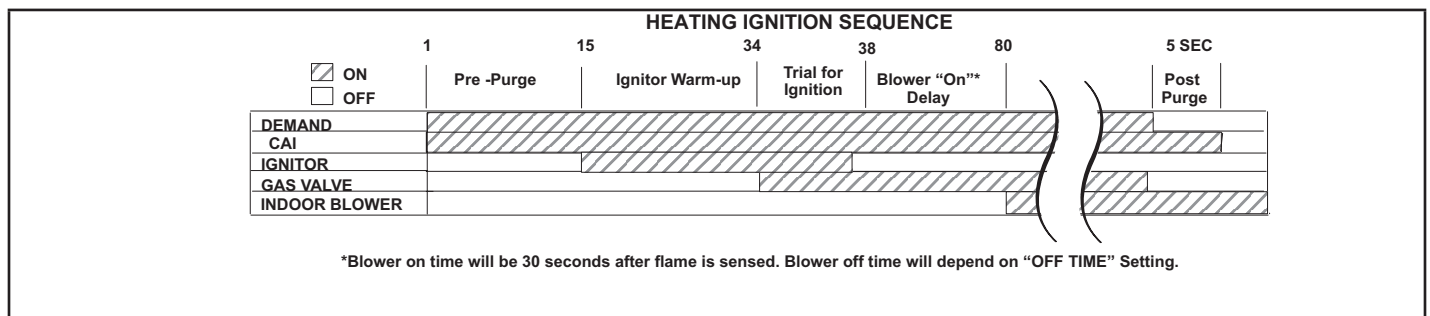


FIGURE 5

TABLE 6
Integrated Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment
A	Indoor Blower Operation: Continuous Fan only mode
dF	Defrost mode
.	Idle mode (Decimal blinks at 1 Hertz -- 0.5 second ON, 0.5 second OFF).
C	Cooling stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / Repeat codes.
d	Dehumidification mode (1 second ON, 1 second OFF) / Pause / Repeat Codes).
H	Gas Heat Stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / Repeat codes. Blinking during ignition.
h	Heat pump stage.

* No change implies the display will continue to show whatever is currently being displayed for normal operation (blinking decimal, active error code, heat state, etc.)

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E000	No error in memory	No active fault exists, or all faults have been cleared
E106	Twin Communication Fault	This may indicate: 1) The power is removed from one furnace and not the other or/and 2) The 24 VAC supply to the twins are not in phase
E110	Low line voltage.	Line Voltage Low (Voltage lower than nameplate rating). Check power line voltage and correct. Alarm clears 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E111	Line voltage polarity reversed.	Reverse line power voltage wiring. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E112	Ground not detected.	System shuts down. Provide proper earth ground. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E113	High line voltage.	Line Voltage High (Voltage higher than nameplate rating). Provide power voltage within proper range. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E114	Line voltage frequency out-of-range.	No 60 Hertz Power. Check voltage and line power frequency. Correct voltage and frequency problems. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E115	Low 24V - Control will restart if the error recovers.	24-Volt Power Low (Range is 18 to 30 volts). Check and correct voltage. Check for additional power-robbing equipment connected to system. May require installation of larger VA transformer to be installed in furnace / air handler. Clears after fault recovered.
E117	Poor ground detected (Warning only).	Provide proper grounding for unit. Check for proper earth ground to the system. Warning only will clear 30 seconds after fault recovered.

TABLE 4 Continued

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E125	Control failed self-check, internal error, failed hardware. Will restart if error recovers. Integrated control not communicating. Covers hardware errors (flame sense circuit faults, pin shorts, etc.).	Hardware problem on the control. Cycle power on control. Replace if problem prevents service and is persistent. Critical alert. Cleared 300 seconds after fault recovered.
E150	Refrigerant Leak detected	This may indicate the presence of a leak at or in the indoor unit coil of the equipment, that will need to be repaired for proper and safe system operation. Additionally, it may indicate that proper refrigerant charge will need to be verified. This fault cannot be cleared while the refrigerant detection system sensor is reporting the presence of a leak
E151	Refrigerant Leak Detector Sensor #1 fault	The refrigerant detection sensor #1 in the unit is reporting an issue that prevents it from functioning properly, and replacement of the sensor may be necessary. This fault clears when the sensor no longer reports the presence of a fault condition.
E152	Refrigerant Leak Detector Sensor #2 fault	The refrigerant detection sensor #2 in the unit is reporting an issue that prevents it from functioning properly, and replacement of the sensor may be necessary. This fault clears when the sensor no longer reports the presence of a fault condition.
E154	Refrigerant Leak Detector Sensor #1 Communication lost or invalid sensor dip switch configuration (ON/OFF)	There may be an issue with the wiring harness connecting the sensor #1 to the furnace control board, either with the wiring itself or with the connector. Check the wiring and the connector for damage or improper connectivity. Check the sensor for damage or obstruction on the harness plug. This fault clears when communications with the sensor has been reestablished, but blower latches for a minimum of 5 minutes. Retest of the presence of fault can be effected by pressing the Low GWP test button on the furnace unit control board. This may also indicate incorrect Low GWP dip switch settings. Please refer to installation instructions.
E155	Refrigerant Leak Detector Sensor #2 Communication lost	There may be an issue with the wiring harness connecting the sensor #2 to the furnace control board, either with the wiring itself or with the connector. Check the wiring and the connector for damage or improper connectivity. Check the sensor for damage or obstruction on the harness plug. This fault clears when communications with the sensor has been reestablished, but blower latches for a minimum of 5 minutes. Retest of the presence of fault can be effected by pressing the Low GWP test button on the furnace unit control board
E160	Refrigerant Leak Detector Sensor #1 type incorrect	The sensor #1 is of a type not suitable for use in the application. Replace the sensor with a Lennox approved replacement part. This fault clears when a sensor suitable for the application is detected by the furnace control board, but blower will latch for a minimum of 5 minutes. Retest of the presence of the fault can be effected by pressing the Low GWP test button on the furnace unit control board.
E161	Refrigerant Leak Detector Sensor #2 type incorrect	The sensor #2 is of a type not suitable for use in the application. Replace the sensor with a Lennox approved replacement part. This fault clears when a sensor suitable for the application is detected by the furnace control board, but blower will latch for a minimum of 5 minutes. Retest of the presence of the fault can be effected by pressing the Low GWP test button on the furnace unit control board.
E163	Furnace Control Board Failure	There is an issue with the furnace control board, preventing the furnace from operating properly. This may require the replacement of the indoor unit control board. This fault clears when the furnace controller operates normally.

TABLE 4 Continued

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E164	Low GWP Test	Low GWP Test mode activates by manually engaging Low GWP test button. Normal operations resumes and code clears automatically after 1-minute
E200	Hard lockout - Rollout circuit open or previously open.	Correct cause of rollout trip, or replace flame rollout switch. Test furnace operation. Cleared after fault recovered.
E204	Gas valve mis-wired.	Check gas valve operation and wiring. Clears when repaired.
E223	Low pressure switch failed open.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E224	Low pressure switch failed closed.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E227	Low pressure switch open during trial for ignition or run mode.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E240	Low flame current - Run mode.	Check micro-amperes of flame sensor using control diagnostics or field-installed mode. Clean or replace sensor. Measure voltage of neutral to ground to ensure good unit ground. Alert clears after current heat call has been completed.
E241	Flame sensed out of sequence - Flame still present.	Shut off gas. Check for gas valve leak. Replace, if necessary. Alert clears when fault is recovered.
E250	Limit switch circuit open.	Check for proper firing rate on furnace. Ensure there is no blockage in heater. Check for proper air flow. If limit not closed within 3 minutes, unit will go into 1-hour soft lockout. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E270	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of retries. No flame current sensed.	Check for proper gas flow. Ensure that ignitor is lighting burner. Check flame sensor current. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E271	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of retries. Last retry failed due to the pressure switch opening.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E272	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle due to the pressure switch opening.	Check operation of low pressure switch to see if it is stuck closed on heat call. Check pressure (inches w.c.) of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E273	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle due to flame failure.	Check micro-amperes of flame sensor using control diagnostics or field-installed mode. Clean or replace sensor. Measure voltage of neutral to ground to ensure good unit ground. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E274	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle failed due to the limit circuit opening or limit remained open longer than 3 minutes.	Shut down system. 1-hour soft lockout. Check firing rate and air flow. Check for blockage. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E275	Soft lockout - Flame sensed out of sequence. Flame signal is gone.	Shut off gas. Check for gas valve leak. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when flame has been proven stable.
E290	Ignitor circuit fault - Failed ignitor or triggering circuitry.	Measure resistance of hot surface ignitor. Replace if open or not within specifications. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when flame has been proven stable.
E390	Low GWP Relay Stuck	This indicates an issue with the Low GWP relay in the furnace control. This may require the replacement of the indoor unit control board. This fault clears when the relay operates normally.

B - Heating

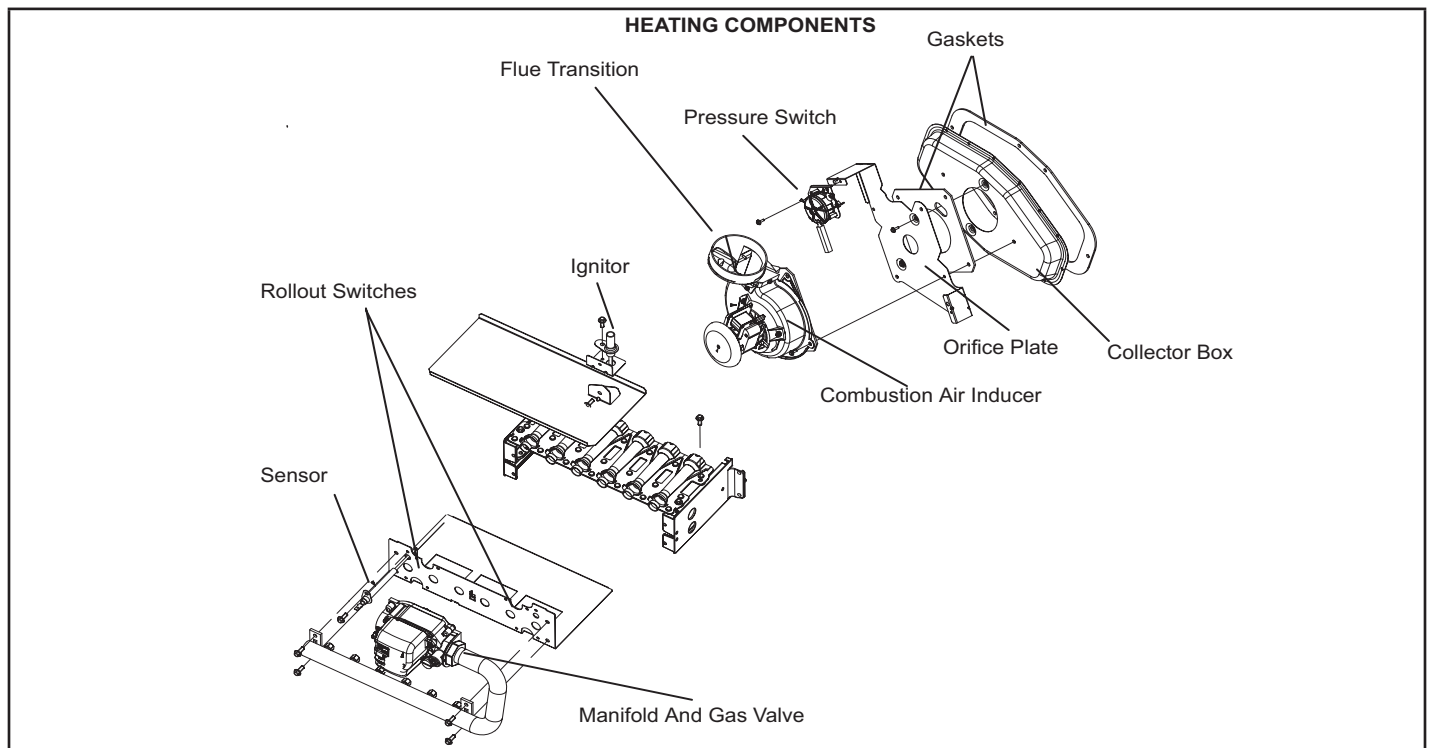


FIGURE 7

1. Flame Rollout Switches (FIGURE 7)

Flame rollout switch (S47) is a high temperature limit. Each furnace is equipped with two identical switches. The limit is a N.C. SPST manual-reset limit connected in series with the integrated control A92. When S47 senses rollout, the integrated control immediately stops ignition and closes the gas valve. If unit is running and flame rollout is detected, the gas valve will close and integrated control will be disabled. Rollout can be caused by a blocked heat exchanger, blocked flue or lack of combustion air. The switch has a factory setpoint of 210°F and cannot be adjusted. To manually reset a tripped switch, push the reset button located on the control.

2. Primary Limit Control

The primary limit on ML180UHEK units is located in the heating vestibule panel under the combustion air inducer. See FIGURE 8. When excess heat is sensed in the heat exchanger, the limit will open. If the limit is open, the integrated control energizes the supply air blower and closes the gas valve. The limit automatically resets when unit temperature returns to normal.

The switch must reset within three minutes or the control will go into Watchguard for one hour. The switch is factory set and cannot be adjusted. The switch may have a different setpoint for each unit model number. If limit switch must be replaced, refer to Lennox ProductZone repair parts list.

3. Flame Sensor (FIGURE 7)

A flame sensor is located on the left side of the burner support. The sensor is mounted on the flame rollout plate and the tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the left-most burner. The sensor can be removed for service (clean with steel wool) without removing any part of the burners. During operation, flame is sensed by current passed through the flame and sensing electrode. The integrated control allows the gas valve to remain open as long as flame signal is sensed.

A microamp DC meter is needed to check the flame signal on the integrated control.

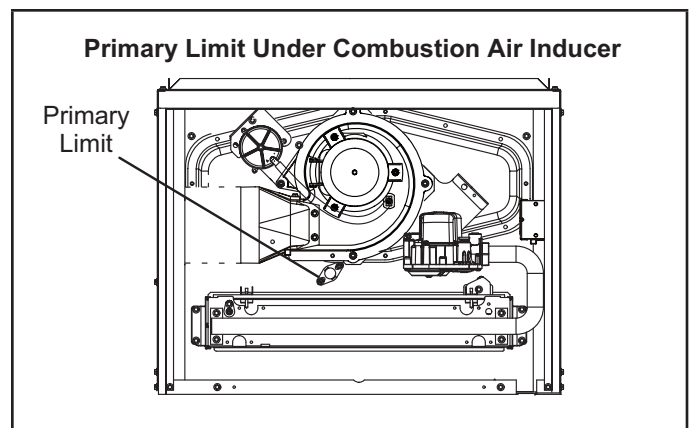


FIGURE 8

Flame (microamp) signal is an electrical current which passes from the integrated control to the sensor during unit operation. Current passes from the sensor through the flame to ground to complete a safety circuit.

To Measure Flame Signal - Integrated Control:

Use a digital readout meter capable of reading DC microamps.

See FIGURE 9 and TABLE 7 for flame signal check.

- 1 - Set the meter to the DC amps scale.
- 2 - Turn off supply voltage to control.
- 3 - Remove sensor wire from integrated control.

- 4 - Connect (-) lead to flame sensor wire.
- 5 - Connect (+) lead to Terminal "Flame Sense" on integrated control.
- 6 - Turn supply voltage on and close thermostat contacts to cycle system.
- 7 - When main burners are in operation for two minutes, take reading.

TABLE 7

Flame Signal in Microamps		
Normal	Low	Drop Out
1.5 or greater	0.5 - 1.4	0.4 or less

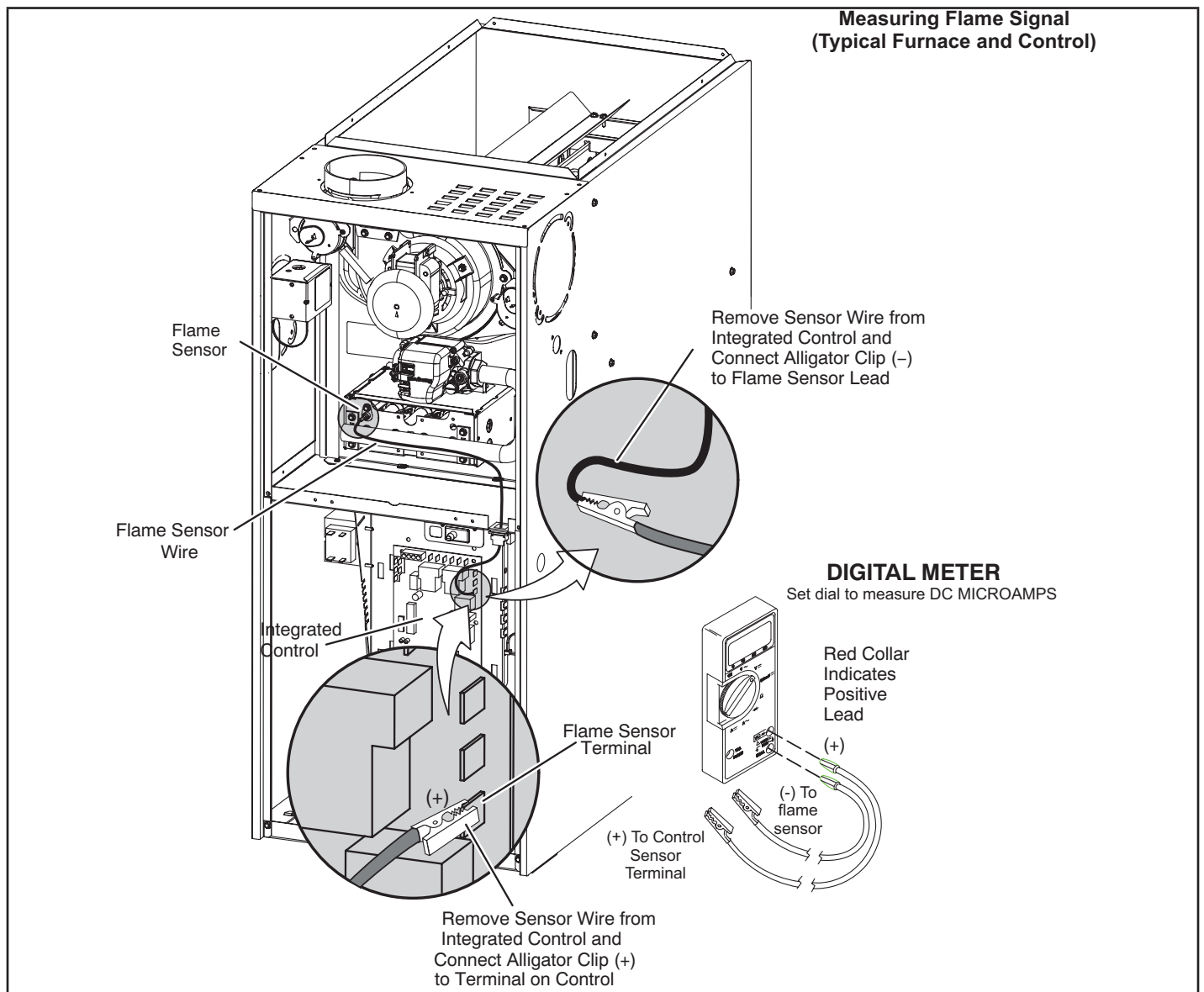


FIGURE 9

4. Gas Valve (FIGURE 7)

The ML180UHEK uses an internally redundant gas valve to assure safety shut-off. If the gas valve must be replaced, the same type valve must be used. 24VAC terminals and valve switch are located on the valve. All terminals on the gas valve are connected to wires from the integrated control. 24V applied to the terminals energizes the valve.

Inlet and outlet pressure taps are located on the valve. A regulator adjustment screw is located on the valve. LPG changeover kits are available from Lennox. Kits include burner orifices and a gas valve regulator spring.

5. Combustion Air Inducer (B6)

All ML180UHEK units use a combustion air inducer to move air through the burners and heat exchanger during heating operation. The blower uses a 120VAC motor. The motor operates during all heating operation and is controlled by integrated control A92. The inducer also operates for 15 seconds before burner ignition (pre-purge) and for 5 seconds after the gas valve closes (post-purge). A pressure switch mounted on the combustion air inducer orifice plate is used to prove inducer operation. The combustion air inducer orifice will be different for each model.

See TABLE 8 for orifice sizes. The switch monitors air pressure in the inducer housing. During normal operation, the pressure in the housing is negative. If pressure becomes less negative (signifying any obstruction in the flue) the pressure switch opens. When the pressure switch opens, the integrated control (A92) immediately de-energizes the gas valve to prevent burner operation.

TABLE 8

Model	C.A.I. Orifice Size
045E36AK	1.063"
070E36BK	1.316"
090E48BK, 090E60CK	1.531"
110E60CK	1.690"
135E60DK	1.940"

6. Ignitor (FIGURE 7)

The nitride ignitor is made from a proprietary ceramic material. To check ignitor, measure its resistance and voltage. A value of 39 to 70 ohms indicates a good ignitor. Voltage to the ignitor should be 120VAC. See FIGURE 10 for resistance, and voltage check.

NOTE - The ML180UHEK furnace contains electronic components that are polarity sensitive. Make sure that the furnace is wired correctly and is properly grounded.

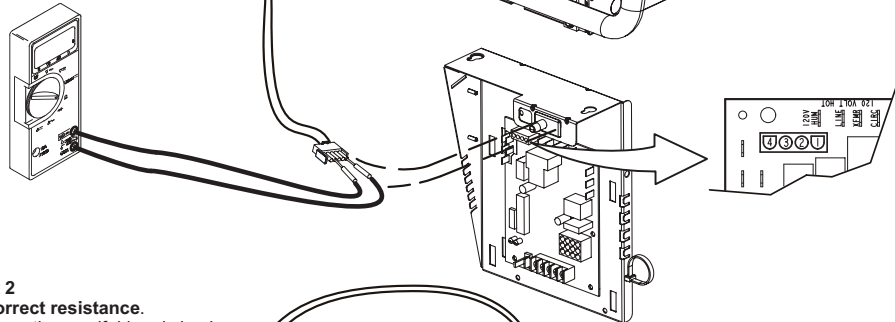
IGNITOR CHECKS

Test 1

Check ignitor circuit for correct resistance.

Remove HSI /CAI 4-pin plug from control.
Check ohms reading across terminals 2 and 4.
The reading should be between 39 and 70 ohms. If value is correct, this is the only test needed.
If the reading on the meter is not correct, (0 or infinity) then a second test is needed.

Meter
(set to ohms)

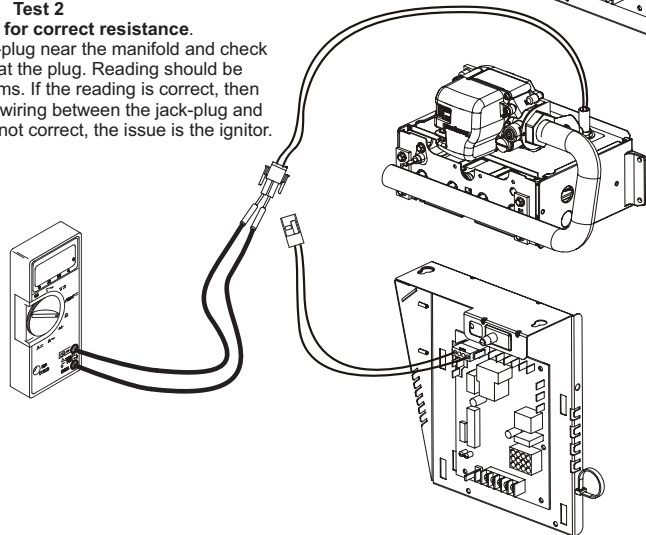


Test 2

Check ignitor for correct resistance.

Separate the 2-pin jack-plug near the manifold and check resistance of ignitor at the plug. Reading should be between 39 and 70 ohms. If the reading is correct, then the problem is with the wiring between the jack-plug and the control. If reading is not correct, the issue is the ignitor.

Meter
(set to ohms)



Test 3

Check ignitor for correct voltage

Insert meter probes into terminals 2 and 4 (use small diameter probes in order not to damage plug).
Check voltage during 20 second ignitor warm up period.
Voltage should read 120 volts \pm 10%. If voltage reads below these values, check for correct supply voltage to furnace.

Meter
(set to ohms)

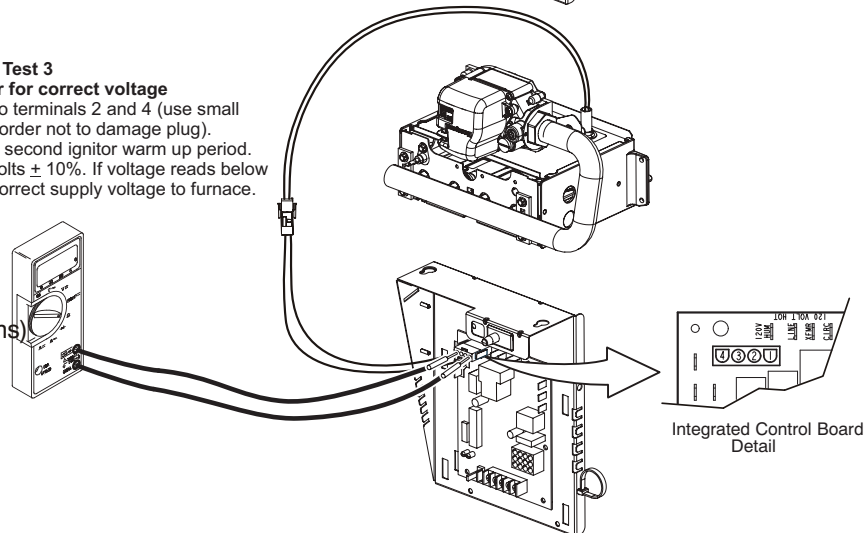


FIGURE 10

7. Combustion Air Inducer Pressure Switch (S18)

ML180UHEK series units are equipped with a combustion air pressure switch located on the combustion air inducer orifice bracket. The switch is connected to the combustion air inducer housing by means of a flexible silicone hose. It monitors negative air pressure in the combustion air inducer housing.

The switch is a single-pole single-throw proving switch electrically connected to the furnace control. The purpose of the switch is to prevent burner operation if the combustion air inducer is not operating or if the flue becomes obstructed.

On start-up, the switch senses that the combustion air inducer is operating. It closes a circuit to the integrated control when pressure inside the combustion air inducer decreases to a certain set point. Set points vary depending on unit size. See TABLE 9. The pressure sensed by the switch is negative relative to atmospheric pressure. If the flue becomes obstructed during operation, the switch senses a loss of negative pressure (pressure becomes more equal with atmospheric pressure) and opens the circuit to the integrated control and gas valve. A bleed port on the switch allows relatively dry air in the vestibule to purge switch tubing, to prevent condensate build up.

TABLE 9

Unit	inches wc	
	Make	Break ± 0.05
045E36AK	-0.75	-0.65
070E36BK	-0.85	-0.70
090E60CK	-0.80	-0.65
090E48BK	-0.85	-0.70
110E60CK	-0.85	-0.70
135E60DK	-0.80	-0.65

The switch is factory set and is not field adjustable. It is a safety shut-down control in the furnace and must not be bypassed for any reason. If switch is closed or by-passed, the integrated control will not initiate ignition at start up.

Troubleshooting

See FIGURE 11 for measuring operating pressure and checking resistance in the pressure switch.

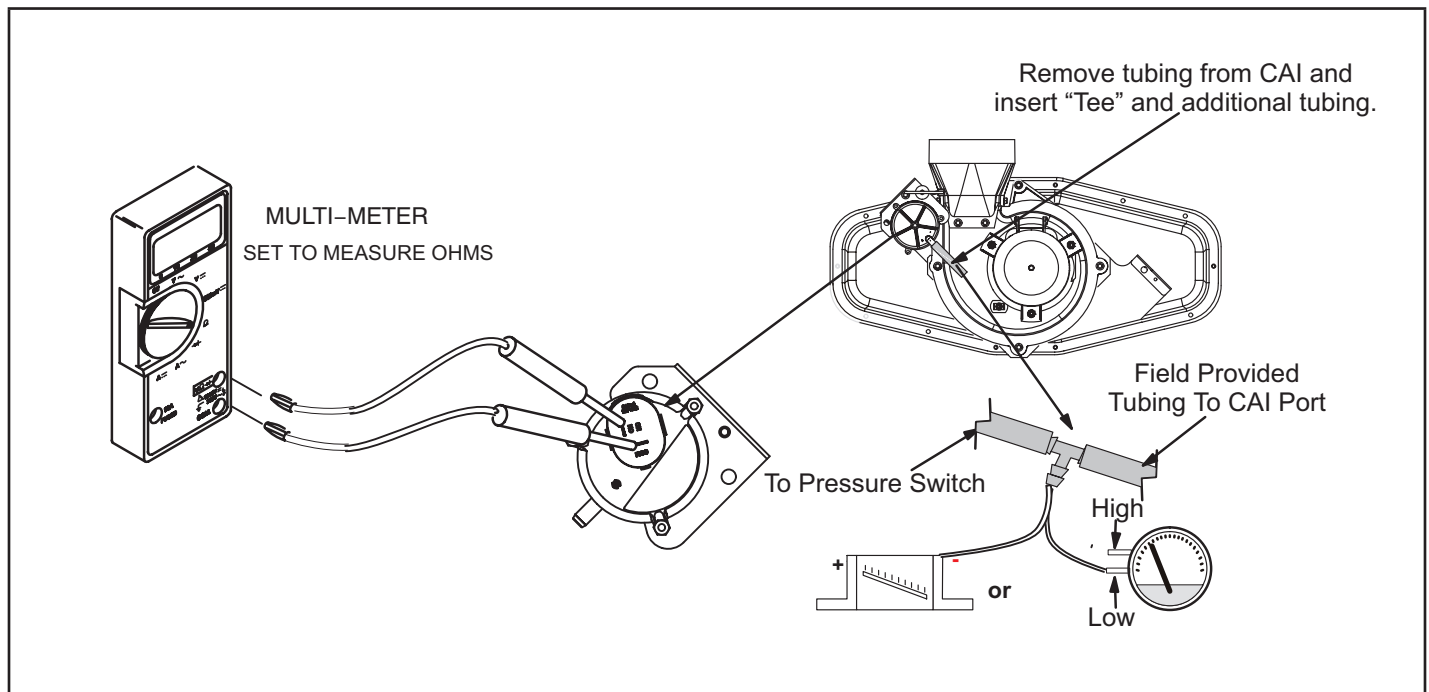


FIGURE 11

Multiple Venting

The ML180UHEK furnace can vent in multiple positions. See FIGURE 12. The make up box may be removed and the combustion air inducer may be rotated clockwise or counterclockwise 90° to allow for vertical or horizontal vent discharge in a vertical or horizontal cabinet position.

NOTE - For any Low GWP refrigerant systems with exposed line set joints installed in the same space, each non-direct vent furnace system must have a refrigerant detection sensor installed below the level of the burners. Any direct vent furnace system is not subject to this requirement.

Remove the four mounting screws, rotate the assembly (assembly consists of orifice plate, proving switch, gasket and combustion air inducer), then reinstall the mounting screws. See unit Installation Instructions for more detail.

IMPORTANT

The combustion air pressure switch must be moved for horizontal discharge air left position.

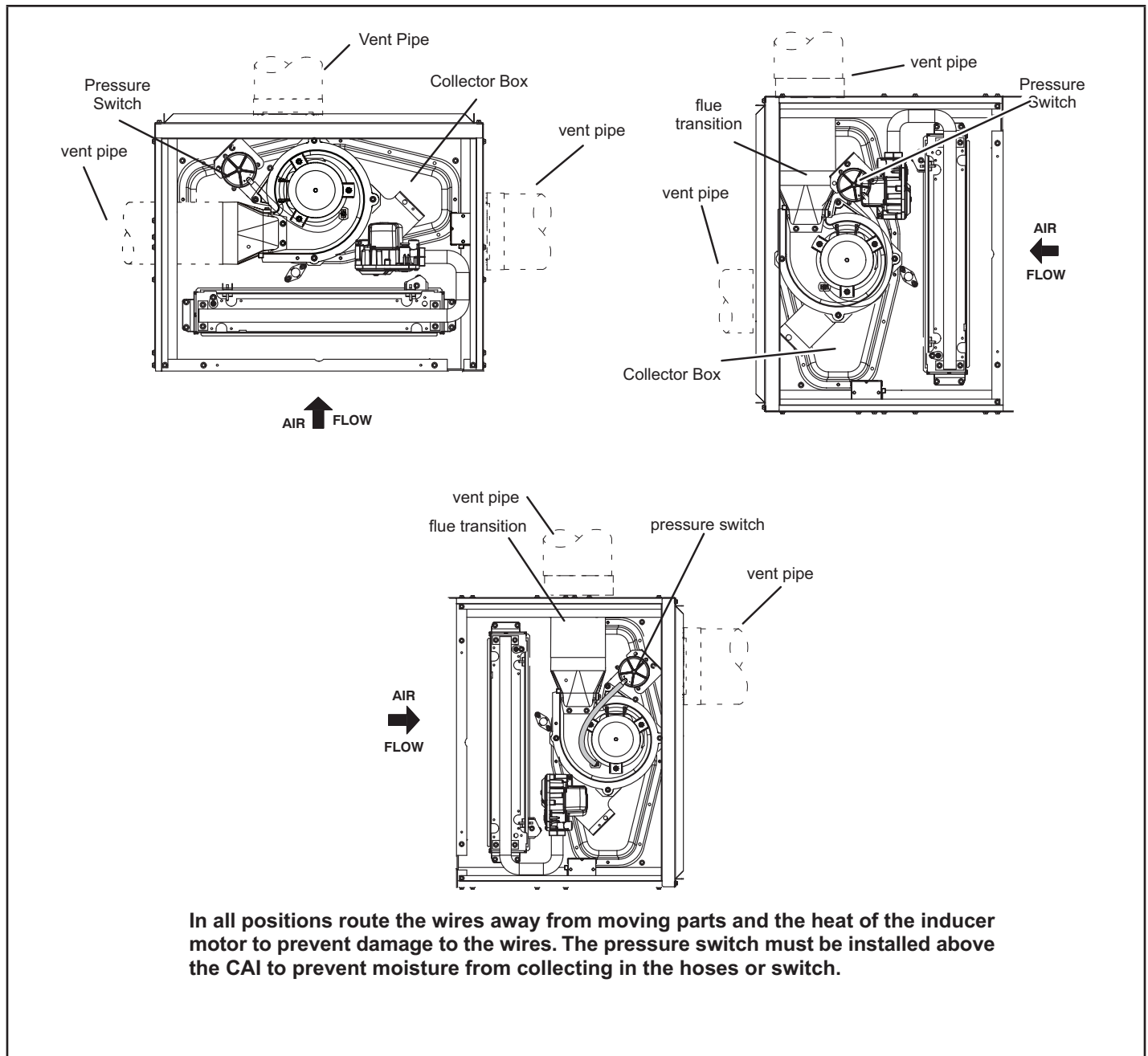


FIGURE 12

C - Blower Motor

IMPORTANT

Each blower is statically and dynamically balanced as an assembly before installation in the unit.

ML180UHEK units are equipped with a constant torque ECM motor. It has a DC motor coupled to an electronic control module both contained in the same motor housing. The motor is programmed to provide constant torque at each of the five selectable speed taps. Each tap requires 24 volts to energize.

Input Voltage Requirements

The circuit is designed to be operated with AC voltage. To enable a tap requires 12 to 33VAC. Expected current draw will be less than 20mA.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting the motor is an easy process. Follow steps below.

- 1 - Shut off power to unit.
- 2 - Remove input connectors J48 and J49 from motor.
See FIGURE 15 for troubleshooting procedure.

If correct voltage is present in tests 1 and 2 and motor is not operating properly, replace motor. The motor is not field repairable.

If replacing the indoor blower motor or blower wheel is necessary, placement is critical. The blower wheel must be centered in the blower housing as shown in FIGURE 13. When replacing the indoor blower motor the set screw must be aligned and tightened with the motor shaft as shown in FIGURE 14.

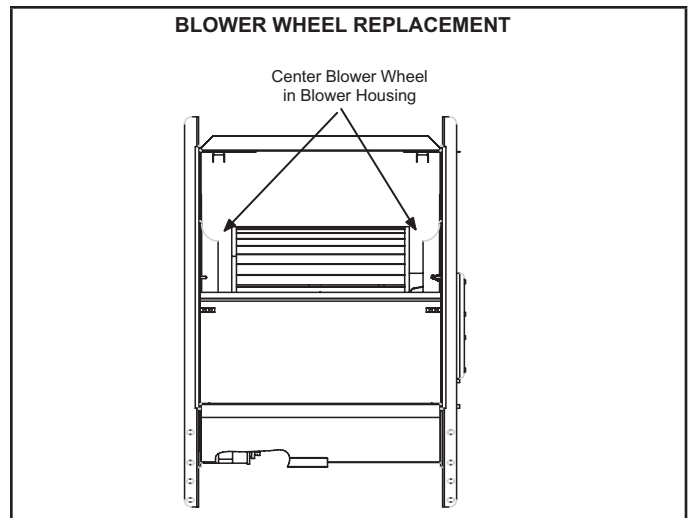


FIGURE 13

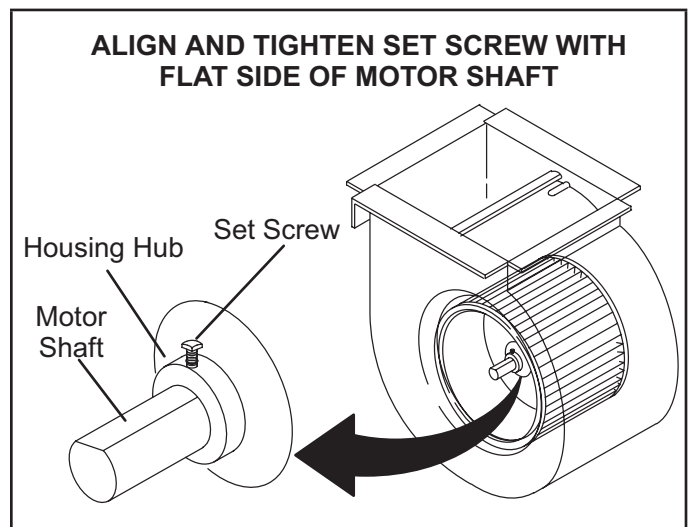
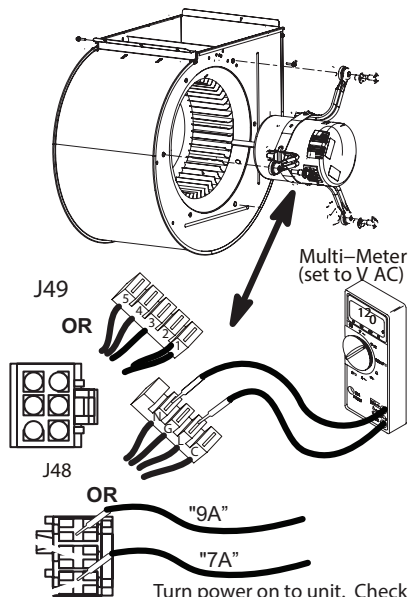
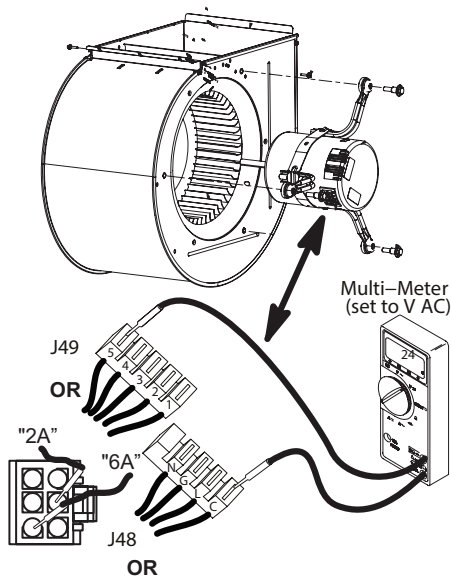


FIGURE 14



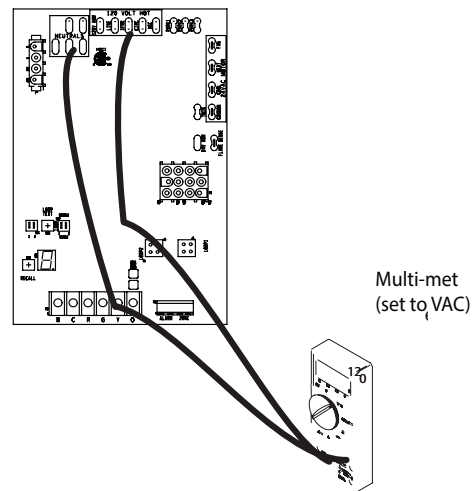
Test 1

Turn power on to unit. Check for 120 volts across terminals "L" and "N" or terminals "7A" and "9A" of connector J48. If voltage is present continue to test 2. If voltage is not present problem may be upstream of J48. Proceed to test3.



Test 2

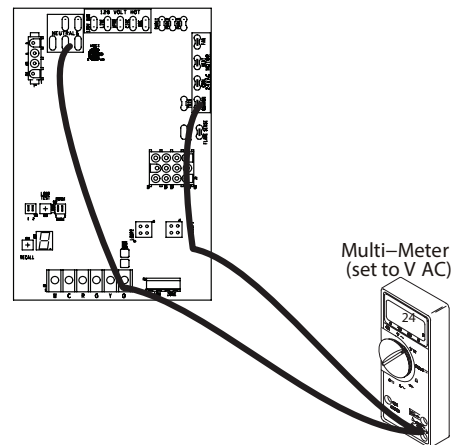
Switch thermostat to CONTINUOUS FAN MODE. For units using 4 and 5 position connector blocks, test for 24 volts terminal "C" of J48 and the tap used for continuous fan on J49 (1, 2, 3, 4 or 5). For units using 3 and 6 position connectors, test for 24 volts between pin "6A" and the pin used for continuous fan on connector J49 (1, 2, 3, 4 or 5).



Test 3 (if necessary)

NOTE- Ignition control illustration is typical

Check for 120 volts across terminals "L1" and "Neutrals" on the integrated control. If voltage is present, problem is with the harness. If voltage is not present problem may be with the integrated control.



Test 4 (if necessary)

NOTE- Ignition control illustration is typical

Check for 24 volts across terminals "24 COM" and the "active speed tap" on the integrated control. If voltage is present, problem is with the harness. If voltage is not present problem may be with the integrated control

FIGURE 15

Replacing the Motor Module

- 1 - Disconnect electrical power to unit.
- 2 - Remove unit access panel.
- 3 - Unplug the two harnesses from the motor control module. See FIGURE 16.

NOTE - Not all motors have field replaceable control modules. Only motors that utilize a 4 pin power connector and 5 pin signal connector as shown below may have replaceable controls. Motors that use a 3 pin power connector and 6 pin signal connector do not have field replaceable control modules. In the event of failure, the entire motor must be replaced.

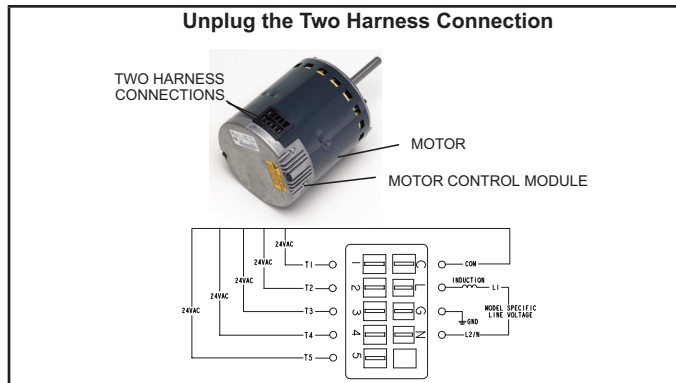


FIGURE 16

- 4 - Remove the two hex head bolts securing the motor control module to the motor (FIGURE 17).



FIGURE 17

- 5 - Slide the motor control module away from the motor to access and disconnect the internal three wire connector. It is not necessary to remove blower motor itself. Set both hex head bolts aside.

Testing the Motor (FIGURE 18)

If any motor fails the below tests, do not install the new control module. The motor is defective and it also must be replaced. The new control can fail if placed on a defective motor.

- 1 - Using an ohmmeter check the resistance from any one of the motor connector pins to the aluminum end plate of the motor. This resistance should be greater than 100k ohms.
- 2 - Check the resistances between each of the three motor connector pins. These should all read approximately the same resistance within an ohm.

Motor Test



FIGURE 18

TABLE 10

Scale	Measurement range in words	ohms
2 M	two megohm-two million ohms	0 - 2,000,000
200 K	two hundred kilo-ohm-two hundred thousand ohms	0 - 200,000
20 K	twenty kilo-ohm-twenty thousand ohms	0 - 20,000
2 K	two kilo-ohm two-thousand ohms	0 - 2,000
200	two hundred ohms	0 - 200

Motor Module Installation

All replacement motor control modules look similar; however, each module is designed for a specific motor size. It is very important to make sure that you are using the correct replacement motor control module. **USE OF THE WRONG MOTOR CONTROL MODULE MAY RESULT IN UNEXPECTED UNIT OPERATION.**

- 1 - Verify electrical power to unit is disconnected.
- 2 - Connect three-wire harness from motor to control module.
- 3 - Mount new motor control module to motor using two hex head bolts removed in figure 10. Torque bolts to 22 inch pounds or 1/16th clock wise turn.
- 4 - Reconnect the two harnesses to the motor control module.
- 5 - The electrical connectors of the motor should be facing down to form a drip loop (FIGURE 19). This will directs moisture away from the motor and its electric connections on the motor

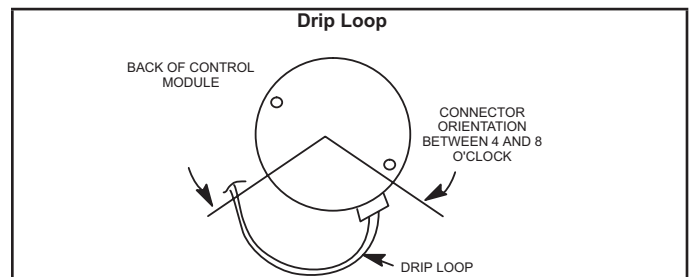


FIGURE 19

II- PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure unit is installed in accordance with installation instructions and applicable codes.

III- START-UP

A- Heating Start-Up

**WARNING**

Shock and burn hazard.
ML180UHE(X) units are equipped with a hot surface ignition system. Do not attempt to light manually.

Gas Valve Operation

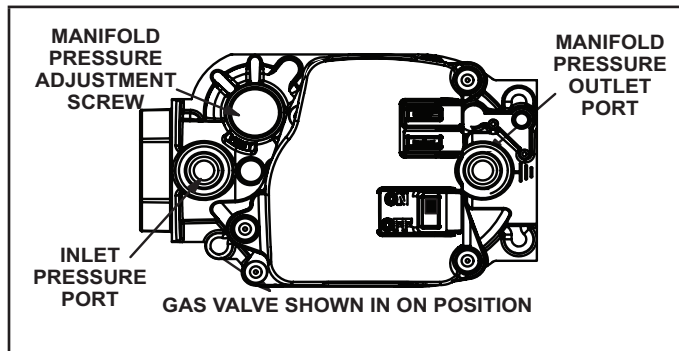


FIGURE 20

- 1 - **STOP!** Read the safety information at the beginning of this section.
- 2 - Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- 3 - Turn off all electrical power to the unit.
- 4 - This furnace is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burners. Do not try to light the burners by hand.
- 5 - Remove the upper access panel.
- 6 - Move gas valve switch to OFF position. Do not force. See FIGURE 20.
- 7 - Wait five minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas go to next step.
- 8 - Move gas valve switch to ON position. Do not force. See FIGURE 20.
- 9 - Replace the upper access panel.
- 10 - Turn on all electrical power to the unit.
- 11 - Set the thermostat to desired setting.

NOTE - When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 11 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

- 12 - If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Unit" and call the gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- 1 - Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- 2 - Turn off all electrical power to the unit if service is to be performed.
- 3 - Remove the upper access panel.
- 4 - Move gas valve switch to OFF position. Do not force. See FIGURE 20.
- 5 - Replace the upper access panel.

B- Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Disconnect main power to unit. Close manual and main gas valves.

C- Extended Period Shutdown

Turn off thermostat or set to "UNOCCUPIED" mode. Close all gas valves (both internal and external to unit) to guarantee no gas leaks into combustion chamber. Turn off power to unit. All access panels and covers must be in place and secured.

IV-HEATING SYSTEM SERVICE CHECKS

A- C.S.A. Certification

All units are C.S.A. design certified without modifications. Refer to the ML180UHEK Installation Instruction.

B- Gas Piping

Gas supply piping should not allow more than 0.5"W.C. drop in pressure between gas meter and unit. Supply gas pipe must not be smaller than unit gas connection. Compounds used on gas piping threaded joints should be resistant to action of liquefied petroleum gases.

C- Testing Gas Piping

**CAUTION**

If a flexible gas connector is required or allowed by the authority that has jurisdiction, black iron pipe shall be installed at the gas valve and extend outside the furnace cabinet.

**IMPORTANT**

In case emergency shutdown is required, turn off the main shut-off valve and disconnect the main power to unit. These controls should be properly labeled by the installer.

**WARNING**

Do not exceed 600 in-lbs (50 ft-lbs) torque when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5psig (14" W.C.). See FIGURE 21. If the pressure is equal to or less than 0.5psig (14"W.C.), close the manual shut-off valve before pressure testing to isolate furnace from gas supply.

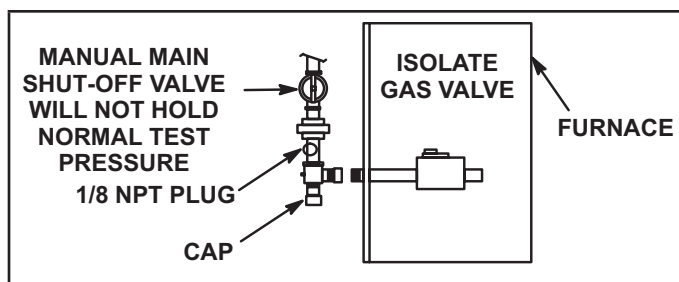


FIGURE 21

When checking piping connections for gas leaks, use preferred means. Kitchen detergents can cause harmful corrosion on various metals used in gas piping. Use of a specialty Gas Leak Detector is strongly recommended. It is available through Lennox under part number 31B2001. See Corp. 8411-L10, for further details.

Do not use matches, candles, flame or any other source of ignition to check for gas leaks.

D- Gas Pressure Adjustment

Gas Flow (Approximate)

TABLE 11

GAS METER CLOCKING CHART				
ML180UHEK Unit	Seconds For One Revolution			
	Natural		LP/Propane	
	1 cu ft Dial	2 cu ft Dial	1 cu ft Dial	2 cu ft Dial
-045	80	160	200	400
-070	55	110	136	272
-090	41	82	102	204
-110	33	66	82	164
-135	27	54	68	136
Natural-1000 btu/cu ft LP-2500 btu/cu ft				

Furnace should operate at least 5 minutes before checking gas flow. Determine time in seconds for two revolutions of gas through the meter. (Two revolutions assures a more accurate time.) Divide by two and compare to time in TABLE 11. If manifold pressure matches TABLE 13 and rate is incorrect, check gas orifices for proper size and restriction. Remove temporary gas meter if installed.

NOTE - To obtain accurate reading, shut off all other gas appliances connected to meter.

E- Supply and Manifold Pressure

Supply Pressure Measurement

- 1 - Remove the threaded plug from the inlet side of the gas valve and install a field-provided barbed fitting. Connect to a test gauge to measure supply pressure.

- 2 - Start unit and allow 5 minutes for unit to reach steady state.
- 3 - After allowing unit to stabilize for 5 minutes, record supply pressure and compare to value given in TABLE 13.

Manifold Pressure Measurement

- 1 - Remove the threaded plug from the outlet side of the gas valve and install a field-provided barbed fitting. Connect to a test gauge to measure manifold pressure.
- 2 - Start unit and allow 5 minutes for unit to reach steady state.
- 3 - While waiting for the unit to stabilize, observe the flame. Flame should be stable and should not lift from burner. Natural gas should burn blue.
- 4 - After allowing unit to stabilize for 5 minutes, record manifold pressure and compare to value given in TABLE 13.

NOTE - Shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained. Take care to remove barbed fitting and replace threaded plug.

F- Proper Combustion

Furnace should operate a minimum 15 minutes with correct manifold pressure and gas flow rate before checking combustion. Take combustion sample beyond the flue outlet and compare to the table below. **The maximum carbon monoxide reading should not exceed 100 ppm.**

TABLE 12

ML180UHEK Unit	CO ₂ % Nat	CO ₂ % LP
-045	7.2 - 7.8	7.5 - 9.0
-070		
-090		
-110		
-135		

G- High Altitude

The manifold pressure may require adjustment and combustion air pressure switch may need replacing to ensure proper combustion at higher altitudes. Refer to TABLE 13 for manifold pressure and TABLE 14 for pressure switch change and gas conversion kits.

IMPORTANT

For safety, shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained. Take care to replace pressure tap plug.

TABLE 13

Manifold Pressure Settings at all Altitudes

Model Input Size	Gas	0 - 2000 ft.	2001 -4500 ft .	4501 - 7500 ft.	7501 - 10,000 ft	Line Pressure in. wg.	
						Min	Max
045	Nat	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.5	4.5	13.0
	LP/Propane	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	13.0
070	Nat	3.5	3.2	2.8	3.5	4.5	13.0
	LP/Propane	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	13.0
090	Nat	3.5	3.2	2.7	3.5	4.5	13.0
	LP/Propane	10.0	10.0	9.6	10.0	11.0	13.0
110	Nat	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.5	4.5	13.0
	LP/Propane	10.0	10.0	9.6	10.0	11.0	13.0
135	Nat	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.5	4.5	13.0
	LP/Propane	10.0	10.0	9.6	10.0	11.0	13.0

TABLE 14

Pressure Switch and Gas Conversion Kits at all Altitudes

Model Input Size	High Altitude Pressure Switch Kit			High Altitude Natural Gas Orifice Kit	LP/Propane Orifice Kit		Natural Gas Orifice Kit
045	0-4500 ft	4501-7500 ft	7501-10,000 ft	7501-10,000 ft	0-7500 ft	7501-10,000 ft	0-7500 ft
070	No Change	80W52	80W51	73W37	11K49	11K44	73W81
110		80W52	80W51				
090		80W52	80W51				
110		80W57	80W52				
135		80W52	80W51				

NOTE - A natural to L.P. propane gas changeover kit is necessary to convert this unit. Refer to the changeover kit installation instruction for the conversion procedure.

A poorly grounded furnace can contribute to poor flame sense signal. Use the following procedure to check for ground and voltage to the integrated control.

- # CHECK VOLTAGE BETWEEN LINE NEUTRAL AND LOW VOLTAGE "C" TERMINAL
-
- The diagram illustrates the wiring for a fire alarm control panel. Key components and terminals include:
- 120V HOT**: LINE, XTRM, CTRK, ACC.
 - NEUTRALS**: Terminal block for neutral connections.
 - 24V HUM**: Hum voltage terminal.
 - 24VAC**: 24VAC terminal.
 - FAN**: Fan terminal.
 - COOL**: Cool terminal.
 - HEAT**: Heat terminal.
 - TRIN**: Train terminal.
 - COMMON**: Common terminal.
 - FLAME SENSE**: Flame sense terminal.
 - LGP1** through **LGP10**: Line ground points.
 - LGP11** through **LGP20**: Line ground points.
 - LGP21** through **LGP30**: Line ground points.
 - LGP31** through **LGP40**: Line ground points.
 - LGP41** through **LGP50**: Line ground points.
 - LGP51** through **LGP60**: Line ground points.
 - LGP61** through **LGP70**: Line ground points.
 - LGP71** through **LGP80**: Line ground points.
 - LGP81** through **LGP90**: Line ground points.
 - LGP91** through **LGP100**: Line ground points.
 - BATTERY**: W, C, R, G, Y, O terminals.
 - VOLTMETER**: Connected to the 'C' terminal and the '120V HOT' terminal.
- The voltmeter scale ranges from 0 to 120V. The needle points to approximately 110V.

TABLE 15

Furnace Status	Measurement VAC	
	Expected	Maximum
Power on Furnace Idle	0.3	2
CAI/Ignitor Energized	0.75	5
Indoor Blower Energized	Less than 2	10

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V-TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

A-Blower Operation and Adjustment

NOTE- The following is a generalized procedure and does not apply to all thermostat controls.

- 1 - Blower operation is dependent on thermostat control system.
- 2 - Generally, blower operation is set at thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in ON position, blower operates continuously. With fan switch in AUTO position, blower cycles with demand or runs continuously while heating or cooling circuit cycles.
- 3 - Depending on the type of indoor thermostat, blower and entire unit will be off when the system switch is in OFF position.

B-Temperature Rise (FIGURE 24)

Temperature rise for ML180UHEK units depends on unit input, blower speed, blower horsepower and static pressure as marked on the unit rating plate. The blower speed must be set for unit operation within the range of "TEMP. RISE °F" listed on the unit rating plate.

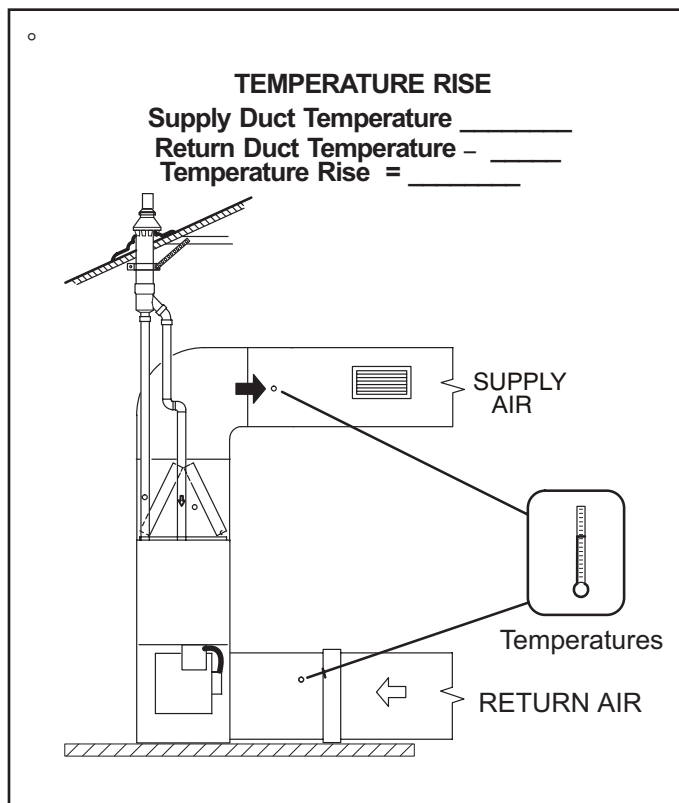


FIGURE 24

C-External Static Pressure

- 1 - Tap locations shown in FIGURE 25.
- 2 - Punch a 1/4" diameter hole in supply and return air plenums. Insert manometer hose flush with inside edge of hole or insulation. Seal around the hose with permagum. Connect the zero end of the manometer to the discharge (supply) side of the system. On ducted systems, connect the other end of manometer to the return duct as above.
- 3 - With only the blower motor running and the evaporator coil dry, observe the manometer reading. Adjust blower motor speed to deliver the air desired according to the job requirements. For heating speed external static pressure drop must not be more than 0.5" W.C. For cooling speed external static pressure drop must not be more than 0.8" W.C.
- 4 - Seal the hole when the check is complete.

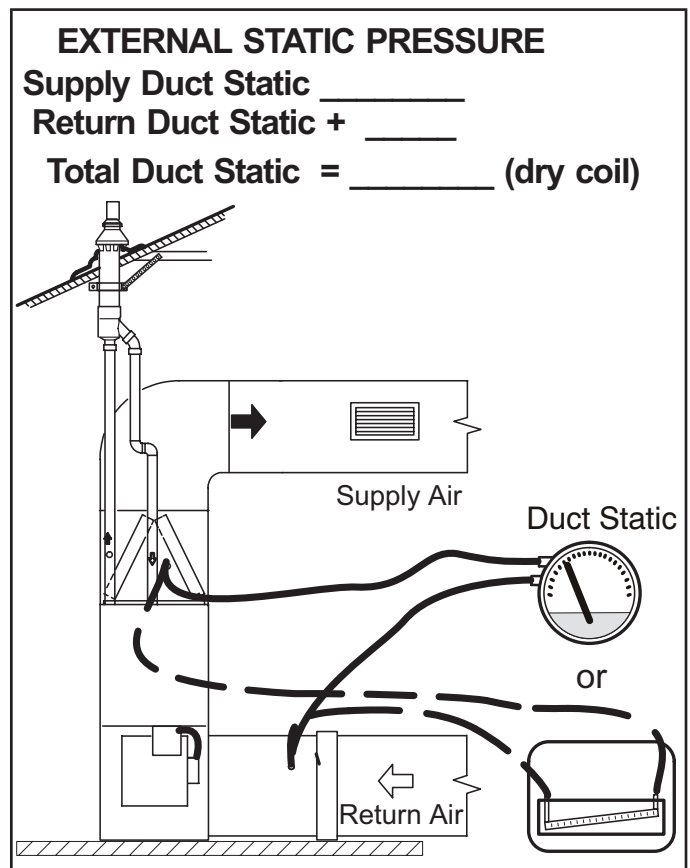


FIGURE 25

VI-MAINTENANCE

At the beginning of each heating season, and to comply with the Lennox Limited Warranty, your system should be checked by a licensed professional technician (or equivalent) as follows:

IMPORTANT

If a highefficiency filter is being installed as part of this system to ensure better indoor air quality, the filter must be properly sized. Highefficiency filters have a higher static pressure drop than standardefficiency glass/foam filters. If the pressure drop is too great, system capacity and performance may be reduced.

The pressure drop may also cause the limit to trip more frequently during the winter and the indoor coil to freeze in the summer, resulting in an increase in the number of service calls.

Before using any filter with this system, check the specifications provided by the filter manufacturer against the data given in the appropriate Lennox Product Specifications bulletin. Additional information is provided in Service and Application Note ACC002 (August 2000).

WARNING

Fire Hazard. Use of aluminum wire with this product may result in a fire, causing property damage, severe injury or death. Use copper wire only with this product.

WARNING

Failure to use properly sized wiring and circuit breaker may result in property damage. Size wiring and circuit breaker(s) per Product Specifications bulletin (EHB) and unit rating plate.

- 1 - Check wiring for loose connections, voltage at indoor unit and amperage of indoor motor.
- 2 - Check the condition of the belt and shaft bearings if applicable.
- 3 - Inspect all gas pipe and connections for leaks.
- 4 - Check the cleanliness of filters and change if necessary (monthly).

TABLE 16

Furnace Cabinet Width	Filter Size	
	Side Return	Bottom Return
A - 14-1/2"	16 X 25 X 1 (1)	14 X 25 X 1 (1)
B - 17-1/2"	16 X 25 X 1 (1)	16 X 25 X 1 (1)
C - 21"	16 X 25 X 1 (1)	20 x 25 x 1 (1)
D - 24-1/2"	16 X 25 X 1 (2)	24 x 25 x 1 (1)

- 5 - Check the condition and cleanliness of burners and heat exchanger and clean if necessary.
- 6 - Check the cleanliness of blower assembly and clean the housing, blower wheel and blower motor if necessary . The blower motors are prelubricated for extended bearing life. No further lubrication is needed.
- 7 - Inspect the combustion air inducer and clean if necessary.
- 8 - Evaluate the heat exchanger integrity by inspecting the heat exchanger per the AHRI heat exchanger inspection procedure. This procedure can be viewed at www.ahrinet.org
- 9 - Ensure sufficient combustion air is available to the furnace. Fresh air grilles and louvers (on the unit and in the room where the furnace is installed) must be properly sized, open and unobstructed to provide combustion air.
- 10 - Inspect the furnace venting system to make sure it is in place, structurally sound, and without holes, corrosion, or blockage. Vent system must be free and clear of obstructions and must slope upward away from the furnace . Vent system should be installed per the National Fuel Gas Code.
- 11 - Inspect the furnace return air duct connection to ensure the duct is sealed to the furnace. Check for air leaks on supply and return ducts and seal where necessary.
- 12 - Check the condition of the furnace cabinet insulation and repair if necessary.
- 13 - Perform a complete combustion analysis during the furnace inspection to ensure proper combustion and operation. Consult Service Literature for proper combustion values.
- 14 - Verify operation of CO detectors and replace batteries as required.
- 15 - Inspect the Low GWP sensor / sensors and rubber sleeve.

Perform a general system test. Turn on the furnace to check operating functions such as the start-up and shut-of operation.

- 1 - Check the operation of the ignition system, inspect and clean flame sensor. Check microamps before and after. Check controls and safety devices (gas valve, flame sensor, temperature limits). Consult Service Manual for proper operating range. Thermal Limits should be checked by restricting airflow and not disconnecting the indoor blower. For additional details, please see Service and Application Note H049.
- 2 - Verify that system total static pressure and airflow settings are within specific operating parameters.

- 3 - Clock gas meter to ensure that the unit is operating at the specified firing rate. Check the supply pressure and the manifold pressure. On two-stage gas furnaces check the manifold pressure on high fire and low fire. If manifold pressure adjustment is necessary, consult the Service Literature for unit specific information on adjusting gas pressure. Not all gas valves are adjustable. Verify correct temperature rise.

Cleaning the Heat Exchanger and Burners

NOTE - Use papers or protective covering in front of the furnace during cleaning.

- 1 - Turn off both electrical and gas power supplies to furnace.
- 2 - Remove flue pipe and top cap (some applications top cap can remain) from the unit.

- 3 - Label the wires from gas valve, rollout switches, primary limit switch and make-up box then disconnect them.
- 4 - Remove the screws that secure the combustion air inducer/ pressure switch assembly to the collector box. Carefully remove the combustion air inducer to avoid damaging blower gasket. If gasket is damaged, it must be replaced to prevent leakage.
- 5 - Remove the collector box located behind the combustion air inducer. Be careful with the collector box gasket. If the gasket is damaged, it must be replaced to prevent leakage.
- 6 - Disconnect gas supply piping. Remove the four screws securing the burner manifold assembly to the vestibule panel and remove the assembly from the unit.

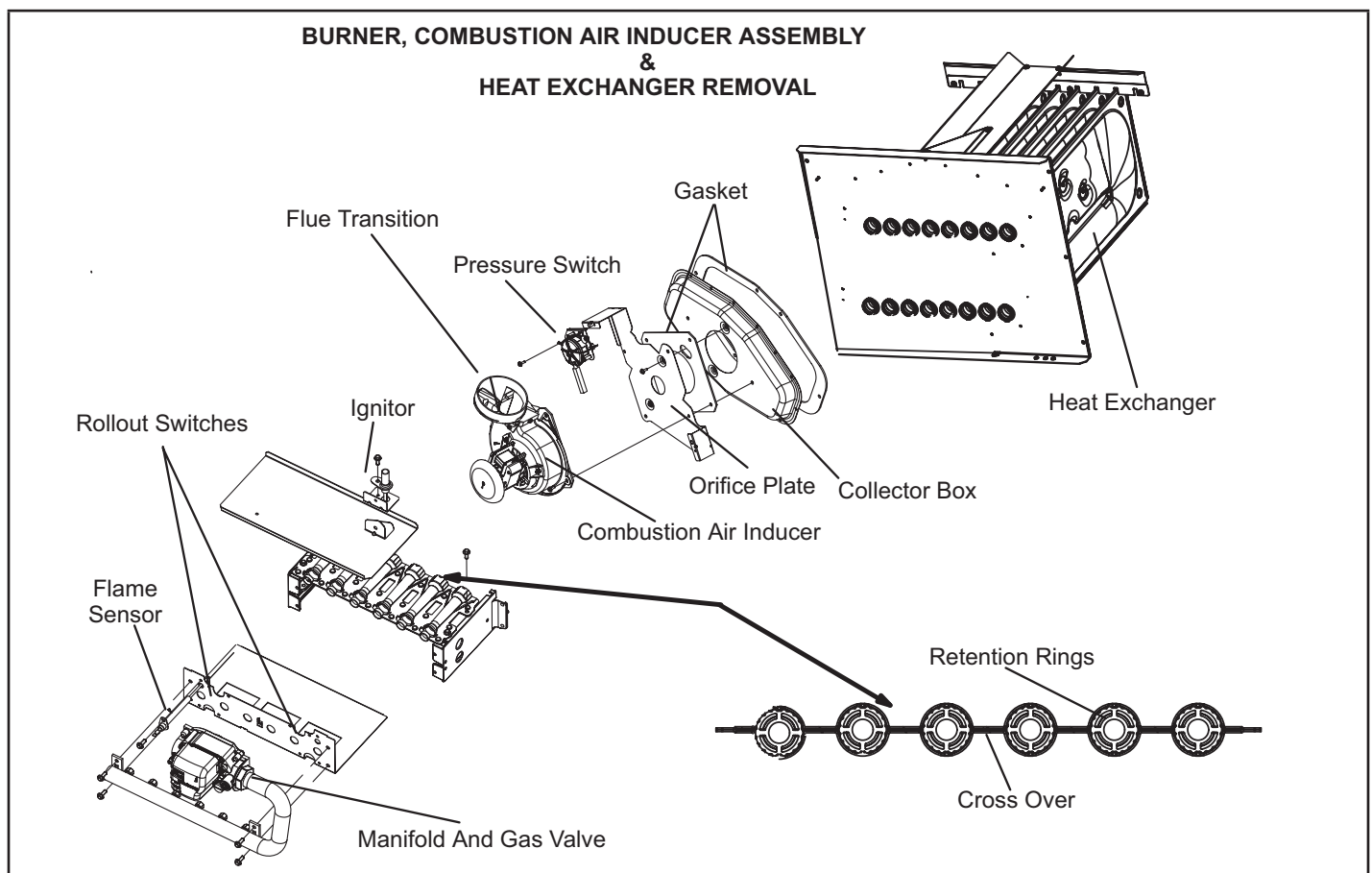


FIGURE 26

- 7 - **NOx units only** - Remove screw securing NOx insert. Remove NOx insert. See FIGURE 27.
- 8 - Remove screws from both sides, top and bottom of vestibule panel.
- 9 - Remove heat exchanger. It may be necessary to spread cabinet side to allow more room. If so, remove five screws from the left side or right side of cabinet. See FIGURE 28.
- 10 - Backwash using steam. Begin from the burner opening on each clam. Steam must not exceed 275°F.
- 11 - To clean burners, run a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush attachment over the face of burners. Visually inspect inside the burners and crossovers for any blockage caused by foreign matter. Remove any blockage. FIGURE 26 shows burner detail.
- 12 - To clean the combustion air inducer visually inspect and using a wire brush clean where necessary. Use compressed air to clean off debris and any rust.
- 13 - Reinstall heat exchanger in vestibule. (Replace the five screws in the cabinet from step 10 if removed).
- 14 - NOx units only - Replace NOx inserts.
- 15 - Reinstall collector box and combustion air assembly. Reinstall all screws to the collector box and combustion air inducer. Failure to replace all screws may cause leaks. Inspect gaskets for any damage and replace if necessary.
- 16 - Reinstall burner box and manifold assembly.
- 17 - Reconnect all wires.
- 18 - Reconnect top cap and vent pipe to combustion air inducer outlet.
- 19 - Reconnect gas supply piping.
- 20 - Turn on power and gas supply to unit.
- 21 - Set thermostat and check for proper operation.
- 22 - Check all piping connections, factory and field, for gas leaks. Use a leak detecting solution or other preferred means.
- 23 - If a leak is detected, shut gas and electricity off and repair leak.

⚠ CAUTION

Some soaps used for leak detection are corrosive to certain metals. Carefully rinse piping thoroughly after leak test has been completed. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

- 24 - Repeat steps 24 and 26 until no leaks are detected.
- 25 - Replace access panel.

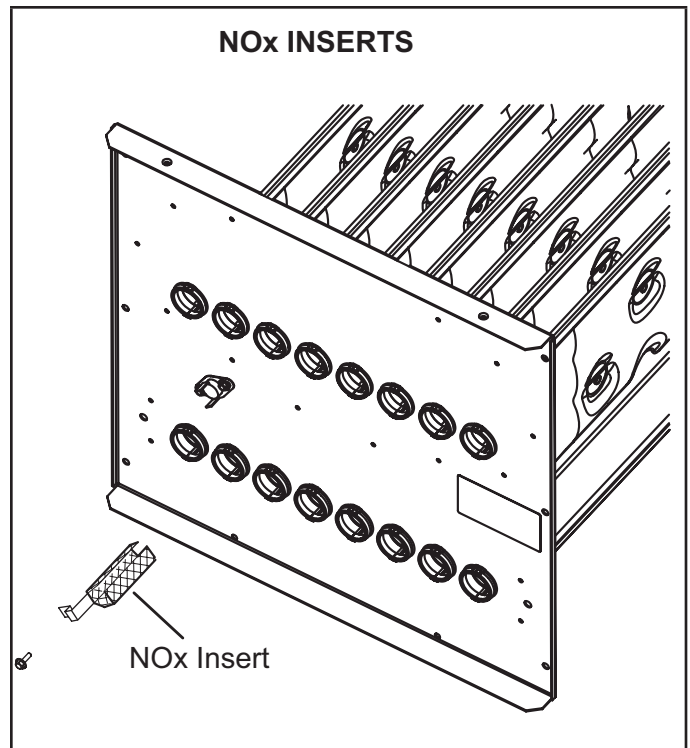


FIGURE 27

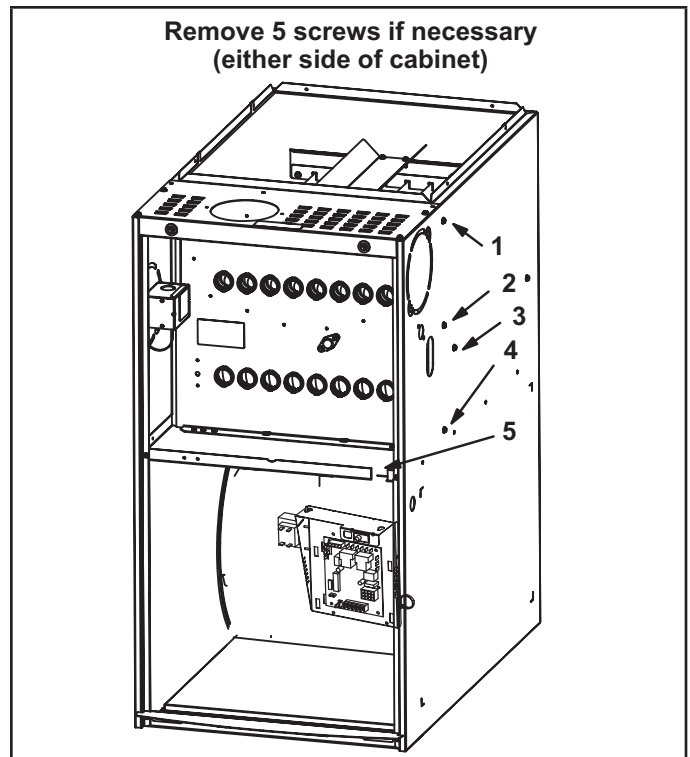


FIGURE 28

VII- Low GWP Application

WARNING

For use with Lennox approved evaporator coil and LGWP sensors only. Use original manufacturer recommended LGWP sensors if using non Lennox approved evaporator coil.

CONNECTING THE FURNACE CONTROL BOARD SENSOR.

See **FIGURE 31** and follow steps below:

- 1 - Route sensor wire #1 through provided grommet. Form a drip loop below the control board on upflow installations to prevent condensate dripping on the control board.
- 2 - Avoid sharp edges when routing sensor wire during installation.
- 3 - Sensor wire must not block view of 7 segment LED .

Ensure the cable is properly seated into the SENSOR 1 plug (LGWP1). The Molex plug clip should lock into the Molex connection point for a secured connection, as shown below in **FIGURE 29**. Verify the connection is free of dust, debris, and moisture.

NOTE - In confined space applications, connect the second sensor to the SENSOR 2 plug (LGWP2). Refer to evaporator coil installation instructions for more detail.

Single Stage Constant Torque Control

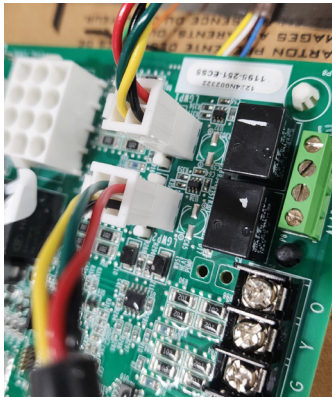


FIGURE 29

LOW GWP DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

Adjust the DIP switch settings to the sensor configuration. Failure to do so will cause faults on power-up. See **FIGURE 30** and **TABLE 17**.

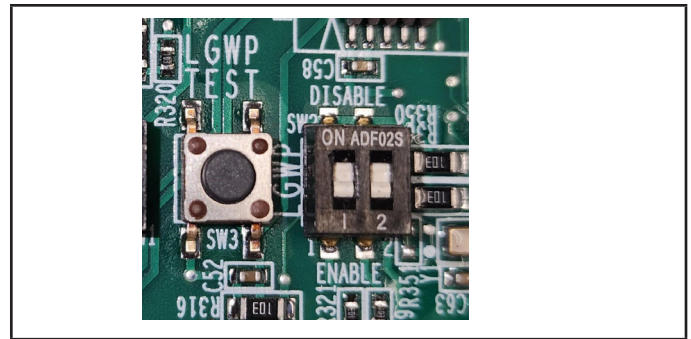


FIGURE 30

TABLE 17

DIP Switch Settings

Configuration	Switch 1	Switch 2
One (1) sensor, connected to SENSOR 1 plug	OFF (enable)	ON (disable)
Two (2) sensors, connected to SENSOR 1 plug and SENSOR 2 plug	OFF (enable)	OFF (enable)

In single sensor configurations, the sensor must be connected to the SENSOR 1 plug (LGWP1). Configurations other than the ones shown in **TABLE 17** will cause a servicing fault.

Each DIP switch corresponds to a sensor position (i.e., DIP switch 1 to sensor 1; DIP switch 2 to sensor 2). The default factory switch positions are set to OFF (ENABLED)

The furnace control board software reads the OFF position as an active sensor. A sensor should be present for the corresponding sensor connector. Setting the DIP switch to ON disables the sensor position.

SECONDARY SENSOR REQUIREMENTS

Additional Line Sets

If additional refrigerant line joints are present outside of the line set sleeve and a secondary refrigerant detection sensor is required, its installation must comply with the requirements listed in Refrigerant Detection Sensor Kit (27V53). See **FIGURE 31** for routing the secondary sensor cable through the furnace cabinet

Non-Low GWP Applications

WARNING

For Furnace only applications or Furnace replacement in a Non-Low GWP applications, the LOW GWP sensors should be disabled, otherwise the blower will operate continuously. To do this, the Low GWP Dip switches setting for both – Sensor 1 and the Sensor 2 must be moved to the ON position.

FURNACE CONTROL BOARD LOW GWP MODES OF OPERATION

The modes of operation for the furnace control board are Initializing, Normal, Leak Detected, and Fault.

Initializing

The furnace control board is establishing connection with the refrigerant detection sensor and is completing an initial five-minute purge sequence.

Normal

The HVAC system is functioning normally. The furnace control board has not detected a refrigerant leak.

Leak Detected

When the furnace control board detects a refrigerant leak:

1. The furnace control board shuts off the (R) input (24VAC power) to the thermostat, which de-energizes the outdoor unit compressor and heat sources, such as gas and/or electric strip heat. No heating or cooling demands will be met.

2. The furnace control board activates the blower (high speed). The blower purges refrigerant from the cabinet, plenum, and ductwork.
3. After the furnace control board determines the refrigerant levels are below the safety threshold, the blower will continue to operate for the remainder of the seven (7) -minute cycle.
4. After the blower sequence is complete, the HVAC system resumes normal operation.

NOTE - The HVAC system may not maintain a cooling or heating setpoint if a significant leak exists. Any refrigerant leaks that remain unaddressed for an extended time may cause the HVAC system to shut down on a low refrigerant pressure limit condition.

Fault

When a Low GWP fault is detected by the furnace control board, the indoor unit blower engages and remains engaged at a constant air flow output until the fault is cleared.

NOTE - See TABLE 6 "Ignition control diagnostic codes".

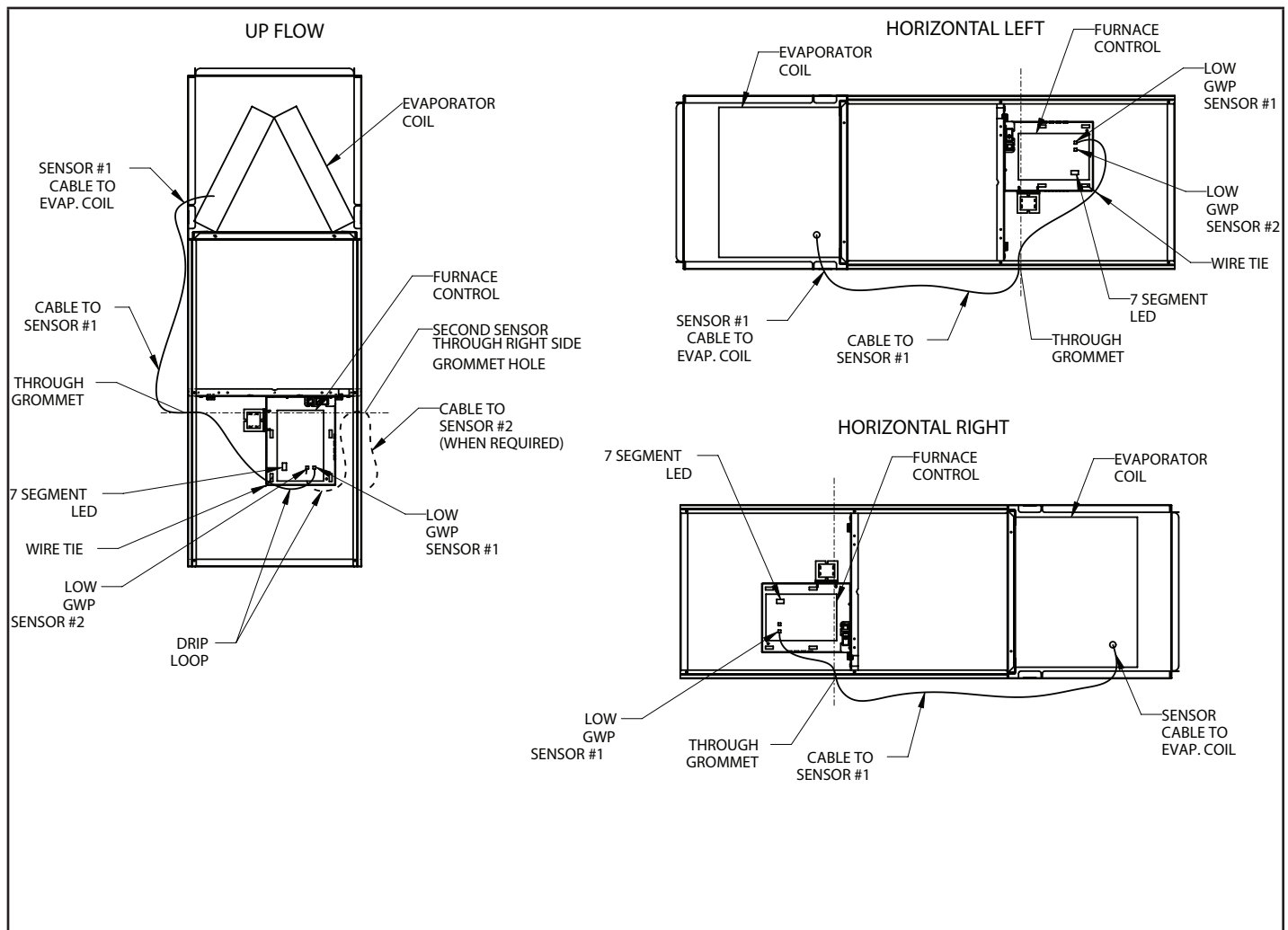


FIGURE 31

LGWP TEST BUTTON FUNCTIONALITY

The furnace control board is equipped with a Test/Reset push button. The Test button can be used to perform several functions, depending on the mode of operation of the furnace control board.

TABLE 18 lists the functions of the Test button during each mode of operation.

TABLE 18
LGWP Test Button Function

Mode of Operation	Press the Test Button to:
Normal	Trigger a leak detection response. Verify all equipment is wired correctly into the furnace blower control board (after installation).
Leak Detected	Reset the furnace control board to a normal mode of operation after a previous leak has been detected and purged from the HVAC system
Fault	Reset the furnace control board after troubleshooting and resolving a fault condition. If the fault is not resolved, the furnace control board will enter the Fault mode again.

LGWP Test Button - Additional Functions

TABLE 19 lists the additional functions of the Test Button while the furnace control board is functioning within the states of Initializing, Monitoring, Leak Detection, Servicing and Fault.

TABLE 19
Additional Button Functions

State	Press	Action
Initializing	Short	Skips remaining pre-purge after sensors are recognized by the furnace control board
Initializing	Long	Reset control
Monitoring	Short	Clear purge-counter if prior mitigation has occurred; Test mitigation
Monitoring	Long	Reset control
Mitigating	Short	If testing mitigation, end test
Servicing	Short	Reevaluate fault condition - if cleared return to monitoring, otherwise update indicator
Servicing	Long	Reset control
Fault	Short	Reevaluate fault condition - if cleared return to monitoring, otherwise update indicator
Fault	Long	Reset control

External Alarm

(For applications with external alarms wired directly to the furnace control board)

The furnace control board triggers the external alarm system when it enters Leak Detected mode. For alarm notifications, the furnace control board provides a dry relay contact that is rated 3A at 30 VAC/DC.

THERMOSTAT COMPATIBILITY

Thermostats that preserve memory settings are compatible with the furnace control board. Examples include:

- Battery-powered thermostats
- Analog Thermostat
- Late-model programmable thermostats

NOTE - Early-generation digital and programmable thermostats may not retain the operation mode and temperature setpoints after a power outage.

The following scenarios are likely to occur when home occupants are not available to adjust the thermostat setpoints as the system is recovering from leak detection and resuming normal operation:

- Heating could be lost during a cold night
- Cooling could be lost during a hot day
- The thermostat could reset to an incorrect temperature setpoint

START UP PROCEDURE

The furnace control board is equipped with a LGWP Test/Reset button, see Test Button Functionality. After the furnace control board has been mounted and wired, restore power to the HVAC system. The system will then run through a purge sequence for five minutes. After the purge sequence is complete, proceed to testing cooling demand and heating demand.

Cooling Demand

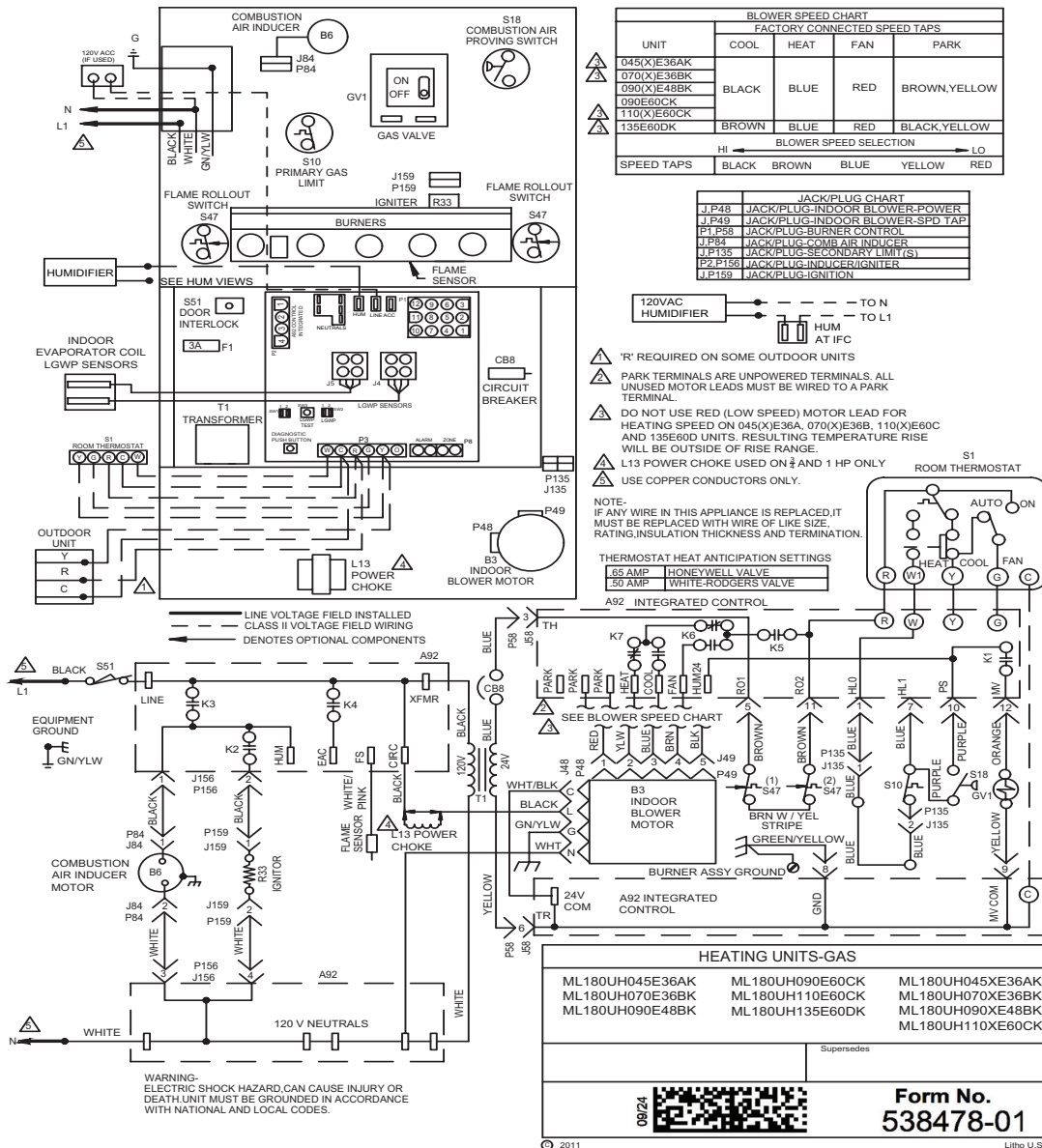
1. Prompt a cooling demand at the thermostat.
2. Press the LGWP Test button on the furnace control board.
The system then executes a leak detection response.
3. Observe the following sequence:
 - a. The LED indicator for leak detection. See TABLE 6 "Ignition control diagnostic codes"
 - b. The blower powers up.
 - c. The outdoor compressor powers down.
4. Press the LGWP Test button to terminate the simulated Leak Detected mode upon test completion

Heating Demand

1. Prompt a heating demand at the thermostat.
2. Observe the following sequence:
 - a. The LED indicator for leak detection. See TABLE 6 "Ignition control diagnostic codes".
 - b. The blower powers up.
 - c. The gas burners power down.
 - d. The outdoor compressor powers down.
3. Press the LGWP Test button to terminate the simulated Leak Detected mode upon test completion.

The installation of the furnace control board is complete after both sequences are successfully completed.

VIII- Wiring and Sequence of Operation



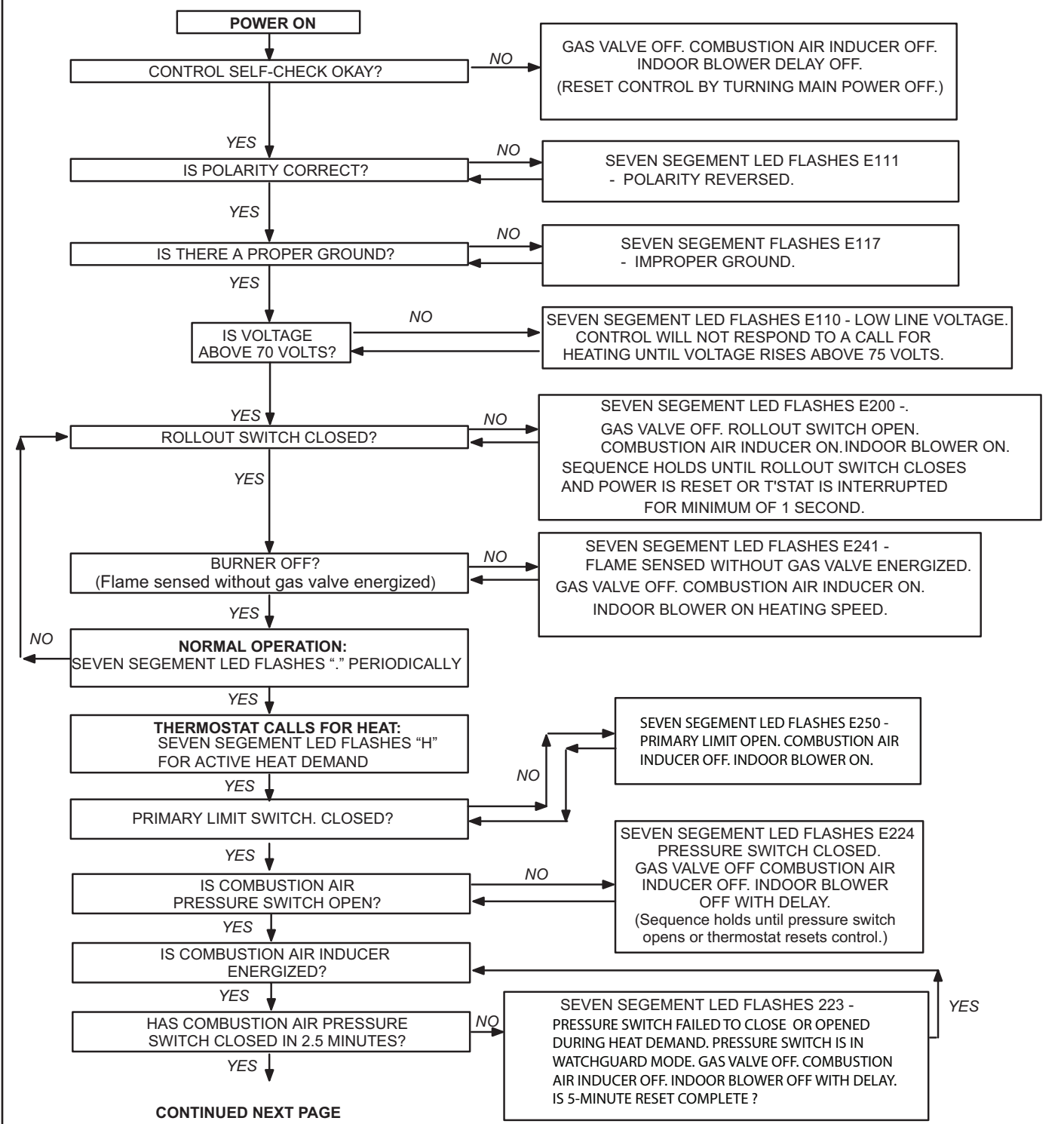
- 1-Line voltage is applied to L1 and N. the T1 low voltage transformer is energized, and line voltage is applied to B3 indoor blower.
- 2 -S47 rollout switch(es) must be closed in order for 24V from transformer to be output on integrated control "R" to power thermostat.
- 3 -When there is a call for heat, W1 of the thermostat energizes W of the furnace control with 24VAC.
- 4 -A92 integrated control runs a self-check. S10 primary limit and S21 secondary limit contacts are found to be closed. Call for heat can continue.
- 5 -A92 integrated control energizes B6 combustion air inducer. S18 combustion air pressure switch closes . Once S18 closes, a 15-second pre-purge follows.
- 6 -A92 integrated control energizes R33 ignitor. A 20-second warm-up period begins.
- 7 -GV1 gas valve opens for a 4-second trial for ignition
- 8 -Flame is sensed, gas valve remains open for the heat call.
- 9 -After 30-second delay (from flame sensed), A92 integrated control applies 24vVAC to Heat speed of B3 indoor blower.
- 10 -When heat demand is satisfied, W1 of the indoor thermostat de-energizes W of A92 ignition control which de-energizes GV1 gas valve. B6 combustion air inducer continues a 5-second post-purge period, and B3 indoor blower completes a selected OFF time delay.

IX - Troubleshooting

HEATING SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

NORMAL HEATING MODE

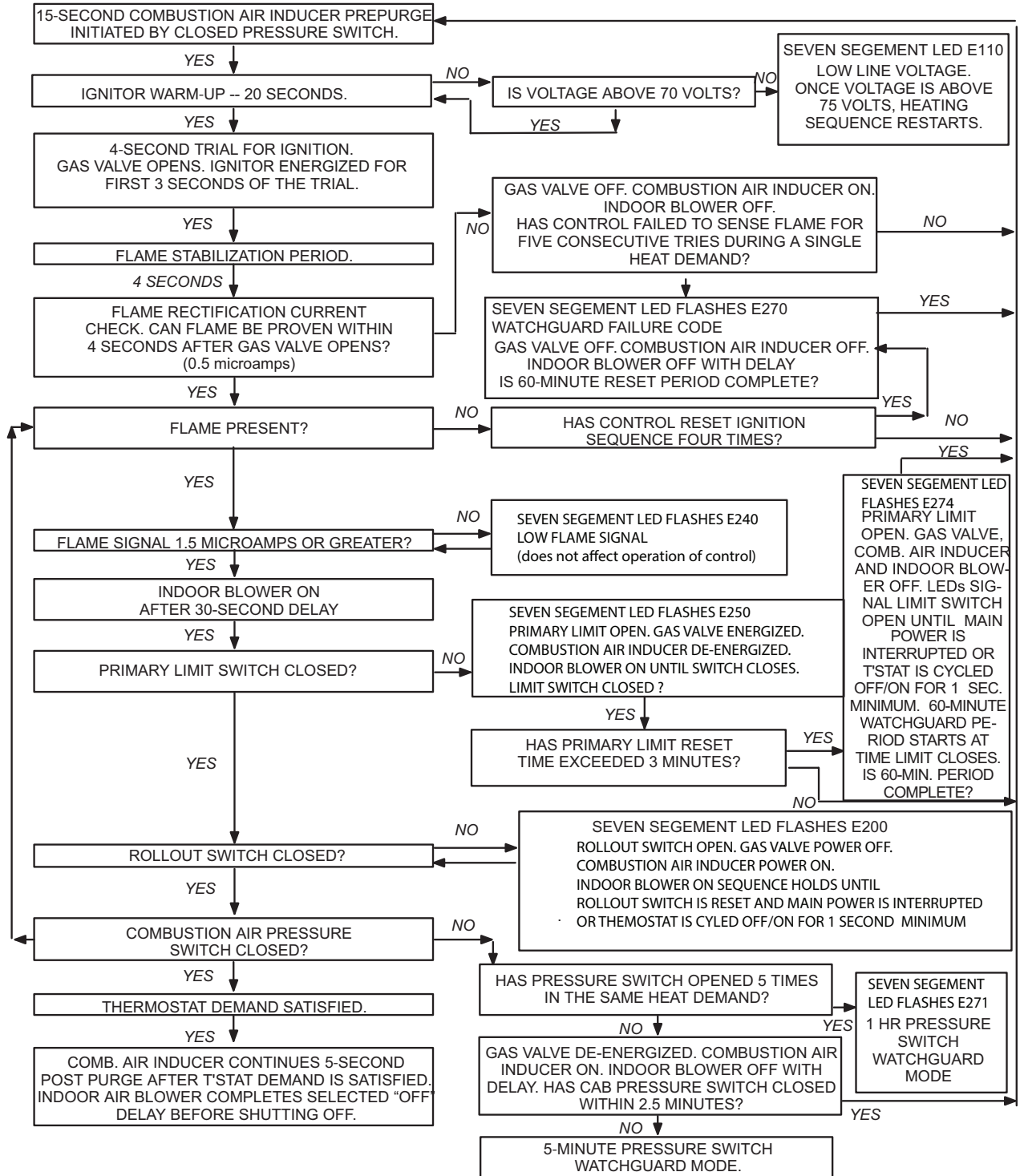
ABNORMAL HEATING MODE



HEATING SEQUENCE CONTINUED

NORMAL HEATING MODE

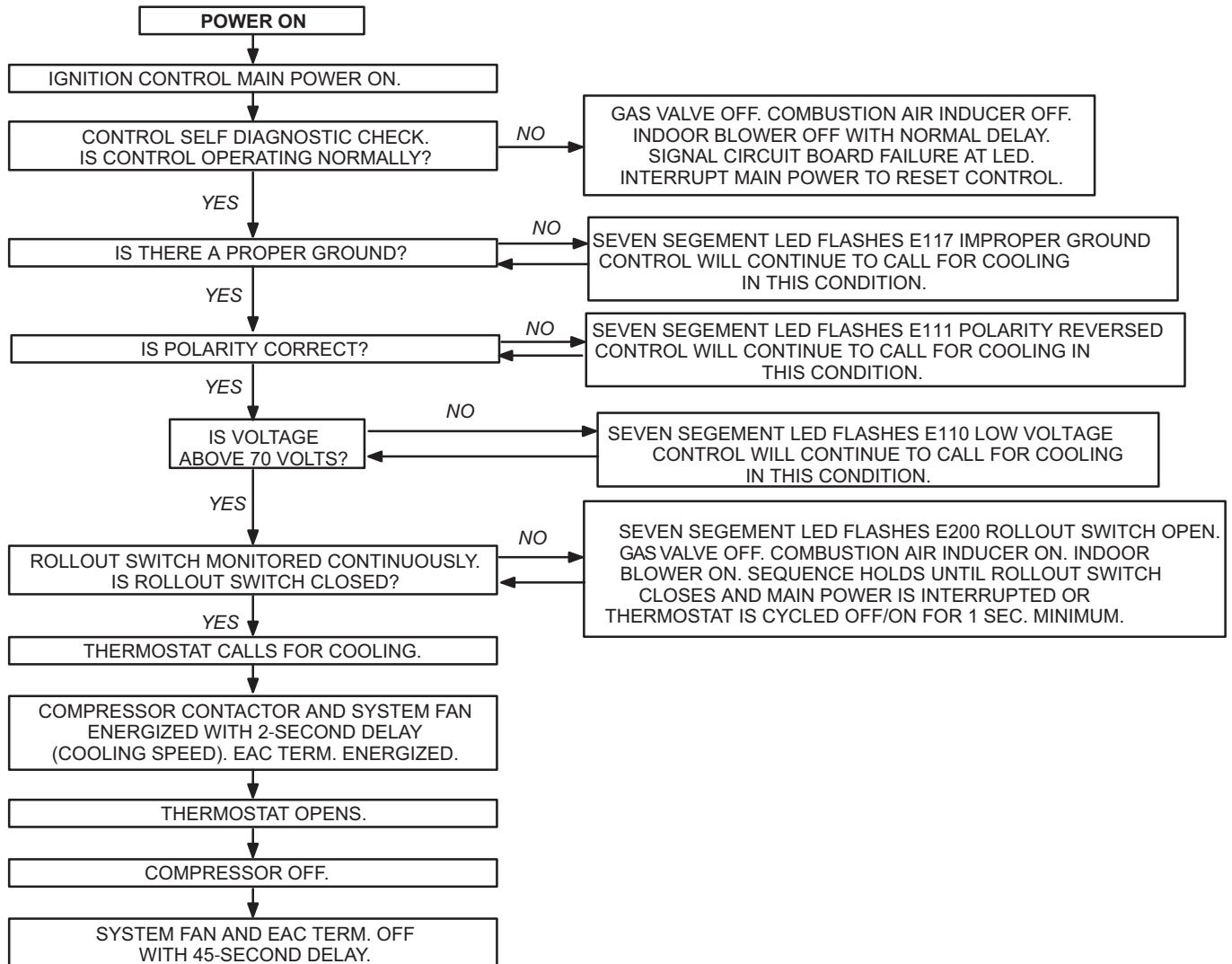
ABNORMAL HEATING MODE



COOLING SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

NORMAL COOLING MODE

ABNORMAL COOLING MODE



CONTINUOUS FAN SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

